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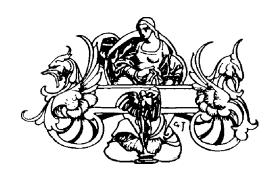
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A MAN AND A WOMAN

By FRANS MIERIS

In the possession of Mr. II. Outway



THE Pierpont Morgan Collection contains not only three Stuart portraits, but two others by

Largillière of more than ordinary interest. One depicts the clever satirical poet, Boileau, of whom there are very few portraits in existence. It is an extraordinarily fine piece of work (No. xcvii.), representing the poet in a handsome costume of blue richly trimmed with gold lace, and having over his shoulders a gorgeously embroidered green cloak decorated with gold lace similar to that on the costume. It was Boileau

for the first time the poetic capal ilities of the French language, and, although he can hardly be considered



NO. NCVII. BOILEAU

BY LARGILLIÈRE

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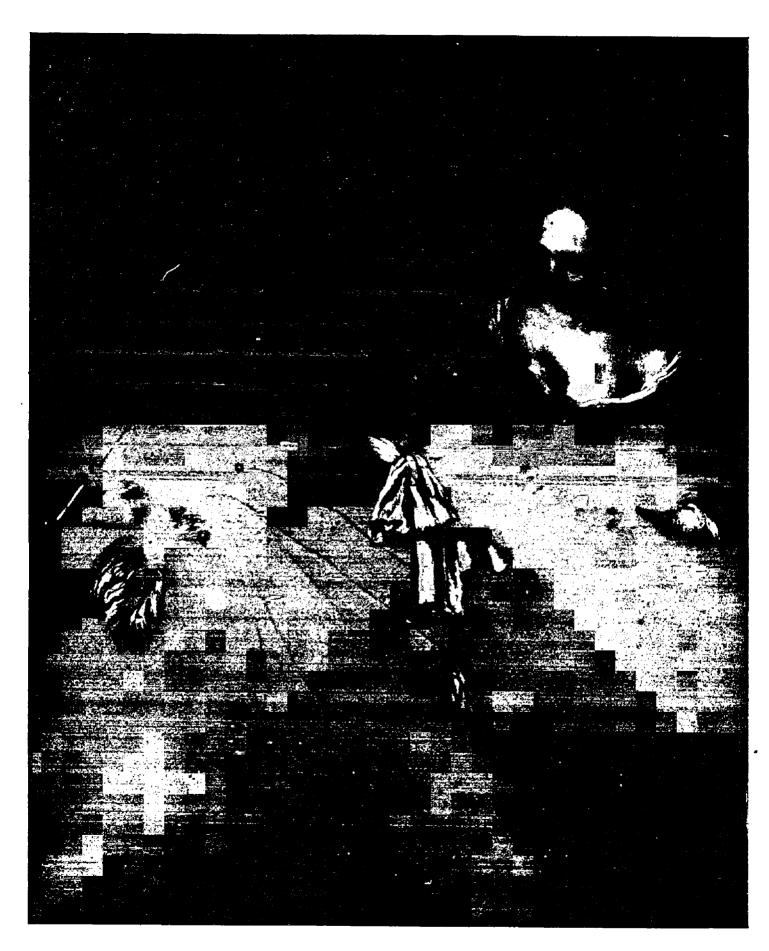
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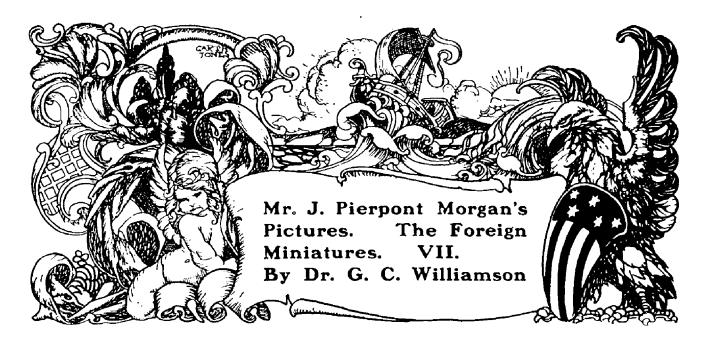
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No. XCVIII.-LOUIS XIV.

BY SEVIN

(See Article VI. or description)

history. She is shown in the act of being served with some fruit and flowers by her favourite negro attendant.

Several of the great French portrait painters are represented in this collection by miniatures, and many of them seem to have practised the fascinating art of miniature painting at different periods of their career. Nattier, for example, commenced life

as a miniaturist, and his mother was a distinguished painter of miniatures. When he had lost almost all his fortune in the wild schemes set on foot by John Law, the financier, he returned again to miniature painting, and having worked up afresh a distinguished circle of patrons, once more relinquished miniature painting for work on a larger and grander scale. Drouais is also known to have

Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan's Pictures



No. XCIX.—LA MARQUISE DE GAUVILLE

BY LARGILLIÈRE

painted a few miniatures; Rigaud is said to have painted one or two; and there is one famous miniature in the Wallace Collection signed by Boucher, and most probably his own work, and therefore it seems probable that this was not the only painting of that class from his hand, regard to one miniature by Nattier in the Pierpont Morgan Collection, it has been interesting to find a representation of the same lady, la Duchesse du Chaulnes, in the Wallace Collection; and another delightful portrait, at one time said to represent Madame Louise, has now been identified with more or less certainty as the Baronne Rigoley d'Ogny, whom Nattier painted in 1752 as Flora riding upon louds, the magnificent oil painting being exhibited n London in May, 1906. One of the most fasciating of his portraits is that of Madame Dupin No. c.). The lady is wearing a superb hat. The pleasing group, representing a mother and her chiliren (No. ci.), which bears the name of Boucher, evidently a copy of a much larger composition or else a brilliant sketch for such a picture. It is just possible that it may belong to the hand of Madame Boucher, who so cleverly copied, in little, many of her husband's large compositions; but the curious part is, that, although the composition is so evidently the work of Boucher, we have not been able at present to find the picture from which it was taken, and are therefore led to surmise that it may have been a sketch by the master himself for a work he never executed.

The very mention of Boucher leads one to think of Charlier, his great friend and a very notable painter. Charlier worked in oil, in gouache, and in pastel, but, for all that, was so clever at painting miniatures that in the collection of the Comte de Caylus there were no fewer than ninety from his hand, and his name frequently appears in the list of those persons who executed the portraits in miniature, for snuff-boxes and jewels given away by the King, to ambassadors and notable per-One of the little groups in this collection by Charlier, representing Venus and Cupid under a tree, has been identified as belonging to a series of twelve works executed in 1771 for the Prince de Conti, and sold from the collection of that Prince in 1777. Another is a very interesting copy of a picture by Fragonard, and one is a portrait of the Countess of Provence (No. cii.).

From the possession of Queen Marie Antoinette came two portraits by Campana which possess more than ordinary interest. They represent the Queen's mother and father, and as we know that Marie Antoinette sent Campana to Vienna to paint Maria Theresa and the Emperor Francis I., there seems



No. C .- MADAME DUPIN

BY NATTIER



No. CI.—A MOTHER AND HER CHILDREN

AFTER BOUCHER

little doubt that these two portraits are the very ones executed at that time. Fortunately they still remain in their original silver frames set with diamonds, and surmounted by imperial crowns (No. ciii.), and although, perchance, they are not quite such brilliant works as Campana was capable of executing, yet they possess a pathetic historical interest which gives them very special charm. They are evidently court portraits, representing each of the sovereigns in court array, with the full panoply of state, Crown, Order, and Ermine, and are consequently rich effective pieces of colouring. Antoinette was painted herself by Campana many times, and there is a fine portrait of her in the Imperial Collection at Vienna, which, very probably, was taken by the artist to Maria Theresa, when these two miniatures were executed; by way of One of the very best pictures of the exchange.

unhappy Queen he ever painted was sent as a present to the Duchesse de Sudermanie, who represented Marie Antoinette at the baptism of the Duc de Smoland, Prince of Sweden, to whom she was godmother. It was set in a superb diamond medallion, and still remains a cherished possession in the hands of the descendants of the noble lady who acted on that occasion as the Queen's proxy. Those of Maria Theresa and her husband are not the only miniatures by Campana in Mr. Morgan's collection. There are two of the singer Mademoiselle Laguerre (No. civ.), a person of very sumptuous taste, who, being for a long time under the protection of the Duc du Bouillon, acquired from him, and from other admirers, a very considerable fortune, and filled her house with objects of beauty. been curious to turn up in Paris the catalogue of the sale of her effects, and to notice that she was a great admirer of paintings by Fragonard, and that her cabinets contained cups of rock crystal, jewels of enamel, objects wrought in all kinds of precious and semiprecious stones, and choice pieces of furniture by the great ebenistes of the period. A vast crowd filled



No. Cl1.—LA COMTESSE DE PROVENCE

Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan's Pictures

the rooms of this famous courtesan, after her decease, everyone being eager to see the luxurious way in which her rooms were furnished, and to admire the exquisite beauty of the trifles with which she surrounded herself. She came from a comparatively poor family, her father having been a lutist, and hence when her will was opened the public were not surprised to find that she had bequeathed several hundred thousand francs, from her very considerable fortune, to alleviate distress among the poor at Paris.

Perhaps, however, the most interesting miniature by Campana is that which represents the person whom Voltaire called "the sublime Emilie." This Madame de Châtelet must have been an extraordinary person. One writer says she had "skin like a nutmeg grater," and that she resembled "an ugly grenadier." Another speaks of her "shrewd smiling face"; and Voltaire of her "more than ordinary charm." The three quotations show how differently the same lady may be regarded by various writers. Her learning was undoubtedly considerable, sepecially in the departments of geometry



No. CIII.—THE EMPRESS MARIA THERESA BY CAMPANA



No. CIV.-MLLE. LAGUERRE E

BY CAMPANA

and algebra; but she seems to have made everyone miserable who had to do with her, and
after Voltaire had spent fifteen jealous, feverish
years with her, she deserted him for St. Lambert; and it was his portrait which, at her
death, was found in the ring which Voltaire
had given her, and not that of Voltaire himself. Yet he said when she died, "The gods,
in giving her their soul and genius, kept but
for their own that immortality which is for
the gods alone."

An interesting miniature painter who has been very little regarded was Madame Labille-Guiard, who was born Mademoiselle Labille, was afterwards wife of a certain Monsieur Guiard, and then after his decease married her art master, François André Vincent, who also painted miniatures and worked in pastel. Madame Labille-Guiard's miniatures have often been ascribed to other artists; some have been given to Hall the Swede, and some to other painters; but in the Pierpont Morgan Collection are touchstones by which they may be identified, inasmuch as it possesses more than one signed portrait by her. She must have

The Connoisseur

been a singularly attractive woman, and there is a beautiful miniature of her, set in a tortoiseshell box, and painted by that extraordinary and eccentric artist, Montpetit (No. cv.); while it may be interesting to note that another portrait of her, this time in pastel, was sold quite recently in London, and has passed into the author's own collection. There seems to be little doubt that this was the work of her second husband, Vincent. The eccentric Montpetit wasted a great deal of money upon all sorts of ideas, visionary and illusory, as to the new methods of painting, especially trying to force into public notice a kind of light enamel upon glass, about which he wrote a book. For a while it was

very popular, and in 1760 he painted three portraits of the King in this peculiar method, one set in a diamond-decorated box intended for the King of Sardinia, and another equally richly mounted, presented to the Spanish ambassador, costing, it is declared, over 40,000 livres. There is an interesting example of his work remaining at the Little Trianon, but as soon as the novelty of his new method had worn off his reputation ceased, and eventually Montpetit died in 1800 in great poverty. The portrait of Madame Labille-Guiard is signed by him, and was very likely given to the lady herself, as it has her monogram upon the reverse of it, and is therefore a painting of more than ordinary interest.



No. CV.-MADAME LABILLE-GUIARD

BY MONTPETIT

(ID AIT 1017)

3



A LADY READING
BY WILLIAM WARD
AFTER JOHN RAPHAEL SMITH



John Wesley Busts in Staffordshire Pottery By C. S. Sargisson

Representations of John Wesley in Staffordshire pottery are legion; but the busts—especially those which will receive the principal attention in this article—are of the greatest interest from a collector's standpoint. The writer has been fortunate enough to gain access to the fine collection in the possession of Mr. James Botteley, of Birmingham. For many years the owner has devoted himself to the discovery and acquisition of specimens, with the result that his collection is fully representative and well-nigh exhaustive. To this collection of Staffordshire Wesley busts, which is believed to be the most complete in existence, free access for purposes of illustration has been allowed, and Mr. Botteley has imparted much valuable information concerning the several specimens.

The potter—who was much more than a mere potter—whose name will always be associated with that of Wesley, was Enoch Wood, of Burslem, who had full opportunity of studying and modelling his subject, and who did not allow artistic ambition to interfere with faithfulness of portraiture. Of him Ward says, in his History of the Staffordshire Potteries (edition printed at Hanley in 1829—now a rare book), "There are still proofs of his skill in the more ingenious departments; and his ability as a Modeller

and Sculptor has long been widely indicated in the very correct bust he produced of the late Rev. John Wesley."

In the catalogue of the Loan Collection of Pottery in the Edinburgh Museum, Mr. R. H. Soden Smith, Museum Keeper and Librarian at





South Kensington (whose property the collection once was), thus describes one item:—"Bust of the Rev. John Wesley. A copy from that modelled by Enoch Wood, of Burslem, at whose house Wesley used to stay when visiting the Potteries. He sat to him for his portrait which was produced in 1781, Wesley being then 78 years of age. Copies which were made later are commonly stamped with the date of his death, 1791, at the age of 88." The latter statement is not fully correct, as will be seen.

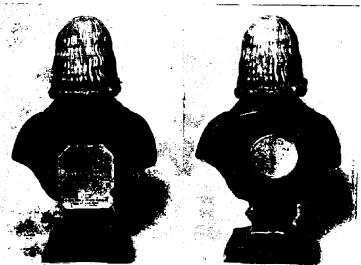
There is some doubt as to the date of the actual issue of the first bust, in the material and style in which it is most commonly known. The earliest known specimens in ordinary pottery are stamped, "Aged 81," which indicates that it was not until 1784 that the bust was given to the public; but there is reason to believe that an earlier—perhaps limited—edition was made in 1781. Mr. George Hammersley, who is himself a manufacturer, and who has had exceptional opportunities for research in the Potteries themselves, inclines to the opinion that an issue was made in 1781, and that a further issue was held in abeyance, "perhaps," as he puts it, "awaiting some assent of John Wesley—or perhaps waiting favourable opportunity to make or get made. I am not quite

clear whether Enoch Wood's father, Aaron Wood, was manufacturing at these dates." As to the period of the modelling for the bust, there is little or no doubt. Says Mr. Hammersley, "It is pretty certain that the modelling was done in 1781.



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NO. II.-SOME TYPICAL BACKS

That is the date named by Dr. Adam Clarke, but it is also very clearly stated by Ward in his *History of Stoke-on-Trent*. Ward knew Enoch Wood personally, and would have his information at first hand."

There is a footnote in Ward's History which is of such great value in this connection that it must be quoted almost in full. It reads, "We cannot refrain from introducing here an interesting anecdote respecting this bust, which we received from Mr. Wood some time ago. He was at Leeds when the Methodist Conference was held there in the summer of 1781, and his busts, being then introduced, were in eager demand among the preachers and friends of John Wesley. Mr. Wood was pointed out as the artist, and much complimented on the occasion. On returning from the Chapel, where the busts had just been

exhibited, he was accosted in the old Churchyard by a tall person of clerical appearance, 'Are you the young man who made the beautiful likeness of Mr. Wesley?' Being answered in the affirmative, the stranger requested Mr. Wood to tell him how he had made so exact a resemblance of that great man. He was very minute in his enquiries, and having made himself master of the subject, he placed his hands on the young artist's shoulders, and, going through the whole process, from the first preparation of the soft and pliant materials, to the completion of the bust, he, in a most striking manner, applied his information for the purpose of illustrating the wonderful work of God in the new creation of the human soul after His own image," etc. The homily delivered to Wood, and repeated, so it is said, in a public sermon at that



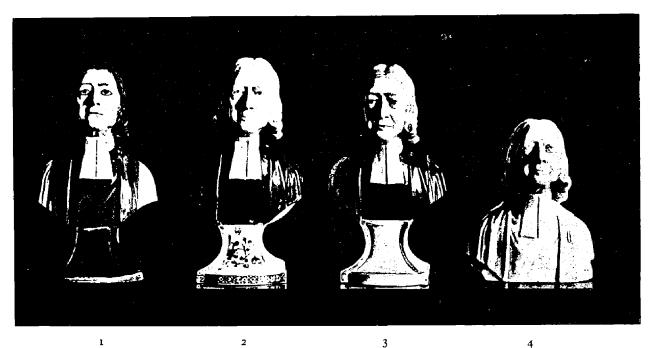
No. III.—I. MADE BY ENOCH WOOD HIMSELF, AND GIVEN BY HIM TO HIS SON

2. BELONGED TO DR. KNOWLES

3, 4, 5. INCORRECTLY MARKED AS REPRESENTING WESLEY OLDER THAN HE ACTUALLY WAS AT TIME OF MODELLING

(SEE LETTERPRESS)

Iohn Wesley Busts



No. IV.-GROUP OF WESLEY BUSTS

Conference, displayed a full grasp of the subject of modelling and reproduction in clay, as gathered from The authenticity and circumstantial the sculptor. character of the story related by Wood himself, and recorded by his personal friend Ward, has considerable evidential value in the determination of the date of the first issue of the bust, though it does not clear up the mystery of the apparent cessation of issue between 1781 and 1784.

It appears to be clear that the famous bust was introduced at the Conference of 1781, yet it is the fact that all the earliest ordinary pottery copies bear the stamp "Aged 81," which points to the issue three years later—for Wesley was not eighty-one until 1784. Mr. Joseph Wright, of Wolverhampton, a well-known expert in Wesley antiquities, is of opinion that the bust submitted in 1781 was in black basalt or "black Egyptian," as the material was then called, and that the more familiar glazed busts were not placed on

the market until 1784. It appears to be certain that no glazed bust of an earlier date than 1784 has been preserved, even if such were issued. If a black basalt or other bust, bearing the date 1781, or stamped "Aged 78," could be discovered, it would clear up a difficulty.

It has lately been contended that as no bust of Wesley was issued publicly by Wood until 1784, and that as the bust then issued bore the inscription, "Aged 81," that therefore the modelling of the subject did not take place until that year; and that Ward mistook the Conference of 1781 for that of 1784, which was also held at Leeds; and it has further been asserted that the entries in Wesley's Journal in the year 1781 do not indicate that he paid a sufficiently long visit to Burslem in that year for the modelling to have taken place. But an argument based on the silence of a journal is risky, to say the least of it, especially when the matter concerned is the modelling



No. V.-GROUP OF WESLEY BUSTS

or study of a face which would demand but little time. Against this view there is the very circumstantial story in Ward's History already quoted -and which was had by Ward at first hand from Wood himself; also a statement in Dr. Adam Clarke's writings, giving a detailed account of the making of the study by Wood, and Wesley's comment upon the result, at the earlier date; and, as quite decisive as to an earlier modelling than one in 1784 -possibly one of severalthere is in existence a medallion of Wesley, issued at his death, bearing his portrait (almost identical with that of the bust) on the face, and the inscription, "Enoch Wood, Sculpsit, 1780" (see No. i.). On the whole



No. VI.—BLACK BASALT COPY OF THE "CITY ROAD" BUST

case, the balance of evidence, direct and presumptive, is distinctly in favour of the view that Wood took his model for the famous bust at the time stated by him to Ward, viz., in 1781—the "Aged 81" of the 1784 issue pointing to the age of the subject then, and not to his age at the actual time of modelling.

It may be well to say in this place that not only are many of the busts, the original of which was modelled in 1781, stamped "Aged 81," but many other copies are marked later still. busts illustrated in this article are three thus wrongly marked. They are the middle specimen, and the two to the right of it in No. iii. One is marked "Aged 87," another "Aged 88," and the third "Aged 50," which is, of course, absurd, seeing that Wesley died at 88. In each case the false figure is palpably stamped over the original figure, without quite obliterating it-a clumsy attempt at falsification. All these busts were either cast in the original ways well known to potters; suggesting, perhaps, a larger number of moulds than were actually used for the face. The backs vary considerably, as may be seen from the illustration.

The group illustrated in No. iii. contains five specimens.

The group illustrated in No. iii. contains five specimens. Counting from the left, example No. 1 possesses special interest, as having been made by

Enoch Wood himself and given by him to his son. The second was for some time in the possession of Dr. Knowles. The third, fourth, and fifth are of those referred to above as having been wrongly marked -the incorrect mark having been stamped over that impressed by the mould used. They are all really "Aged 81" busts (from the 1781 modelling, be it remembered, and therefore showing Wesley as he was at 78). The lefthand one of the three backs illustrated shows the falsification of one of the members of this group, the superposition of the "7" over the "1" being apparent. In all these "81" (original) bustsand in a few made later-the

mould or in accurate copies thereof, the only variations

being those given to their

certain that all the busts is-

sued in 1784, and all the

exact copies, really represent Wesley at 78—at any rate as

he was when modelled by

busts by or after Wood is

difficult, there being so many

overlapping features and characteristics; but, for the

reader's convenience, they

have been grouped in sections,

the selected representative

members of each section pos-

sessing more or less clearly

marked features in common. It will be seen that a good

deal of variety has been im-

parted in minor matters-in

Accurate classification of

Wood not later than 1781.

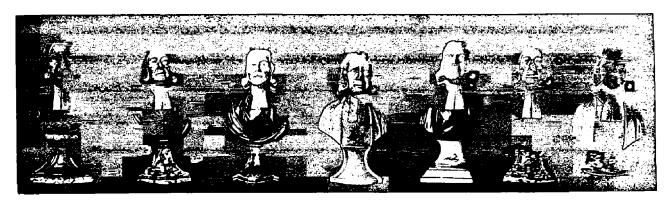
It may be taken as

bases.



No. VII.—BRONZED BUST ONCE IN THE POSSESSION OF DR. ADAM CLARKE

John Wesley Busts



No. VIII.-GROUP OF WESLEY BUSTS

scar left on Wesley's forehead by a stone thrown at him by a persecutor is very plainly shown. This fact is mentioned as an indication of at least an honest attempt at faithful portraiture on the part of Wood.

In group No. iv. four busts are shown, one being of white glazed pottery—without pedestal. The distinguishing feature of this group is a little thing, but helpful in identification and classification—being the button on the shoulder. In the case of members of the first group this button is quite plain, but in the group now under consideration it is ringed—being a circle within a circle, as it were. True, it is not much to go by as a distinguishing mark, particularly as it is found in other busts of a rather later period, but it is worthy of notice, and is so far an aid to classification. At the back of the second member of group No. iv. there are two peculiar cross-bars.

Group No. v. (with the exception of the bronzed bust in the centre) consists of specimens bearing the

well-known pottery mark of which an illustration is given on next page.

It will be noticed that one bears the date "1824," and that here again the crossed drapery is in evidence. This is in Group ix.

Individual interest attaches to some of the busts illustrated in this article. A black copy from the same mould as the famous "City Road Bust"—so called because kept at the head centre of the Wesleyan denomination in London — may be instanced. It bears the inscription:—

The Rev. John Wesley, M.A.
Aged 81.
Enoch Wood, Sculp.
Burslem.

Mention has already been made of the bust which Enoch Wood made and gave to his son. Another (the bronzed specimen in Group v.) belonged to Dr. Adam Clarke, the noted commentator. It is in bronzed



No. IX,-GROUP OF WESLEY BUSTS

pottery, and is labelled "Late the property of Dr. Adam Clarke." In Mr. Botteley's collection it stands side by

THE REVD
JOHN WESLEY M.A.

died Mar 2. 1791

ENOCH WOOD SCULP

BURSLEM

side with a bust of Dr. Clarke himself, whose previous ownership is fully authenticated. The bust on the extreme right of this group bears an almost square tablet, with the inscription:—

The . Reverend . John Wesley, M.A. . Fellow of Lincoln College, Oxford, . And Founder of Methodism. . He sat for this bust . To . Mr. Enoch Wood, Sculptor, . Burslem, . 1781, . and died in . 1791, . Aged . 88 . Years. . Is not this a brand plucked out of the fire?

Speaking roughly, the main distinguishing feature of this group is to be found in the style of the vestment, which will be seen to be different from that of the two previous groups.

Of group No. viii. it may be said that the specimens afford proof of the enormous variety in Wesley busts in such minor matters as pedestal, colouring, and the like. The third from the left possesses interest as having been the work of other than Wood, though the latter's like-

ness had been laid under contribution. Th

tribution. The inscription reads:—

The Revd. John Wesley, . M.A., . Born at Epworth, . March 17, . 1703, . Aged 88 . Dale, . Burslem.

The busts in No. ix. group are put in as being interesting in the way of variety.

No. xi. contains two samples of monstrosities. It is a question whether or not some of the Wesley busts in existence were intended as caricatures.*

Another interesting bust is one by Wedgwood, a picture of which is given. It is in black basalt, and is admirably executed, though it is probably of greater value as a work of art than as a portrait of Wesley. The comparison between this bust and those by Wood is interesting in many respects. There can be no doubt that the work of Wood is by far the more accurate as a likeness. The black Wedgwood bust is evidently the work of an artist who was more concerned about producing a beautiful piece of work than about the faithfulness of the portrait. In moulding and finish it is much superior to the basalt and ordinary busts referred to above, but as



No. XI,-wesley caricatures in pottery

a representation of the founder of Methodism it is unreliable.

A bust by Copeland is also worthy of mention, in

A bust by Copeland is also worthy of mention, in the production of which Wood's work was largely laid under contribution. The famous "Roubillac" bust does not fall under the present discussion of Staffordshire ware only.

More interesting and valuable is a rough cast, of which a photograph is given, from the "original mould," as it is stated (evidently one of Wood's), now in the possession of Mr. George Hammersley, who found it not long ago among a lot of moulds which he had purchased at a sale. Head and bust are cast



No. X.—WEDGWOOD'S BUST IN BLACK BASALT

^{*} Since the above was written it has been discovered that the bust No. vi, is intended for Charles Wesley, brother of John.

in one piece in this case, and it is a fine piece of work. The cast was photographed in the rough, exactly as it came from the mould, not having been sponged or smoothed in any way.

After Wood's day the accuracy in detail which marked his work was departed from, and all kinds of vagaries were indulged in by painters and decorators of the busts; the colour of the hair, the complexion, the vestments, made fearful and wonderful in their hues, etc., affording scope for the wildest imagination. But with it all there is close adherence to Wood's

excellent modelling, and the preservation of the striking profile.

For the sake of would-be collectors, a word of warning should be added to this altogether inadequate discussion. Many spurious "Old Staffordshire" busts of Wesley are about—most of them wretchedly poor forgeries, and not likely to deceive any one versed in the subject. Fortunately the makers of

these execrably poor samples of pottery seem to have made such an inadequate study of the works which they have sought to copy that they have failed to produce a colourable imitation. But the inexperienced buyer is advised to secure expert advice before parting with his money.

It must be emphasised that only one class of Wesley busts is dealt with in this article; and when the large and practically complete collection which has been placed at the writer's disposal is spoken of it is in this connection only. It would be an easy matter to



No. XII.—ROUGH CAST FROM THE "ORIGINAL MOULD" LATELY DISCOVERED

get together a heterogeneous accumulation of hundreds of Wesley busts, etc. (with scarcely any duplicates among them), if one were content to gather in all sorts and sizes, in any kind of material and manufacture. This article deals with Staffordshire pottery only.

In contemplating Enoch

In contemplating Enoch Wood's modelling of Wesley, especially, great weight must be attached to the opinions of the contemporaries of the sculptor. Ward's "very correct bust," and Fletcher's "beautiful likeness," previously quoted, count for a great deal. In the 1843 edition of Ward's

History of Stoke-on-Trent it is stated, "Mr. Wood, who was originally brought up to his father's business of a modeller, executed in his early days many excellent subjects in the plastic art, consisting of dwarf statues, groups, bas-reliefs, cameos and intaglios of terra-cotta, specimens of which are still to be met with, and are highly prized. A bust of the venerable Wesley, modelled from his person at Burslem in the

No. XIII .- TWO CURIOSITIES

year 1781, was acknowledged to be the most faithful likeness of that eminent person ever produced, and has been the prototype of numerous copies subsequently promulgated." Such opinions on the part of those who were either contemporary with Wesley and Wood, or in close touch with those who were, are of great assistance in forming an estimate of the accuracy of Wood's modelling. Modern collectors in this department are much indebted to the man who was the father of representations of John Wesley in Staffordshire pottery.

Patience Wright, Modeller in Wax. By C. H. Hart, Philadelphia

FASHION is a wheel of time that, revolving slowly, comes back again to its starting-place, so that what often seems new is but "Monsieur Tonson come again." Thus it is with wax portraits that are holding the attention of the fashionable world of London to day, modelled in high relief, in coloured wax, similar to those that were so much in favour in the eighteenth and early part of the nineteenth centuries, and were the subject of an interesting article in The Connoisseur for March, 1904, in which I was surprised not to find mention made of Patience Wright, who a century and a quarter ago was the most prominent and best-known wax modeller in the kingdom, especially as the profile of King George III. reproduced on page 136, of that article, from the original in the British Museum is, in my

opinion, her work. She, too, was of enough importance to win admittance to the Dictionary of National Biography, where she is spoken of as "a woman of remarkable intelligence and conversational powers," whose "life-sized figures and busts of contemporary notabilities and historical groups were superior to anything of the kind previously seen."

What makes Patience Wright of conspicuous interest is the fact that she was a native product of the New World, and while she was the second born American artist

that we know, she was the first American to give sculptural expression to the artistic sense.* That this has a significance beyond the mere fact that it records, will be recognised by every one familiar with the development of the imitative arts: modelling in the round being to the untrained mind a much more obvious method of delineating an object than by lines on a flat surface, so that sculpture has always preceded painting, and thus the evolution of art in the New World has followed the course of its evolution in the Old.

Patience Lovell was born in 1725, of Quaker parentage, in Bordentown, New Jersey, not far across the Delaware river from Philadelphia, where the oldest building now standing is the Lovell house, and died in London, March 25th, 1786.† When twenty-three she married Joseph Wright, who a score of

years later died, leaving her a widow with three children. She early showed a decided aptitude for modelling, using dough, putty, or any other pliable material she could find, and being left by her husband with scant means, made herself known by her small portraits in wax. Her first attempts must have been made before she had ever seen any



MRS. WRIGHT, 1777, THE FAMOUS WAX-WOMAN AND REPUBLICAN FROM AMERICA BY JOHN DOWNMAN FROM A DRAWING IN MRS. MAITLAND'S COLLECTION

^{*} James Claypoole, "face painter," born in Philadel phia, January
22nd, 1720, is the
first native-born
American artist. He
was a grand-nephew
of Cromwell's sonin-law, John Claypoole.

[†] Political Magazine, March, 1786, p. 241.

Patience Wright

works of art in modelling or otherwise, which make the accomplishment all the more remarkable, considering her uncongenial Quaker atmosphere and environment. She soon acquired a reputation for these clever specimens of portraiture which extended far beyond her local geographical limits, and she sought a wider field for her abilities by removing to London in 1772, where she soon became the rage, not only for her plastic work, but also for her extraordinary personal qualities, which drew to her rooms all the social and political leaders of the day.

Horace Walpole, admittedly the leading connoisseur and art critic of his time, writes to the Countess of Ossory, under date of February 11th, 1773*:—

"A propos to puppets, there is a Mrs. Wright arrived from America to make figures in wax of Lord Chatham, Lord Lyttleton, and Mrs. Macaulay. Lady Aylesbury literally spoke to a waxen figure of a housemaid in the room, for the artistess has brought over a group, and Mrs. Fitzroy's aunt is one of them."

A frothy eulogist in *The London Magazine*, for December, 1775, in a "Sketch of the Character of Mrs. Wright," which accompanied the portrait here reproduced, says:—

"Mrs. Wright who has been reserved by the hand of nature to produce a new style of picturing superior to statuary and peculiar to herself and the honour of America, for her compositions, in likeness to the

originals, surpass paint or any other method of delineation; they live with such a perfect animation, that we are more surprised than charmed, for we see art perfect as nature."

Then follows a description of the figure of Mrs. Macaulay, a reference to busts of the King and Queen, which are "most capital for elegance of execution and representation of the living," and proceeds:—

"She has been particularly honoured with the notice of Lords Chatham and Temple, and many of the most illustrious characters of this country visit her repository to converse with the Promethean modeller."

We learn from Walpole that to model a bust of the elder Pitt was one of the purposes of her visiting England, and from the pages of the contemporary magazine that she was particularly favoured by his notice. Therefore we can understand that she was afforded exceptional opportunities to model from life the head of the great Chatham, and it is one of the few known creations of her facile hand that has survived, for after his decease it was honoured with a place in Westminster Abbey, erected upon a figure draped with the robes he wore when he made his last speech in the House of Lords, and there it can be viewed to-day, perfectly preserved, within a glass case in the Islip Chapel, next to the monument to General Wolfe, and opposite to the tomb of Edward the Confessor. Dean Stanley, in his Memorials of Westminster Abbey (4th edition, p. 347), says, "In consideration of the interest attaching to the great statesman," the fee for showing his effigy was raised

from 3d. to 6d. He then quotes from the Guide Book of 1783:—

"The eagerness of connoisseurs and artists to see this figure, and the satisfaction it affords, justly places it among the first of the kind ever seen in this or any other country."

That it was far superior to the ordinary wax work of the showroom, and that the face was life-like in its animation and character, the reproduction fully attests.

Among Mrs. Wright's early works in England was a bust of Thomas Penn, one of the proprietors of Pennsylvania, which his wife, Lady Juliana, daughter of the



Tonybee's Letters of Larace Walpole, Vol. VIII.,

This portrait can hardly the one of "Mrs. Wright delling a head in wax, nich was exhibited by her n, Joseph Wright, at the yal Academy in 1780, and acerning which Horace alpole wrote to Rev. Wilin Mason in May of 1780: You know, I suppose, that the Royal Academy at merset House is opened. By what lethargy o. loyalty it happened I do not know, but there is also a picture of Mrs. Wright modelling the head of Charles I., and their Majesties contemplating it." first Earl of Pomfret, presented to the Assembly of that State in August of 1773, when it was placed in the library, where a contemporary saw it, and describes it as "a most beautiful bust." With Doctor Franklin she, was on terms of familiar intercourse, both while he was in London and after taking up his residence in France; and as she was kept fully advised as to the momentous events transpiring relative

to the colonies, she communicated her information regularly to him. She was an ardent and avowed rebel, which caused her to break with the King, whom she roundly rated for permitting and keeping up the war. Before this she had been so friendly with him and the Queen as, following her Quaker tenets, to call them by their Christian names, George and Charlotte. Before Franklin left London in May of 1775, she modelled the bas-relief of him here reproduced, from the original that he gave to Mary Hewson and from which Wedgwood made one of his

WASHINGTON

FROM THE ORIGINAL WAX OWNED BY R. H. HARTE, M.D., PHILADELPHIA, U.S.A.

basaltic medallions of the same size. To Franklin she writes March 29th, 1777 †:-

"I meet with the greatest politeness and civility from the people of England. . . . I now believe that all my romantick education joynd with my father's, old Lovell's courage, can be serviceable yet further to bring on the glorious cause of civil and religious liberty. Five years ago I drempt a Dream

* Pennsylvania Magazine of History and Biography, Vol. XXIII., p. 418.

concerning Doct. Franklin. I wrote down said Dream. Half has now been realised, and I am sure the rest will be fulfilled."

Two years later, March 14th, 1779, she writes to him from Lysle House, Lesterford:—

"I have moved from Pall Mall with the full purpose of mind to settle my affairs, and get ready for my return to America. I shall take France in

my way, and call at Paris, where I hope to have the pleasure of seeing my old American friend, and take off some of your cappitall Bustos in wax, as I intend to make good use of my time while I stay at Paris. I shall be happy to meet with the same encouragement as I have met with in England at my first coming before the unfortunate war."

Franklin advised her not to come, saying:—

"As to the exercise of your art here, I am in doubt whether it would answer your expectation. Here are two or three who profess it, and make a show of their works on the Boulevard; but it

is not the taste for persons of Fashion to sit to these persons for their portraits; and both house rent and living at Paris are very expensive."

She delayed her visit to France a year, but the following summer crossed the Channel, where, among others, she met Elkanah Watson, whose portrait painted by Copley, with an American flag in the background, is said to have been the first raising of the American flag in Great Britain after peace had been declared. Watson in his reminiscences * gives

[†] MSS. Franklin Correspondence in the American Philosophical Society, Philadelphia.

^{*} Men and Times of the Revolution, New York, 1856. pp. 137-143.

Patience Wright

every droll account of their first meeting on his arrival in Paris. He was giving orders to his servant from a balcony of the hotel, when he heard a powerful female voice crying out from an upper window, "Who are you? An American I hope." "Yes, Madame; and who are you?" he answered. Immediately she

came blustering downstairs with the familiarity of an old acquaintance, and soon they were on most excellent terms. He thus describes her appearance:—

"She was a tall and athletic figure, and walked with a firm step as erect Her comas an Indian. plexion was somewhat sallow; her cheek-bones high; her face furrowed, and her olive eyes keen, piercing, and expressive. Her sharp glance was appalling; it had almost the wildness of a maniac's. The vigour and originality of her conversation corresponded with her manners and appearance. She would utter language, in her incessant volubility, as if unconscious to whom directed, that put her hearers to the blush. She apparently possessed the utmost simplicity of heart and character. With a head of wax upon her lap, she would mould the most accurate likenesses by the m:re force of a retentive recollection of the traits and I ies of the countenance. he would form her likeness manipulating the wax ith her thumb and finger."

Watson then tells of his engaging Mrs. Wright to odel a bust for him of Doctor Franklin, which, ben almost completed, she carried to Passy to impare with the original. On returning in the caning, carrying it wrapped in a napkin, she was impeded at the barrier to be searched for contraband goods. She resisted the attempt to examine her bundle, and as she could not speak or understand a word of French and the officers could neither speak nor understand English, no explanation could

take place. The bundle was opened, and, to the astonishment of the officers, exhibited what appeared to them to be the head of a dead man. They believed she was an escaped lunatic who had committed murder and was about concealing the head of her victim. They were ready to convey her to the police

station, when Watson appeared upon the scene, and an explanation ensued that amused all concerned, excepting Mrs. Wright, whose rage was at fever heat. This bust, which Watson says was an admirable likeness, was sent to America, where, years afterwards, it was unfortunately broken into fragments.

There are in France some admirable whole-length figurines of Franklin seated at a table, upon which are electrical and other apparatus, which I believe to be the work of Patience Wright from their exquisite modelling, animation, life-likeness, and general character, but up to the present time I have not been able to demonstrate it. They have been attributed by the Hon. John Bigelow, one of Franklin's biographers, to Jean Baptiste Nini, without the slightest proof, or show of reason, to sustain the attribution to the modeller of the well-known bas-relief medallions of Franklin, who is not known ever to have worked in the round. In my judgment they are essentially the work of



THE EARL OF CHATHAM
FROM THE LIFE-SIZE WAX EFFIGY, ISLIP CHAPEL,
WESTMINSTER ABBEY

a woman, in conception, execution, and detail, even to the natural hair fixed in the head; just the kind of work that would be a drawing card in an exhibition of wax-work, with the subject's familiar daily articles about him—and the hair points strongly in this direction, heralded forth as "Franklin's own hair."

Mrs. Adams, wife of the first American minister to the court of St. James, gives an amusing account of a visit she paid to "the celebrated Mrs. Wright" a few days after she arrived in London in the summer of 1784, in which she says*:—

"There was an old clergyman sitting reading a paper in the middle of the room, and although I went prepared to see strong representations of real life, I was effectually deceived in this figure for ten minutes, and was finally told it was only wax."

But perhaps the most generally interesting of all the works of Patience Wright is her profile of General Washington, notwithstanding it has not the value and significance of a life-portrait; it does show, however, the mental strength of the artist who was capable of making so fine a work as this profile from a bust modelled by another, into which she could infuse her own conception of the character of her subject, so as to greatly improve upon her model. She wrote to Washington 1 from London, December 8th, 1783:

"My Friends write to me from America that 'Joseph Wright (my son) has painted a likeness and also modelled a clay bust of General Washington which will be a very great honor to my family.' I

most heartily thank my God for sparing my life to see this happy day. You may have my most grateful thanks for your kind attention to my son in taking him into your Family to encourage his genii and giving him the pleasing oportunity of taking a Likeness that has I sincerely hope gave his country and your friends, Sir, satisfaction. I am impatient to have a copy of what he has done that I may have the honor of making a model from it in wax work, as it has been for some time the wish and desire of my heart to model a likeness of General Washington."

Washington's answer to this letter is given from the original holograph, preserved among the manuscripts in the British Museum:

"MOUNT PLEASANT, Jany. 30th, 1785.

"MADAM,—By what means it came to pass, I shall not undertake to devise, but the fact is that your letter of the 8th of December, 1783, never got to my hands until the 12th of the same month in the year following. This will account for my not having acknowledged the receipt of it sooner, and for not thanking you, as I now do, before, for the many flattering expressions contained in it. If the bust which your son has modelled of me should reach your hands and afford your celebrated genii any employment that can amuse Mrs. Wright, it must be an honor done me, and if your inclination to return to this country should overcome other considerations you will, no doubt, meet a welcome reception from your numerous friends, among whom I should be proud to see a person so universally celebrated and on whom nature has

> bestowed such rarest uncommon gifts.

> "I am, Madam,
> "yr. most obedt. and very
> "Hble. Servant,
> "Go. Washington."

This unusually gracious letter from the unbending Washington is addressed to "Mrs. Wright in England," and was enclosed in a letter to her son, to be forwarded. The profile of Washington is 9½ ins. high by 6 ins. wide, modelled in high relief, in wax, which may originally have been white, but is now yellow, and brings this article to a fitting close.*



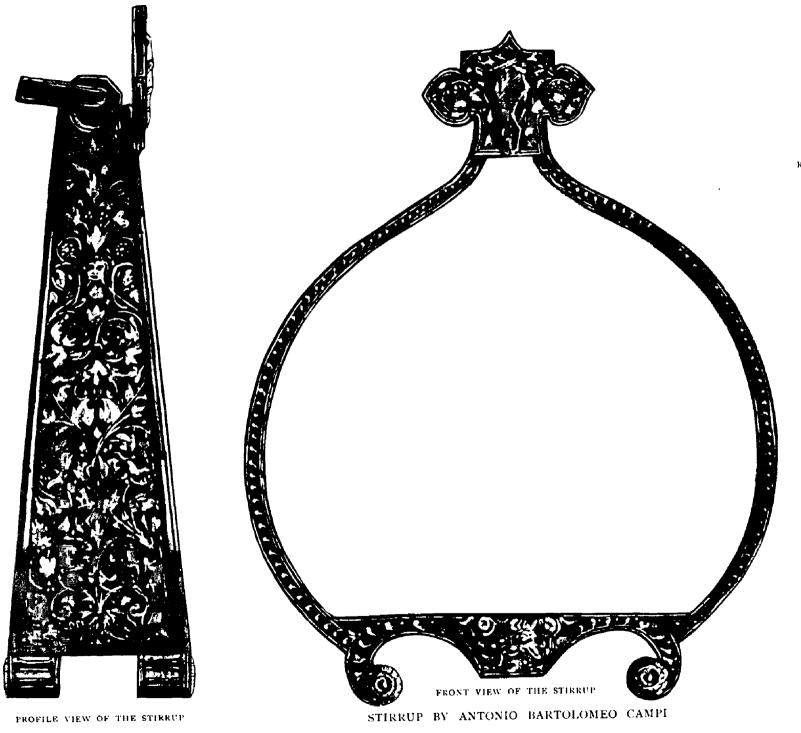
FRANKLIN BETWEEN 1772 AND 1775, BY PATIENCE WRIGHT FROM THE ORIGINAL WAX OWNED BY C. S. BRADFORD, ESQ., PHILADELPHIA, U.S.A.

^{*} Letters of Mrs. Adams, wife of John Adams, Boston, 1840, p 228.

⁺ MSS. Correspondence of Washington in Library of Congress, Washington, D.C.

^{*} John Hoppner, the eminent portrait painter, married Phœbe, the youngest daughter of Mrs. Wright, of whom he painted many charming portraits, while Elizabeth, the elder, married an American, Ebenezer Platt, and inherited some of her mother's cleverness in wax modelling.

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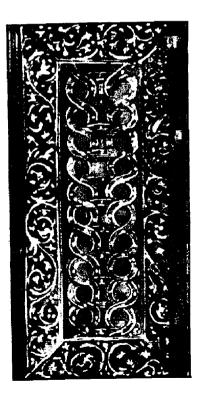




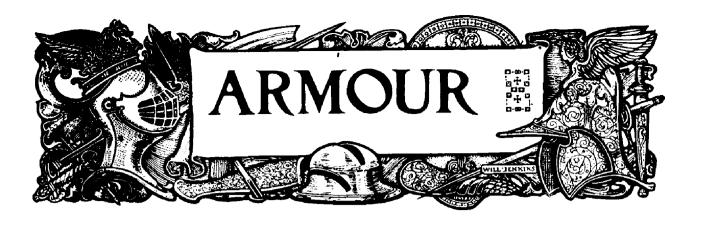
REVERSE OF TOP FINIAL, SHEWING MONOGRAM



ONE OF THE SILVER APPLIQUÉS



THE TREAD OF THE STIRRUP



An Historical Pair of Stirrups By Guy Francis Laking, M.V.O., F.S.A., Keeper of the King's Armoury

In 1896 great astonishment was evinced when at the sale of the Earl of Warwick's collection of sixteenth-century works of art, a pair of stirrups realised the sum of fourteen hundred and ninety-one pounds—a really good record, coming as it did when the art market had hardly recovered from the Baring crisis of 1891-2.

The stirrups were purchased at the Warwick sale by Mr. Charles Davis, who almost immediately ceded them to Mr. George Salting. They appear described in the catalogue as follows:—

"A pair of stirrups of russet iron, inlaid with gold and silver. The treads of the stirrups $(3\frac{1}{2})$ in. long by 15 in. wide) are pierced with twenty-two circular holes, these being brought into the entwined tracery that ornaments the centres. Around are borders of flowing vine foliage in gold and silver azzimine. Of the two pieces projecting below the tread, the front is raised one tenth of an inch, and on the left-hand stirrup is applied with a grotesque mark in chased silver and two silver rosettes. The bands of the stirrup form segments of circles, and terminate at the top, in front, in a trefoil-shaped ornament, enriched with animal's skull in silver appliqué. Behind this is oblong rectangular buckle I_{10}^{1} in. long by $\frac{7}{10}$ in. ad. The whole stirrup, both inside and out, being ly inlaid with gold and silver acanthus, and other ventional foliage and masks. On the back of ornament at the top of the stirrup is the letter ." and above the monogram A. C., denoting the e of the maker—Ambrosio Caradosso Foppa."

The writer of this article was responsible for their dogue description, also for their attribution to hand of Caradosso, as it was known that artist had occasionally diverged from his usual medium of gold, silver, bronze, and the like to work in the more stubborn material of iron. It is also recorded that he had on occasions produced weapons and

armour, though his works in that direction, if in existence to-day, pass unrecognised.

Upon the Warwick stirrups, as described in the sale catalogue, are the initials that fitted most conveniently with the name of Ambrosio Foppa, called Caradosso, A. C.—F. It also appeared that the armourer's work was more akin to that of the goldsmith, as appliques of silver and bronze gilt were plentifully used in their general decoration. The extreme simplicity of their outline, and ultra-classic form of their enrichment, made them universally admired.

Beyond the fact that the stirrups had been in Warwick Castle for some generations, their past history and original ownership were unknown, or at least unrecognised.

The stirrups have been exhibited at the Victoria and Albert Museum, with Mr. Salting's loan collection, almost from the day he purchased them, though their attribution to Caradosso has not (as now proves correct) been widely accepted.

For the first time on June 28th, at the private view of the Toison d'Or Exhibition, now being held at Bruges, the writer had the privilege of seeing many of the fine suits of armour lent from the world-famed Royal Armoury of Madrid by His Majesty of Spain. Reviewing each suit carefully, the magnificent harness of Roman fashion made by Antonio Bartolomeo Campi of Pesaro for Charles V., and intended as a gift to the Duke Guidoboldo II. of Urbino, especially attracted his attention. Its splendid proportions, its correctness of classic form, and moreover its elaborate decoration of gold, silver, and bronze gilt, elicited a closer criticism than the other war harnesses. Though never having seen the suit itself, the last-named ornamentation seemed strangely familiar. A mental review of all suits or separate armaments he had

The Connoisseur



ROMAN ARMOUR OF CHARLES V.

seen, with the similar very characteristic decoration, was made, resulting in the impossibility to liken its details to any he was acquainted with. For that day, at least, mental comparison proved useless. On the following day, after the opening ceremony, the writer again carefully examined this particular harness, still haunted the while by the memory of having seen the like to its ornamentation elsewhere. Suddenly the knowledge of this familiarity became apparent—the damascened portions of the suit exactly corresponded with the Warwick stirrups, also duplicating the design of the vine leaves and curiously arranged foliage. Then came the convincing proof of their similarity. As before stated, the stirrups are signed in

large Roman characters A. C.—F., whilst on the backplate above the shoulder-blades, in exactly similar characters, is the suit signed B. C.—F.

The suit, beyond being signed with these initials, is inscribed around the base of the breastplate with the name of the maker and the date in full in the following manner:—

"BARTHOLOMEUS CAMPI AURIFEX TOTIUS OPERIS ARTIFEX QUOD ANNO INTEGRO INDIGEBAT PRINCIPIS SUI NYTVI OBTEMPERAUS GEMINATO MENSE PERFECIT. PISAURI ANNO MOXLVI."

Therefore we have the absolute proof that the Warwick stirrups were made by the armourer Campi in the year 1546, en suite, and for use with this

An Historical Pair of Stirrups

classically fashioned armour of the Duke of Urbino, the only difference in the two signatures being that Campi has signed the stirrups with the initial A of his first Christian name, Antonio, in place of the more usual B, of Bartolomeo, as seen on the suit.

Antonio Bartolomeo Campi was during the first part of his successful career in the service of the Venetian republic, afterwards joining the entourage of the Duke Guidoboldo II., of Urbino. the occasion of the Duke's marriage, he executed, together with his brother Giacomo, and assisted by his son Scipio, many splendid war harnesses—these had almost universal fame at the time of their manufacture, but are now lost, or at least unrecorded. The work of Campi to-day is alone represented by this one classic suit at Madrid. A few years before his death, circa 1577, he attached himself to the court of Henri II., there carrying on his crast with great success. That this armourer's works, together with his brother's and son's, should to-day be alone represented by this one harness, is astonishing; but possibly his work does exist, but is unrecognised. On this theory the writer hopes on some future date to record a few important discoveries.

It would be interesting to know at what period this pair of stirrups passed into the possession of the Warwick family, and when they were originally separated from the harness to which they belong. It may have been in 1839, when many separate small armaments, a few suits, and very many swords, rapiers, and daggers were stolen from the Royal storehouse by an unscrupulous custodian, and shipped to England for sale. To this incident the writer has referred in greater detail in other articles dealing with the Spanish armoury; but it is not out of place here to recall the theft.

The armour and arms stolen in 1838 were sent in the January of the following year by a firm of Spanish solicitors to London for sale by auction. The see was held by Messrs. Christie on January 23rd and following day. It was described in the sale alogue as "a very important assemblage of ancient anour and arms recently received from Spain." But little did the public then appreciate or understand

the art of the armourer, the two days' sale of over 270 items realised but the absurdly small sum of £983. Yet in that sale were some of the choicest examples of armour of the first half of the sixteenth century, more especially of the Colman and Wolf Landshut schools; for it must be remembered that the various objects sent were nothing less than many of the extra pieces and pieces de exchange of the famous suits of the Emperor Charles V. and Philip II. It is certainly no exaggeration to say that to day those two days' sale of armour and arms would at the present ratio of prices have realised not less than £80,000 to £100,000. Referring to the catalogue, in many cases it is almost impossible to recognise any objects described owing to the baldness of its descriptions, yet many an historical piece in some now famous private or public collection can be traced to this sale. Some of the pieces have even found their way back to the actual armoury from which they were stolen. To us it seems guileless, but the theft of this two days' sale of armour and arms from the royal storehouse (it was before the armoury was arranged for public exhibition by Don Martinez de Romero) was covered by a serious cutbreak of fire-one, we fear, hardly accidental in its origin.

On looking through the 1839 sale catalogue, many pairs of stirrups are recorded, but it is quite impossible to now say if any of them could have been those afterwards in the Warwick collection, as no description of them is given.

It is now Mr. George Salting that is happy in the possession of the Warwick stirrups. Though formally the name of the maker was unrecognised and the title of the original owner was lost, they were ever splendid works of art, but their new historical association lends to them a greatly additional interest and enhanced sentimental value.

The photograph of the Campi suit, taken on horseback, is as the suit appeared some thirty-five years ago, before its careful restoration and new arrangement on foot was made by the late Count Valencia de Don Juan.

The plate of Mr. Salting's stirrup is from a drawing made by the writer at the time of the Warwick sale.



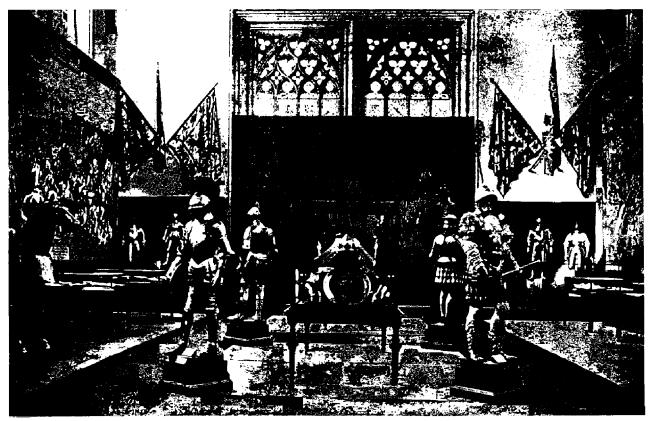


The Exhibition of the Golden Fleece at Bruges By Edward F. Strange

The famous Order of the Golden Fleece was founded at Bruges on the 10th January, 1429, by Philip the Good, Duke of Burgundy and Count of Flanders; and the citizens of that ancient and beautiful town, though they, indeed, have never had much direct interest in an institution devised for the honour and glory of their feudal lords, have now thought it good to gather up into an exhibition all the available memorials of its ancient splendour. This act of beneficence—for so indeed it is—to students of the arts, and especially of the heraldry, of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries was conceived, not improbably, with an eye to the indirect benefits

thereby accruing to the business-like Brugeois, who are also just inaugurating a ship canal, which they expect to restore their former commercial greatness. But we may take the exhibition for what it is worth on its artistic merits, and it may be said at once that those merits are very considerable.

There is little doubt that the most satisfactory exhibit, on the whole, is that of the armour. No exhibition of recent times has been able to offer to its visitors so splendid a series of complete suits as that lent to Bruges by the Emperor of Austria and the King of Spain—the Sovereigns of the two branches into which the Order of the Golden Fleece



[Photo, Gecell

THE GREAT HALL, WITH TAPESTRY AND SUITS OF ARMOUR LENT BY THE EMPEROR OF AUSTRIA AND KING OF SPAIN, ETC., WITH PIECES IN CASE LENT BY KING EDWARD, MR. GUY LAKING, ETC.

The Exhibition of the Golden Fleece

is now divided. Of these, perhaps, the first place must be given to the magnificent suit of armour, in the Roman style, made in 1546 by B. Campi, of Milan, for Maximilian. This is a veritable triumph of the armourer's art, not only in its fine forging and the articulation—if the term may be allowed - of the jointed portions, but in the ragnificence of its modelling and other golden en-It is fitted with richments. a complete mask-a human face, bearded—a fashion to be found also in the armour of the Japanese; though in that under notice there are none of the grotesque qualities characteristic of the latter. Another beautiful suit was made for Philip le Beau when a boy, and is exquisitely proportioned, with curious wide-spreading It is lent by the Emperor of Austria. point of some importance is

* See Mr. G. F. Laking's article on page 25.



[Photo. Gecell

SUIT OF PHILIP THE FAIR WHEN A YOUTH LENT BY THE EMPEROR OF AUSTRIA

that all the armour was actually made for Knights of the Order, and each suit bears, in one form or another, the collar and device of the Golden Fleece.

One might reasonably have expected this latter item to have furnished one of the strongest sections of the exhibition. Certain collars and jewels are indeed shown, zealously guarded by live halberdiers in the picturesque uniform of the eighteenth century; but, apart from their mere glitter of gold and gems, they are of small value, and altogether inferior workmanship. The most important relic of the Golden Fleece known to exist is a collar of Tvison d'Cr, king-at-arms, in the Imperial Treasury at Vienna; but this has not been spared, unfortunately. On the other hand, an extremely fine piece of heraldry is the richly embroidered tabard of a kingat-arms, gaining additional interest from the comparison now possible with a



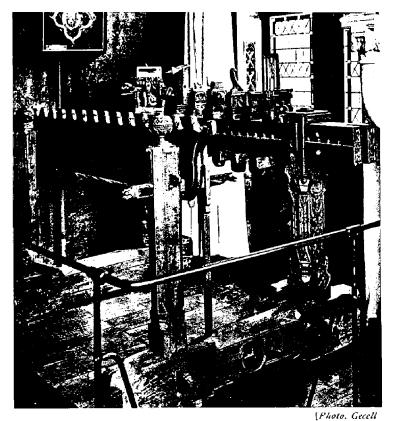
Charles V. Charles V. Lent by J. Anthony Lent by White, Esq. King Edward

Charles V. Lent by the Earl of Northbrook

(Photo. Gecell

precisely similar article, painted on canvas, which is said to be the original design for it, though another not unreasonable view is that the latter was only a temporary makeshift for the garment used on more important occasions. The room in which these things are shown contains also some choice pieces of armour lent by King Edward VII. and by Mr. Guy Laking, M.V.O., and some interesting heraldic MSS. Its walls are hung with a set of superb Flemish tapestries from the Prado, the original designs for which, by Jan Vermayen,

are at Vienna.



THE TURNING LATHE OF MAXIMILIAN EMPEROR OF AUSTRIA

These — in perfect preservation—

represent the Siege of Tunis by Charles V., and are

LENT BY THE

wrought in such careful and curious detail as to give them a high value as historical documents, as well as on account of their decorative qualities. Another interesting piece of tapestry is the panel from the Musée du Cinquantenaire at Brussels, which was formerly at the church of Notre-Dame du Sablon. On the left, Beatrice is seen handing to Maximilian the statue of the Virgin, which she has brought from Antwerp to Brussels. In the centre, Charles V., with the Castilian crown on his head, and his brother

Ferdinand carry the miraculous image; on the right are the figures of Margaret of Austria, her nephew



[Photo. Gecell

The Exhibition of the Golden Fleece



PHILIP THE FAIR
BRONZE BUST LENT BY THE KING OF WURTEMBERG

Ferdinand, and her three nieces, the daughters of Charles V., kneeling before the image. Adjoining the central hall is a small gallery in which the coins and medals are shown; and this section is especially remarkable for the beauty and rare condition of the contributions of the British Committee. Mr. Max Rosenheim, who, we believe, especially undertook this part of the work, has been able to get together a series of medals which has excited the unstinted approbation of foreign critics. That of Philip the Fair, the Founder of the Order, lent by Mr. Rosenheim

himself, is only one among many pieces which claim close study and attention. The foreign exhibits in this class include many notable examples; but also some of doubtful authenticity, and not a few reprod ctions. In this room is a very i eresting lathe of carved and inted wood, with heraldic and tesque decoration, and chiselled a fittings. It is dated 1506, and once the property of Maxian I.; the present owner being unt Wilczek.

Naturally there is a fine array of traits of Sovereigns, in what has been named for the purposes of the exhibition, the "Kings' Room." Among the busts one would remark a striking bronze of Philip the Fair, lent by the Stuttgart Museum; and

the finely modelled portrait, in coloured plaster, with moveable cap, of Charles V., which M. Henri Hymans only just saved from the untimely fate to which certain ignorant persons had condemned it. Here, too, is the well-known portrait of Maximilian, by Ambrogio de Predis, from the Vienna Gallery; though those by Dürer, Lucas van Leyden, and Strigel are wanting: and we have also, among many other representations of Philip le Bon and Charles V., one of the best of each from the collections of our own King.

A large number of portraits of Knights are interesting, as a rule, on that account and for the sake of the costume, rather than for their artistic qualities; but particular interest attaches to the two representations of Johann van Wassenaer, the presence of one of which has enabled the other to be identified: as well as by a picture of that Count of Egmont who made the scar which forms Van Wassenaer's most distinguishing feature. The family of Croy, which furnished a continual succession of Knights to the Order, is represented by no fewer than twenty-four panel portraits of individuals who received the honour, and the lower hall contains also some scores of heraldic achievements, painted on panel, which should have their value for the expert in heraldry. Their decorative effect, as a collection, is very considerable.

The scope of the exhibition was, somewhat subtly, enlarged by a modest inclusion in its programme of the paintings of Netherlandish or Burgundian artists working under the patronage of the Chiefs of the Order. How far this may justify the admission of some of the paintings shown, it might be a little



(*Photo. Gecell*BUST OF CHARLES V. TERRA-COTTA, COLOURED, WITH MOVEABLE HAT
FIFTEENTH CENTURY (BRUGES MUSEUM)

The Connoisseur

difficult to say; but at all events it has been made the excuse for the exhibition of one work, which alone will draw many visitors to Bruges. This is the *Annunciation*, by the "Maître de Flémalle," which for forty years was so jealously hidden by the late Comtesse de Mérode, that her actual possession of it was not unreasonably doubted. It is now shown in public for the first time, and will at once take its place among the finest of the group of paintings now attributed to that dim and shadowy personality. It is a wonderful example of its school. The colours are pure and perfect, and the detail marvellously and simply expressed. The Virgin, in the central panel



[*Photo. Gecell*JAN VAN EYCK "THE ANNUNCIATION"

LENT BY THE TSAR OF RUSSIA



[Photo. Gecell

MADONNA AND CHILD, AND SAINTS ASCRIBED VARIOUSLY TO THE MASTER OF THE HALF-FIGURES, AND TO GERARD DAVID

of the triptych, is robed in red—not blue, as is more usual—and reclines on a carved Gothic bench exactly similar to that in one of the best of the paintings shown in the exhibition of French Primitives. She is quaintly unconscious of the presence of the angel, vested in white with blue stole, as she reads from a book of devotions. On the table are an earthenware jug, painted with blue, with arabesque ornament and false lettering, and holding the lily; and a brass candlestick with guttering candle. The window has two coats of arms, which should soon be identified. The right-hand panel has St. Joseph plying his trade of carpenter, in a little shop, opening by a falling shutter on a typically Flemish street. He is drilling holes in a piece of wood, and on his bench are some finished mouse-traps. In the left panel the donor-in secular costume—and his wife kneel within a garden, on the walls of which are goldfinches, and, in the background, a man walks, dressed in unusual costume, with a collar of what looks remarkably like point lace. The whole picture is wonderfully well preserved, and should add greatly to our knowledge of this mysterious master, most of whose work used to be attributed to the Van Eycks. A copy of the centre panel is at the Cassel Gallery. Of Jan van Eyck himself there is the exquisite Annunciation from the Hermitage Collection in St. Petersburg.

Space forbids detailed examination of other paintings shown, but mention must be made of three, all attributed, badly enough, to the Master of the Half-Figures. This may be good for that on the right,

The Exhibition of the Golden Fleece

I t the others ; : certainly by cuferent hands, and one of them has small claims to be in an exhibition of Flemish and Burgundian art. The Madonna and Child here reproduced appears to have more in common with the school of Gerard David than with the Master of the Half-Figures. A large Christ giving the Benediction is put down, somewhat absurdly, to Van Eyck. It is an interesting work, but some other provenance will be easily found for it before the exhibition closes. Its frame is quite a fine specimen.



EDWARD IV. OF ENGLAND (SO-CALLED) LENT BY THE TSAR OF RUSSIA

BY HANS (? AMBROSE) HOLBEIN

With a few exceptions, the other pictures are unimportant and, having nothing to do with the subject of the exhibition, might well have been spared. has worked splendidly, and to his initiative and persistence the success of this very interesting collection must be ascribed.

At the time

of writing no

catalogue had

been issued:

but it was un-

derstood that

the preparation

of this most

necessary ad-

junct to the

success of the

exhibition was

in hand. The

British Com-

mittee had sup-

plied the whole

material for

their share of

this work before

the opening;

and no notice

would be com-

plete which did

not recognise

the value of

the labours in

this and other

directions of

its secretary,

Mr. M. H.

Spielmann.

The President

of the Organis-

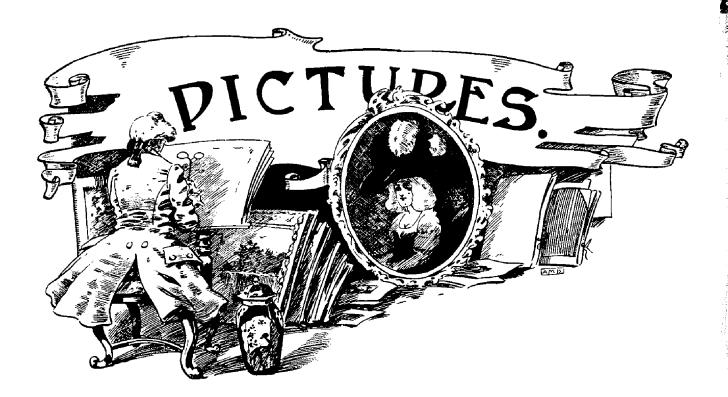
ing Committee,

Baron Kervyn

de Lettenhove.



PHILIP II. CAMEO (FORMERLY AMONG THE MARLBOROUGH GEMS)
LENT BY WILLIAM NEWALL, ESO.



An English Artist in Morocco

Just ten years ago, towards the middle of March, I found myself at Gibraltar. I had left England still looking wintry, grey, and cold, and had crossed the Bay in half a gale of wind: the Lascar sailors on the P. and O. liner looked like frozen beetles as we steamed down Channel into the storm, but seemed to revive and awake to life when the sunshine came to us in still weather off the Spanish coast, and a day later the great rock

By Selwyn Brinton, M.A.

fortress loomed out in the distance with the coast of Africa upon our right.

One seemed to pass at one step out of winter into summer. In the gardens at Gibraltar white and red camellias were blooming. The wind blew soft upon our faces as we raced our ponies along the coast between Algerias and Tarifa; and the idea formed itself within my mind to visit the Moorish cities of Southern Spain, making my beginning with the



OUR CAMP OUTSIDE TETUAN

BY J. LAVERY



THERIOR OF A MOORISH HAREM
BY J. LAVERY, R.S.A.

PRITISA PRANTING

ente di Alegania.

MACHEN

⊢ 'Ψ∰.

An English Artist in Morocco

the dern Moors themselves across that narrow strip of sea, beyond which I could just see faintly outlined the headland of Ceuta.

My first impression was certainly not favourable. Never had I seen a more piratical-looking gang of ruffians than those who filled the boats which swarmed around our little steamer as it came to anchor without the city of Tangier, which climbed up the hillside before us somewhat in the shape of an amphitheatre, but white, irregular, mysterious, with guarding walls and soaring minarets. All shades of complexion—from ebon-black through brick-red to dirty white—and every variety of rags were

Balearic porter dropped my luggage on its floor, I went to the window and threw wide open the closed shutters.

It was the hour of sunset, after a brilliant day. The sky of pale tender rose was fading through saffron and green into dark blue, just where a star began to glimmer. Before me rose a vista of flat white roofs, tier after tier crowding one upon another, to where in the distance a graceful minaret soared up into the sky; and all these roofs were absolutely alive with figures: women unveiled and robed in brilliant silks, children playing and running around them, black slaves busied in service, pets of every kind—dogs, cats, monkeys,



THE SOKO (TETUAN)

BY J. LAVERY

represented among these Moroccan boatmen, who in a trice were upon the deck, and, amid a habel of confusion, had laid violent hands upon our luggage.

It was necessary then to land in boats, to enter this touched city of Eastern magic through a gateway were two wonderful figures of bearded Moors sat squatted) mute, impassive, deigning a scarcely reeptible nod to the invading infidel, looking, in t, more like viziers from the days of the good liph Haroun than what they actually were—Custom use officials. Here from the narrow, unpaved, tuous streets we suddenly found ourselves within a urious and well-appointed modern hotel. Tangier and in these strange contrasts, these abrupt transitions from the tenth century to the twentieth, from the unchanged East to our changing restless West, or vice versû; for, in fact, at that moment, as a Spanish housemaid showed me to my room, and a

parrots—all visibly enjoying that cool, delicious hour of sunset. It was the whole interior of Moorish life which suddenly unfolded itself to me in a wonderful moving panorama of life and colour—a vision which scarcely the most privileged European may hope to behold, though Mr. Lavery has been able to depict something of it in the charming painting which is here reproduced in colour.

The impression which I received so vividly and unexpectedly then has never been effaced from my mind, though I was able to continue and develop it further as I came to explore the secrets of this fascinating city—its labyrinthian, tortuous streets, whence, through some dark uninviting portal, one might dive into a store of marvellous silks and leather work (the one surviving modern art industry) and gold embroidery—its Sòko, the great open market whither the tribesmen enter each morning, through

The Connoisseur

the Bab-al-Sok, from the hills and country without, to sell their wares, their women squatting for the whole day, impassive and observant, with their faces closely veiled and their nether limbs very much the reverse; while to a group not far away the story-teller recounts some legend of marvel, which may date its origin from the "Thousand and One Nights," and may tell of Camaralzaman and the Lady Badoura, of Aziz and Azizah, and the Islands of Camphor and the Castle of Crystal, and near the outer gate a snake-charmer has gathered a watchful circle around his unattractive pets.

Or one might visit on the other side of the city

Barb steeds, which are so intelligent and quick—and, passing without the city gate, ride across the sands past where Mr. Harris—who, perhaps, knows as much about the interior of this country as any living European—has made his home in what seemed to me rather a lonely spot; or, skirting the city, pass to the beautiful suburbs on the other side, where are some of the best European residences.

A guide or dragoman is in Tangier practically a necessity, and it is not too safe to venture far into the country after dark. Roads are yet unknown, and a camel track was our guide across the stretching plains inland, where that rich red African soil renders



ALCAZAR, MOROCCO

BY 1. LAVERY

the white palace of the Sultan, where at the end of a long, narrow hall, beneath a canopy of exquisite tracery, a seated solemn figure was dispensing such justice as may be obtained in modern Morocco; while in another part of this vast rambling citadel the unhappy prisoners crowded to the bars of their cage like wild beasts, clamouring for food or for money to buy food from their gaolers. Morocco it is (or was then) considered unnecessary to provide a prisoner with regular rations. citizen may find himself in that horrible cage on some trumped-up accusation, and, unless he has friends to help from outside, may perish there of neglect and starvation; and, indeed, the recollection of those eyes behind the bars-staring, imploring, wolfish, desperate—has never faded from my memory.

It was pleasanter to mount our horses—those little

its annual crop to the Arab tiller, though upturned with the rudest of ploughs. Plenty of sport is to be found with the red-legged partridge; and riding out one evening with my guide, Absalom, we met a quaint procession of camels laden with the carcases of wild boars, the spoil of the great annual hunt.

It is time now to turn to the special subject of this article, which is the visit of Mr. John Lavery to this country in the spring of last year (1906), wher he penetrated inland as far as Fez, and made the sketches and studies which illustrate this article. The party consisted, besides the well-known portrai painter, of Mr. W. Harris, to whom I have just alluded, and who has been for many years the *Time* correspondent in Morocco, and of Mr. R. B. Cunning ham Graham, who gave some account of their adventures and experiences in a series of brilliant.

wri in letters, published in ie Glasgow Herald las year.

hey had started from Taugier with a guard of thirteen men armed with rifles supplied them by Raisuli, who was at that time in full enjoyment of his power. Mr. Graham relates that the successful chief then ruled right up to the gates of Tangier, and maintained a force of eighty to a hundred well-armed men, who were answerable for most of the misrule and disorder in the town, the guard of the Sultan's nominal governor being badly armed and disciplined, "about five hundred starveling, ragged, redcoated, bare-footed soldiers, who sleep about the gates of the town." On this occasion our party, finding their guard



A STREET IN ARZILA

—who were on foot, while they themselves were mounted—of little help and a considerable delay, gave a dollar to the chief of the thirteen, and told him to return home with his friends.

But the day's journey was not to pass without incident and real danger. Mr. Lavery tells me that, as he was cantering forward over the brow of a slope, he came upon Mr. Harris, who was in front of the party, surrounded by an angry band of hostile tribes-"Nearly a hundred well-armed men were st. ding on the hill, who, as we rode along, had of sed up like a fan and quietly blocked the road. The horsemen sat with their long guns held sticking us ke spears. Some lounged half-sideways on their h es' backs, their rifles in their hands. Footmen in ŀ s sat on the ground holding spare horses, which n hed shrilly as we rode into their midst, while o: rs stood in order in the ranks and gazed expecta y. Right in the middle of the band their leader sa. upon his horse, tall, sinewy, and brown, with a gre beard descending to his chest and mingling with Men hurried up along the road behind, or calloped on the hills. Some hurried up on foot, carrying a flint-lock musket or a sword, rusty and scabbardless, and some came riding, two upon a horse, without a saddle, and a cord tied underneath his jaw to serve them for a bit."

The position looked ugly, but Mr. Lavery remembered the advice of his friend in front to never show any sign of turning back from natives, and, putting his horse at the gallop, he was in a moment more beside Mr. Harris. A long altercation was going forward, of which he could not understand a word, but which he subsequently learned to have been as follows. The tribe had been raided the very night preceding by a hostile tribe of Moors, their houses burnt, their cattle and some of their women carried off, and

BY J. LAVERY

three of their men killed. They were starting out "on the warpath," and, finding this band of infidels' entering their country, demanded tribute; but Mr. Harris's long experience of the natives did not fail him at this crisis, and he replied that, so far from paying them tribute, he had come to levy tribute on them.

A howl of derision and fury greeted this bold counter move; but, nothing daunted, the diplomatist went on to say that his heart had been touched by their late mishaps, and that he was disposed, not merely to forego his tribute on this occasion, but even to help them—in this way. To get at their tribal foes the short cut lay through a portion of Raisuli's territory, but the latter's men held the passes. Mr. Harris offered to use his personal influence with Raisuli to arrange matters, and the conclave broke up with both the tribesmen and the English travellers (whom Mr. Cunningham Graham had now joined) becoming excellent friends.

Our party were able to continue, unmolested, their journey towards Fez, and one of my illustrations reproduces a sketch by Mr. Lavery of their little camp

outside Alcazar-el-Kebir. "The tents were pitched," wrote Mr. Cunningham Graham, "close to an orange garden, from which came puffs of scented air, making one think, after a hard day's ride, that he had entered a terrestrial paradise. Frogs croaked, a water-wheel kept up a drowsy singing as it turned, the recent rains had clad the country all in flowers, myriads of marigolds, vetches—pink, white, and yellow—and birdweed that turns its bells toward the sun, with buttercups and hawkweed and rank-growing fennel with hard shrubby mignonette, starred and enamelled like the grass. No needlework the hand of woman ever wrought, no blue beflounced crewel from either China or Japan, could equal them. Even that masterpiece of birds and flowers, Piero di Cosimo's Death

The people cry out for food—says Mr. Graham—an I the Powers of Europe offer them—a police force; and in a brilliant letter written from Fez itself, where, he says, Juvenal or Persius might have written his Satires, he shows us the Sultan filling his Palace with Circassian beauties, or the contents of the great European stores—"red hansom cabs upholstered in green silk, cooking stoves, lightning conductors, china, and dinner services for men who eat with their fingers from a pipkin, all thrown in a heap with broken looking-glasses and imitation Empire furniture—the whole mass left to rot undeferded from the sun, or in a store-room that lets in the water like a shower-bath upon the costly pile," while the few sound men have been driven from office by intrigue, and



OUR CAMP ON THE WAY TO FEZ

BY J. LAVERY

of Procris, faded before their beauty of design and colouring.

"Knee-deep the horses stood in the lush grass, munching their corn. The green flat plain spread out on every side but one, there a rocky hill set here and there shut up the view, but added interest. From every housetop storks sat and chattered in full parliament, quite as noisy, and perhaps as wise, as those who sit in Westminster and legislate on things as transitory as those which occupy a stork. From the square mosque towers came the call to prayer, calling upon the faithful to assemble and give praise to Him Who breathed upon the dust and called up man, Who put a bridle on the sea, ordained the seasons, and to Whom mankind owes praise for life, for food, for raiment, and for death, which makes life tolerable."

The note of pessimism at the close of this beautiful description seems inspired by the horrible beggars, starving, diseased, and deformed—who broke in upon the spell of the quiet evening and invaded the camp.

High Chamberlains and Ministers of War fill their pockets from a starving country.

But I must devote now my remaining space to the illustrations here, which have been reproduced in every case from Mr. Lavery's original sketches. These represent successively the following scenes of his journey:—

- (1) Our camp outside Tetuan, with tents pitched and horses tethered. The larger oblong tent I take to have been the sleeping tent of the English party.
- (2) The Soko, Tetuan. Like that of Tangier, this is a large open space within the walls. Fruit and garments are being sold here. We see a group of Moors in the middle distance, and behind rise the hills which are a background to this city.
- (3) Alcazar, Morocco. This is a brilliant bit of colour, showing a Moorish street with arcades. It is a grey day, but the picture is full of light.
- (4) A street in Arzila. The sunlight strikes above a delightful Moorish gateway and tower, which forms a patch of clear white against the sky. To be not:d

An English Artist in Morocco

is the perfect Moorish arch, on the left, beneath the green tiled roof.

- (5) Our camp on the way to Fez. It is sunrise or sunset, and a rosy radiance fills the sky. The Barb horses are tethered together; between the great bell-shaped tents white-robed Moors are moving.
- (6) The city of Fez. This is a delicious little panel. It gives us a panoramic view looking across the city. The sky is grey. In the distance over a vista of white roofs rise the purple mountains. This panel suggests something of the fertility of this wonderful country, which is as rich in minerals as in its soil.

Lastly, I am able to give my readers a reproduction in colour of Mr. Lavery's *Interior of a Moorish Harem*. According to the Koran, the Mussulman is allowed four wives, but the Sultan has the privilege of an increase on that number. The picture here is of exceptional interest, since most of the paintings of such subjects in the "salons" and other exhibitions

are devised in the studio out of the artist's imagination, whereas this interior was painted by our privileged artist on the spot from the scene before him; though we may observe here that he is separated by a river from the ladies, who look very cool and peaceful, seated on cushions beneath their beautiful portico, while a fountain plashes at the side, and negro attendants are busied satisfying their wants. The frame itself of this picture was made in Morocco, and is a very finished piece of Moorish art.

In spite of the war between the Sultan and Raisuli and the unsettled state of the country—which suffers from a weak and incompetent central authority, brigandage and tribal wars, and the shadow of an impending European occupation—Mr. Lavery has been unable this winter to resist the fascination of this land of the Moor, and at the moment I write these lines is busy there gathering yet further impressions of "An English Artist in Morocco."



THE CITY OF FEZ

BY J. LAVERY

The Tapestry at Burley-on-the-Hill

By Pearl Finch

In nearly every great house in England is to be found some tapestry, or hangings, as the old term has it. At Burley-on-the-Hill the collection is unusually large and excellent; it comprises in all twenty-two pieces, filling seven rooms. The bulk of the collection was formed by Daniel Finch, second Earl of Nottingham, and later Earl of Winchelsea, the builder of Burley-on-the-Hill. The rooms of the house (which is of the date of William III.) are particularly adapted to tapestry, for they are large and of great height. To cover the walls was a necessity, and Lord Nottingham, who was probably an admirer of tapestry, wisely bethought him of this style of decoration for his newly-built house.

Much discussion has arisen as to where these tapestries were woven. The pieces made for the house are unmarked, and it does not appear from examination of the panels that the mark has been cut off, as is often the case; rather it would seem they

never were marked. This is a decided misfortune, for without the mark it is almost impossible to state with accuracy the place responsible for their manufacture. In a catalogue dated 1805, it is stated they were made at Brussels. They can hardly be Mortlake work, for the factory is said not to have survived the Revolution of 1688, and the bills and correspondence for the tapestry date from 1700 to 1708; secondly, they appear superior

both in colour and design to most Mortlake tapestry. From the correspondence and accounts concerning them, it would seem they were made in London by a man called Stephen Demay, who is termed "ye Tapestry maker." Demay also speaks of the men he employs, which looks as if he had a workshop for tapestry. It is possible that the name Demay is a corruption of the French Dumée, a name well known in connection with designers of tapestry. In that case Stephen Demay may have been a descendant of one of the tapestry weavers who emigrated in great numbers to England on the promulgation of the Edict of Nantes. It has also been asserted that the name Demay is Dutch. At present, though researches have been made, no new light has been thrown upon the matter.

The tapestries made for Burley-on-the-Hill, by Lord Nottingham's orders, were the following: four pieces of "The History of Hero and Leander," namely,

(1) "Leander bidding farewell to his parents before setting sail for Sestus"; (2) "Leander telling Hero of his love for her"; (3) "Leander swimming the Hellespont to see Hero"; (4) "Leander lying dead upon the shore, and Hero kneeling weeping beside him." The figures are life size, the drawing and colouring good, though not so brilliant as the rest of the tapestry in the house. It h.s probably been exposed to the sun at son.e This time. series h: 5



LEANDER WOOING HERO

The Tapestry at Burley-on-the-Hill



THE DEATH OF LEANDER

been recently restored in a most satisfactory manner. The story of Hero and Leander is so well known that it need not here be retold.

At the top and bottom of the panels are borders of festoons of fruit, the top border having in the centre the Nottingham Arms. The side borders are composed of a small medallion of the subject of the panel, bows and arrows, mermaids, and musical instruments, doubtless intended to be symbolical of the story.

In the original MSS, at Burley-on-the-Hill are the following particulars (sic): "The Great Sweemer, 9 ft. 9 in.; The Temple, a great piece reduced conveniently to the dimensions, 9 ft. 9 in.; Hero and Leander, both dead, 15 ft. 10 in.; Father, Son, and Ship, 15 ft. 10 in.; The Depth—the first peece to have both borders—the second only ye right hand border, the third only ye left hand border, the fourth to have both borders." With the directions is given a small pen and ink sketch. (Memorandum in Lord Nottingham's writing, dated 1704.)

Again, 1708: "The peece of the Ship contaigning trenty-two ells, a quarter & half a quarter, the peece of the Sweemer, twenty-one ells, three-quarters & a half. The peece of the Dead contaigning thirty-five ells. The Ship, 35. The Temple, 22½. The Sweemer, 21¾. The Dead, 35. Total, 114½. The goeing, £0 17 06.

The Canvas, £1 08 00. Total, £2 05 06. For box & Carriche backward & forward, £0 09 00. Total £2 14 06." And from accounts: "Paid Mr. Demay ye Tapestry Maker more on account of ye Leandre Hangings, £50"; and later, "Paid Mr. Demay in full for the Hero & Leandre, £30."

From the first entry, "more on account," it would seem that a sum had been recently paid. Many entries occur, but it is not always stated to which piece they refer, such as "Mr. Demay ye Tapestry maker on account, £100." It is possible this series cost from three to four hundred pounds. A series of the same is in the possession of Lord Newton, at Lyme.

Besides the Hero and Leander tapestry, Lord Nottingham had eight pieces after the Raphael cartoons, and one extra panel made for his "Great House," as the old letters term it. The colouring and design of this series is exceptionally fine, and they have magnificent borders. They are precisely the same as the cartoons in the South Kensington Museum, but reversed, as they are in the tapestry at the Vatican. The extra panel, which is not from the cartoons, is of the following subject, namely, Sapphira struck down dead. She lies prone at the foot of some steps, several people stand round horror-struck

at the sight, one man counts out the portion of the money which was kept back; the apostles stand at the top of the steps, St. Peter in the centre; in the distance the body of Ananias is being carried away. It would be of interest to know if there is another piece of this subject anywhere. The panel representing the charge to Peter is also somewhat different, in that in the cartoon it is all one piece, whilst in the tapestry at Burley the figure of the "Good Shepherd" is given alone, and it is certainly very impressive given thus. There is a complete set of tapestry after the cartoons at the Vatican. By the order of Pope Pius X. Raphael designed a set of ten cartoons to be copied into tapestry, representative of the Acts of the Apostles and the founding of Christ's Kingdom upon earth. The weaving of the tapestry was entrusted to Peter van Aelet at Brussels in 1515. They are said to have been woven in four years, and to have cost fifteen thousand gold ducats. The cartoons remained in Brussels till 1620, when they were purchased by King Charles I. Three of them were lost, and the remaining seven are still in England. They are the following subjects: "St. Paul Preaching at Athens," "St. Paul at Lystra," "The Death of Ananias," "At the Beautiful Gate of the Temple," "The Charge to Peter," "The Miraculous Draught of Fishes," and "Elymas Smitten with Blindness." Those missing are: "The Stoning of Stephen," "The Massacre of the Innocents," and "The Conversion of St. Paul." As the cartoons are so well known, it is unnecessary to describe the tapestry taken from them. They were extensively reproduced at Mortlake, and probably at smaller factories, which accounts for numerous tapestries of this subject to be found in England.

Workshops for tapestry existed at various times in Norwich, Sandwich, Colchester, Maidstone, Mortlake, Soho, Fulham, Exeter, and Stamford; and in the eighteenth century they were very numerous, so it is quite possible to draw the conclusion that the tapestry at Burley is of English make. In support of this theory see the original MSS.

"The number of feet and inches in ye nine pieces: Paul preaching is in compass, 10 ft. 10 in.; The fishing piece is in compass, 15 ft. 11 in.; the Sacirfice is in compass, 18 ft. 15 in.; Elymas the Blind is in compass, 15 ft. 11 in.; the piece of the sheep is in compass, 10 ft. 2 in.; the piece of our Saviour is in compass, 5 ft. 4 in.; the Temple is in compass, 20 ft. 10 in.; Saphira is in compass, 20 ft. 6 in.; Annias is in compass, 25 ft. 6 in.

"The number of feet in ye nine pieces amounts to 142 ft. 7 ins." And again in Lord Nottingham's writing—"Measure from St. Paul's sleeve and ye head inclusively . . . and from ye hinder parts

of St. Paul's garments to ye end, but leave out ye first breadth next to St. Paul, and note that ye border is to be on ye left hand as you look upon ye tapestry when hung up. And let ye Coat of Arms be in ye middle of ye piece, viz., ye part of it which would be ye middle if ye other border were added. And the foot of ye green man carrying Saphira and the black man must be made whole . . ."

Unsigned letter from Lord Nottingham to Demay: "August 23rd, 1700.

"These three pieces following must be enlarged in which care must be taken first that the Coat of Arms in ye upper border and ye blank space in ye bottom border be placed in ye middle of each piece when enlarged to ye following dimensions, hereinafter directed, and in this case either add all yt is wanting to make up, the dimensions to one side of ye piece of hangings, or part of one side and ye rest on ye other, according as you find best, taking ye border part of ye cartoon, which is not yet in ye hangings to ye dimensions required, choose out of ye other cartoons such figures as will best quit with ye piece which is to be enlarged, and to the piece of the Sacrifice sow on a piece of girt web one half loose hanging to ye middle in ye corner of ye room at ye distance from ye left hand."

Two letters from Demay to Lord Nottingham:-

"My Lord,—According to your Lordship's order I went on Thursday last to ye Inn to fetch ye Hangings for fear they should receive any damage by ye weate, but the carrier did not come till Saturday. I went again this Saturday and had them brought home. I found they were damaged, and put them upon the looms, and had them thoroughly dry. They are now very well come to themselves. If your Lordship would be pleased to send me the dimensions of 'The Months' (no longer at Burley) for I have several men that play for want of work, which is a charge to me.

"My Lord, your Lordship's most humble servant, London, September, 1701. "STEPHEN DEMAY."

"My Lord,—I make bold to acquaint your Lordship that ye cartoons are done according to your Lordship's dimensions. If his Lordship would be pleased to send me how I must start them down, and shall follow your Lordship's order accordingly. I have got ye scratches of ye fine French roles, and if your Ldsp. will be pleased to have them sent down with ye hangings it shall be done. The piece of ye Blind, three additions to four ells and half a quarter, the adition of Paul preaching comes to eleven ells a quarter and half a quarter, the adition of ye piece of sacirfice comes to thirteen ells and



THE DEATH OF SAPPHIRA AN EXTRA PANEL APPARENTLY DESIGNED ESPECIALLY FOR LORD NOTTINGHAM





A PASTORAL SCENE

AFTER TENIERS

three-quarters, in all twenty-nine ells one quarter, at two pounds per ell comes to fifty-eight pounds ten shillings for fourteen days of three men's labour, or joining them at two shillings a day per man four pounds, wch in all comes to sixty-two pounds fourteen which with ye fore bill, comes to £42 14s., wch I beg ye favour of your Lordship to be so kind as to send it to me, I being in soe great want of it that I am forced to send mans away for want of money, therefore I hope your Lordship will have pitty upon me. . . . I am with great respect to your Lordship.

"Your most humble and most obedient servant to command, "Steeven Demay."

Extracts from Accounts: "Paid Mr. Demay in full for nine pieces of Apostle Hangings, \pounds 700; paid Mr. Demay for twenty-nine ells added to the Apostle Hangings in full of all demands, £58. Total, £758."

The remaining nine panels of the collection leave no doubt as to their identity. Each piece has the Brussels mark, two B's and a shield, and six pieces have the maker's name, "Johanus de Vos." The De Vos were famous tapestry makers in the seventeenth century. These tapestries are a series known as "Les Tennières." The colouring is quiet and restful, the figures and details small—a pleasing contrast to the colossal figures of the Apostle series.

They are the following subjects: (1) "A Pastoral Scene," a shepherd, several women, some cows, sheep, pigs, a house, and distant scene. (2) "The Bowl Players," from the picture of the same name. A group of men stand in the foreground, one is in the act of throwing the ball; the interior of an Inn is seen near. (3) A piece which has been cut and joined with two odd pieces, representing a woman dancing in a very clumsy manner to a pipe which a man is seated playing. (4) "A Winter Scene," from the picture of the same name. Men are skating on a pond, a pig is about to be killed, various persons are standing about, to the right are two houses. (5) "The Palmist." A man with a little boy holding his hand having his fortune told by a man in a flat hat, (6) "The Musicians." Two men playing, the one on a pipe, the other on a drum, outside a house, several women stand listening to the music. (7) A group of beggars. A man, woman, and children seated by the wayside. (8) "The Sportsman's Return." Two men are seated at a table

The Tapestry at Burley-on-the-Hill

drinking out of long glasses, near is a gun, and on the floor two pheasants and a hare; in the distance two women are standing. (9) "The Fish Market," from the picture of the same name. A boat is approaching, two men are bargaining on the quay, a man is emptying a basket of fish, and near by a fishwife is selling fish from a stall with a pink awning. Each panel has a border representing a frame, and six pieces have a coat of arms and coronet. The arms are foreign. It is probable that William Finch, second son of Lord Nottingham, purchased these tapestries when he went to the Hague as Envoy Extraordinary in 1726. They formerly hung in his house in Savile Row until his death, when they were sold with the rest of his goods. In the catalogue dated 1767 occur these two entries: "Five large pieces of curious tapestry hangings, with landscapes and figures from the designs of Teniers, £4 8s.; four large pieces of curious Brussels tapestry, finely executed from the designs of D. Teniers, £19 19s." This tapestry was bought in by his wife, Lady Charlotte, for Henrietta Finch, the daughter, writes in her diary, "The sale of goods was over that day. It is a torment to think how ill some of the goods went. The fine tapestry in the bed chamber was going for forty shillings. Mr. Darton bid it up to

£4, and got it. Mamma finding the tapestry went so ill bought in that that used to be in the room herself. The sale took place at 'Mr. Longford's, in the Great Piazza, Covent Gardens,'" doubtless the "Christie" of the day.

Lady Charlotte probably either gave, or left, this tapestry to her son, the ninth Lord Winchelsea for The time when "Les Tennières" were manufactured does not seem to have been the best period of Brussels work. In reference to this we read, "Since the formation of the gobelins, Brussels has adopted a sober brown style for the flesh colours, and has frequently employed bad dyes." And again Charles Blanc says, "My companion and I were shocked on visiting the Escurial at the Flemish hangings exhibited in the apartments of the Queen and the Infantas. The peasant scenes of Teniers, the point of which lies in the touch so exquisitely delicate of the artist who painted them in miniature, appear revoltingly vulgar when reproduced on a large scale in tapestry." These sentiments are perhaps rather sweeping, for the tapestries are pleasant to the eye, and certainly more decorative than the colossal figures of the Raphael cartoons; still they cannot, of course, compare with the beautiful work of Gobelins or Beauvais.



THE FISH MARKET

AFTER TENIERS



THE MAGDALEN BY PIERO DI COSIMO



THE Corporation of the moorland town of Okehampton, on the northern borders of Dartmoor, owns some interesting plate of which

Corporation Maces and Loving-Cup owns some interesting plate, of which we reproduce two maces and a lovingcup, photo-

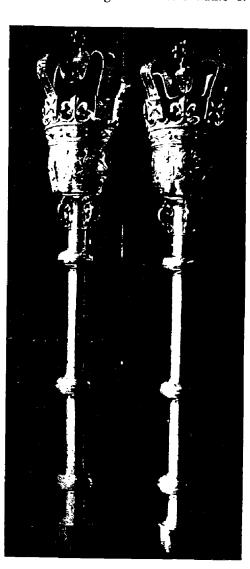
graphed by their courteous permission. The silver maces, which are 3 ft. 1 in. long, and bear hall-marks of 1761/62, were presented by John, fourth Duke of Bedford, and bear his arms, together with the Royal Arms of George III. and the arms of the Borough. The massive loving-cup, with its simple but effective decoration of the base and cover, is dated 1672/73, and has the initials T.K., and a shield with three crescents incised.

ANOTHER recent acquisition by the Italian Government, which A Picture by is of singular Piero di Cosimo at importance, the National especially for Gallery in this gallery, Rome which is not particularly rich in valuable works of the 15th and early 16th centuries, is the Magdalen by Piero di Cosimo. from the collection of Senator Baron Baracco.

Morelli was the first to attribute to Piero this painting, which, when it was bought by Baron Baracco at the Monte di Pieta * in Rome, bore the unsuitable name of Mantegna; and the attribution to

Piero was well received by the critics and accepted, first by Venturi, who published the picture in his Teso: a d'arte inediti a Roma, and then by Fritz Knapp (Piero di Cosimo, Halle, 1899, p. 59).

The Saint is represented before a window, with an open book on the windowsill; but, with her eyes rather veiled in a shadow of sadness than intent upon the reading, she seems to follow a vision which illumines her face with a ray of gladness and superhuman sweetness. Venturi observed that probably this beautiful figure is a portrait of a Florentine lady represented as Magdalen - nor would this be the first case of a gentlewoman having herself painted in the character of the saint of whom she bore the name. It would be easy to enumerate several instances. even if we do not accept the theory that the sitter



OKEHAMPTON CORPORATION MACES

^{*} Public pawnbroking office.



OKEHAMPTON LOVING-CUP

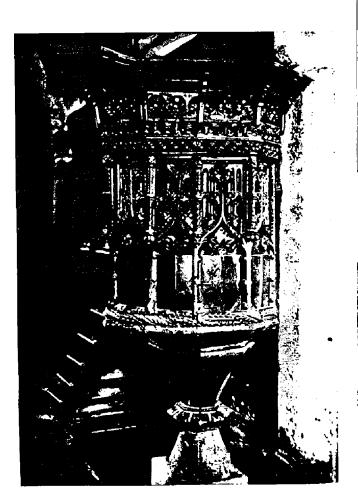
wished to be represented as Magdalen, is it not more likely that, the lady having changed her mind and refused to accept the picture, either because it did not please her or because the price was too high, the painter altered it into a Magdalen to make it more saleable? At any rate, this hypothesis would account for the vase in the corner being subsequently added, as was also apparently the inscribed piece of paper which occupies its place to fill the void between the hand and the vase.

The picture belongs undoubtedly to the first years of the sixteenth century. Morelli would see in it the influence of the art of Filippino Lippi, but we cannot discover any trace of it in this picture, whereas this influence does appear in other works by l'iero, as, for instance, in the admirable Death of Procris at the National Gallery in London. It seems to us, on the other hand, that it shows to a very marked degree the influence of Lionardo and of some of his followers, especially Marco d'Oggione, of whom we are reminded by the type of the face, by the form of the folds, and by the treatment of the hair—that influence of the Lionardesque school under which Piero worked for a considerable time, and which reached its climax in the Madonna with the putto and St. John of the Liechtenstein Gallery in Vienna. It certainly is one of the master's finest works as regards subtlety of chiaroscuro and delicacy of touch, notably in the beautiful and superbly modelled hand. And if the artist is not particularly happy in the design of the folds, which repeat too much the same formula and have a hardness not proper to the material, this defect is atoned for by the splendid sense of colour which he reveals in the deep red tone of the cloak and in the brilliant yellow of the sleeve.

The picture was acquired by the State for the sum of $f_{1,1,520}$.

THE little church of Holne, on Dartmoor, in which Charles Kingsley was baptized on 19th June, 1819,

relieves its sturdy moorland plainness Carved Oak by an admirable carved screen and Pulpit pulpit. The former, though well preserved in essentials, has lost its vaulting and loft; and the date of both pulpit (which we illustrate) and screen is probably fixed approximately by the painted shields in the pulpit-panels. These, though the victims of age and varnish, have been identified as bearing the arms of various patrons and others connected with the church: the clearest of the eight shields showing the arms of Hugh Oldham, Bishop of Exeter 1504-1519, viz., Sable, a chevron or between three owls proper: on a chief of the second three roses gules.



CARVED OAK PULPIT AT HOLNE



DRESDEN FIGURE

THE exceptionally finely modelled Dresden Dresden figure Figure here reproduced is the property of M. J. A. Oltramare, Attaché to the Swiss Legation in Great Britain. It dates to about 1780, stands_7 inches high, and represents Minerva with a child. The dress is of pale lilac colour, with violet and gold flowers, and yellow lining.

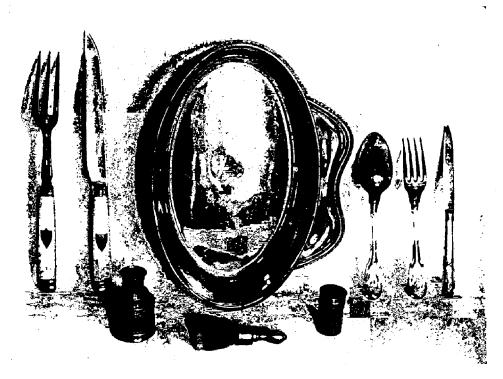
NAPOLEONIC RELICS

The most interesting of the Napoleonic relics are those which were associated with the intimate life of the great little man—his spy-glass, which for the first time we are able to show, with its dainty blue enamel case

Napoleonic
Relics in
Musee
Carnavalet

which for the first time we are able to show, with its dainty blue enamel case piqué with gold; some of his table service used when campaigning; the

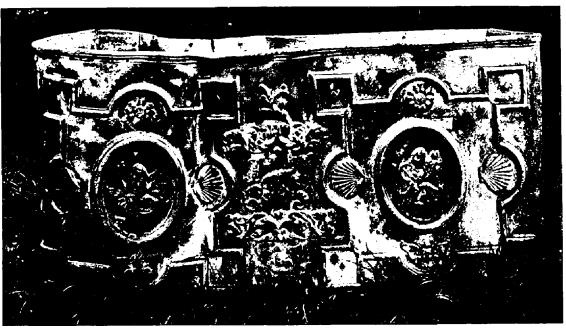
carving knife and fork, with ivory handles, have the Napoleonic cypher engraved on the silver shield,



NAPOLEONIC RELICS

which is surrounded with a wheat-ear design. The shaving dish is in silver gilt.

Reminiscent also of his campaigns is the unique travelling equipment, where every article necessary for Napoleon's use is fitted into a splendid velvet-lined brass-bound box. Cases. pots, pans, strainers, kettles, hot-water jugs, funnels, even gimlet and teapot, all are packed with neatness and precision in this Imperial hold-all. The articles are plain and solid, but of the finest workmanship; the Royal arms are engraved on every piece, and some fine Empire design is to be found on most of the fittings.-E. T.



SEVENTEENTH CENTURY LEAD CISTERN

This beautiful lead cistern was a fixture in the old Brew House of Send, Surrey. It is a rare specimen of such work and in an excellent state of preservation. The female figure on the right bears a sheaf of wheat; the one on the left

holds a mirror towards her face. The same design is repeated on the sides of the tank. The date engraved is 1675.

The Brew House, with a dairy, formed part of an old inn. The dairy is still in use. The photograph shows two niches on which were placed the pint mugs of customers. What remains of this old world hostelry is in the grounds of the Dower House, belonging to the Misses Onslow, of Send.

Another old lead tank was discovered recently in Somerset, and supposed to date from the thirteenth century.

THE Elizabethan chalice and cover, although having no romantic

Elizabethan attac Chalice and Cover ing und

history known to be attached, is interesting by reason of its undoubted antiquity,

simplicity of design, and evidences of beaten workmanship easily discernible even in the photo print. Authorities on church plate are of opinion that when the Royal

munion cups," in many cases ornate mass cups were melted down. It would be interesting, if possible, to settle whether this cup was originally a mass cup, saved from the melting by its simplicity. belongs to the

injunction of Elizabeth ordered "decent com-

Parish Church of Churchill, near Spetchley, Worcestershire, which is but a short distance from Spetchley Court, formerly the country seat of the very old Roman Catholic family of the Berkeleys. The burial ground of Churchill contains the graves of some nuns.

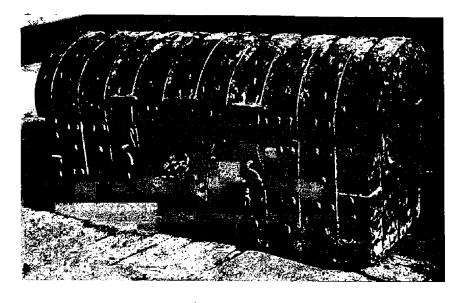


ELIZABETHAN CHALICE AND COVER

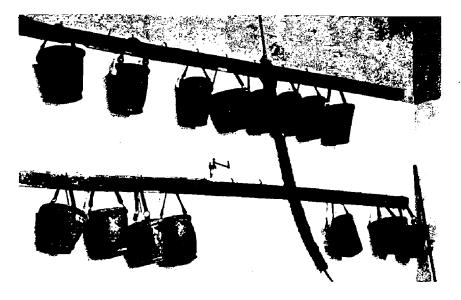
THE old chest and leathern buckets are from St. Swithin's Church,

Old Chest and Leathern Buckets Worcester. Unfortunately the maker's name of the former is not preserved, nor the

cost of it; the present churchwarden, who has held office for sixteen years, says he has never come across any record of it. It, however, tells a very old story in its own peculiar way. The buckets are remains of the arrangements for fire extinction, whether for exclusive use of the church or generally for the city of a byegone day may be questioned; one of them bears the number 26, so that many must at this day be missing.



OLD CHEST AT ST. SWITHIN'S CHURCH, WORCESTER



OLD LEATHERN BUCKETS AT ST. SWITHIN'S CHURCH, WORCESTER

What is, and what is not, Lowestoft has puzzled many collectors until the unearthing of the fragments and moulds on the site of the old factory a few years back settled a good many disputed points, and set local collectors to work to scour the East Anglian villages for specimens of undoubted ware, which can be verified from the new facts brought to light.

The teapot illustrated is Lowestoft, decorated in colours in imitation of Oriental style. The particular design was not at all explusive to Lowestoft, as it is found in New Hall, and it is commonly and erroneously described when of that ware as "cottage china," or sometimes as "cottage Worcester." But it is exceedingly rare to

find this particular design in Lowestoft china, and the owner has had exceptional opportunities of comparing the paste and glaze with all the well known and authenticated pieces of Lowestoft. Blue and white Lowestoft has come to be fairly well recognised by frequenters of the auction-room, and some big prices have been realised under the hammer for this ware, which not infrequently has a strong family resemblance to Worcester, and is not greatly removed from Bow. But whether Lowestoft copied Worcester and Bow, or copied the same models that the Worcester and Bow potters obtained from the East, is a point that will never be cleared up.



LOWESTOFT TEAPOT, IN COLLECTION OF MR. A. MERRINGTON SMITH

FEW better examples of the work of that great Dutch genre painter, Frans Mieris, could be found than the picture of A Man and a Woman which forms the frontispiece to the present number. A pupil of Gerard Dou, who called him the prince of his scholars, his attention to detail almost equalled that of his master, whilst the elegance of his poses and the arrangement of his figures are singularly happy. Cheerfulness, too, is a distinguishing feature of his work. In his pictures gloom is unknown, his whole aim being to portray good humour and happiness.

Born at Delft in 1635, he was apprenticed in his early youth to the glass-painter Torenvliet, whose studio he left to enter that of Gerard Dou. Later he studied historical painting under Abraham Tempel. He died at Leyden in 1681.

Examples of his work can be found in most of the Continental galleries, the Munich and Dresden galleries each containing over a dozen works, whilst the National Gallery and the collection at Buckingham Palace also contain examples.

The picture reproduced, which is now in the possession of Mr. H. Oatway, 4, Old Burlington Street, W., was at one time in the Van Slingelandt collection. It is fully described in Smith's Catalogue Raisonné.

I HAVE the very greatest pleasure in presenting to readers of THE CONNOISSEUR what seems to me to be

A Byron
Miniature

by far the best and most speaking likeness of that unequalled poet Byron, whom Shelley called "The Pilgrim of Eternity," and of whom St. Beuve, by far the greatest of all French critics, said, "There are only three great poets—Byron, Milton, and Pindar."

This miniature is exactly similar to the pencil drawing of Byron by the late Count D'Orsay, who, I think, had a greater talent for taking accurate and unmistakeable likenesses in pencil than any of his contemporaries, though, of course, very many greatly surpassed him in painting in oils; nevertheless, the great Duke of Wellington sat to him for his portrait in oils, and several other persons of note.

When I was a young man one constantly saw in the windows of Mitchell's well-known library in Bond Street pencil drawings of nearly every well-known society man of the day, and it was impossible not to recognise every one of them at a glance, so that they sold rapidly in considerable numbers.

I had the pleasure of knowing Count D'Orsay, who was a handsome man, with a magnificent figure, and the best dressed man in London. Unfortunately at the close of his long residence in London he was head over ears in debt, and had to shut himself up in Gore House except on Sundays. When he returned to Paris, Napoleon III., who was a life-long friend of his, gave him the post of "Directeur des Beaux Arts."

The portrait of Byron by Count D'Orsay was taken when the poet was at Genoa, during the last year of his

short life of thirty-six years, where he saw and conversed with Lord and Lady Blessington and Count D'Orsay for several hours every day for some months, and these extremely interesting conversations were written out by Lady Blessington every night after Byron left, and are embodied in that charming work of hers, Conversations with Lord Byron.

The reproduction of Count D'Orsay's likeness of Byron appears in Murray's last complete and admirable edition of Byron's Works, which is profusely illustrated, and is, I believe, the only full-length portrait in his maturity and in the exact costume which he actually wore, which exists. In it not only is the face, figure and dress accurately and admirably pourtrayed, but the expression is absolutely perfect, depicting the poet with such intense earnestness as I never saw in any other portrait in my life, and such as does not exist in any portraits of him by any sculptor or any other painter.

If anyone looks at the engravings of the various portraits of Byron which appear in the ordinary one volume editions of his works published by Murray, he will see facsimiles of the portraits painted by Kay, Westall, Marlow, Saunders and Phillips, and of the celebrated bust by Thorwaldsen which Byron himself gave to Murray, his publisher.

We all recognise portraits of Byron not only by the features but by the height of the forehead and the peculiar way in which he dressed his hair on the forehead, just as we also recognise Mary Queen of Scots by the way in which her hair is arranged on her forehead in all her portraits.

A medallion of Byron which is strikingly like him may be seen on the outside wall of 8, St. James's Street, where he once resided, and it is in statuary marble of life size under glass; and there is also a similar medallion over the door of Byron House in Fleet Street, and also inside and on the front of the house in Holles Street, where he was born.

In the inside of the entrance passage at Byron House may be seen engraved on statuary marble tablets some hundreds of lines of Byron's poetry in the original, and also in French and German translations, and there are medallions of him at Harrow School, Trinity College, Cambridge, and at Hucknall Torkard, where he is buried.

I enclose a few lines in Byron's handwriting from perhaps the most sympathetic passage he ever wrote, which begins with—

"He who hath bent him o'er the dead,"

which the late Mr. Murray gave my father, who was Byron's schoolfellow, friend, and correspondent, and whom he called "The Harrow Prodigy." I send you besides a note which Byron's Teresa Countess Guiccoli wrote to my father when she was Marquise du Boissy, which you may like to reproduce in The Connoisseur, especially for the benefit of those who judge of character from handwriting. — J. G. TOLLEMACHE SINCLAIR.

sa provesta**ji** (2 AP 1913)





LORD BYRON

By Ernest Lloyd
From a sketch by Count D'Orsay
In the collection of Sir J. G. Tollemache Sinclate, Bart.

LORD BYRUN

From a sketch by Count D'Orray In the collection of Sir J. C. Tollemache Sinclate, Bar

Notes and Queries

The Editor invites the assistance of readers of THE CONNOISSEUR who may be able to impart the information required by Correspondents.]

THE KEEPSAKE VASE.

To the Editor of THE CONNOISSEUR.

DEAR SIR,—I send you the enclosed with hope that you will consider that it possesses sufficient interest to collectors and others as to merit insertion in THE CONNOISSEUR. I suggest that it may probably induce a vigorous search for this historical vase, for if it could be found it would command a very

high price. I may say that I am a constant subscriber to THE CONNOISSEUR, and that I have not the slightest interest in the search, other than a desire to see it in one of our local museums or the British Museum.

I am, Sir, yours sincerely, ELISHA WALTON.

P.S.—The accompanying photograph of the "Keepsake Vase" is an enlargement of a small print of the vase in Miss Meteyard's *Life of Josiah Wedgwood* (Vol. II., page 515) which I have taken.

[Note.—Miss Meteyard, in her Life of Josiah Wedgwood, F.S.A. (Vol. II., page 515), and subsequently G. W. and F. Rhead in their Staffordshire Pots and Potters (page 233), mention that Josiah Wedgwood, while on his deathbed, presented a Jasper vase, as a keepsake, to William Adams, of Greengates Pottery,

Tunstall. "William" had been the favourite pupil of the "master-potter," and this identical vase had been treasured by Wedgwood as the one William Adams and he "had arranged together for the last time at Etruria." The Adams family and others interested in this historical vase have made vain efforts to discover its whereabouts; but its location is still unknown—its present owner evidently being unaware of its great value as a memento of the two great potters.]

FOURTEENTH CENTURY IVORY CASKET.

To the Editor of THE CONNOISSEUR.

DEAR SIR,—The illustration is a reproduction of one end panel of an ivory casket, now in the British Museum, representing episodes in the story of the Chatelaine Vergi.

I may refer your correspondent to an edition of

the story published by David Nutt in 1903, which also contains reproductions of all the panels of the casket.

Yours faithfully,

A. T. L.

THE DIARY OF MARY BEALE.

To the Editor of THE CONNOISSEUR.

SIR,—In connection with the portrait of Lucy Walters, it might be of some interest to B. P. to know that lately I was in possession of a portrait of the Duke of Monmouth (James Fitzroy), by Mary Beale, also a portrait of Dryden by her son, Charles

Beale. I no longer possess either of these portraits. I do not think they are mentioned in Walpole's Anecdotes.

Faithfully yours, FREDK. H. NORTH.

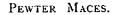
PORTRAITS OF THE DUCHESS OF PORTSMOUTH.

To the Editor of THE CONNOISSEUR.

DEAR SIR,—In reference to the above query, I beg to say I have a portrait of the Duchess of Portsmouth, by Mignard. It is in fine condition. I have pleasure in *lending* L. H. L. M. a photograph of it, and if he wishes to reproduce it he is at liberty to do so.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
W. H. WAYNE.

[Will L. H. L. M. send his address?—Editor.]



To the Editor of THE CONNOISSEUR.

SIR,—In reply to "B. P. J." in the August Number re pewter maces, I have studied and collected all kinds of maces and batons for some years, but have only once seen a pewter mace, and that was incomplete and damaged, and in a curio shop. I have met with references to pewter maces, but could not say where off-hand.

I have bought a small pocket constable's mace or tipstaff which has brass handle surmounted by silver pewter crown. Total length about seven inches. I could give more information, but it would take up too much space.

Yours faithfully,

" MACE."



THE KEEPSAKE VASE



ONLY one of the July picture sales calls for lengthy notice, but several of the smaller ones contained works



which were in one way or another interesting, whilst others may be described as endowed with speculative possibilities. The two days' sale at Christie's of ancient and modern drawings, pictures by old masters, and engravings (July 1st and

2nd), "the property of a gentleman," contained only one lot of note—a picture catalogued as Dutch School, and by some thought to be by Van de Cappelle, *The Mouth of a River*, with a party landing from a yacht, 30 in. by 42 in., 520 gns.

The chief sale of the month, and the last important one of the season, was held by Messrs. Christie on July 5th, and comprised a collection of portraits, the property of Mr. J. Tudor Frere, of Royden Hall, three important works of the Early English School, sold by order of Sir Henry Bunbury, and pictures by old masters from numerous private collections - a total of about £35,000 being realised. The Bunbury pictures may be described first. The famous Reynolds Portrait of Master Bunbury (Charles John, son of Henry William Bunbury, born 1772, died 1798), three-quarter figure of a boy in a crimson coat open at neck, seated facing the spectator, in a landscape, resting his hands on his thighs (canvas 29 in. by 24 in.), was painted in 1780, and exhibited in the same year at the Royal Academy; in the year following it was engraved by F. Haward, and was bequeathed by the artist to the boy's mother. It has occasionally been exhibited in recent years, appearing at the Old Masters in 1891, and at the Grafton Gallery "Fair Children" in 1895. It now realised 5,600 gns. The second Reynolds was a group of the Misses Horneck (Catherine, afterwards Mrs. H. W. Bunbury, and Mary, afterwards Mrs. Gwyn), famous in literary history as "Little Comedy" and "The Jessamy Bride" of Oliver Goldsmith. The picture was painted in 1764-6, the elder sister being in light dress shaded with blue, and is seen in profile; her younger sister, looking down, is resting her right hand upon her sister's shoulder (canvas 261 in. by 22 in.), 2,500 gns. A finished replica of this picture is stated to be in Lord Normanton's gallery. The third picture in this property was Hoppner's Portrait of Mrs. Bunbury, wife of the famous caricaturist, and mother of the Master Bunbury in the abovementioned Reynolds picture. The Hoppner portrait (29 in. by 24 in.) was exhibited at the Royal Academy of 1790, and was engraved in the year following by John Young; it shows her in dark dress and white fichu, with black ribands round her neck and in her powdered hair; it sold for the surprisingly low figure of 500 gns. The portrait was in obvious want of careful attention, and since it has changed hands its new owners have had it put into order, and an undoubted masterpiece of this artist has been revealed. It may be mentioned that the companion portrait of Mrs. Gwyn, also engraved by Young in 1791, was sold at Christie's eighteen years ago for 2,250 gns., and passed into Sir Charles Tennant's collection.

A fine group by Hoppner of Mrs. W. Manning (mother of Cardinal Manning) and her daughter, afterwards Mrs. Austen, of Kippington Park, Sussex, exhibited at the Royal Academy of 1805 (canvas 50 in. by 40 in.), realised 4,000 gns. This exceedingly important picture shows Mrs. Manning (who died in May, 1847) in black dress with red riband round her waist, seated, looking at her young child, who, dressed in white frock and red shoes, stands on the seat by her side; the background is formed of a landscape and red curtain. The child lived until January 1st, 1894, or eighty-nine years after the picture was painted. The work remained in the family until the day of the sale A much smaller picture by Hoppner also fetched 4,000 gns.: a half-figure portrait of Susanna, third daughter of William Gyll, of Wraysbury House, Bucks., the wife first of T. Chudleigh Sanders, of Charlwood, and secondly 6. William Bailey, of Tonbridge Castle. She is replasented in blue dress with white fichu and large blue hat with feathers (canvas 30 in. by 25 in.). Another Lappner, a study for the large picture of Mrs. Jerningham as "Hebe," 24 in. by 171 in., painted in 1800, sold for 250 gns.; an exceptionally fine portrait by Madame Vigée Le Brun of Melanie de Rochechoüart, Marquise I'Aumont, Duchesse de Piennes, in white dress trimmed with gold braid, a green and yellow sash round her waist, her hair bound with a white and gold kerchief, signed and dated 1789 (canvas 28 in. by 221 in.), sold for the record price of 2,400 gns.; and Sir Thomas Lawrence's Portrait of Mrs. Bradbourne, in white dress cut low at neck, with short sleeves, a pink sash round her waist, lace shawl over right arm, which rests upon a pedestal, 30 in. by 25 in., 2,450 gns.; a portrait of a young lady by this artist, in white dress and bonnet with blue ribbons, 21½ in. by 18 in., 1,800 gns.

The foregoing constituted the chief features of the sale. Mr. Frere's collection of portraits contained many of interest. Three were by Hoppner, and among these was the well-known engraved Portrait of John Hookham Frere (1769-1846), the politician and ambassador, a halffigure standing, in red dress, which is hardly visible beneath the folds of a large black cloak which he holds up with his right hand; this picture was exhibited at the Royal Academy of 1806, and was engraved by Barney in 1810; it is on canvas, 50 in. by 40 in., and realised 200 gns. Hoppner's Portrait of John Frere, father of the above, in brown coat with white stock, 29 in. by 24 in., sold for 145 gns.; and Sir M. A. Shee's Portrait of Miss Blake, of Ardfry, wife of John Hookham Frere, three-quarter figure, standing in a landscape, in red dress, large black hat with white plume, holding a whip in her right hand, 56 in. by 40 in., 280 gns.

The miscellaneous properties included three albums containing twenty-five pen and ink views by F. Guardi, of buildings, etc., in the neighbourhood of Venice, 300 gns.; a drawing signed by Guardi, A View in the Piazza, Venice, looking towards the Cathedral of St. Mark, with the Campanile on the left, 10 in. by 143 in., 190 gns.; a picture by the same, A View of a Square in an Italian Town, with numerous figures, 11 in. by 17 in., 320 gns.; N. Dance, Portrait of Robert Dashwood, in red coat and green vest, 29 in. by 24 in., 110 gns.; G. Morland, Smugglers, with a white horse at the door u' a shed, river and boats in the background, 24 in. by in., 105 gns.; H. Dubbels, A Town on a Frozen River, th numerous skaters and figures, 18 in. by 211 in., o gns.; Sir J. Reynolds, Portrait of the Earl St. ncent, in uniform, with powdered hair, 30 in. by 25 in., ogns.; two by A. Van Der Neer, A River Scene, with bildings, boats and fishermen, moonlight, 151 in. by in., 170 gns.; and A River Scene, with a village, boats ind figures, moonlight, on panel, 214 in. by 344 in., 700 gns.; Early Flemish School, Saint Barbara, reading, ca panel, 11½ in. by 9½ in., 550 gns.; P. Pollajuolo, The Angel Raphael with the Youthful Tobit, walking, in a landscape, St. Francis of Assisi standing on the right, holding a cross and book, the Almighty with four angels in a lunette above, on panel, 64 in. by 54 in., 440 gns.; and R. Cosway, *Portrait of Admiral Robert Montagu*, in naval uniform, 30 in. by 25 in., 90 gns.

The sale on the following Monday (July 8th) was chiefly remarkable on account of its extensive series of pictures and drawings by Verboeckhoven and Rosa Bonheur. That of the succeeding Friday (July 19th) comprised the modern pictures and statuary from the collection of the late Mr. George Hodgson, of Nocton Hall, Lincolnshire, and other properties. The Hodgson collection included the following pictures: -W. Collins, The Skittle Players, 34 in. by 44 in., exhibited at the Royal Academy of 1832, 510 gns.—it was sold by the artist in 1844 to George Young for £450, and afterwards appeared in the following sales: G. Young, 1856, 1,150 gns.; S. Mendel, 1875, 2,300 gns., and Bolckow, 1888, 1,510 gns.; T. S. Cooper, Five Cows and Six Sheep, on the bank of a river, 30 in. by 42 in., 1863, 165 gns.; T. Faed, The Poor, The Poor Man's Friend, 30 in. by 44 in., 370 gns.; Sir Luke Fildes, Fair Quiet and Sweet Rest, 57 in. by 94 in., exhibited at the Royal Academy, 1872, 155 gns.—this realised 820 gns. at the J. Lewis sale in 1876; two by J. Linnell, sen., Minding the Flock, 28 in. by 38 in., 1862, 410 gns.; and The Flight into Egypt, 39 in. by 54 in., 1841, 130 gns.; Erskine Nicol, Both Puzzled, 38 in. by 28 in., exhibited at the Royal Academy of 1866, and engraved by W. H. Simmons, 620 gns.—this realised 670 gns. at the Bolckow sale in 1887; and E. Verboeckhoven, Ewes and Lambs near the Coast, on panel, 26 in. by 40 in., 1868, 240 gns. The other properties included the following pictures:-J. Maris, In the Woods, 13 in. by 111 in., 145 gns.; B. W. Leader, Capel Curig, North Wales, 30 in. by 55 in., 1880, 205 gns.; D. Roberts, Gate of the Zancarron, or Sanctuary of the Koran, Mosque at Cordova, 53 in. by 35 in., 1838, 145 gns.; Erskine Nicol, A Dander after Rain, 43 in. by 33 in., 370 gns.; and Sir W. Q. Orchardson, Thoughts far Away, 29 in. by 38 in., 1872, 125 gns.

On July 15th the modern pictures and drawings of the late Mrs. L. H. Michell, of the late Mrs. Blomfield, of the late Mrs. Edwin Edwards, the lifelong friend of Fantin-Latour, and others, included the following pictures:—Vicat Cole, The Alps at Rosenlaui, 52 in. by 77 in., exhibited at the Royal Academy, 1878, 120 gns.; H. Fantin-Latour, Carnations in a Glass Vase, 17 in. by 14 in., 190 gns.; and Spring Wild Flowers in a Green Bowl, 7½ in. by 8½ in., 80 gns.; W. Maris, Milking Time, on panel, 14 in. by 9¾ in., 290 gns.

The two remaining Fridays of the season (July 19th and 26th) were devoted to pictures by Old Masters, chiefly from various unnamed sources; the earlier date included:—P. P. Rubens, Time Disclosing Religious Truth: a design to be worked in tapestry, on panel, 26 in. by 36 in., 170 gns.; and a Portrait of a Gentleman, in black dress with large white ruff and gold chain, 28 in. by 22 in., 490 gns.; F. Bol, Venus Detaining Adonis, 65 in. by 90 in., signed, 120 gns.; F. Guardi, View in Venice, with church, bridge and gondolas, 10 in. by 17½ in., 130 gns.; Sir J. Reynolds, Portrait of Andrew Blake, of St. Christopher and Montserrat, in scarlet coat,

buff vest and breeches, holding his sword in his right hand, 49 in. by 39 in., 540 gns.; and Hans Memling, A Triptych with the Adoration of the Magi, St. John and a donor, and female saints on the wings, 140 gns. The last picture sale of the season included: A. Cuyp, A Landscape, with six cows, a peasant, and a milkmaid, on panel, 17 in. by 23 in., 95 gns.; Lawrence, Portrait of a Lady in white dress holding a guitar, 36 in. by 27 in., 110 gns.; Sir W. Beechey, Portrait of a Lady in white dress, on panel, 29 in. by 25 in., 150 gns.; B. de Bruyn, Portrait of a Youth in black dress and cap, on panel, 23 in. by 17 in., 120 gns.; and Cranach, Portrait of a Lady in brown dress holding a cup, on panel, 14½ in. by 13 in., 190 gns.

The sale by Messrs. Trollope of the contents of the Duke of Sutherland's residence, Trentham Hall, Staffordshire (on July 17th to 19th), included a few pictures, amongst which were: Holbein, Portrait of Henry VIII., on panel, 30 in. diam., 340 gns.; T. Willeborts Bosschaert, Peace—numerous Loves at Play at a War Piece, 96 in. by 66 in., 140 gns.; J. M. Nattier, Mademoiselle de Charolais playing a Guitar, with a cupid holding a music-book, 56 in. by 42 in., 200 gns.—this is a version of a picture in a well-known London collection; Sir Peter Lely, three-quarter length Portrait of Queen Mary, second wife of James II., 48 in. by 39 in., 110 gns.; and N. Hilliard, whole-length Portrait of Sir Francis Drake, on the seashore, a ship seen in the distance, 16 in. by 12 in., 210 gns.

THE library of Mr. Stuart Samuel, M.P., sold by Messrs. Sotheby on the first day of July, was essentially of



a national character, practically all the books consisting of English classics of the last century. Though the catalogue comprised but 199 entries, the total sum realised was £8,364, an average of quite exceptional magnitude, ac-

counted for by the fact that this library was itself of a very exceptional character. Mr. Samuel has for long been known as a collector of books containing autograph inscriptions, of proof sheets, and of manuscripts, all classic-English in character, and the library now sold consisted almost entirely of works of this class. Hence the enormous prices realised, for the value of books of this special kind has increased by leaps and bounds during recent years. For instance, the original autograph manuscript of White's Natural History of Selborne, bought by Mr. Samuel in 1895 for £294, now realised £750; the original MS. of Lord Tennyson's The *Brook*, on eight octavo pages, which now sold for £3 ∞ , went for as little as £51 in 1889, and the proof sheets of Lord Byron's Childe Harold, nine stanzas only, and other works, increased in value from £108 in 1892 to

£174 at this sale—not a very great accretion in price certainly, but sufficient, with the other evidence, to show what a wide demand there is for these memorials of writers of the first rank.

That the manuscript of Barham's The Jackdaw of Rheims (from the Ingoldsby Legends) should realise £101 need, therefore, occasion no surprise, and the same remark applies to the MS. of Burns's The Poet's Progress, on four folio pages, which realised £,152, to the MS. of Dryden's Eleonora, on six quarto leaves, sold for £198, to Charles Lamb's MS. of Dream Children, a Reverie, £108, and to the MS. of Pope's Essay on Man, for which £895 was paid. There were also other manuscripts, some of which also sold for large sums, the most noticeable being Shelley's Proposal for Putting Reform to the Vote, £390; W. E. Gladstone's Home Rule for Ireland, with the corrected proof sheets, £52; Kate Greenaway's A Day in a Child's Life, with sketches for the work, £86; the title-page, preface, and dedication to Keats's Endymion, £93; Mdme. de Maintenon's La Caractère de la Princesse reine Silvaine, written for Louis XIV., £150; Pope's Of Taste: An Epistle to the Earl of Burlington, £199; the corrected proof sheets of Tennyson's Gareth and Lynette, £80; the MS. of the same author's The Northern Farmer, £155; and the fourth and fifth chapters of Thackeray's Philip, with many corrections, £240. Sums of this magnitude would have been regarded as impossible twenty years ago.

The printed books in this valuable and choice library were almost all fortified, so to speak, with manuscript in the handwriting of the various authors, so that they had become something more than books, a fact emphasised by the very high prices realised. Sometimes other circumstances contributed to the same result, as in the case of Visscher's Map of New Belgium and New England, which had belonged to William Penn, and bore his endorsement to the effect that this was the map by which the bounds between Lord Baltimore and himself had been settled. This map realised £122, while Browning's Pauline, 1833, sold for no less than £225 on the strength of a long note on the fly-leaf in the handwriting of the poet. The same author's Bells and Pomegranates, the eight parts complete, 1841-46, brought £120, being presentation copies, and therefore most important. Other presentation copies or books containing alterations in the handwriting of their authors, which realised large amounts, were as follows:—Barham's The Ingoldsby Legends, the three series, 1840-42-47, £40; Byron's English Bards and Scotch Reviewers, 1809, £46; and Manfred, 1817, £55; Lewis Carroll's Alice's Adventures in Wonderland, 1865, £70; and Through the Looking-Glass, 1872, £30; Coleridge's Sibylline Leaves, 1817, £45; Dickens's Bleak House, 1853, £99; The Cricket on the Hearth, £40; The Pickwick Papers, 1837, £51; A Christmas Carol, £48; Poe's The Raven, 1845, £39; Rossetti's Ballads and Sonnets, 1881, £105; Tennyson's Idylls of the Hearth, 1864, £50; Thackeray's The Virginians, 1858, £91; and others too numerous to mention.

The sales held on July 2nd and 3rd at Sotheby's and Christie's respectively comprised a large number of aluable works on Natural History, a few books of quite . different class realising, however, substantial amounts. hus, a very imperfect copy of an Italian edition of the Fabulæ of Æsop, printed without name or date (but about 1.190), realised as much as £70, chiefly by reason of the woodcuts contained in it. This seems to have been the translation made by Zucchio, but the book was not easy to identify. Among the works on Natural History we notice the Duke of Bedford's rarely seen Salictum Waburnense, 2 vols., 8vo, 1829, £12 10s. (morocco extra), which ought to have realised more, as only fifty copies were privately printed. Curtis's Botanical Magazine, complete from the commencement in 1793 to 1903, in all 111 vols. in 90 and the Indexes in 2 vols., realised £86 (half calf gilt); Sydenham Edwards's Botanical Register, 33 vols., 1815-47, 8vo, £28 (russia super extra); Gould's Birds of Great Britain, 5 vols., 1862-73, £54 (morocco extra), the same work in the original twenty-five parts as issued, £32; and The Birds of Europe, 5 vols., 1837, £53 (morocco extra). Lambert's Genus Pinus, 3 vols., folio, 1837, sold for £68 (morocco super extra); Jacquin's Selectarum Stirpium Americanarum Icones, 1750, folio, £17 (morocco extra); Redouté's Les Liliacées, 8 vols., 1802-16, folio, £90 (russia super extra); another set in half morocco, uncut, on large columbier folio paper, with the coloured plates retouched by the author, £70; and Andrew Smith's Illustrations of the Zoology of South Africa, 5 vols. in 3, 1849, 4to, £20 10s. (morocco extra).

The library of the Dukes of Altemps, removed from Rome, consisted almost entirely of very early printed books of a severely classical nature, and though works of this kind are more sought after on the Continent than in this country, some of the prices realised were very high, probably higher than would have been secured in any rooms other than those in Wellington Street. A fine vellum copy of the first edition of Homer's Ilias et Odyssea, as edited by Majoranus, 4 vols., folio, 1542-51, realised as much as £245 (original Venetian boards), but then not more than three copies on vellum are known. The editio princeps of the Comoediae of Aristophanes, Aldus, 1498, folio, made £22 (oaken boards); the first, second, fourth, and fifth volumes of the editio princeps of the Opera of Aristotle, Aldus, 1495-98, folio, Lat (old Venetian morocco); Berlinghieri's Geographia in terza rima, 1481, folio, the first edition, containing the e-rliest specimens of maps graven on metal in Italy, 181 (original oak boards); the editio princeps of the ationes of Isocrates, 1493, folio, £32 10s. (vellum); ed the Libellus de Natura Animalium, 1524, small 4to, yo (vellum). This work was first printed in Monte gale in 1508 by Vincentius Berruerius, and is noted its woodcuts, fifty-two in number. Many other books 6. a similar austere character realised large amounts; t it is hardly necessary to mention more than one of 1 em here. This was Le Recueil des Hystoires de Troyes, winted at Lyons in 1490, folio, which, though minus the title-page and several leaves, realised £176 (oaken This was probably the second edition in French, and the text of the earlier edition is certainly that used by Caxton when translating his Recuyell of the Historyes of Troy, printed by him at Westminster about the year 1471.

Messrs. Puttick & Simpson's sale of the 10th and 11th of July, and that held by Messrs. Hodgson on the 12th, were both of a miscellaneous character, but good, the latter especially. Nearly all the higher priced volumes have, however, been referred to on previous occasions, and it is not until we come to the sale of Mi. E. S. Willard's library on the 17th that anything really distinctive occurs. Before dealing with this collection it is necessary, however, to refer to an extremely scarce work sold by Messrs. Hodgson earlier in the month. This was A Letter from Dr. Moore, printed in 1687, small 4to, noticeable chiefly from the fact that the preface was written by William Penn. In it he states that he is publishing the "Letter" to show the condition of the Colony of Pennsylvania, founded only some six or seven years previously, and "to serve for answer to the idle and unjust stories that the malice of some invent, and the credulity of others prepare them to receive against it, which is all the part I take in this present publication." This pamphlet of twelve pages realised as much as £155, affording further evidence, if any were needed, of the high prices now realised for Americana of the scarcer and more important kind.

Mr. Willard's library referred to above consisted chiefly of works issued by modern presses, such as the Caradoc, Doves, Eragny, Essex House, Kelmscott, and Vale, and with regard to these it may be said that prices ruled lower than at the beginning of the season. There were exceptions, though few in number. The Kelmscott Earthly Paradise, 8 vols., has, for example, fallen to £9 5s. (£24 10s. in July, 1899), The Wood Beyond the World to £3 (£7 in July, 1899), and Christabel and other Poems to £3 10s. (£7 15s. in July, 1899). These quotations will give some idea of the very great depreciation which has taken place with regard to nearly all these "modern press books" during the last few years; and the worst of the matter is that it shows no signs of coming to an end, though present prices are certainly low enough. Mr. Willard was also a noted collector of the works of Mr. Swinburne; but it is only necessary to mention the following: Dead Love, 1864, £3 15s. (calf extra); Laus Veneris, 1866, £6 5s. (partly unopened); Atalanta in Calydon, 1865, £5 12s. 6d. (original white cloth); Songs Before Sunrise, on large paper, 1871, £10 10s. (original cloth); Under the Microscope, 1872, with the very rare cancelled leaf, £12 10s. (calf extra); and The Devil's Due, a letter to the Editor of the Examiner, 1875, £12 10s. (calf extra). This last is a very rare piece, which, so far as we know, has never been sold by auction before. No more than two or three copies can be traced.

Before dealing with the final sale of the season it is necessary to mention a number of important works sold by different auctioneers between the 18th and the 25th of July. These comprise, inter alia, Oscar Wilde's Vera, or the Nihilists, the original privately printed first draft of the play, interleaved, and having numerous MS. erasions, alterations, and additions in the author's handwriting,

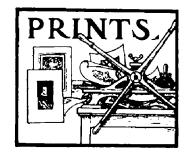
1882, 8vo, £26; Apperley's Life of a Sportsman, 1842, in blue cloth (only copies of the very earliest issue were so bound), £29 10s., as against £35 10s. in 1903; Nolhac's La Reine Marie Antoinette, one of fifty copies on Japanese paper, with the portraits and plates in two states, Paris, 1890, £31 (morocco extra), and a number of autograph musical scores, the property of the late Mr. Otto Goldschmidt, the husband of Jenny Lind, the celebrated soprano vocalist. The chief of these was Handel's score of The Messiah, in the handwriting of J. Christopher Smith, the composer's friend and amanuensis. This realised £100, not a very large amount, for this MS., written in three oblong folio volumes, was of great importance. It was annotated by Mr. Goldschmidt from a careful comparison with the two manuscript scores in Smith's handwriting known as the "Dublin" and the "Hamburgh," and was accompanied by many interesting papers and letters bearing on the Oratorio. From these it would seem that Handel himself had used the volumes at many performances. In addition to the above, Scott's Guy Mannering, 3 vols., 8vo, 1815, realised £51 (original boards, uncut); a manuscript Poem in the autograph of Shelley, consisting of five verses of nine lines each, commencing, "The sun is warm, the sky is clear," £100; Keats's *Endymion*, 1818, £51 (boards); and the Kelmscott Works of Chaucer, £60 (stamped pigskin). Another copy of this work, in boards, realised £49 the day following.

We now come to the last sale of the season, which it is necessary to deal with in detail. This was held by Messrs. Sotheby on July 26th and following day, and was in many respects exceedingly interesting, as it contained, inter alia, a considerable number of Brontë books, manuscripts, and relics, and a copy of the first edition of the Pilgrim's Progress. This latter, though wanting the frontispiece and a number of leaves, was bought for £520. Not more than three perfect copies of this scarce book are known, even assuming that it was not published with a portrait. If it was, then but one perfect copy can be traced, viz., that which realised £1,475 in May, 1901. The Brontë relics, though important in themselves, did not sell for very large amounts, but one realising as much as £100. This was a manuscript volume of poems signed "Emily Jane Brontë," and dated February, 1844. The authenticity of some of the MSS, ascribed to Charlotte Brontë seems to have been questioned, but as all these, as well as the other relics, were the property of Mrs. Nicholls, widow of the Rev. A. B. Nicholls, who first married Charlotte Brontë, it would probably be hard to sustain the objection. The theory was that some of them might have been written by Branwell Brontë. However this may be, there was no question that the nine small manuscript volumes of juvenile tales which realised £70 were in the handwriting of Charlotte Brontë, as also the manuscript of fifty pages, containing a number of poems, some of which are unpublished. This realised £45, while Caroline Vernon, a MS. story in three books (106 pages, 8vo), apparently complete and unpublished, sold for £44. The Brontë portion of the catalogue occupied fifty-eight lots, occupying six pages of closely

printed matter, so that it is unpracticable to deal with it here as fully as it deserves.

Among the works of a general character we notice the following in addition to the Pilgrim's Progress before named: Keats's Poems, 1817, once the property of Richard Woodhouse, containing numerous manuscript notes by him, realised £31 (original half binding), and the same author's Lamia, Isabella, the Eve of St. Agnes, 1820, £48 (original boards, with the label); Gould's Birds of Great Britain, in the twenty-five parts, as issued, with a MS. Index to the work, in 4to, sold for £45, a very usual price; the Book of Common Prayer, printed by Whitchurche in 1549, for £61 (slightly defective, morocco extra); Shakespeare's Second Folio, 1632, for £250 (soiled and stained and slightly defective); and Queen Elizabeth's copy of the Opera of Xenophon, printed at Frankfort in 1594, folio, for £175. This was a very fine example bound in contemporary English calf, with gilt ornaments and borders, and the crowned Royal arms within the Garter. Many other most important works were sold at this concluding sale, such, for example, as a number of rare Horae, printed on vellum, a very fine and perfect original copy of Higden's Polychronicon (£40), and some Shakespeariana and Manuscripts. These will take their place in the summary of the season's sale, which, according to custom, will appear in the next number of THE CONNOISSEUR. At the moment it is only necessary to say that the season, which at the time of writing has just closed, has been one of the most noteworthy of which we have any record. Not only have important books and manuscripts been unusually numerous, but the prices realised for them have frequently been enormous, record after record being broken, owing to the close competition which has lately arisen for the English classics more particularly, but for all classics, whether in print or in manuscript. These, when sufficiently tempting, have frequently been bought up at prices for which there is no precedent.

CHRISTIE'S sales of engravings for this season were brought to a close with two dispersals on the 9th and



22nd of July respectively, in each of which some remarkably fine examples of the eighteenth century English school were included.

The first sale proved to be the most notable consisting as it did o some very fine Morland prints, the property o

Mr. John Knight, and a few excellent impressions o portraits after Reynolds and Hoppner, from an anony mous source.

Two prints after Morland, Rural Amusement and Rural Employment, by J. R. Smith, proved to be the gens of the collection, realising £357—a sum far in excess of the previous record. Next in importance was

e ine first state impression of J. Watson's rare mezzotte of the Countess of Carlisle, after Reynolds, which and £262 ios., while a similar state of Lady Louisa Manners, by Green, after the same master, went for £231 ios.

Other Morland prints were St. James's Park and A Tea Gurden, by F. D. Soiron, which together made £189; Delia in Town and Delia in the Country, by J. R. Smith, sold for £96 12s., and Sunset, by J. Ward, realised £84.

The Hoppner prints included a first state of Mrs. Arbuthnot, by S. W. Reynolds, which made £168, and a fine impression of Lady Mildmay and Child, by W. Say, which sold for £110 5s.

There still remains to be mentioned Master Braddyl and Mrs. Seaforth and Child, both by Grozer, after Reynolds, each of which made £99 15s.

The other sale was only notable for two lots, one a fine first published state, with the title in open etched letters, of W. Ward's famous print the *Daughters of Sir Thomas Frankland*, which made £462, and an open letter proof of *Lady Mildmay and Child*, by Say, after Hoppner, for which £199 10s. was given.

BUT for the important collection of old English furniture of Mr. W. Hugh Spottiswoode which appeared



at Christie's on the 17th and 18th, July would have been a dull month as regards furniture sales. This collection, which was originally formed by the late Mr. William Spottiswoode, was especially rich in examples of the work of Chippendale, as well as

some nice pieces by Sheraton and his school, and as a consequence high prices were the order throughout the sale.

Chippendale held the field on the first day, two of his chairs with finely-carved riband backs making £388 10s., one of the highest prices in the sale. A pair of torchères with square tops bordered by key pattern, fifty inches high, went for £315; a cabinet carved with rosettes, key pattern and flowers, realised £204 15s.; a bookcase gived with flowers and ribands sold for £136 10s., and 10 side-tables, each most elaborately decorated, made -57 10s. and £136 10s. respectively.

Sheraton was represented by a large variety of objects, e chief being a sideboard, beautifully inlaid and corated with a carved ivory panel at the top, and a cular table, each of which went for £126.

Two satinwood pieces must be mentioned. One a inged wardrobe about nine feet square, finely inlaid ith marqueterie, which reached £399, and the other toilet table with panels in grisaille by Angelica Kauffman, for which £294 was given.

Few other notable pieces came up for sale during the month, amongst the more interesting being a Chippendale

settee and six chairs with slightly carved interlaced backs, which on the 23rd made £199 10s., and an Adam's mahogany sideboard, which on the 11th realised £183 15s.

ONE of the most important dispersals of old Chinese porcelain held during the season just closed was that



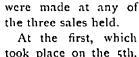
which took place at Christie's on the 11th July, when a remarkable collection from an anonymous source came under the hammer. Its importance can be judged from the fact that of the 45 lots sold over half reached three

figures, while three items alone accounted for over £3,000. The *clou* of the sale was a superb beaker-shaped vase of the Kang-hi dynasty, enamelled with flowers in green, aubergine and white, on a black ground, which, after some spirited bidding, sold for £1,155. Another piece which reached four figures was a Ming statuette of Kwan-yin, richly enamelled with flowers, butterflies, and trellis work, which went for a thousand guineas; while £840 was given for a pair of Kien-Lung famille-rose vases and covers mounted with ormolu mounts of Louis XV. design.

Other notable pieces included a small sacrificial Kang-hi cup, which, though only $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches high, realised £430 10s.; a pair of powdered-blue bottles of the same period made £588, and a pair of Kang-hi famille-verte cylindrical vases sold for £399.

On the 4th an important Ming figure of a female deity, finely decorated in famille-verte on a yellow ground, realised £1,312 10s., while on the 17th a set of three Kien-Lung hexagonal famille-rose vases and covers and a pair of beakers, enamelled on a pink marbled-pattern ground, made £630.

THE sales of silver plate held during July at Christie's were little above the ordinary, and few prices of any note





At the first, which took place on the 5th, and consisted of a collection sold by direction of Sir Henry Bunbury, Bart., six interesting lots known as "The Speaker's Plate," originally the property

of Sir Thomas Hanmer, Bart., Speaker in 1713-15, consisting of two icepails, a large dish, two octagonal casters and seven candlesticks, all of the Queen Anne period, sold at prices varying from 160s. to 37s. an ounce;

a pair of James II. large tazze, engraved with the arms of the Duke of Grafton, 124½ ounces in weight, made 160s. an ounce; and twelve Queen Anne silver-gilt dessert forks sold at 100s. an ounce. The second sale, which took place on the 9th, and included some items sold by order of Viscount Falkland, a William and Mary plain tumbler cup and a Charles II. plain beaker made 230s. and 200s. an ounce respectively; and at the third sale, which occurred on the 19th, the chief items were a Charles II. porringer, by T. Mangy, York, 300s. an ounce; another with cover, of a rather earlier period, 200s. an ounce; and one of the James II. period 165s. an ounce.

QUITE a number of coin and medal sales were held during July, but with the exception of that held by



Messrs. Glendining and Co. on the 23rd, and one held by Christie's on the 16th, none contained items of any great importance. The chief item in the first-named sale was a Military General Service Medal with eleven bars for the

Peninsular, which realised £17 after some keen bidding. Another with ten bars made £9 10s., one with bars for Martinique and Guadaloupe went for £8 10s., and a Naval General Service Medal with bar for Pasley, one of only three issued, realised £15.

Of the Indian and Afghan medals put up the most notable was one with the Laswaree bar, which made £7 10s. One pound less was given for a Jellalabad medal, a Candahar medal sold for £6, and a Hyderabad 1843 Naval Medal realised £9 10s.

Other interesting lots included a Sultan's gold Egyptian medal £7 105., and a regimental medal of the 12th Foot £10 105.

Christie's sale deserves mention owing to one lot, consisting of a group of officers' decorations, which realised

£200. These included a Peninsular Gold Cross for services at Barrosa and elsewhere, a field officer's gold medal for Barrosa, and a knight commander's Star of the Order of the Bath, all granted to Lieutenant-Colonel R. D. Jackson, Assistant Quarter-Master General.

At Sotheby's rooms on July 15th and 16th the dispersal of the coin collection of Mr. F. E. Macfadyen, F.R.N.S., of Newcastle-on-Tyne, who is relinquishing the pursuit, attracted considerable attention, the two days' sale producing just short of £1,000. It was composed of English and Irish copper coins, seventeenth century tokens, medals, passes, and badges relating to theatres, parks, gardens, gaming-houses, race-courses, etc., as well as some interesting numismatic literature.

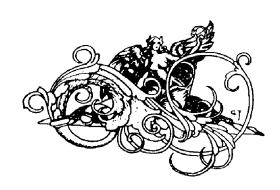
A Charles I. pattern farthing in copper, not in the Montagu or Murdoch collections, made £8 12s. 6d.; a collection of 250 pieces of James II. gun money, every piece of which is believed to be from a different die, totalled £32 5s. 6d.; twenty-seven Derbyshire tokens, many of extreme rarity, went for £15 10s.; and a silver ticket for Vauxhall Gardens, of which no other specimen is known, sold for 10 gns.

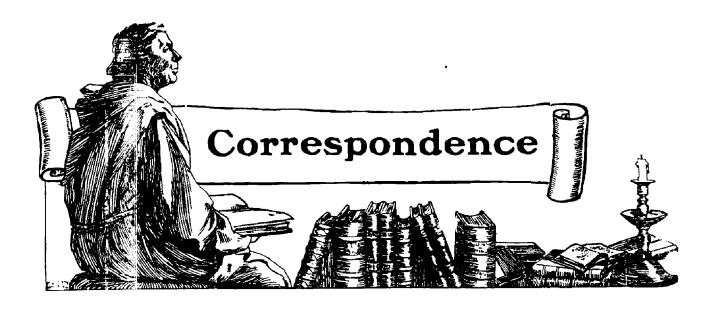
HAVING let the well-known mansion, "Frogmore Hall," Knebworth, Herts, for a term of years, Messrs.

Miscellaneous Knight, Frank & Rutley during July disposed of the contents of the residence.

A painting by Stortenbecker of Cattle sold for 50 gns.; A Garden Scene, by Palamedes, 25 gns.; a small Portrait of a Youth, by Terburg, 15½ gns.; Cows in a Meadow, by Sidney Cooper, 100 gns.; A Cathedral Interior, by Neefs, 21 gns.; Highland Cattle, by Louis Hurt, 1892, 30 gns.

The same firm, at their rooms in Conduit Street at the end of the month, sold an interesting collection of lace, linen, etc. A damask table-cloth of drawn thread sold for £11; a small Persian rug, 24 gns.; a border of Milanese lace, 8 gns.; a pair of Brussels lace lappets, 9 gns.; a flat Venetian border, 60 gns.; a silk cape with edging of old Milanese lace, $12\frac{1}{2}$ gns.; four silver sauceboats, £38; a silver cake basket (1776), £29; a Spode two-handled pot-pourri jar, £13.





Announcement

READERS of THE CONNOISSEUR are entitled to the privilege of an answer gratis in these columns on any subject of interest to the collector of antique curios and works of art; and an enquiry coupon for this purpose will be found placed in the advertisement pages of every issue. Objects of this nature may also be sent to us for authentication and appraisement, in which case, however, a small fee is charged, and the information given privately by letter. Valuable objects will be insured by us against all risks whilst on our premises, and it is therefore desirable to make all arrangements with us before forwarding. (See coupon for full particulars.)

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS

Books.—Leigh's "New Picture of London," 1841. — 9,688 (Bristol). — If your copy has the coloured costumes, you should obtain about £1 10s. for it. Without them it is of little value.

Cooke's Editions.—9,695 (Bristol).—Your books are of very small value. Chas. Cooke was a publisher of cheap

elitions of popular works.

Cardboard Covered Book. - 9,398 (Bromley, Kent). -The work you describe is a seventeenth century satirical tract, with 10s. or so.

ives of the Princesses, 6 vols., 1849-55.-9,732

(1 mouth). —The value of this work is about £1.

Sible and New Testament, 1658.—9,694 (Emsworth).

— the date of your Bible is probably 1658. The two works are " It together about £1 10s.

hakespeare's Comedies (Illustrated), 1791.-9,599 w Barnet).—This book is not worth more than 5s. You do not say the date of your Bible. If it is imperfect, however, its alue is small.

hos. Barker's "Book of Lithograph Rustic Fi. ures," 1801.-9,400 (Newport).-The value of your b k is about £2 2s.

Pottery and Porcelain—Black Ware Teaprobably Leeds. Its value is about 25s. to 30s. Chinese Bowl.—9,790 (Reigate).—Your bowl is worth a

few pounds if old.

Chamberlain Worcester Toilet Service. — 9,693 (Nuneaton). - Your toilet service is of no interest from a

collector's point of view. To anyone purchasing for use it is

worth £4 or £5.

Biscuit Figure.—9,379 (Ventnor).—If your figure is old Sèvres it is of the rare date 1753, and exceedingly valuable. As far as we can tell from your photograph, it is a modern Paris copy, of comparatively small value.

Spode.—9,429 (Redcar).—The value of your dessert service of Spode porcelain is about £18.

Dessert Service. -9,007 (Herne Hill). -Your dessert plates and dishes are probably early Minton. Being only portion

of a service, the value is not more than £1 10s.

Worcester.—9,773 (Torquay).—As far as we can tell without inspection, your set of old Worcester china is worth from £60 to £70. It is too late to send it to Christie's this season. Try an advertisement in The Connoisseur Register. Your silver spoon would realise about £9.

Satsuma. -9,749 (Halifax). - The piece of which you send us photographs, is modern Japanese Satsuma ware, worth less

Dish.—9,691 (Halifax).—Your photograph represents a similar dish to that illustrated in the April issue of The Connoisseur. There is some difference of opinion as to where these dishes were made. The writer of the article attributed them to a factory at Loughor, South Wales, but many collectors consider them to be early Leeds, about 1750. They are worth about 30s. each. Similar copies of Oriental designs are on Bristol Delft.

Chinese Kylins. - 9,682 (Chelmsford). - Judging from your photographs, your old Chinese figures of Kylins appear to be good specimens of the Ming period. The value depends upon the size. Several pairs have been sold at Christie's for high

prices this season.

China Figures. - 9,699 (Abbey Wood). - Your china figures cannot be valued from description. They must be sent

for inspection.

Rockingham Vase. -9,772 (Swanage). - Your vase, judging from sketch, is Rockingham about 1830-40. The mark on the bottom is a decorator's mark. We cannot identify the mark of your tea service from your reproduction. It is certainly not old Worcester.

Chinese Vase. -9,755 (Canonbury). - As far as we can judge from the rough photographs and tracings sent, your vases are evidently of the Kia King period (1796-1821). They are worth about £12 to £14.

Stone Quern.—9,887 (Whitby).—The quern, of which you send us photograph, is evidently of the period called "Late Celtic," that is of the Iron Age, preceding the arrival of the Romans in Britain (say 100-200 B.C.). It is very similar to many found at the late Celtic settlement, Hunsbury Hill (Northamptonshire), and other places. The first was probably of wood. The holes on the side of the upper stone were for pegs or handles, by which it was turned in the process of grinding corn. It should be of interest for a local museum. The value may be put roughly at between £3 and £4, but it depends on the amount of local interest in Yorkshire antiquities.



CONDUCTED BY A. MEREDYTH BURKE

Special Notice

READERS of THE CONNOISSEUR who desire to have pedigrees traced, the accuracy of armorial bearings enquired into, paintings of arms made, book plates designed, or otherwise to make use of the department, will be charged fees according to the amount of work involved. Particulars will be supplied on application.

When asking information respecting genealogy or heraldry, it is desirable that the fullest details, so far as they may be already known to the applicant, should be set forth.

Only replies that may be considered to be of general interest will be published in these columns. Those of a personal character, or in cases where the applicant may prefer a private answer, will be dealt with by post.

Readers who desire to take advantage of the opportunities offered herein should address all letters on the subject to the Manager of the Heraldic Department, at the Offices of the Magazine, 95, Temple Chambers, Temple Avenue, E.C.

Answers to Correspondents Heraldic Department

1,106 (Paris).—The "'49 Officers" were the officers of Charles the First's Irish Protestant army, to whom, on the Restoration, grants of land and houses were made in satisfaction of the arrears of pay due to them before 5th June, 1649, when the old Royalist army was dissolved. These officers are also sometimes referred to as the "'49 Protestant Officers."

1,112 (London).—Sir Philip Sidney married Frances, the only child of Sir Francis Walsingham, the Elizabethan statesman, but he left no male issue, and his only surviving daughter and heir Frances, who married in 1598-9 Roger, 5th Earl of Rutland, died without issue in August, 1612.

1,118 (Exeter).—The children of Sir Ralph Sadler by Mrs. Barre (whose husband, Matthew Barre, appears to have been living at the time of her marriage as a "widow" to Sir Ralph), were legitimised by Act of Parliament dated 9th December, 1545. Sir Ralph Sadler was born at Hackney, 1507, and died 30th March, 1587. He was buried at Standon, Herts.

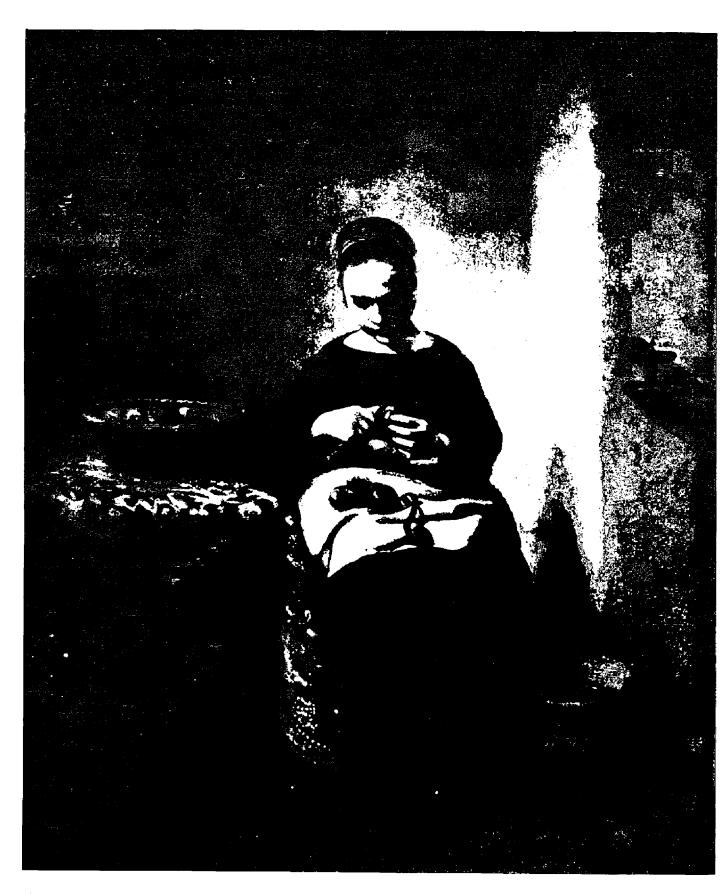
1,123 (Dublin).—The baronetcy conferred 11th January, 1664-5, on Sir John Jacob, of Bromley-by-Bow, and Gamlingay, Cambridgeshire, certainly became extinct on the death of his great-great-grandson, the 4th Baronet, Sir Hildebrand Jacob, unmarried, 4th November, 1790. The title, however, was assumed by a distant cousin, Clement Brydges Jacob, who was the eldest son of the Reverend Alexander Jacob, Chaplain to the King (and author of Jacob's Peerage), by his wife Mary, daughter of Robert Clement, of Bletchingly, Surrey. The Rev. Alexander Jacob was grandson of Alexander Jacob, of London, Turkey Merchant, who married Elizabeth, sister of James, 1st Duke of Chandos; and great-grandson of Robert Jacob, a younger brother of the first baronet. On the death of Clement, 30th March, 1804, the assumption was continued by his only brother Charles, who is supposed to have had no male issue, and since whose death no further claim seems to have been made to the title.

1,128 (Chicago).—There are comparatively few parish registers in Ireland which commence as early as the seventeenth century, and of those that do, fewer still are found outside Dublin. The earliest in that city are those of St. John's Church, commencing in 1619, and which have recently been published.

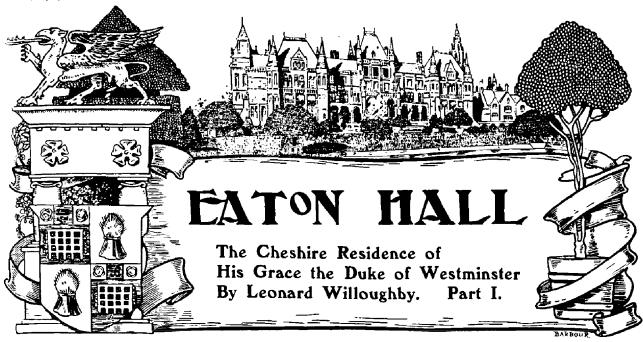
1,134 (Philadelphia).—The Arms of Sir James Wright, Bt. (Governor of Georgia), so created 1772, were Sable a chevron engrailed argent between three fleurs-de-lis or on a chief of the last three spearheads erect proper all within a bordure wary ermine. He was son of Robert Wright, Chief Justice of South Carolina, who was said to have been of Sedgefield, Co. Durhan. The Arms of Wright of Sedgefield were Sable a chevror engrailed between three fleurs-de-lis argent on a chief of the second as many spearheads gules. Sir James Alexander Wright, the third baronet, died unmarried in 1837, when the title may have become extinct; but as his uncle, John Izard Wright (who died in 1821), married and left male issue, it is possible the tite did not cease until a later period; indeed, if John, son of John Izard Wright, was living in 1861 (as is said), he would have been the fourth baronet, and his brother Alexander, who we apparently living about 1878, is supposed to have succeeded sifith baronet.

1,137 (Wimbledon).—In Heraldry the Champaign is a partion in base by a horizontal line of a third part of the field; it is however, seldom met with except in some Spanish Coats.





YOUNG GIRL PEELING AN APPLE
BY NICOLAS MAES
FROM THE KANN COLLECTION
By Permission of Messes. Duveen Brothers



WHEN the late Duke of Westminster determined upon the reconstruction of Eaton Hall in 1867, it was to Mr. Waterhouse, R.A., that he intrusted the great task. Whether it was then the intention of the duke to create such a building as Eaton Hall now is, or to spend the enormous sum which eventually was expended upon its lavish interior decoration, I, of course, am quite unable to

say. For thirteen years the work unceasingly continued, and during that time considerably over a million sterling was expended upon it -at least, so I am informed-with the result that it is unquestionably one of the most gorgeously fitted up palaces existing in the United Kingdom. The exterior of the house is familiar o most people, for illusrations of it have so requently appeared in arious journals and lsewhere. The state ooms and their conints are also pretty vell known, as, thanks to the duke's kindness, the public are admitted on certain days to view them on payment of a nominal sum. The money so derived, and it swells to quite a big amount in the course of a year, goes -every farthing of it-to benefit local charities. The sum collected only shows how popular a visit of inspection to Eaton Hall is, for many thousands of people of many nationalities must pass through its stately corridors and apartments annually.

As to whether the architectural design of the

exterior of Eaton is to everyone's taste, is open to doubt. It is true the appearance is very imposing, on account of its size and massiveness, yet somehow it is a style that does not quite appeal to my fancy, and is more suitable for a public building. cold, and wanting in that homely inhabitable look, which is the real charm of our old English country homes. Personally, I greatly prefer the style in which the outbuildings and stables are constructed-red brick with half-timbered upper stories, a style so characteristic of Cheshire houses. Had this style been adopted throughout, how very different

It is



ELIZABETH DUCHESS OF SUTHERLAND BY WATTS, AFTER ROMNEY

would Eaton have been in appearance to-day, and how greatly improved.

Internally the decorations are very beautiful, especially so the wonderful marbles which cover the walls and floors of the entrance hall and saloon. The ceilings of the various state rooms are also remarkable, elaborate, and profuse to a degree in gilding, while the beautiful Gobelin and Brussels tapestries and the Chinese silk wall hangings are incomparably beautiful. The chimney-pieces are

at Grosvenor House than they would do in Eaton Hall, for I think the style of decoration of the wals at Eaton does not lend itself to enhance the appearance and effect of the pictures. However, wherever it has been possible to hang one it has been done, and with good effect. This huge building is naturally only used when the duke and duchess are entertaining, for at other times they occupy a small building attached to the larger one, which is out of the question, simply owing to its enormous size.



PORTION OF CENTRAL HALL

magnificent, and are chiefly of alabaster, the subjects carved on each being historic or family incidents. The workmanship throughout the house is an example of what work ought to be. It is quite perfect and unsurpassable, especially the woodwork, which is superb.

The furniture also is remarkably fine, especially so that portion of it which is covered in tapestry in the saloon and drawing-room. Then also such objects of art as there are, are well worthy of this great ducal residence. Of pictures there are, comparatively speaking, few, the great bulk of them being at Grosvenor House, Park Lane. It is probable that these look to better advantage in their splendidly lighted gallery

Having so far spoken in general terms of Eaton Hall, I will for a moment say a word as to the various Grosvenors who for many centuries have resided here—though naturally not in the present modern-looking building, but in two previous picturesque-looking halls which stood at Eaton. The Grosvenor family, of which the Duke of Westminster is the representative, though one of the oldest, if not the very oldest, family in the United Kingdom, has only comparatively recently been ennobled, and the some 146 years ago. This, compared with titles which go back to the thirteenth century, is therefor, comparatively speaking, almost modern.

Tracing the family backwards from the present

duk. the history is briefly this: Hugh Richard Artistr, the present and second holder of the dukedom, is a son of the late Earl Grosvenor, the eldest son of the late and first duke. The present duke married a daughter of Col. Cornwallis West, Lord-Lieutenant of the County of Denbigh. The grandfather of the present duke therefore was Hugh Lupus, first Duke, who was also third Marquis of Westminster, fourth Earl, Viscount and Baron Grosvenor. The first duke was the eldest surviving of four sons of the second Marquis

as Viscount Belgrave and Earl Grosvenor. This, therefore, was the commencement of the ennoblement of the family, a family which had flourished in Normandy a century and a half prior to the Conquest. Sir Richard's father was M.P. for Chester, as was also his grandfather, the third Baronet, who represented the County in Parliament in the reigns of Charles II., James II., and William III. He was also Mayor of the City of Chester in 1685. It will be found in the history of Chester that since



SALOON AT EATON HALL

by Elizabeth Mary, daughter of first Duke of Sutherlar!, K.G., while his younger brother was created В n Stalbridge. Richard, second Marquis, was th eldest of three brothers, sons of Robert, second , created first Marquis in 1831. Robert, first γ_{\perp} luis, married, in 1794, Eleanor, only daughter ol Thomas, first Earl of Wilton. Of their three $\mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{I}}$ Iren the eldest, Richard, inherited his father's Ni quisate, while Thomas, the second son, inherited hi maternal grandfather's Earldom of Wilton, and Report, the third son, was created Baron Ebury. Robert, the first Marquis, was the son of Sir Richard Grosvenor, seventh Baronet, elevated to the peerage in 1761 as Baron Grosvenor of Eaton, and in 1784 the days of the Conqueror's nephew, the Grosvenors have been closely allied with all that concerned that city officially and otherwise. This gentleman married Mary Davis, heiress of Alexander Davis, of Ebury, in Middlesex, by which alliance the Grosvenor family acquired their great London property and consequent wealth. His three sons became successively fourth, fifth, and sixth Baronets, the eldest acting as grand cup-bearer at the Coronation of George II., by presenting to His Majesty the first cup of wine after he had been crowned, and had the cup as his fee. The second Baronet was High Sheriff of County Chester in 1644, at which time he raised the posse comitatus to oppose the Parliamentarians



THE GROSVENOR HUNT

BY STUBBS

commanded by Ferdinand, Lord Fairfax. He continued firm in his loyalty during the whole of the Civil Wars, whereby he suffered considerably, having had his landed property sequestered. Sir Richard, the first Baronet, was so created in 1621, he having previously been knighted. He also was, like his son, High Sheriff for the County of Chester in the twenty-second year of James I. He was also Mayor of the city and one of the Knights of the shire in 1625. Son had succeeded son in the possession of Eaton back to the year 1454, when Raufe Le Grosvenor, Lord of Hume, married Joan, only daughter and heiress of John Eton, of Eton (now spelt Eaton). It was through this alliance that Eaton came to the Grosvenor family. This Raufe Le Grosvenor was the second of four sons of Sir Thomas Le Grosvenor, Lord of Hume. The eldest son Robert had six daughters, but no son; Raufe had three sons and one daughter; Thomas became ancestor of the Grosvenors of Hungorsheath, Co. Stafford; while Rodolphus became ancestor of Grosvenor of Busbury, Co. Stafford, and Sutton Coldfield, Co. Warwick. Sir Thomas, the father of these four sons, was himself son of Sir Robert Le Grosvenor, the defendant in the celebrated Scrope and Grosvenor controversy, of which I shall have something to say anon. Prior to Sir Robert there was his father Raufe, who was son of Sir Robert, Escheator of Chester, and this gentleman was sixth in descent from Gilbert Le

Grosvenor, nephew of Hugh Lupus, Earl of Chester. Thus have the family descended from father to son, the estates descending in the same way, and in four instances from brother to brother.

Three times have the eldest sons predeceased their fathers, and so the estates and titles devolved on the grandsons. The first of the family who received the honour of knighthood was in 1334, some 573 years back, while the first baronet was created 286 years ago, and, as I stated previously, the first peerage has now been conferred 146 years; but since then the various stages in the elevation from baron to duke have been extraordinarily rapid. Twentythree years after the first peerage was conferred in 1761, a viscounty and earldom were granted. Then again, in 1831, or forty-seven years after the first earldom, the marquisate was added, while thirty three years later the dukedom was created. During the 800 and odd years which have elapsed since Hu; h Lupus—the Conqueror's nephew—lived, there have been some thirty-three generations, of which t'e present duke is the thirty-third.

There has been no mixing up of the female line with the succession; no taking of the name by prosons outside the family through marriage with the Grosvenors; but only strictly through the male line proper has it come down, a descent which is to a certain extent rare, unfortunately, in this way in some of our very old families. I may add that the

present duke has a son and heir, who is now, of course, known as Earl Grosvenor. The late Earl Grosvenor, father of the present duke, predeceased his father, and so never came into the dukedom, and his widow married in 1889 the Rt. Hon. George Wyndham. This, then, is the simple and straightforward descent of a family who took their name from the official position held by Gilbert the Conqueror's nephew, as de Gros Veneur, from the Norman days to the twentieth century.

In writing my description of Eaton, I have to acknowledge my indebtedness to Dr. Rupert Morris, Vicar of St. Gabriel's, Warwick Square, Hon. Canon of St. David's, and Chaplain to the late Duke of Westminster, K.G., for perusing his excellent Guide to Eaton Hall. As Chaplain this gentleman had so many facilities for collecting the interesting facts contained in his book, that it is not to be wondered at that a visit to Eaton Hall to inspect the treasures is not complete without this valuable "guide" as a companion. Copies are purchaseable at the estate office, where tickets to view the hall are obtained, and the modest 6d. charged for this goes to swell that excellent fund which is devoted entirely to the good cause of charity.

Eaton Hall is about four miles distant from picturesque Chester, though the entrance gates to the park are at the very threshold of the city. The river Dee divides the city from the entrance, and is crossed just here by the Grosvenor bridge, erected by the late duke, and opened by Queen Victoria in 1832. This river winds its way round past Eaton, and continues its course in front of the house, adding a delightful touch to a panorama, conspicuous in which is the familiar landmark of Beeston Hill, the property of

Lord Tollemache. The main front of Eaton Hall faces west, and the Belgrave Drive, which approach is flanked by a very fine avenue. The grounds immediately around the house are entered through the "golden gates," admitting to the quadrangle formed by the building and chapel. These magnificent and very large old gates have existed since 1690, and were in front of the original house.

Immediately on passing through these gates we are faced by the colossal bronze statue of Hugh Lupus, the Conqueror's nephew, from which the family It stands on great blocks of granite in the centre of a large stone basin. The statue is by Watts, and represents Hugh Lupus riding with a falcon, which he is about to cast off. His nickname appears to have been Hugh Vras-Hugh the Fatby the Welsh people, by whom he was not by any means loved. He is represented as being a very large unwieldy man, bestriding an enormous Flemish horse, with a neck and loins such as I, and I should imagine no one else, have ever seen in real life. But Dr. Morris tells us it was not the artist's intention to depict a real man on a real horse, but rather to give the impression of a rough age and rude vigour of character. The whole statue weighs 7½ tons, the horse weighing 4 tons, the head alone being 15 cwt. and the tail 61 cwt., but the whole effect of this bold scheme is very effective. It is directly in front of the principal entrance, but it is only on rare occasions that this entrance is used. The one chiefly in use is to the north of this, beyond the chapel. Here a courtyard formed by the house and stables is entered through an archway from a covered-in coach-house yard—the coach-house itself being faced by the riding-school and some hunters' boxes. A



THE CHESHIRE HUNT

BY T. FERNELEY

The Connoisseur

curious approach altogether. In the centre of the paved courtyard is the equestrian group in bronze by Sir J. E. Boehm, representing a magnificent specimen of the entire horse, rearing up and held by a groom. It is effective and well executed, showing the artist's perfect knowledge of the anatomy and graceful and lifelike movement of a horse.

Within the doors, a passage leads off to the left, and down this we will proceed in a moment. Facing us as we enter is what appears to be a short passage, but is in reality a portion of the east end of the

chapel, which is curtained off. This beautiful chapel,

with; its enormous clock tower, wherein are hung



HENRIETTA COUNTESS OF GROSVENOR

BY GAINSBOROUGH

play a carillon of thirt. one tunes, is a most interesting portion of the house. It contains an ante-chapel, nave. and chancel, with a western apse. There is a groined roof of stone to the nave; the nave and choir benches are beautifully carved in walnut, the dwarf screen to the choir being of alabaster, divided into square panels with pierced foliage. The reredos and font are of alabaster, and there is much stained glass in the windows, representing, with the mosaics, Paradise, The Nativity, The Crucifixion, The Ascension, Pentecost, Judgement. The pave-

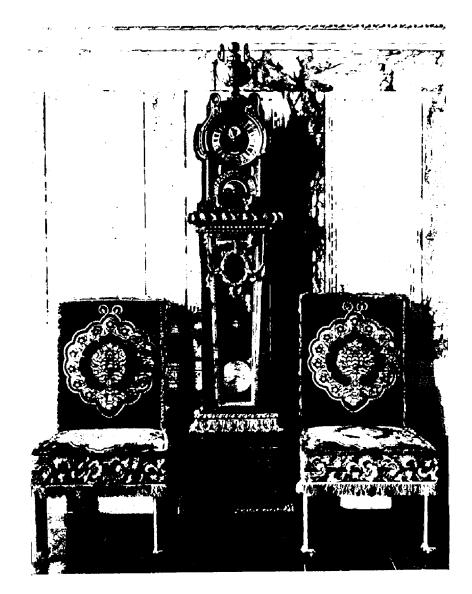
twenty-eight bells, which

ment of the chancel is "Opus Alexandrinum," and the exquisitely worked recumbent figure of the first

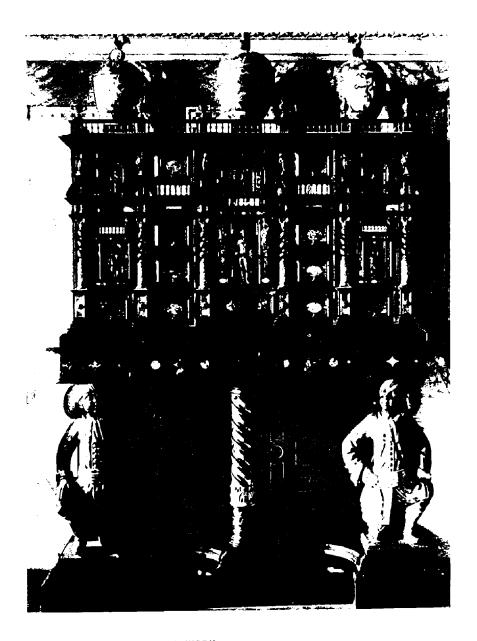


MARES AND FOALS

BY STUBBS



EMPIRE CLOCK AND CHAIRS EMBROIDERED WITH VENETIAN APPLIQUÉ



CABINET

VENETIAN WORK

duchess, by Sir J. E. Boehm, is said to be an excellent likeness.

Leaving the chapel, the passage leads down to the main building, and some little way down turns on the right into the great corridor, which runs the entire length of the great building. Leaving this for the moment, and continuing straight on through glass doors, the duke's private portion of the building is entered. As this part of the house is private, I will

not attempt to describe it, but only mention two pictures which hang in the private dining-room. These are interesting, and especially to sportsmen, as showing a portraits of various prominent members of the Grosvenor Hunt and the Cheshire Hunt. The former, by Stubbs, is dated 1762, and depicts a stag-hunt, the stag at bay in a small stream, while the pack apparently are rushing in. Surrounding them are the members of the hunt and the servants in green coats, with enormous French horns round their bodies. The horses are drawn in the



GENERAL THOMAS GROSVENOR

usual stiff style of the period, very much on the leggy side, and are altogether very quaint. In the distance is the well-known landmark Beeston Hill, while among the figures mounted are Lord Grosvenor, Mr. Thomas Grosvenor, and Sir Roger Mostyn. Facing this very delightful old picture is the large one of the Cheshire Hunt, painted some 65 years later by T. Ferneley. It represents the pack well together in full cry, and the following well-known followers. On the left, nearest to the hounds, is the Earl of Wilton on "Windmill," Lord C. Manners on "Featherlegs," Hon. R. Grosvenor on "Kingfisher," General Grosvenor on "Columbus." Then comes Rev. R. Grosvenor, Lord R. Manners looking through his eyeglass

at the end of his stock on "Benefit," and Thom is Goosey, huntsman, on "Florin." The picture from every point of view is charming; there is life and movement in the hounds and horses, while the pertraits are, I believe, excellent. This was painted in 1827.

There are other interesting pictures of sport and horses in this portion of the building, but I must reluctantly pass them by, and begin with the Hoppner

> of General Grosvenor, which faces the long corridor of the main building. This very goodlooking soldier is in his picturesque uniform, and is shown carrying a military rifle over his arm-a somewhat unusual thing for an officer of his day to do. His scarlet coat, white cross-belts, gold epaulets, buckskin breeches, leather gloves, blue cuffs edged with gold lace, and busby, make a very striking picture. Born in 1764, he became Colonel of the 65th Regiment, and subsequently was made a Field-Marshal. He died in 1851.

Along the corridor, which is lined

with many glass cupboards containing rare specimens of china and pottery, there are many beautiful cabinets, tables, and chairs, the latter principally of carved ebony made in Ceylon for the Portuguese. These came from the sale of Horace Walpole's effects at Strayberry Hill. Some way down the corridor, and facing the entrance passage to the smoking and billiard room, is a large full-length painting of a lady, by Bronzin, 1511-1580. The inscription in Italian tells us the Dianora Salviati, wife of Bartolomeo Frescobaldi, we see the mother of fifty-two children—three at a birth. This picture was bought by the first duke from one of this lady's heirs. But the story as to her mother

The smoking-room and billiard-room,

BY HOPPNER

hood is true.

Eaton Hall

confortable, though by no means large rooms, open one from the other, and contain several works by Stubbs. These rooms face the front approach, having the chapel on the right, and the statue in front of the golden gates on the left front. There is no necessity to enter into a detailed description of either room.

Nearly opposite to the entrance to the smokingroom is the dining-room, which measures 45 ft. by 36 ft. This fine room has its walls coloured in a rich warm red, and harmonises well with the panelling, which is in walnut. The pattern on the red shows the portcullis badge (for Westminster) and the wheatsheaf (for Grosvenor). The fine chimney-piece was brought from a Genoese palace. The pictures either side of the fireplace are one by Snyders of a Lion Hunt, and one of a Bear Hunt by Rubens. The most striking picture, however, is the one of the present duchess, which hangs over the fireplace, and is in a good light. Another picture here is of the first duke, presented by friends in and about Chester. This is by Millais. The curtains over the windows which overlook the sloping grounds down to the river and the country far away beyond, consist of two hundred yards of Utrecht velvet, the fringe on the bottom alone weighing one cwt. The velvets, both in the dining-room and library, and the covering to the chairs here and in the ante dining-room, were from the looms in Bethnal Green, though it was supposed at one time that such fabrics could only be produced in France. The ante dining-room, a charming room which adjoins, contains the pictures in panels of the Grosvenors, as well as some by Millais of Sibell Countess Grosvenor, daughter of the Earl of Scarbrough; Elizabeth Marchioness of Ormonde; and Beatrice Lady Chesham. There is also the large picture of the Grosvenor family by Leslie, R.A., 1833, comprising the three generations. The chairs are of pearwood, and the ottomans covered in Genoese embroidery, while the window shutters are decorated to represent the wild flowers that grow round Eaton Hall. Passing through this, the saloon is entered, but this I hope to describe, as well as the ante drawingroom, drawing-room, library, hall, and state rooms, in next month's issue. All that I can now do is to give illustrations of a fine Venetian cabinet, an Empire clock, and some large chairs in appliqué work, some of the beautiful pieces of furniture in this extraordinary apartment, which, together with the hall, divided only by pillars of "Vert de Mer," measures 76 ft. by 32 ft.



INDO-PORTUGUESE CHAIR

ONE OF A SET PURCHASED AT £100 EACH CHAIR



On a Collection of Flemish Domestic Benitiers By Alfred E. Knight

In an age of collectors and collecting, when every corner of the earth is being industriously searched for antiquities and objets d'art of whatever kind, it is surprising that so little notice has been taken of benitiers. Yet of things artistic, having both the charm of age and old-world religious association, what objects could be found more deserving of the collector's attention? Occasionally one meets with a stray specimen in a private museum—stowed away, of course, on the dustiest shelf and in the darkest corner—but so rarely has this been our experience that we are almost inclined to think that the collection here in part figured and described is unique of its kind in England.

The owner, Major R. H. C. Tufnell, is a collector of many years' standing, not of benitiers merely, but of old arms and pewter, and, above all, of Indian coins. On one branch of Indian numismatics he is, indeed, a recognised authority; his works on the

coinage of South India, carried out under the auspices of the Madras and Mysore Government, being well known, and said to be fairly exhaustive. The benitiers contained in his collection were all found in Flanders, to which interesting country he has paid many visits, and it comprises examples of all periods in wood, bone, pewter, copper, brass, silver, stone, plaster, delft, and porcelain.

Flanders is, perhaps, the most priest-ridden country on the face of the earth; but if any collector of antiquities is in search of benitiers, he will find it a most happy hunting-ground, the few difficulties to be encountered giving zest to the search. Italy may be known to connoisseurs for its crucifixes, Spain for its reliquaries, France for its rosaries; but for benitiers—especially of the domestic type—Flanders will safely bear the palm.

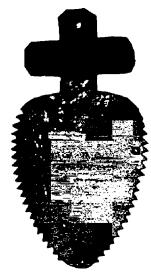
Most of the specimens in Major Tufnell's collection were obtained from the houses of the poorer



No. I.-BRASS

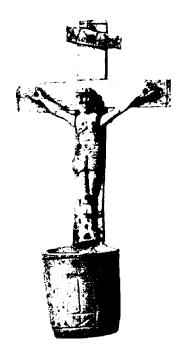


No. II.-BRASS



No. III.—COPPER

Flemish Domestic Benitiers



No. IV.-BONE

be it only of pewter or the homeliest delft: still more precious is the dirty and insanitary liquid in its shallow well—the Holy Water blessed by the priest. With this the happy father may perform the rite of baptism over his own children, and wage victorious warfare with the powers of evil that beset his dwelling. The folklore of the people abounds with instances of its wonderful efficacy; the following will serve for illustration.

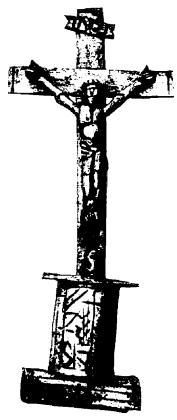
A poor man who possessed not even a straw mattress on

which to lay his children, found, one winter's night, a russ of straw. Wild with joy, he took it home; be scarcely had he laid it on the ground than the season up on one end and began to dance. It was bewitched. Fortunately, the man's wife had to the morning replenished their benitier with Holy ter, and she was quite equal to the occasion. Some inkling some of the water on the truss and uttering a suitable adjuration, the truss disappeared, it king a great noise as it vanished up the chimney.

Among the earliest benitiers in the collection are Nos. i. and ii., very simple forms in brass, with wells to hold the Holy Water shaped like the "dippers" used by water-colour painters of to-day. Especially interesting is the second of these, in which the early

classes in the Western provinces of the country, or from small village churches; while a few of the more intrinsically valuable came from the private chapels of the wealthier Flamands.

Precious to the simple-minded Flamand is his benitier,



No. V.-BONE

type of cross is formed by five pellets, a similar row, impressed from the back, appearing round the heart-shaped specimen figured as No. iii., which is of copper. These three specimens may all belong to the fifteenth century, though not improbably they are of a still earlier date: certainly they are not later

A scarcer if not quite so early an example is No. iv., which is of bone. Bone benitiers are among the rarest of all, and the one here figured is in very fine condition. The disposition of the feet of the Christ, which are placed one over the other and pierced by a single nail, is noteworthy, and may be

some indication of the period to which it belongs, but the cross itself is almost certainly of a later date. No. v., also of bone, shows the same placing of the feet, and is of the same character. It is inserted only for comparison, however, as it is a crucifix merely—the kind not infrequently hung above benitiers which do not themselves bear the image of the cross, e.g. Nos. vi. and vii., which are of metal.

The early carved wood benitiers are hardly less rare than those of bone, and, owing to



No. VI.-METAL

this day in Switzerland, but the piece is of undoubted antiquity. The rest of the carving has a most primitive appearance; the feet are crossed and the head is almost erect, as in the very early figures of Christ.

Nos. ix. to xiii., inclusive, are typical of a large and remarkable series. All are of pewter, and they mostly bear the hall-mark of the rose,



the more perishable

nature of the material, very early ones are

almost unknown. The

example No. viii.,

which is of oak, belongs to this category.

The well is curiously similar in form and

ornamentation to the

bowls of the carved

No. VII.-METAL

or rose and crown; of which latter type two specimens were figured in the second volume of this magazine. The evolution—or, rather, devolution of the symbolic figures occurring at the foot of the Cross in each example is extremely curious, and in some ways instructive. Looking only at No. ix., one might speculate for a long time on the meaning of the apparently bent rods issuing from nothing definite and, though inclining towards each other, stopping short in a blob of pewter, which might be merely accidental. Various and somewhat fantastic theories have at times been woven round this quaint design, but No. x. or xi. at once solves the mystery. The rods are two arms—the left and right respectively of two cherubs-and the blob of pewter represents the sacred heart grasped in their hands, a representation quite common in the Flemish Church. It may be noted that the wing of one cherub can still be seen to the left in No. xi., and there are traces of them also on other specimens in the collection not figured here. No. ix., however, should

be specially studied, as it offers the quaintest variation of this emblematic base in the whole collection, and, moreover, shows the flames issuing from the centre of the heart. Above it is the image of the Virgin with Child enthroned on clouds.

Other pewter examples are Nos. xii. and xiii. The cup-like well of the former has



No. XI.-PEWTER



No. X.—PEWTER

a cover of the same metal working on a zinc wire hinge. The embossed group above is presumably the Virgin and Child, but the Virgin's head is missing. The Child is triplecrowned, and bears in His left hand what appears to be the orb of the world. Both are clad in rich vestments, the embroidery of which

is represented in high and sharp relief. The latter is noteworthy as bearing below the bound and thorn-crowned Christ the legend "E.C. HOMO," and is without hall-mark.

In No. xiv. we have a silver-gilt triptych, procured in the neighbourhood



No. IX.—PEWTER



No. VIII.-OAK

of Bruges. The central plaque shows the Virgin and Child enthroned, with Saints attendant, while the apex contains a minute representation

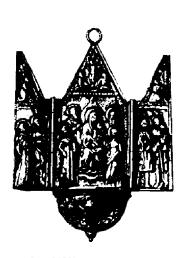
of the Crucifixion. The two wings of the triptych contain figures of Saints, with Angels worshipping above. The work is very choice, and probably of the early seventeenth century. Curiously enough, the collection also contains a benitier without wings, which exactly corresponds with the centre plaque of this, and, from close examination, would seem to have been cast from the same mould, but an amethyst has been set in the front of the bowl where the Angel's head and wings are here represented. This was obtained at Antwerp, and, what is equally curious, both bear entirely different lall-marks. Specimens of this type are extremely rere-

Benitiers of delft and porcelain offer by far the greatest and quaintest variety, and of these there are some thirty or forty in Major Tufnell's collection; a few of them are here figured. An early forth is No. xv. The blue glaze in this specimen has run into the gray, the colouration recalling that on eighteenth-century Lambeth delft apothecaries' ars. The triangle in the centre, symbolizing the Triaity, bears a curious device, the meaning of which we

Flemish Domestic Benitiers







No. XIV.—SILVER-GILT



No. XIII.—PEWTER

have been unable to ascertain, though it may not improbably be a corrupted abbreviation of the , so often found Hebrew name Jehovah, The quaint forms in this connection. of the Virgin and Christ and the Angelic attendants on many of these are of extreme interest, but to illustrate even a small percentage of them would take up far more room than we have at our disposal. We may notice No. xvi., however, which represents a benitier of very early type. Here the figure of the Christ is, by means of lines diverging from the base, transformed into an anchor, the drops of blood from the pierced hands doubtless being intended to represent the anchor's chain-a touchingly quaint conception in which the old Flemish artist, in the true spirit of mediæval symbolism, combines the anchor of his hope with the Crucifixion of his

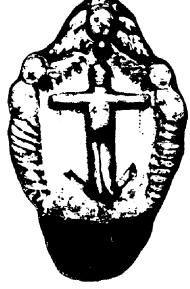
And now if one glances at No. xvii., and contrasts

its aggressive modernness with the art of the dead past, one may well feel ashamed. The cheap-looking white glaze, disfigured by the gilt and red lines introduced to emphasize the foliate pattern, the tawdry colouring of the oval plaque, in fact, the tout ensemble, "damn the base copy of the modern day"; yet this example marks a type, and degeneracy in Christian art of necessity goes hand in hand with decay of faith and religious earnestness.

The composite forms of many modern benitiers are not as a rule artistically pleasing. One specimen, not here figured, has a well of semi-translucent stone and a support of brass, a design which could hardly help lacking unity. The parts are joined by a rivet, and the clumsiness of the fastenings suggest late and degenerate work, though the figure of the Christ, which is distinct from the Cross, is doubtless of some antiquity. In another the well is of porcelain and the back of alabaster, but the oval plaque is merely



No. XV.-DELFT



No. XVI.-DELFT



No. XVII.-PORCELAIN

The Connoisseur

plaster-of-Paris, and the studs are brass: while a third, with porcelain well, has an oval plaque of some

say, they serve the same purpose as those already alluded to, and are of equal interest. Many early



No. XVIII.-PORCELAIN

dark composition on a wood foundation. Nos. xviii., xix., and xx. are other examples of porcelain benitiers.

Thus far we have spoken only of a few specimens in the collection which are purely for domestic use, the kind one sees hanging on the cottage walls of devout Flamands; but in addition to these there is another type exclusively of brass, copper, or pewter, which are suspended from any convenient point, of which Nos. vi. and vii. are examples. Needless to



No. XIX.-PORCELAIN

and graceful forms of these occur, though they do not offer the same variety of form or decoration as those to which we have alluded.

The evolution of Christian art which may be traced in these objects, as in so many other objets d'art, is profoundly interesting, and deserves to be more widely studied. We have lately seen some silver crucifixes in Messrs. Spink & Son's Galleries, belonging to different periods, in which the changing ideas on one of the subjects here referred to may be traced step by step in a most instructive manner.



No. XX.-porcelain

12 AP 1013

ear a philippet



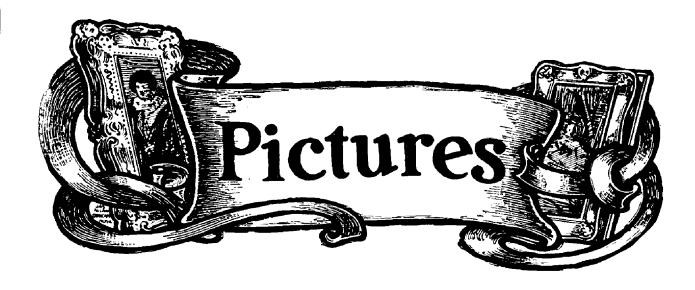
MRS. FITZHERBERT

By R. Cosway
In the collection of Sir J. G. Tollemache Sinclate, Bart.

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Mr. Arthur Morrison's Collection of Chinese and Japanese Paintings Part I. By Stewart Dick

THE paintings of the far East are little known in the West, even among those who are lovers of art. Such knowledge as most Europeans possess regarding the pictorial arts of Japan is based chiefly

on the study of its later developments in the colour prints, which, a few vears ago, came to us as such a revelation of decorative beauty and charm. The products of a despised art, the art of the common people, these prints were little valued in Japan, and so were exported in large numbers to exercise a far-reaching influence on European schools of design. it has been far otherwise was the art of painting. \mathbf{T} most aristocratic of all the arts, its products h: always been highly ed in Japan. Its gı test treasures, stored 'n cold Buddhist tem-Đ. and the collections ie Daimios, are rarely by the traveller, and m : rarely still ever combine into the market. Such paintings as do are naturally of the more recent schools, and the old masters, who are in

Japan looked upon with

the same veneration as we accord to the great masters of European art, are, for the most part, represented only by more or less ingenious forgeries.

During the fifty years which have elapsed since Japan

began to relax her policy of isolation, comparatively few of her finest paintings have ever reached this country. The British Museum possesses a fine though mixed collection; the rest are distributed among a few private collections.

But besides the mere rarity of the paintings there are other difficulties in the path of the student and the collector. Chinese and Japanese pictorial art differs widely both in point of view and in manner of expression from the works of our European schools, and for this reason is often, even by the cultured amateur, unappreciated and misunderstood. Also the text-books dealing with the subject, by those who have had exceptional opportunities of studying the finest examples, are too often written from an alien and unsympathetic standpoint, their writers not having



TIGER BY MUH-KI (JAP MOK-KEI)

learnt the language of the art they criticise. For rare as are the old Japanese paintings, the European critic who understands and fully appreciates their merits is rarer still.

Perhaps the most distinctive feature of Mr. Arthur Morrison's collection is, not its extent and completeness, astonishing though that is, or the many rarities which it contains, some of them almost unknown even

in Japan, but the fact that it has been brought together with a unique knowledge and understanding of the principles of Japanese and Chinese art; that the keenest critical insight has rejected everything of doubtful authenticity, so that it includes nothing but what is worthy of its place.

For the pitfalls that surround the unwary collector are many and ob-In the case of most of the better known artists the forgeries largely outnumber the genuine examples, and few collections really contain the treasures indicated by their catalogues. The signature on a painting of itself is little guide, for to render that in such a way as to satisfy the European eve is the easiest task of the forger. Then many a genuine painting is unsigned. Others again, originally left unsigned, have had the signature added subsequently by

another hand, often in perfectly good faith, so that a forged signature does not necessarily mean a forged picture. The certificates also, by well-known artists and critics, so often found in the box containing a valuable painting, are themselves frequently forgeries; or, again, a genuine certificate may be used not to substantiate the original, which probably needs no such guarantee, but to bolster up a forgery.

The only true test, in fact, is to judge the painting by the work alone. In China and Japan painting was originally regarded as a "branch of calligraphy." With Indian ink, on silk or absorbent paper, the artist worked with a full brush. Each stroke was indelible, there could be no alteration or modification, but vith a bold and firm hand he set down his thought once and for all with inimitable directness and force. Chiaroscuro was only suggested; colour, when used, applied in flat washes. Line, flowing and swelling and marvellously expressive, was the chief means by which he expressed himself. Thus, even more than

in Western art, for the means of expression are so much more simplified and direct, the hand of the artist may be recognised in his technique. To the eye of the expert a Tanyu or a Naonobu is "signed all over," but to attain to this knowledge is required not only insight and sympathy of the highest degree, but years of patient study.

For the forger is often marvellously dexterous, and in his methods spares no pains. A valuable painting will be covered with a thin sheet of transparent oiled paper, which is waterproof; on this again is laid the sheet of thin silk, also almost transparent, and then, with the original visible underneath, the forger duplicates it stroke for stroke. It is only an indescribable quality in the line that distinguishes the work of the master from the copy, the one alive and full of a subtle



THE THREE RELIGIONS

BY WANG-LU-KUNG

beauty, the other lacking just the touch of inspiration that gives life.

To deal thoroughly with such a collection as Mr. Morrison's would be to trace the history of ar in Japan from the immigration of the Buddhist prests from Korea in the sixth century down to the present day, but in this short article it is only possible to treat briefly of its salient features and to repreduce a few characteristic examples.

The older art of China was the fountain her l of Japanese art. Not only did it there receive its lirth, but its growth was stimulated by successive way s of

Chinese influence. It will be well, therefore, to deal first with the examples of the art of the parent country.

But though the parallel schools of China and Japan are so closely linked together, there is still visible a distinct national quality in each. A Japanese writer of the eighteenth century modestly and poetically

expresses this difference in the phrase that "our painting is the flower, that of China is the fruit in its maturity," and though this hardly does justice to the power and dignity of the greatest Japanese works, yet it hits off well the distinctive qualities of the two styles. The Chinese work possesses more sobriety than the Japanese; it is marked by a steady seriousness, which pervades even its lighter and more delicate manifestations. The Japanese spirit seems more spontaneous, more volatile, and sometimes runs riot in a wealth of gay and irresponsible fancy.

Chinese paintings, especially of the older schools, are even more rare in European collections than Japanese paintings: almost the only known specimens being those treasured in the temples and private collections of Japan. No one knows what wealth of art, despite the wanton and barbarous destruction of the summer palace of Pekin, may yet lie hidden in China; but this has hitherto not been revealed to European eyes.

Of the many examples in the collection, first of all is a fine painting by Ching So Wang, an

artist of the Tang dynasty (A.D. 618-906). The subject is the favourite one of an angry storm-dragon bursting out from a thundercloud, and though the colours have dimmed and faded, a thousand years have not lessened the terrible restrained strength of the picture.

One of the greatest masters of the Sung dynasty was Mok-kei, who lived in the eleventh century, famous as a painter of tigers, dragons, and birds. The example here reproduced, which is in wonderfully good preservation, is full of tremendous power,

the lithe, sinewy form of the tiger seeming the very embodiment of sinister and murderous ferocity.

Of this early period the collection also possesses a very fine example, attributed to Cho Tai-nen, of a hunter riding home in the dusk on an ox. It is unsigned, but the chief argument against its attribution

is its wonderfully perfect preservation.

The Ming period is represented first by two beautiful flower and bird paintings dating from the fourteenth century, by Wang-jo-sui. The background has darkened to a rich golden brown, and the colours are full and harmonious, and though the petals of the flowers are painted with extreme delicacy, yet the paintings are full of a grave dignity.

Then follow two very fine specimens dating from the sixteenth century, probably the only examples of the respective artists in Europe. The one, by Shiu-shi-ben, is a delightful study of birds and white blossom, strong and simple in line, and of rich full colour. The other, a landscape by Bun-cho-mei, the poet and calligraphist, is what is known as a "literary man's picture." It is a noble and dignified composition of massy mountain, cloud and stream; the colour soft rich greens and sombre browns, with here and there a touch of red. The rarity of this artist's work may be judged from the fact that no other specimen exists in Europe, very few are known



TAISHAKU TEN

BY YUKUHIDE

in Japan, and nothing is known of an example in China.

Although the works of the Tsing period, which followed the Ming, are often hastily set down as inferior to the older schools, the period produced many great painters, and their works are much sought after in Japan. From some of the examples here, one may see to what heights they attain.

An artist whose work is much valued in Japan is Wang-Hui, a landscapist of the seventeenth century, who painted in the softer Southern style, and

Mr. Morrison is fortunate in the possession of an album containing twelve of those delicate drawings. Also of the seventeenth century is a beautiful painting of white blossom by Hosonoku.

Few European religious paintings could compare in elevation and dignity with the example by

Wang-Lu-Kung, who lived at the end of the Ming and the beginning of the Tsing dynasties. The subject is the favourite one of the three religions: Buddha, Confucius, and Lao Tse (the last represented as a babe) meet harmoniously in the realms of the ideal. In an Encyclopædia of Painting published in China in the eighteenth century, the painter was described as "the greatest figure-painter of his time, surpassing all his contemporaries as the seven stars of Heaven surpass the lesser constellations."

Dated 1722, nearly a hundred years later, is an example of Chin-nan-pin, an artist from whom the naturalistic painter Maruyama Okio derived much of his inspiration. The subject is a group of white rabbits under a tree covered with blossom. The animals are absolutely life-like, the quality of the transparent petals of the blossom is exquisitely rendered, and the whole picture is a wonderful combination of grave solidity in style, with an extreme delicacy in handling.

The first painters in Japan
were the Buddhist priests who crossed over from

Korea in the sixth century, and for a long time their art was confined to the productions of Butsugwa, the sacred pictures which adorned the temple shrines.

For many centuries the work was carried on on strictly traditional lines, and in those formal paintings are found some of the most noble monuments of Japanese art. The temples were the safest storehouses of art relics in Japan, and a fair number of the old Butsu-gwa survive; but in most of them the former splendour of the colour is sadly dulled and tarnished by age and incense fumes.

Very few fine examples have found their way to Europe, and the Japanese Government is even now making a survey of all such temple pictures, which are being catalogued as national treasures, and their

> export forbidden. One of the most surprising features, therefore, of Mr. Morrison's collection is the number of really fine Butsu-gwa which it contains.

> First of these may be mentioned a beautiful and impressive representation of the male Kwannon (it is the female form that is usually painted), with a small adoring figure at the foot of the picture. It dates from the ninth century, and at such a distance of time, in the absence of any other evidence, it is impossible to attribute it more particularly than to one of the great Kosé painters of that time. Age and incense fumes have turned the background to a dark brown, but they have failed to destroy the extreme nobility of the painter's conception and the delicacy and firmness of his workmanship. It was a difficult problem that such a picture set for the artist. The figure to be represented was not human, but supernatural; it contained, too, such abnormal features as several pairs of arms, yet the impression produced must be noble and elevated, not grotesque.



PORTRAIT OF TENJIN SAMA, ASCRIBED TO KANAOKA

To us accustomed to the earthliness and poverty of inspiration which distinguish almost invariably the works of Christian art, the extreme loftiness of conception of such works is absolutely a revelation.

Another work of much the same period, also a picture of great dignity and beauty, bears a certificate attributing it to no less a painter than the great Kanaoka himself; but Mr. Morrison himself prefers to regard it as a fine work of the twelfth or thirteent; century.

But the finest of all Mr. Morrison's Butsu-gwa is



THE POET SHITAGO

BY NOBUZANE

probably the great picture by Eshin Sodzu-Genshin, who lived in the end of the tenth and the early part of the eleventh centuries.

The care taken in storing the picture is evidence of the high estimation in which it was held. The box containing the roll has a lock and key, to insure its only being opened by the chief priest of the temple in which it so long reposed, and the rollers of the kakemono are mounted with beautiful jiku of hammered bronze.

The picture itself is of tremendous power. The Buddha is represented as standing in a lotus and descending upon a cloud to the earth; before him descend two angels. The figures are gilded all over, and on the surface of the gold appear in most exquisite drawing the features and other details. A halo surrounds the head of each figure, and from that of the Buddha great rays in gold strike off to the edge of the painting. The background is of ganjo (the famous lapis lazuli blue), but this has cracked off and faded to something nearer a rich Lick with a strange bloom of blue over it, so that the picture only burns with some part of its former splendour. The gold of the halos, the radiating rays, and the outlines of the lotus leaves were all executed, too, in the samous kiri-kané or cut gold (now almost a lost art); but where the gunjo has cracked away, it has also carried with it the gold, so that only traces here and there are left.

Indirect evidence makes the more certain the authenticity of this picture. The silk on which it is painted is not of one piece, but of three narrow strips sewn together—a characteristic of the work of some 900 years ago, when silk was not to be obtained in broader widths. Then, again, gunjo is a colour of such extreme permanence that for 500 years it remains untouched by time, and the further changes here visible are only possible in at least 200 years more.

Of the thirteenth century is an exquisite example by Takuma Choga, another great painter, whose works are so rare that he is to most little more than a name. It represents Jizo, the protector of children, and is characterised by a wonderful sweetness and dignity combined with great power.

The collection contains also two very fine examples of the work of Kasuga Yukuhide, a painter of the early fifteenth century, with the colour still clear, bright, and unclouded. Two out of a set of the twelve Deva Kings, they probably belonged to a small temple, where, owing to limited space, the whole twelve could not be hung up together, and so escaped with little use. One especially, representing Taishaku Ten, which is here reproduced—unfortunately not in colour—is a fine example of the



SHOKI AND DEMON

BY CHO DENSU

splendour and dignity of the old Buddhist work, with its rich tints and copious use of gold. The halo with other parts of the painting was gilded under the silk, but owing to the remounting of the picture the gold in these cases has disappeared.

Of a slightly later date are two fine specimens

of Shiba Rinken, who flourished in the beginning of the sixteenth century.

Some of the painters of the old Buddhist schools also painted in an alternative secular manner, but these paintings are even rarer than those of sacred subjects.

And here we have, perhaps, the most sensational of all the treasures of the collection.

The most famous of all Japanese painters is the great Kosé no Kanaoka, and he was one of the first of those who, in addition to Butsu-gwa, devoted his attention to secular subjects. But the last absolutely authenticated works of Kanaoka was in the royal palace at Kioto, and these were destroyed by fire in the seventeenth century. Since that time, then, though various pictures have been attributed to the master, it has been impossible to absolutely confirm any such attribution, as there is no

undoubted example of his work with which comparison may be made.

But Mr.: Morrison possesses a portrait which is ascribed to Kanaoka, and which represents the famous philosopher, Tenjin Sama, a personal friend of the artist, and above the figure is inscribed by the hand of the Emperor Uda, a poem in praise of Tenjin Sama. Formerly there existed a certificate by Kohitsu Rioyei, a contemporary of Kano Tanyu, who would therefore have seen undoubted examples of Kanaoka's work, but the box containing the picture

was destroyed by fire in the eighteenth century, and the certificate perished with it. To preserve a record, however, of its contents, it was re-written on gold paper and attached to the inside of the roller at the bottom of the mount, so that until the whole picture was destroyed the record in the inside of the roll

would remain; and there indeed it remains to this day.

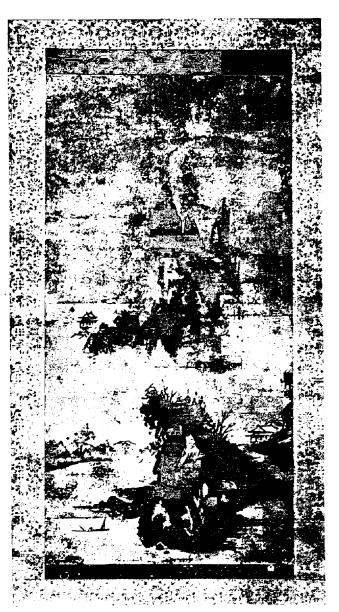
This picture remained in the hands of descendants of Tenjin Sama till quite recently, and a few years ago was shown at an exhibition of relics of the great philosopher. The history of its transference to Mr. Morrison's collection is interesting, though too long for reproduction here.

As matters are, it is impossible to say with absolute certainty that any painting is by Kanaoka. But there is no reason why one should disbelieve the record given; and among competent native judges the least favourable possibility admitted is that the work might be a production of the greatest Takuma, a little later than Kanaoka. On its own merits, the portrait in its quiet and serene calmness is worthy of the greatest artist.

A unique example also is the small secular painting by Fujiwara no

Nobuzane, who died in 1265. It is a portrait of the poet Minamoto no Shitago, being a section cut from what was originally a makimono of the thirty-six poets. It belonged to an old Japanese temple, wherein the artist Shokwado was chief priest, as shown by the picture being stamped as the property of the temple, with the artist's seal.

Another fine example of secular work by an old Buddhist painter is by Cho Densu, one of the greatest of all Japanese painters, who died early in the fifteenth century. It represents Shoki, the demon-destroter,



LANDSCAPE BY SHIUBUR

carrying off a little demon, which howls and struggles in desperation. The drawing is of astonishing force, and one colour a wonderful harmony of soft quiet tints.

From the Buddhistic school there gradually arose the secular Yamato or Tosa school. In the fourteenth century a famous master in this manner was Kosé no

Korchisa, the painter of a series of makimono illustrating one of the civil wars of the eleventh century. This roll, originally in the possession of the Japanese Empress, and said to contain the finest of all Japanese war pictures, was carefully copied in the seventeenth century, and the copy has now a restingplace in Mr. Morrison's collection. It is a startling piece of work, the grim horrors of war being set down without softening or mitigation. The drawing of the horses especially is superb, and the long roll is full of scenes of grand dramatic quality.

One of the leading court painters of the sixteenth century was Tosa Mitsushige, whose daughter married the Kano painter, Motonobu, and of his work the collection has a valuable example. It consists of three panels of a sliding screen, and is a typical example of the old Tosa manner. The whole

surface is covered with gold, above which the colours have been laid, and the effect is rich and jewel-like. The centre panels represent nobles playing the stately football game, which was once reckoned as one of the higher accomplishments.

O the later Tosa artists the collection contains som fine examples, and also a book of illustrations in the Tosa style, by Toshun, a Kano painter, who lived in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, of

the old romance, "The Genji Monogatari." The book originally belonged to the Shogun's family, bearing his crest in needlework on the cover, and the backs of the pages are covered with the amateur drawings, some of them very clever, of the members of his household.

When the Chinese renaissance in the beginning

of the fifteenth century gave a new impetus to Japanese art, Shiubun was the leading figure, and the example which Mr. Morrison possesses shows all the poetry and mystery of his work. For the old Chinese and Japanese landscape painters did not seek realism; it was the spirit of nature which they sought to portray. They dwelt in the realms of the ideal, and their cool streams and towering mountains swathed in mist, with here and there the suggestion of a temple roof, or a fisherman's boat, have all the peaceful serenity of the world of dreams.

Of the work of Shiubun's famous pupils Oguri Sotan and Noami, practically unknown out of Japan, there are two fine examples: the first, a delightful study of birds and flowers, full of soft harmonious colour, which marks Sotan as one of the finest of Japanese



THE SAGE DARUMA

BY SOAMI

flower painters; the other, by Noami, a striking and powerful study of a tiger, which almost rivals that of Mok-kei himself.

Noami's grandson, Soami, was famous for his soft misty landscapes, painted in the Chinese manner; but that he could turn his powers to quite another class of subject is shown by the exceedingly powerful head of the sage Daruma, a masterpiece of concentrated force. (To be continued.)



Mr. Butts, the Friend and Patron of Blake By Ada E. Briggs

THERE are many titles to immortality, as there are to that lesser honour, a right to be remembered by one's fellow-men; and to be known to posterity as having been the friend and helper of as yet unrecognised genius is certainly not one of the Blake was a force that it would have been difficult for circumstances to conquer in any case, but that pathetic, empty plate, which Mrs. Blake used to place before her husband as a silent reminder that even prophets and seers must eat to live, and as an entreaty that he would forthwith depict some of those visions with pen or pencil that starvation might not overtake them, must, without Mr. Butts, have appeared far oftener than it actually did. And if these wonderful imaginings had never been given a concrete form, what a loss this would have been to the world!

We do not know what it was that in the beginning drew these two, at first sight, most divergent personalities together, but materials fortunately exist from which we can gather a good idea of the relations which subsisted between them. This friendship forms one of the most pleasing aspects of Blake's strenuous career; the most perfect of all, perhaps, being his relations to his wife; for unlike the majority of men of genius, he was fortunate in the woman he married;



MRS. T. BUTTS BY W. BLAKE
(By permission of the Owner)

they understood and loved each other to the end; and the friendship, too, was never broken.

Mr. Butts, at the time when he first began to buy the works of the practically unknown artist, held a post under Government, and must have been somewhat of a dandy

to judge from the smart embroidered coats, waistcoats, and lace ruffles preserved by his descendants and kept in a chest standing near the pictures, which he perhaps bought whilst he was wearing them. A slight sketch of the most prominent among his forbears may be interesting before we pass on to consider his relations to the poet-artist.

We find, then, that the family was of considerable importance in the reigns of Richard and John; and there is still in existence a deed dated October 11th, 1170, in which the King leases large estates in the counties of Suffolk and Essex to his "Well-beloved John and Mary Butts."

The next member of the family who has left a record in history was a Sir William Butts living in the time of Edward III., who was slain, Camden says, at the Battle of Poictiers, A.D. 1356. During the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries the family seems to have resided only at Shouldham Thorpe and Thornage, in Norfolk. The manor of Thornage was long in the possession of the Butts family, and on the ancient communion plate of the church there is inscribed: "Was the gyfte of John Butes" (often so spelt) "and Margaret his wife, 1456," and then, apparently added later, "which dyed in 1479." This John was the father of Sir William Butts, the celebrated physician

to Henry VIII., mentioned by Shakespeare. Aitken, in his Biography of Medicine, says that this Sir William was educated at Gonville College, Cambridge, of which he was elected a Fellow. He became B.A. in 1506, M.A. in 1509, and M.D. in 1518. He was the friend of Wolsey, Cranmer, and Hugh Latimer,



T. BUTTS, THE FATHER
BY W. BLAKE
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Mr. Butts, the Friend of Blake

and the patron of Cheke and Thirlby. In 1729 he was admitted a member of the College of Physicians. But it is strange how history repeats itself, and Thomas Butts was not the first of his line to be the friend and patron of a great artist, for Dr. Butts' chief title to remembrance now lies in the facts that he stood in this same relationship to Holbein, who painted him more than once, as well as several members of his family; and also that he was for a time a living entity in Shakespeare's mind, who singled him out from the crowd

of courtiers and noblemen to stand for a moment beside his protagonists, in the play of Henry VIII. Shakespeare probably never saw Dr. Butts, who died in 1545, before the capital had yet received in humble guise the greatest of England's sons; but no doubt he had often heard of him. Sir William married Margaret Bacon, and their daughter married her cousin, Sir Nicholas Bacon, elder brother of the great Lord Bacon, and this daughter carried the greater part of the Norfolk estates and many of the pictures out of the family. Her brother Edmund's portrait by Bettes, a pupil of Holbein, is now in the National Gallery.

Early in the eighteenth century we find a Robert Butts (born 1685, died 1747), the son of a William Butts, rector of Hartest, Suffolk, as Bishop of Ely; he was great-uncle to the man who is the subject of this sketch, and left to his great-nephew some beautiful china, which still exists.

Thomas Butts, like Blake himself, was happy in his married life, and profound love and sympathy existed

between him and his wife. This Elizabeth Butts (née Cooper) drew quaint pictures in needlework; groups of rabbits, har s, partridges, and the like — one won lers what Blal thought of them, and whether he was ever called upon to express his opinion on their merits



T. BUTTS, THE YOUNGER
BY W. BLAKE
(By permission of the Owner)

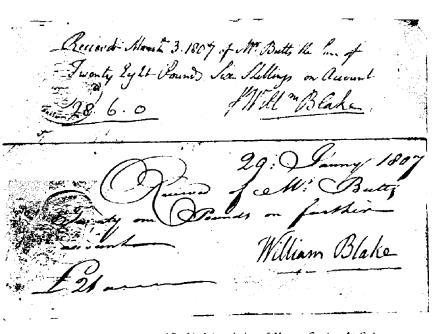
as artistic productions. The colours are a little faded now, but otherwise they are as well preserved as when "Betsy," as she was called, first finished them and sent them to be framed—with no little pride we may be sure!

The eldest son of this Thomas and Elizabeth Butts, Joseph Edward, ran through a very considerable fortune during his father's life-time, and was disinherited. He died before his father and his family migrated to America. There were several other children, who all died young, with the

exception of the subject of the third miniature reproduced here, also a Thomas, who was born in 1788, and died in 1862. He was the son whom Blake was engaged to teach drawing at a yearly salary of £,26; but the father seems to have profited far more by the lessons than the son did, and though it is difficult, when father and son both have the same name, to be sure in every case, the drawings and engravings reproduced here are all believed to be by the father. The son did not share the elder Thomas Butts' enthusiasm for Blake, and after his father's death either gave away or sold for a mere trifle a great many of the pictures, and notably the Inventions to the Book of Job, which was sold by Lord Crewe at Sotheby's on March 30th, 1904, for £5,600, the highest price, it is believed, ever paid for any comparatively modern book.

It was about the year 1793 that Blake made the acquaintance of Mr. Butts. What, one wonders, was the bond between the two? Was Mr. Butts so far

seeing that he alone of the general public of his day recognised the interest and value that these works would have for a later generation? Was it the personality of the poet-artist that attracted him? Or was it kindness of heart and sympathy with the struggles and difficulties



AUTOGRAPH RECEIPTS

(By kind permission of Messrs. Carfax & Co)

of a poor and unknown genius that induced him to expend the money he gave for pictures by living artists—and he for some time bought one a week—on the works of Blake alone, instead of also on those of men esteemed in his day, many of them still esteemed in ours: Bartolozzi, Flaxman, Stothard, not to mention Sir Joshua, who had just died (1792), Gainsborough, and Ronney? The only works by an artist of his own day, other than Blake, that he bought were three interesting pencil sketches of

the Royal Dukes, by Laurence. Did he feel that Blake possessed some special quality that attracted him more than anything that these others had done? One cannot but think so, especially when we see from the reproductions of some of the work that he executed under Blake's tuition, how much he has caught of the master's manner and feeling. Even if the floating figure was copied from one of Blake's, as seems likely, the Venus Anadyomene that bears the legend "T. Butts, Inv. et pinx., 1807" cannot be. The three others are probably engraved from Blake's designs. The plates are still in existence.

The pleasantest relations marked their long friendship, and Blake, who with the irritability natural to a man of his ardent, imaginative character quarrelled with almost everyone, never had a serious disagreement with Mr. Butts. He says himself that his friend always left him free to exercise his own judgement, and that he would never cease to honour and respect him on this account. Thus we find that generosity, confidence, and admiring recognition of great powers on the one hand, and love and gratitude on the other, seem to have marked their intercourse For though the price that Mr. Butts throughout. paid for the pictures, one guinea each, now seems to us ridiculously inadequate, yet it was far more than Blake could obtain for them elsewhere, and,

indeed, at one time there was no one else who would buy them at any price; but Blake, as we know, valued far more than money the recognition of his genius and the being left free to follow his own strong inward bent. As long as he had the wherewithal to purchase the materials of his art, and to provide himself and his Catherine with the humble necessaries of daily life, he was more than



ENGRAVING BY T. BUTTS
(By permission of the Owner)

content. Mr. Butts was not, then, like poor Flaxman, "a sublime archangel" in Blake's phraseology when things in general were running smoothly, and "an odious demon" when they were not. Even when he writes to excuse his long delay in executing some commissions, he writes temperately, as if Mr. Butts had never other than a calming effect upon him, as the following extract from a letter will show:—

"Be assured, my dear friend, that there is not one touch in these drawings and pictures but what

came from my head and my heart in unison; that I am proud of being their author, and grateful to you my employer; and that I look upon you as the chief of my friends whom I would endeavour to please, because you, among all men, have enabled me to produce these things. I would not send you a drawing or a picture till I had again reconsidered my notions of art, and had put myself back as if I was a learner. I have proved that I am right, and shall now go on with the vigour I was in my childhood famous for. But I do not pretend to be perfect; yet, if my works have faults, Carraci's, Correggio's, and Raphael's have faults also. . . . Let me also notice that Carraci's pictures are not like Correggio's, nor Correggio's like Raphael's; and, if neither of them was to be encouraged till he did like any of the others, he must die without encouragement. My pictures are unlike any of these painters, and I would have them be so. I think the manner I adopt more perfect than any other. No doubt they thought the same of theirs. will be tempted to think that as I improve, the pictures, etc., that I did for you are not what I now wish them to be. On this I beg to say that they are what I intended them, and that I know I never shall do better; for, if I were to do them over again, they would lose as much as they gained,

because they were done in the heat of my spirit."

And again from another letter: "Accept of my thanks for your kind and heartening letter. You have faith in the endeavours of me, your weak brother and fellow-disciple. How great must be your faith in our Divine Master! You are to me a lesson in humility, while you exalt me by such distinguishing commendations. I know that



DRAWN AND ENGRAVED BY W. BLAKE
(By permission of the Owner)

you see certain merits in me, which, by God's grace, shall be made fully apparent and perfect in Eternity. In the meantime I must not bury my talents in the earth, but do my endeavour to live to the glory of our Lord and Saviour; and I am also grateful to the kind hand that endeavours to lift me out of despondency, even if it lifts me too high."

And again: "I send seven drawings, which I hope will please you. This, I believe, about balances our account. Our return to London draws on apace. Our

expectation of meeting again with you is one of our greatest pleasures. Pray tell me how your eyes do. I never sit down to work but I think of you, and feel anxious for the sight of that friend whose eyes have done me so much good. omitted, very unaccountably, to copy out in my last letter that passage in my rough sketch which related to your kindness in offering to exhibit my two last pictures in the Gallery in Berner Street. It was in these words: 'I sincerely thank you for your kind offer of exhibiting my two pictures. The trouble you take on my account, I trust, will be recompensed you by Him who sees If you should find it in secret. convenient to do so, it will be gratefully remembered by me among the other numerous kindnesses I have received from you."

Mr. Butts seems, indeed, to have had sufficient insight and greatness of mind to have uniformly treated his inferior in mere worldly station,

at a time, too, when classes were far more sharply divided than they are now, in such a manner that Blake should feel that he was acknowledged as his superior in force of character and intellect, in all things pertaining to the mind; and this, no doubt, was balm to the often vexed and distracted man, so little understood or valued, as a rule, by his contemporaries.

O ie or two slight errors have crept into all the lives of B'ake, the writers often, no doubt, in many cases following each other. Mr. Butts was not a merchant, as Gischrist expressly states in vol. i., page 282, but held a post under Government and became Muster-Master General to the Forces, a post now merged in that of Secretary for War. It is true that he owned a coal-mine in Wales, which did not pay and was

later given away, and from the account given in Gilchrist's book and still in the possession of the Butts family, it appears that he once paid for some of the pictures in coal instead of money: "By coals, to Oct. 5th, 1805, £12 19s.," and it is probably this that is responsible for the mistake. There are still preserved 29 receipts for sums paid for the pictures, varying from 4 to 28 gns., two of which are reproduced here for the sake of those who are interested in autographs. This is the only one that is in Blake's handwriting throughout; all the others are

drawn up by Mr. Butts and signed by Blake.

Another error connected with Mr. Butts is in Ellis and Yeats' book, where he is spoken of throughout as "Captain Butts," they having confused him with his grandson. Then again, where do the people who so constantly ascribe what is called the "Adam and Eve" story to Mr. Butts' authority, obtain any evidence for so doing? On page 115, vol. i., Gilchrist states that Mr. Butts was "fond of telling the story which has since been pretty extensively retailed about town." But he does not say who heard him repeat it, or give any authority for the statement, and the late Captain Butts said that he distinctly remembers hearing his grandfather declare that there was no truth in Probably it had occurred to some wit that it was not impossible that a man such as "men about town" would consider Blake to

that a man such as "men about town" would consider Blake to be should do such a thing; his hearers found the anecdote ben trovato, if not true, and gossip soon did the rest.

Let us now turn to consider for a moment the three miniatures illustrated in this article. At the time that the elder Mr. Butts was painted, he was Muster-Master General to the Forces, and it is doubtless in the uniform of this office that he is here depicted. In the reproduction it scarcely looks like a uniform, but is plainly so in the original, the one epaulet being clearly visible. The miniature is well executed, but here, as always when Blake worked from life, his own peculiar manner is entirely absent. It is probably a good portrait, but there is no inspiration about it. Mr. Butts is represented as a refined, intelligent-looking man, with good features and a serene and pleasing expression.



DRAWING BY W. BLAKE (By permission of the Owner)

The Connoisseur

Blake says in one place, "natural objects always did and do, weaken, deaden, and obliterate imagination in me"; but later on we find an illustration of his favourite maxim that "the man who never alters his opinion is like standing water, and breeds reptiles of the mind." in a letter of July 6th, 1803, writing of these very miniatures, he says: "Then I am determined that Mrs. Butts shall have a good likeness of you, if I have hands and eyes left; for I am become a likeness-taker, and succeed admirably well. this is not to be achieved without the original sitting before you for every touch, all likenesses from

memory being necessarily very, very defective; but Nature and Fancy are two things, and can never be joined, neither ought anyone to attempt it, for it is idolatry, and destroys the Soul."

And again in a previous letter: "And why have I not before now finished the miniature I promised to Mrs. Butts? I answer I have not till now in any degree pleased myself, and now I must entreat you to excuse faults, for portrait painting is the direct contrary to designing and historical painting in every respect. If you have not nature before you for every touch, you cannot paint portrait; and if you have nature before you at all, you cannot paint history. It was Michael Angelo's opinion, and is mine. Pray give my wife's love, with mine, to Mrs. Butts. Assure her that it cannot be long before I have the pleasure of painting from you in person, and then that she may expect a likeness. But now I have done all I could, and know she will forgive any failure in consideration of the endeavour."

The portraits of Mrs. Butts and of the son were painted some years later. She is a somewhat mature, handsome, and dignified woman, a little in the grand style, and it has been thought that a distinct resemblance to her may be traced in many of Blake's female figures. The son, who is represented as a good-looking young man of about one and-twenty, is believed to have hated Blake; at any rate he disposed of as many of the drawings as he could as soon as they became his own property.



VENUS ANADYOMENE, BY T. BUTTS

(By permission of the Owner)

His own strong bent was towards music. In an old pocket diary of 1800, when he was between eleven and twelve years of age, and some years before the lessons from Blake began, we find the following entries:

—"September 10th, Mr. and Mrs. Blake, his brother, and Mr. Birch came to tea"; and, again, "September 16th, Mr. Blake had breakfast with mama."

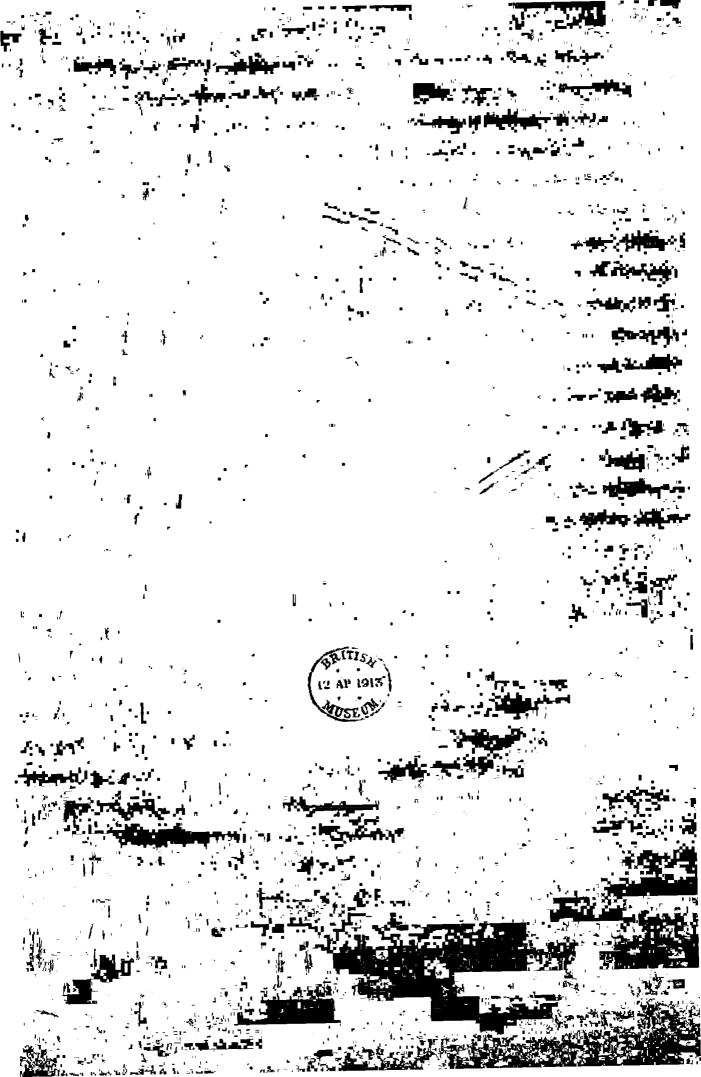
Blake died in 1827, and Mr. Butts not till 1844, and the last pictures known to have been bought by him were *The Inventions to the Book of Job* in 1822, to which we have already referred, while the last transaction between them seems

to have been in 1823, when Mr. Butts lent these designs to the artist that he might show them to possible purchasers of engravings to be taken There is no record of any intercourse from them. between the two men during the last four or five years of Blake's life. It was not that there was an estrangement, but both were growing on in years, and there had gathered round Blake a band of young and ardent disciples who no doubt pushed the older friends a little on one side. The Linnells, Mr. Crabb Robinson, Mr. Haviland Burke, Mr. Tatham, Mr. Cumberland, and John Varleythese, with some few others, seem to have filled the place of Mr. Butts in those last declining But an unbroken friendship of thirty years fills a large space in the brief life of man, and theirs certainly reflects equal credit upon both of them. That Mr. Butts was in the end in every way the gainer does not detract from the value of the qualities that enabled him to act as

he did before he could possibly have known this. And one is glad to think that he who contributed so largely to the peace and happiness of a great genius such as Blake, should himself, on the whole, have led a happy life; and as long as the name of the one is held in honour by mankind, so long will the other be remembered as the man without whom Blake's arduous struggle to live would at one time have been, not a struggle, but an impossibility.



HEAD, DESIGNED BY BLAKE ENGRAVED BY T. BUTTS (By permission of the Owner)





COACH AND SIX

(From a Water Colour Drawing by T. Rowlandson)



A London Silversmith of the Eighteenth Century By Edward F. Strange

THE importance of exploring old books of account—and especially those relating to the crafts—is by now pretty generally admitted. The difficulty lies in finding documents of this nature; for the old craftsmen hardly seem to have been sufficiently considerate of our needs or, at all events, our curiosity. They have left few records; possibly because, however able they were at their callings, the cramped arts of writing and book-keeping did not greatly appeal to them. Once in a way such a one does, nevertheless, come to the surface, and it is my good fortune to be able to draw attention to a case.

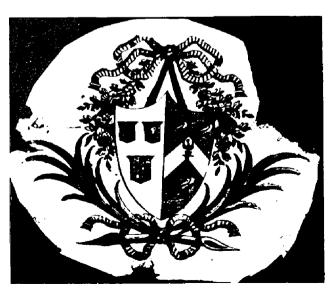
For a number of years there has been, in the section of Prints and Drawings of the Victoria and Albert Museum, an old volume containing a large number of prints, obviously taken from engraved silver plate; and this has been in general use, for the sake of its heraldry. But, upon examining it lately

in connection with some necessary repairs to the binding, I was struck with the nature of one or two fragmentary entries, in faded ink, which could be seen, here and there, between the prints. It became evident that the latter ought, for their own sakes, to be removed and properly mounted. This was done carefully, so as to preserve as much as possible of the book itself; and when the operation had been completed, it became possible, for the first time for a century and a quarter, again to decipher the entries on the pages.

A short inspection of the contents showed it to have been a note-book of a working silversmith named George Coyte. His address, curiously enough, does not appear. There are few dates—the earliest, September 12th, 1771, and the latest, 9th August, 1777; the entries in the book having been undoubtedly, however, begun before the former and finished after



ARMS OF MERRYE, IMPALING ASHTON, QUARTERING HARRODYN



ARMS OF THOS. HAY, ESQ., SECY. OF STATE OF JAMAICA (D. 1754)

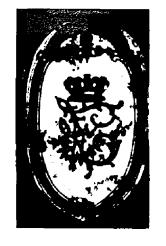


ARMS OF THE EARL OF EGLINTON
ARMS OF CHARLES, THIRD DUKE OF
QUEENSBERRY (D. 1778)

Rich^{d.} Calvert, B. Hassell." Mr. Coyte had got into financial trouble, and had been obliged to produce this utterly unbusinesslike and casual record of his dealings in the course of the proceedings. An entry on another page probably refers to this period of difficulty: "Bartlett imployed for his Lawyer a Mr. Copper in Hatton garden: note now he imployes a Mr. Hobbs a Lawyer."

But the real interest of the volume lies, not in the troubles of Mr. Coyte, but in the memoranda of details of his very miscellaneous business. He both bought, sold, made and repaired—as fortune brought him trade. One of the earliest entries in the book -undated, of course-is to the following effect: "Bought of a french Man a gold showlder knoot at 3s. 6d. pr. ounce weight, 4 oz. 6d. weight note it burnt very well." For his guidance in similar opportunities of acquiring gold and silver lace for the sake of the metal, he adds below: "Note a silver shoulder lace and tasills comes to 21s." Here is a recipe for cleaning plate: "Take burn Hart horn boyl it in water a Hour and put in a bitt of ragg boyl it with it rub your plat well with it; and after clean it with a bitt of clean cloath." The idea of boiling the rag -to ensure perfect softness and freedom from gritseems thoroughly sound. Then we get addresses, and prices, of people with whom he dealt. Thus, "Mr. Const's price for Braceletts-Setting in gold,

the latter year. The secon d mentioned hasa somewhat tragic interest. It is that of a legal endorsement,"Exhibited to us under the Commⁿ agt. George Coyte. No. 3. T. Barrell,



CYPHER OF A BARON

of miniatures, and the prices paid for this work are not the least interesting in the volume. Thus "a glass to a picture" costs is. 6d. or 2s.; the same, with the addition of "setting in mettell," is 13s. 6d. "Taken out a picture in a gold fram " is

f, 1 15s.; plating (i.e. plaiting) hair, 4s.; lettering in gold Letters, 7s. 6d." And, "John Maitland at Mr. Yates's next door to ye Brown Bear in Bow Street Covent garden setts and mends all kinds of Jewells and Stone work." There are many such notes of craftsmen's addresses. Here are others: "Mr. Take, ye man that makes Marquists Locketts and made Mrs. Ward's pins lives in Sallsburry Court nobr. 35." "Mrs. Pollard, Jeweller, of all kinds Hoop rings of all Coulers Lives at the Corner of portigal row the Corner of Lincolns inn fields-sells very good garnett earrings at 5s. a pr. sett in gold, and garnett Hoop rings at 6s. a pre. I think very neat, gold neat small seals at 7s. a pice." "George Smith Basketmaker in Chymisters Ally St. Martins Lane, wickers handels of all sorts & sells ye finest quadrill Boxes at 18. 3d. a sett."

Of his own prices there are, naturally, a large number; and the nature of them varies in a very

interesting manner. Some are a little cryptic in character; for instance, "midle lanscipe upon ivery, 8s.; upon velim or white satten workin, 7s." can hardly refer to miniature painting. As it continues with a descending scale of cost for lockets, rings, and buttons, the allusion is rather difficult to understand. But a good trade was done in the fitting

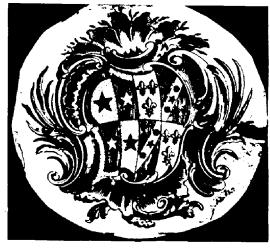


ARMS OF MORRIS, OF BROADFIELD HOUSE, NEAR DEVIZES ARMS OF NEVE OR LE NEVE

35. 6d. For setting "pictures" in gold we have five guintes charged for two, and three guineas at one time, and a guinea and a half at another, for one. There is an entry for a case to a picture; but the price is illegible. Most of these items are to the account of a "Mr. Webster," who was a regular customer, for a memorandum is inserted at the head of one nage to "note the old account." His requirements in the way of glasses, settings, and the like are so numerous that it is reasonable to suppose that our silversmith was dealing with a miniaturist, and not with a private person who would be likely to possess few miniatures in uncompleted settings. If so, it is a fair presumption that the artist referred to was Simon Webster, F.S.A., who, as Mr. Algernon Graves has recorded, exhibited miniatures with the

Society of Artists, and with the Free Society, during the period 1762 to 1780. Mr. Webster did not pay very well: there are one or two balances carried forward against him. Perhaps this may be taken as some evidence that he was a practitioner rather than a patron of arts. He may, moreover, be referred to by a later entry as the "gentell man that Mr. Cotye sets ye picturs for" who had a seal made from a ring.

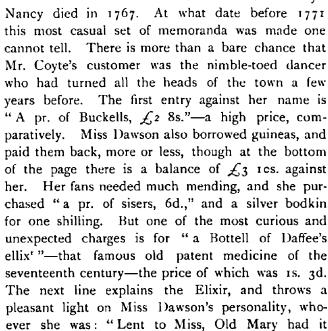
There are one or two entries relating to watches. Miss Butt bought one for six guineas, as well as a ring for a guinea, a bottle of Lavender water (1s.),



ARMS OF HOWARD OF LONDON COMBERFORD

IMPALING

a pair of blue gloves—" Mrs. Carby had them" (doubtless the maid) - and many other pretty trifles. When her watch lost one of its gold hands, it cost 4s. 6d. to have it replaced. Miss Butt was evidently a good and a trusted customer. She borrowed a guinea in March, paid it back, and borrowed another in May. Later on Mr. Coyte lent her 1s. 4d., "payed for her Mama's Letter," which was also duly refunded. There is no mention of interest having been Miss Dawson was charged. another client - could she have been the famous Nancy?





UNIDENTIFIED



ARMS OF SIR WM. YOUNG, BART., M.P.

(D. 1755)

when sick, 10s. 6d." If this were verily the deed of Nancy, she deserved better things than the National Biographer says of her. Perhaps, after all, it was not. And yet Nancy Dawson's great rival comes strangely into the book—he of whom the ballad relates:—

"Though Garrick he has had his day,

And forced the town his law t' obey,

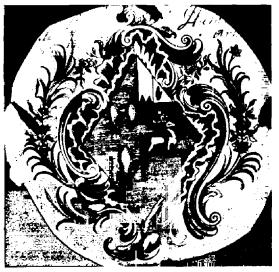
Now Johnny Richis come in play, With help of Nancy Dawson."

For, on "Jully ye 27" year not set down—"Mr.

Garrick "bought a pair of silver buckles for 8s. 6d.: a price very different from that given by Miss Dawson. On Nov. the 8th he had a tea-spoon mended, for which he paid 6d. And on the 19th May in quite another year (and handwriting) we have "Mr. Garrack" debited with "a nutmeagrater, 10s. 6d.," and "a Bottell of Burgamot, 1s. 6d." That these entries relate to the great actor there is no reasonable doubt; and one begins more clearly to realise the human interest that has lain hidden for so long in this waif of a document from the early years of the reign of George III.

This was the period when hair rings and lockets

were in the fashion; and, among his various activities, Mr. Coyte ministered thereto also. For "a Hair ring with a urn of hanging willows" he charges £, 1 5s., and gave satisfaction so great that two friends of his customer promptly bought similar articles. This was on the 12th May, 1773. About the same date a "milk pale," of silver, doubtless, fetched two and a half guineas; and a "glass for a Salt, Blew," 2s. Here is a tragedy: "Mr. Clark, Mr. Foster's nephew, a pr. of gloves - note Doge eat one . . . is. 6d." A punch ladle



ARMS OF ELIZABETH (VANE), WIDOW OF SIR WM HUMBLE, BART. SHE DIED 1770

able business in engraving plate, and when his memorandum book was filled, he SHE DIED 1770 used it as an album in which to paste the impressions. We reproduce a representative series of these prints-all being heraldic in character. They are also, of course, all reversals, and though roughly printed, have a vigour which makes them not unattractive. The engraving, as such, is respectable, but uninspired - obviously derived from contemporary pattern-books. Coyte's business had begun before branch of M the volume was used to store these prints. It is interesting to record some of his prices. Thus the note, "2 Crest of Cyfering, Large" occurs at 3s.;

"Egraving and Cyfering" a sugar basket is the same price. For engraving eight crests he charged

4s. 6d. only, and one shilling for engraving and cyphering a pair of sugar tongs. The whole series of his prints is very large and instructive; and one cannot but help feeling a little satisfaction in having been able to associate it with a definite personality, whose own associations were so interesting. George Coyte, it may be said, in conclusion, is mentioned in Mr. Jackson's List of London Goldsmiths, under the year 1773 only. His period can now be extended beyond that with absolute certainty.

costs a sovereign to make:

two "gravey spouns or butter Ladles" and a dozen

of tea-spoons are entered at £2 8s. 6d. on the 19th

March, 1772; "quite plain

sparagrass Toungs" are 118.;

the same but "fashon," 125,;

and in open-work, 18s.

One branch of his trace I

have left for the last, and it

is the one that fortunately

can to some extent be illus-

trated. He did a consider-



UNIDENTIFIED, BUT, OVER ALL, RUDD (OF YORKS)



Mechlin and Antwerp Lace

THE hypothesis that lace was made in the time of Charles V., towards 1500,* because the Low Countries then attained their "greatest intellectual expansion," is, of course, absurdly and entirely fantastic, and the political troubles of Mechlin in the

By M. Jourdain

Charles V., even if lace had been made there as early as the fifteenth century.†

Prior to 1665 nearly all Flanders laces were known under the name of Mechlin to the French commercial world. "The common people here," writes Regnard,



No. I .- MECHLIN LACE (DATED 1757)

MUSÉE DES ARTS DÉCORATIFS, BRUSSELS

fifteenth and sixteenth centuries would have entirely cunterbalanced the initial prosperity of the reign of

^a "Pent-on conclure, comme Mme. Bury Palliser semble le faire, que les vraies Malines ne furent faites que vers 1665? Nous ne le pensons pas, et croyons qu'il n'est nullement léméraire de les croire du temps de Charles Quint vers 1500 car ce fut sous le règne de ce grand Empereur que le l'ays-Bays eurent leur plus grande expansion intellectuale."—Collection d'anciennes Dentelles flamandes de feu Madame Augusta, l'aronne Liedts, donnée à la ville de Bruges (Musée de

who visited Flanders in 1681, "as throughout all Flanders, occupy themselves in making the white lace known as Malines." The laces of Ypres, Bruges, Dunkirk and Courtrai, according to Savary, passed under the name of Mechlin at Paris. Peuchet ‡

[‡] Dictionnaire Universel de la Géographie commerçante.— J. Penchet, 1799.

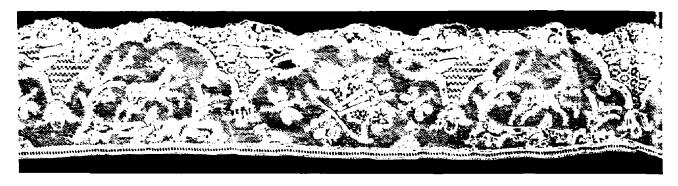


No. II .- MECHLIN LACE

Grunthu:ise), 1889.

MUSÉE HISTORIQUE DES TISSUS, LYONS

[†] An important corporation of weavers of Mechlin were scattered by the political troubles of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries.



No. III. - MECHLIN LACE

MUSÉE HISTORIQUE DES TISSUS, LYONS

writes that a great deal of "Malines" was made in Antwerp,* Mechlin, and Brussels, and that the industry was an important one at Antwerp. He adds that an excellent quality of thread is made in the town and neighbourhood.

In England Mechlin is not mentioned by name until Queen Anne's reign.†

In 1699 the Act prohibiting foreign lace was repealed in so far as it touched the Spanish Low Countries, and Anne, while prohibiting lace made "in the dominions of the French king," admits the import of Flanders lace, so that from the first years of the eighteenth century Mechlin was without rival in England among light laces. According to Peuchet Mechlin laces are "les plus belies, après celles de Bruxelles, et elles ont un peu plus de durée." It was eminently suited to the less severe modern costume which came in with the eighteenth century, and by

its open à jours and transparent appearance, to be worn as a trimming lace. It thus remained in fashion through the eighteenth century, when references like "Mechlin the queen of lace," "Mechlin the finest lace of all," bear witness to a vogue in England little short of extraordinary. The disappearance of lace ruffles before 1780 from women's sleeves, and the disappearance of the cravat and men's ruffles, put an end to lace as a fashionable adjunct to dress. In 1834 there were but eight houses where it was fabricated.‡ Unfortunately, also, for the prosperity of the industry, Mechlin is of all laces the easiest to copy in machine-made lace.

Historically, Mechlin developed, like Valenciennes, from the straight-edged laces of indefinite pattern, and an irregular ground § which has the appearance of being pierced at intervals with round holes.

In the Grouthous collection, laces of this type which have



No. IV .- MECHLIN LACE, SHOWING QUATREFOIL FILLING

^{*} Specimens of Mechlin lace are preserved in the Steen Museum at Antwerp. † "Flanders lace" is the only term used for Flemish laces

in the Great Wardrobe Accounts until Queen Anne, when "Macklin" and Brussels are first noted down.

[†] Mechlin lace was also made at Antwerp, Lierre, and Turnhout. "There was a fine collection of Mechlin lace in the Paris Exhibition of 1867 from Turnhout, and some other localities."—Mrs. Palliser, History of Lace.

[§] See Valenciennes.

Mechlin and Antwerp Lace

The earliest example of what we can recognise as Mechin show a design consisting of groupings of heavily drawn flowers, clumsily designed recoco devices, cornuccpias, etc. (see No. iii.).

Later, with the adoption of the characteristic Mechlin réseau, the floral

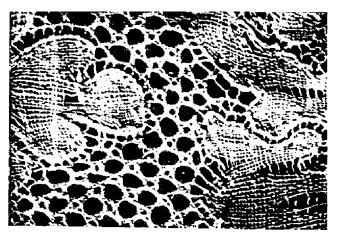
design becomes more delicate and light, and a French influence is apparent.* Much of this lace,

worn in France during the Regency and later, was made up in the style of modern insertion, with an edging on both sides, † campané or scalloped, and used for the gathered trimmings called quilles, like the Argentan sleeve - trimmings of Madame Louise de France painted by Nattier in 1748.

The attempt to

imitate Alençon extended not only to the motifs of its design—the characteristic winding riband and

scattered sprays of flowers, to the button-hole-



No. V.—ENLARGEMENT OF MECHLIN, SHOWING FANCY GROUND

colour. The late eighteenth century Mechlin has pieces quite undistinguishable in design from Alençon

No. VI.—PIECE OF MECHLIN ENLARGED, SHOWING CORDONNET AND QUATREFOIL FILLING

slightly waved. The pattern of repeated sprigs of flowers with a single leaf follows the edge. The

remaining ground is covered with small square spots, minute quatrefoils, or leaflets. The flower is Flemish ¶ in treatment, while the semés upon the réseau

stitched cordonnet.

In Mechlin a coarse

thread was applied to

the edges of the

design, which gives

higher relief than

the flat cordonnet. §

The fillings are

often, like Alençon,

of the trellis type

fillings | render the

lace very effective

when worn over

of the Louis XVI.

period, no doubt

owing to its large

consumption in

France as a summer

characteristic pattern

of a flower (sun-

flower?) in full blos-

som and with closing

petals is often met

with in Mechlin

laces of the end of

the eighteenth cen-

tury. This lace has

a border with a very

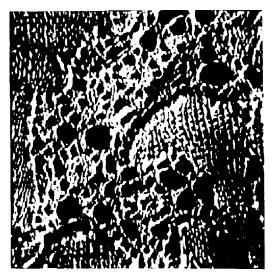
shallow scallop or

The very

lace.

The open fancy

(No. viii.).



No. VII.—ENLARGEMENT OF MECHLIN, SHOWING FANCY GROUND

"points d'esprit" (small solid portion like the millet seed of Genochlace) are invariably attribud to Mechlin, while in the linquantenaire Museum at Brocks they are attributed to Ar erp.

a France et la Hollande en commaient beaucoup autrei — Peuchet.

nuit de Malines à raizeau campanée de M.:

de M.:

1761

Ches de:

Une paire de man-

ches de alines bridée en campanées. Inv. de la Duchesse de Mod

† The prigs in Mechlin are, however, clumsier in drawing.

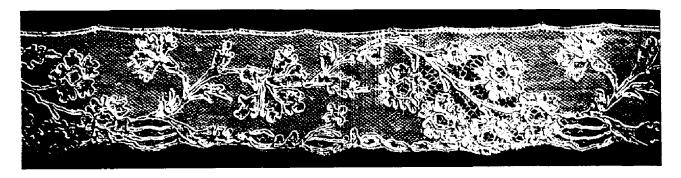
[§] No. 1297-'72 in the Victoria and Albert Museum shows this thick twisted thread stretched to the gimp of the flower or pattern.

^{||} A very common filling is a series or combination of linked quatrefoils.

T Some of the designs of Mechlin show very careful naturalistic presentment of flowers.

The Connoisseur





No. VIII.—MECHLIN, SHOWING ALENÇON INFLUENCE IN ITS DESIGN AND IN THE COARSER CORDONNET MUSÉE DES ARTS DÉCORATIFS, BRUSSELS

show the French influence of the late eighteenth century.

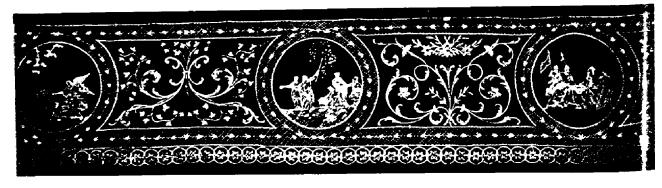
Design in Mechlin is in general floral in character. But a curious figured design is illustrated in Séguin (La Dentelle, Plate XIV., Fig. 1), and characterised by him as "une niaserie enfantine." This piece, which dates from the last years of Louis XV., represents two men in a carriage driving a horse. The men wear three-cornered hats, long coats, ruffles; two birds are flying in the air, and the group is separated from its repeat by an ill-drawn tree. A piece in the Victoria and Albert Museum has a pattern of trees, buds, and scrolls, with cupids blowing horns and shooting at winged and burning

hearts. A fragment of an altar cloth in the Gruuthuus Museum † shows a medallion containing figures representing some scriptural scene. A similar piece, including several similar medallions, is in the Cinquantenaire Museum at Brussels.

The ground and ornament of Mechlin, like Valenciennes, are made in one piece on the pillow; and many and various experimental fancy groundings were tried before adopting the hexagon-meshed réseau made of two threads twisted twice on four sides, and four threads plaited three times on the two other sides, producing a shorter plait and a smaller mesh than that of the Brussels réseau.

The early grounds are varieties of the "fond de

⁺ Litt. B., No. 6.



No. IX .- MECHLIN LACE, WITH MEDALLIONS OF SCRIPTURAL SUBJECTS

MUSÉE DES ARTS DÉCORATIFS, BRUSS: LS

^{• 1400-&#}x27;74.

Mechlin and Antwerp Lace

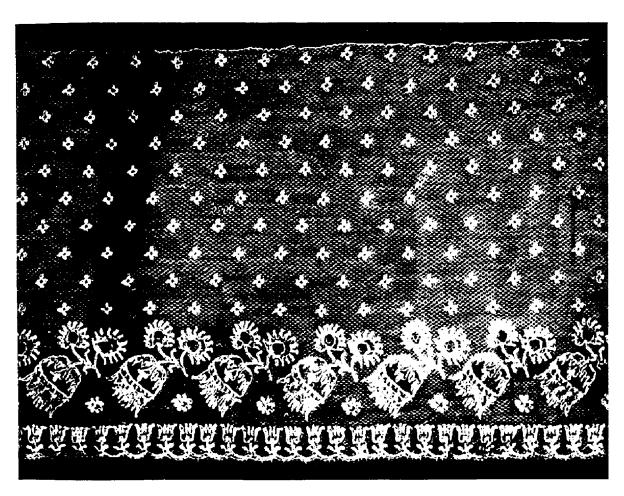
neigh and the *fond-chant* or six-pointed star mesh is not with. A réseau of interlaced double threads is also of frequent occurrence, and a réseau of four threads plaited to form a very large mesh having the effect of an enlarged *fond-chant* ground.

The most common form of ornamental filling is an arrangement of linked quatrefoils.

The toilé is finer and less close in texture than Valenciennes, and appears to be now dense and

Mrs. Palliser considered the *motif* to be a survival from an earlier design, including the figure of the Virgin and the Annunciation, though it does not appear that any such composition has been met with.† The motif of a vase of flowers is a common one among Flemish and Belgian laces; and the flowers are not restricted to the Annunciation lilies—roses, pinks, sunflowers, and other flowers being met with.

The ground varies from a coarse fond-chant to



No. X .- MECHLIN LACE, LATE EIGHTEENTH CENTURY

VICTORIA AND ALBERT MUSEUM

clor ly, now thin and almost transparent. This uncompenses of quality, together with the presence of ne cordonnet (which gives precision to the orn nent), is responsible for the old name of bro rie de Malines.

ANTWERP LACE.

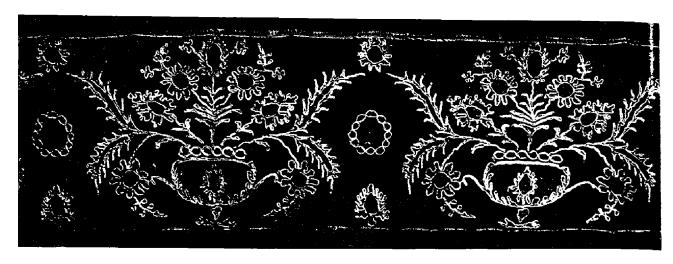
werp, though an old lace-making centre,* is ren kable for only one type of peasant lace, the Poti Kant, so-called from the representation of a pot flowers with which it is always decorated.

* See Mechlin.

various large meshed coarse and fancy grounds. The laces are usually straight-edged. The pot, or vase, or basket is not always part of the design; a stiff group of flowers, throwing out branches to right and left, is almost invariable. Sometimes pendant festoons or garlands, or bunches of flowers are met

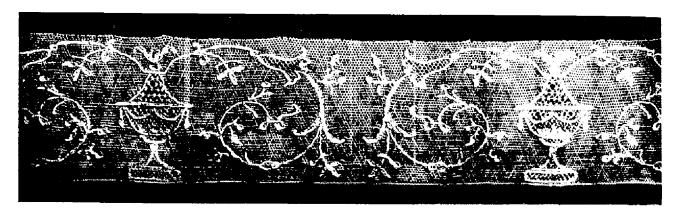
^{† &}quot;The flower-pot was a symbol of the Annunciation. In the early representations of the appearance of the Angel Gabriel to the Virgin Mary, lilies are placed either in his hand, or set as an accessory in a vase. As Romanism declared, the angel disappeared, and the lily-pot became a vase of flowers; subsequently the Virgin was omitted, and there only remained the vase of flowers."—Mrs. Pulliser.

The Connoisseur



No. XI.—ANTWERP POTTEN KANT

MUSÉE DES ARTS DÉCORATIFS, BRUSSELS

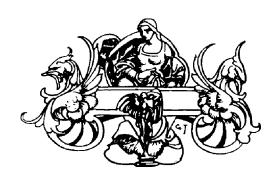


No. XII.—ANTWERP POTTEN KANT WITH FOND CHANT GROUND

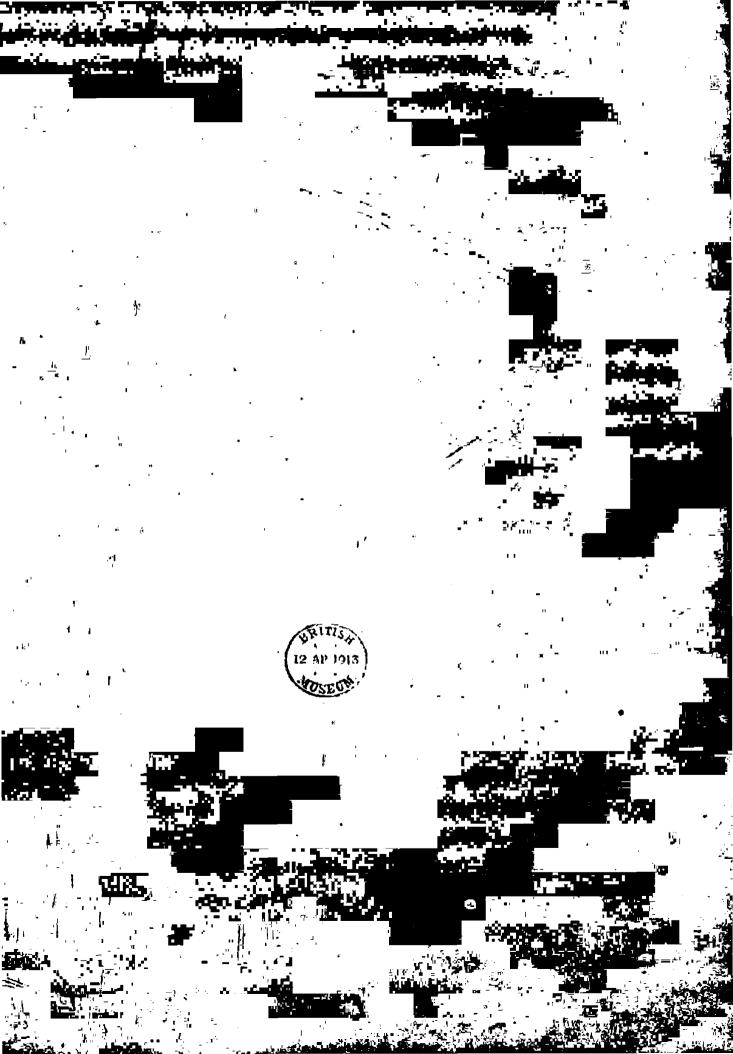
MUSÉE DES ARTS DÉCORATIFS, BRUSSELS

with.* The cordonnet of strong untwisted thread

often appears too coarse for the toilé, and outlines it with short loops. Antwerp lace appears in a portrait of Anna Goos (1627 to 1691) in the Plantin Museum at Antwerp. The date of the portrait is between 1665-70, and the lace, which is straight-edged, has a thin formal scroll pattern upon a réseau ground.



^{* 1570-&#}x27;72, Victoria and Albert Museum, is a border of Antwerp lace with a loosely twisted sort of ceil de perdiex ground, and pattern of flowers and leaves. The outline to the pattern and the gimp of the leaves and flowers are like those seen in some of the early eighteenth century Mechlin laces.





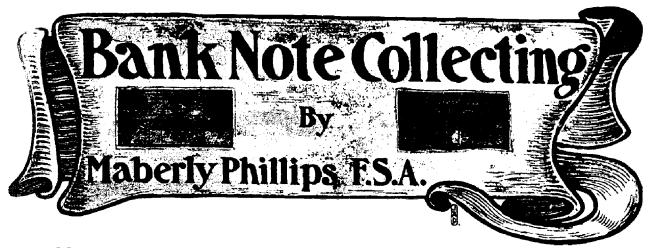
LA DUCHESSE DE CHEVREUSE

In the collection of Sir J. G. Tollemache Sinclair, Bart.

LA DUCHESSE DE CHEVREUSE

In the collection of Sir J. G. Tollemache Sinclair, Bart.



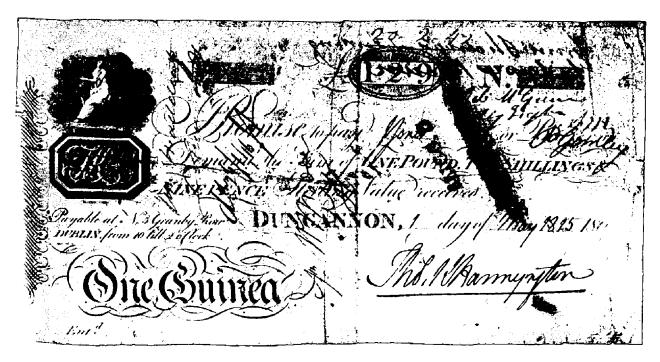


Irish Notes

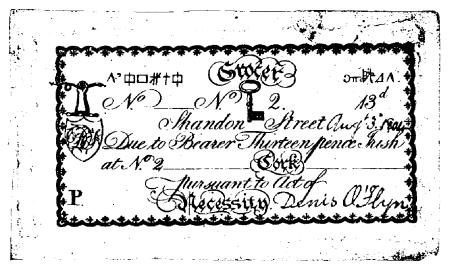
In my former articles on this subject (January, May, and August, 1903) I endeavoured to bring out some of the salient points in the obsolete note-issues of English bankers and traders. I now hope to introduce to the notice of the collector some of the leading features in the issues of the Irish bankers. Their notes are rare, but are obtainable by the diligent collector. I have succeeded in gathering about eighty examples.

The Emerald Isle has had her fair share of paper money, though when and by whom notes were first issued in Ireland is a mystery of the dim past. Her note-issue was not confined to paper, as in the early years of the eighteenth century tradesmen issued promissory notes on copper for a halfpenny, penny, and twopence, and on silver for

threepence. One issued by James Maculla, of Dublin, in 1729, has on the face, "I promise to pay the bearer on demand twenty pence a pound for these," and on the obverse, "Cash notes, value received. Dublin, 1729, James Maculla." Simple as such instruments were, paper money was still more easily produced, and apparently as freely accepted. The term banker was soon added to the names of those persons or firms who stood out prominently in monetary transactions. One of the earliest was John Demar. He is said to have served as a trooper in one of Cromwell's regiments of horse, and after the Restoration to have sold his property in the West of England and retired to Dublin, where he carried on an extensive usury business. He died in 1720,



DUNGANNON NOTE FOR ONE GUINEA, £1 25. 9D.



DENIS O'FLYN'S NOTE FOR 13 PENCE

. "Hoc."

at the advanced age of 92. Swift and some of his friends wrote an elegy upon him which concludes:

"Alas! the sexton is thy banker now!
A dismal banker must that banker be,
Who gives no bills but of mortality."

As time went on, many very substantial bankers flourished, but down to the end of the last century paper money was most profusely issued by the mongrel tradesmen bankers. A return made to the Committee of the House of Commons in 1804 on Irish Exchanges by the collectors of the Inland Revenue gives an insight into the matter. It says that "the number of banks, in their several districts, issuing bank-notes, silver notes, and I O U's were

as follows: City of Dublin, six; Waterford, one; gold and siver notes, 28; silver notes, 62; I O U's, 128. Some idea maibe formed of the general character of the parties issuing these I O U's by taking the district of Youghal, where I O U's from six shillings down to threepence halfpenny were the principal currency.

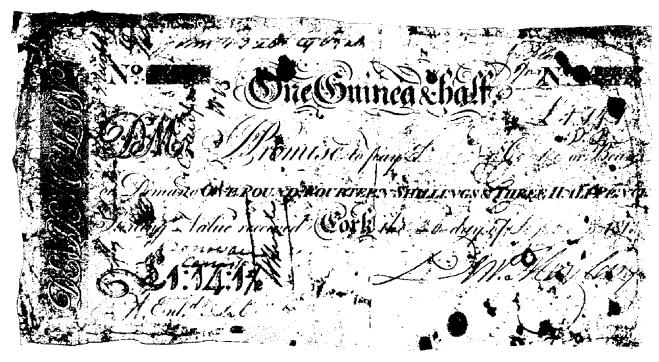
"In Youghal: ten grocers, two general shopkeepers, one stationer, one hardware shopkeeper, two bakers, two cornfactors, one cabinet-maker, one shoemaker, one linen-draper, one wool-comber.

"In Castlemarty: two grocers, one apothecary.

"In Cloyne: three grocers, one chandler, four spirit dealers, one linen-draper, one baker, one strong-water dealer."

Many other places are enumerated with much the same result.

In a work entitled *Clubs of London*, the writer gives an amusing account of his interview with a Killarney *banker*. During a residence of a few weeks in the district he had become possessed of sixteen notes upon the Killarney Bank, which in the aggregate amounted to fifteen shillings and ninepence. The banker was the saddler of the district, who, when asked for cash for his



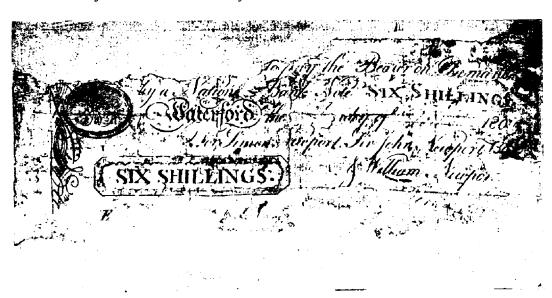
CORK NOTE FOR ONE GUINEA AND A HALF, £1 14S. 13D

Bank Note Collecting

not looked in utter amazement, replying, "C.sh, plase yer honour, what is that? Is it any hing in the leather line? I have a beautiful saddle here as was ever put across a horse, good and cheap. I should be sorry, most noble, to waste any more of your lordship's time or of those sweet beautiful ladies and gentlemen with you; but I have an illegant bridle here as isn't to be matched in Yoorup, Aishy, Afrikay, or Merikay, its lowest price is 15s. 61d.—will say 15s. 6d. to your lordship. If ye'ell be pleased to accept of it, then there will be two pence halfpenny or a three-penny note coming to your lordship, and that will clear the business at once." Doubtless the account is highly coloured, but gives an idea of some of the country bankers of that day.

man had sent out invitations for a large dinner party the week in which the banks smashed. He considered himself fortunate in finding amongst his stock of ready money one note of the Bank of Ireland for £10. "No one doubted the goodness of the note, but no one could give change for it. Ten pounds, in gold or silver, were not in the county; and as for credit, there was none to be had. In this extremity, with money—which was not money—and without credit, having tried butcher, baker and confectioner, in vain, the gentleman gave up the idea of his dinner party in despair, and wrote to his friends to keep the engagement standing until he could procure cash or credit for a ten-pound note."

The Irish bankers issued notes for various



NEWPORT'S "SILVER NOTE" FOR SIX SHILLINGS

The wild growth of Irish banks is shown in the Commons' Report for 1804, already referred to. Every conceivable expedient was adopted to extend the note issue. Small tradesmen were given a premium to launch them into circulation. Bankers themselves attended the markets and fairs, and pushed their notes. Panic followed peric until 1820, when the issue of the Bank of Ir land stood at £5,000,000, and those of other banks in proportion. Then came the storm. I one month eleven banks went under. In the seth of Ireland only two were left—Messis. It acour, at Mallow, and Redmond, at Wexford. Table distress followed.

fhere was a humorous side to the picture, to. At Cork a gentleman wanted a leg of mutton, but had only £5 notes to pay for it, which all the butchers declined. At Limerick a very wealthy

amounts. Some adopted even pounds, others used multiples of 5s., while the Irish guinea and various multiples of it were the figures chosen by still others. Notes were issued for one pound, twenty-five shillings, thirty shillings, and two pounds. Silver coin being very scarce, the odd amounts for which the notes were issued would greatly facilitate trade. Nearly every old note has several endorsements both back and front, as it was then the general custom for each holder to put his name upon it before he parted with it.

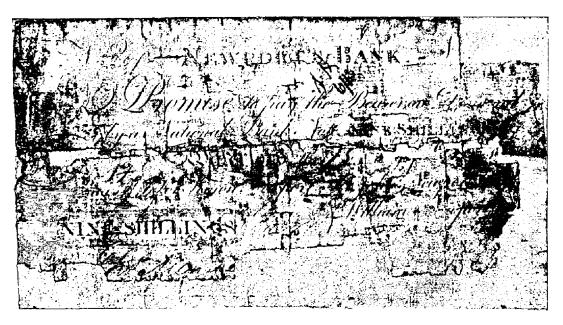
The celebrated bankers, Stephen and James Roche, of Cork, issued notes payable to bearer on demand, in Cork only, for one pound, one guinea (value £1 2s. 9d.), twenty-five shillings, thirty shillings, one guinea and a half (value £1 14s. 1½d.), three guineas (value £3 8s. 3d.), four guineas (value £4 11s.), etc., etc. Each note has a

declaration upon it as to the hours during which it is payable, namely, "Payable from ten o'clock in the morning till two in the afternoon." The calculations required for such numerous and varying denominations must have taxed the patience of the unfortunate "teller" of that day.

The value of the guinea note (£1 2s.9d.) is curious. It dates as far back as 1737, when the Government made some attempt to settle the currency question. A new coinage was minted, and a scheme of exchange settled, whereby the English shilling was to circulate in Ireland for thirteen pence, hence the expression "thirteens," locally called "hogs" ("pigs" or "testers" were worth sevenpence Irish each). Upon this basis

fairs for the sole purpose of issuing their notes. "These adventurers resorted to expedients of all kinds for the purpose of forcing a trade. They supplied small traders with their notes, and used to pay a premium to get them into circulation. They attended markets and fairs like so many hucksters. Their favourite issue was—not promissory notes—but post bills at ten days' sight, which being generally unaccepted, were paid, if at all, at convenience."

Strange stories are told of Irishisms upon every conceivable subject, and the bank note can render its quota. At one time Dublin possessed a firm of bankers—Messrs. Beresford, Woodmason, and Farrell. The senior partner was an alderman,



NEWPORT'S "SILVER NOTE" FOR NINE SHILLINGS

the guinea was worth £1 2s. 9d., and the guinea and a half the awkward amount for all ready reckoning of £1 14s. $1\frac{1}{2}$ d.

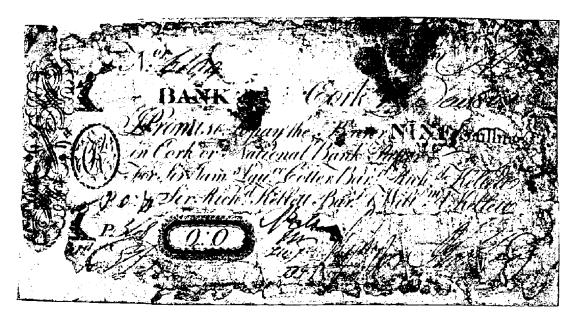
Another Cork banker was Denis Moylan, who had a considerable note-issue. An amusing story is told of him. It is said that his will contained a clause ordering "certain Masses to be said for the repose of his soul, and which his executor, a thrifty man, procured to be said in *Lisbon*, finding he could obtain them there cheaper than in Cork, much to the disgust of the local clergy."

Messrs. Joyce and Blake, Galway Bank, also issued a note for one guinea and a half. They commenced business in 1802, and failed in 1814. In one year they forced into circulation over 68,000 notes of sums under three guineas. The partners used to attend the great Ballinasloe

and had been Lord Mayor of Dublin, and took a very active part in all municipal and political matters. During the Rebellion in 1798 he personally attended the public executions of the so-called rebels. In this way he made himself most unpopular with the lower classes, who regarded the sufferers as martyrs. They therefore hit upon the following ingenious plan of revenge: they collected a large quantity of the notes of Beresford & Co., and amidst great jubilation publicly burnt them, "crying out with enthusiasm, while the promises to pay on demand were consuming, 'What will he do now? His bank vill surely break!'"

One other custom showing the native simplicity of the Irishman may be here recorded, namely, the practice of pawning bank-notes, not when he

Bank Note Collecting



KELLETT AND CO., CORK, "SILVER NOTE" FOR NINE SHILLINGS

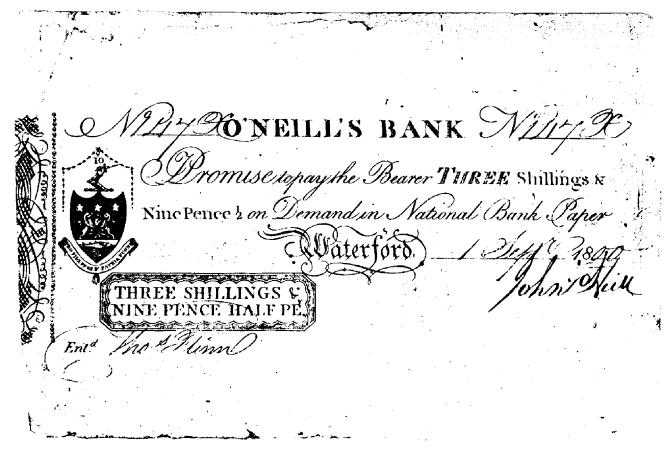
bank was in difficulties and the notes might be at a discount, or for a time unredeemable in cash, but notes pawned when the owner was in want of a little ready money, in preference to their being cashed in full by the banker by whom they were issued. A letter to the Times only sixty years ago, October 25th, 1845, gives an account of this practice. The writer states that on a recent visit to Galway he was told that the people had so little idea of the true nature of bank-notes that pawning them was no uncommon event. He says:—"I was so incredulous of this that the gentleman who informed me wished me to go with him to any pawn-broker to assure myself of the fact. I went with him and another gentleman to a pawn-broker's shop, kept by Mr. Murray, in Galway. On asking the question, the shopman said it was a common thing to have money pawned, and he produced a drawer containing a fro Bank of Ireland note pawned six months ago for 10s.; a tos. note of the National Bank pawned for ros.; a jos. Bank of Ireland note pawned for is.; a £1 Provincial bank-note pawned for 6s.; and inea in gold of the reign of George III. pawned 15s. two months ago. The fire note would prouce 6s. 6d. interest in the year if put into the sa igs bank, whilst the owner who pledged it for IO will have to pay 2s. 6d. a year for the 10s. lose the interest on his £10, in other words he ll pay 90 per cent. through ignorance for the i ios, which he might have had for nothing. Mr. Jurray said that often money was sold as a forfeited pledge-that a man would pawn a

guinea for 15s., keep it in pledge till the interest amounted to 3s. or 4s., and then refuse to redeem it."

Apparently such customs are not unknown even in England in the present day. A local paper before me has an article headed "All left with 'Uncle,'" and after enumerating various extraordinary things that have been pawned, says: "The most curious customer I have is an old lady, who for years has regarded me in the light of her banker. She has a fortune-Government stocks, securities and all that, and cash besides. The latter she entrusts to me, pawns it in fact, and all because she has a lively horror of banks, believing that if she deposited her money with any of them, they would immediately smash. She comes here every Monday morning, redeems her strong box, takes out enough money for the week's expenses, pays the interest for the week upon the transaction, re-pawns the money, pays for the ticket, and goes away happy and contented."

In Ireland the note-issue of the private banker has entirely passed away, and to-day the paper money that may be affoat is all issued by the joint stock banks.

In addition to their ordinary notes, many Irish bankers indulged in a unique issue known as "Silver Notes." These rarely fall into the hands of the collector in good condition. They are very seldom to be met with; I think myself most fortunate to be able to show a few examples. During the closing years of the eighteenth century silver



JOHN O'NEILL'S NOTE FOR THREE SHILLINGS AND NINEPENCE HALFPENNY, 3S. 92D.

coin became very scarce in Ireland. In some districts, as I have shown, it was not to be procured at all. "Silver Notes" were to meet this difficulty, all being under the value of a guinea. Messrs. Newport, of Waterford, issued notes for 6s. and qs.; one for the former amount in a very dilapidated condition is here illustrated. Kellett, of Cork, issued a note for 9s., and probably for other amounts; why such sums were selected I cannot understand! Most of these notes were not redeemable for cash, but were accepted in sums of a guinea and upwards in exchange for the notes of some Dublin or Cork banker. Messrs. Leslie & Co. adopted as their standard a fractional part of the Irish guinea. I have their notes for 3s. 92d., being one-sixth of the guinea (£1 2s. 9d.). They also issued for 7s. 7d.

A few particulars of one other firm who had a very extensive issue of silver notes, namely, John O'Neill, may be given as a specimen of the reckless note-issue of the bankers of that time. O'Neill commenced business May 24th, 1799, and failed in 1801. During this brief period he did not allow the grass to grow under his feet. The assignee to his estate says:—"I found the full extent of the paper he ever had issued amounted

to upwards of £168,000, of which there was a sum amounting to upwards of £80,000 in a private closet in the house, which had been issued and returned." In addition to these bank-notes, O'Neill issued silver notes to an amount equal to one-fifth of his note-issue, "and these he forced very much into circulation." In one year he paid £59 13s. 9d. for duty, which was one farthing on notes of nine shillings, one-sixth of a penny on notes of 6s., and one-twelfth of a penny on notes of 3s. 91d. "The £80,000 of returned notes in the closet show how O'Neill came to grief. The public apparently wished for some better medium, and the banker broke down when he had redeemed £80,000 out of £168,000. He, therefore, exclusive of the 'Silver Notes,' apparently bamboozled the community out of £88,000."

Much of my information is gathered from Lawson's History of Banking, Dillon's Histor of Banking in Ireland, and from the pages of the Journal of the Cork Historical and Archæological Society, 1892-94, where there will be found a rost interesting series of articles upon the old Lish Private Bankers, by C. M. Tenison, L.L. Hobart, Tasmania.





TWO CHILDREN WITH A JAY IN A CAGE
BY REV. W. M. PETERS
FROM THE COLLECTION AT BELVOIR CASTLE
By kind permission of His Grace the Duke of Rutland



Among the pictures attributed to Sodoma - or rather to "Razzi," as he is there styled—chronicled in the index to Messrs. Christie's Baron Boxall's Sale Catalogues, under the date 1847 "Sodoma" occurs the entry:-

Countess of Spenocchi and Family. Polygonal panel. Imported by Irving.

(Bought by) N.N. £199 10s.

Again in 1859 we find:-

Countess of Spenocchi and Familly, &c., &c.: called " Charity." Northwick Collection.

(Bought by) J. W. Brett. £67 4s.

From this latter date traces of the picture vanished, although it was advertised for by Mr. Robert H. Hobart Cust when preparing his Life of Sodoma, until an accident, after the publication of that work, revealed its whereabouts-namely, in the collection of Baron Boxall (14, Cambridge Square, Hyde Park). On further enquiry, certain other links in the history of the painting transpired. It appears to have passed into the Gurney Collection, whence in 1866-1867 it was bought by Mr. Lhermitte, from whom it passed again into the possession of his son-in-law, the present owner.



COUNTESS SPANOCCHI AND FAMILY (?)

BY ANDREA DA BRESCIA

The picture is painted on a panel of polygonal shape. A coat of arms (?) is depicted—perhaps by a later hand—below the group of figures, and it is enclosed in a remarkable late-Renaissance frame, which bears upon it the following inscriptions: above, "Contessa Spannocchi e figli," and below, "Razzi da Siena." These indications, while of assistance in tracing the lost picture, in point of artistic fact have proved most misleading. In the first place, that there is no such person as "Razzi da Siena" has been so fully proved that it is unnecessary to enter upon the discussion again.

Next, a first glance shows at once that the work, though very fine, is none of his. It is by a later

and much more eclectic artist, namely, Andrea de' Piccinelli, known generally as Andrea da Brescia or Brescianino.

Thirdly, careful enquiry in Siena elicits the fact that the coat of arms is not that of the Spannocchi family at all, nor of any family allied to them. In fact, it is most probably merely emblematic. That Brescianino, who lived in Siena during the first half of the sixteenth century, may have painted to order some lady of the Spannocchi family with her children in a sort of quasi-allegorical guise, is conceivably possible; but there is nothing to prove even that fact.

Nevertheless, the value and interest of this fine and well-preserved painting remains undiminished by the collapse of the fictions that have hitherto hung around it, and its owners may well pride themselves on the possession of an admirable example of the work of a delightful and somewhat rare master, concerning whom, till recently, very little was definitely known.

THE following details concerning Edward Foster, who was recently referred to in an article on sil-

Edward Foster the Centenarian Miniature Painter houettes, may be of some interest. Edward Foster, son of a gentleman of means, was born in Derby on November 8th, 1762. He held a commission in the Army in early

life, but soon forsook the profession of arms for that

of an artist. He was of the same family as the J-hn Thomas Foster whose widow (née Lady Elizal ath Harvey) afterwards became the second wife of he fifth Duke of Devonshire. His mother was related to the ducal house of Norfolk. Great talent, ability, and good connections soon placed him in the position of miniature painter to Queen Charlotte and the Princess Amelia, with apartments at Windsor. After the death of his Royal patrons his star waned, and he returned to Derby, where he practised his art for many years. In his old age he commenced to make silhouettes, which, however, were not cut, but nearly all painted in a deep brown, and embellished with gold. He also compiled a series of



EDWARD FOSTER

BY THE ARTIST

educational charts - historical and biblical-which were at one time to be found in most schools in England, and the MSS. of which are in the Derby Museum. Strangely, hardly any of his miniature work can be found, which is regrettable, as it was of a very high order, and worthy to rank with that of his great contemporaries. portrait of himself as a young man is here reproduced. This is by his own hand, and a Liverpool collector has one or two of his daughter's portraits. Here the list ends so far as is known. Possibly some examples might be found at Windsor.

silhouettes are occasionally met with: they are beautifully done, and are generally signed. An American collector in St. Louis has a few of them of fine quality.

Foster was five times married, and outlived all his family save one daughter, who is now living in a suburb of Liverpool, in poor circumstances, and from whom these details were gathered and authentica.ed. This lady was present at a dinner on her father's hundredth birthday, when a present of £60 vas handed to Foster from Her late Majesty, Queen Victoria. He died on March 12th, 1865, aged of years and 124 days. As before stated, though his miniature work is hardly ever heard of, it is of g eat excellence, and his decadence and subsequent comparative poverty can only be attributed to his has ing outlived every one of his early friends and patron.

This most interesting and unique specimen of old English glass, now the property of Mrs. Anderson, of Bedhampton Rectory, Havant, was recently discovered in a far-away corner of Wales, and has been pronounced to be of the period of Charles I., and date of 1625 to 1630. It is $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches in height, and $22\frac{1}{2}$ inches in circumference, and is of a dark transparent olive green colour, with six shields of armorial bearings.

From about 1616 to 1653 Sir Robert Mansel had the control of the glass making in England, and the above specimen was most possibly made under the patent guaranteed to Sir Robert on May 22nd, 1623, for fifteen years. At that time James Howell, the accomplished traveller, then in the service of Mansel, sent over some Venetians to Sir Robert to England to improve the English glass making, and it is due to their work that the colour of the glass is olive green, as that was not the colour then made in England.

Neither the British nor South Kensington Museums have any specimen at all approaching the jug, and one understands that even in the time of Charles I. few jugs were made, which makes the specimen of greater interest. The only history obtainable of it was that it had been in the family of a yeoman farmer for many years, whose ancestor had bought it at the sale of the effects of a family of position, who doubtless had treasured it as a valuable Stuart relic.



CHARLES I. GLASS JUG



FENTON IRONSTONE VASE IN COLLECTION OF DR. H. BOURNE WALLER

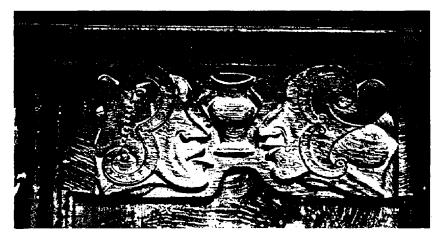
THE remarkable activity of Miles Mason and his successors in producing both excellent colours and designs in their celebrated Patent Ironstone Ware has attracted a crowd of collectors of recent years. Mason

Ware, which at one time was not held in very great estimation, has found a place in the collector's cabinet. Similarly Davenport, of Longport, and other makers of pottery after the fashion of Mason, have received considerable attention from those who have found that the older wares with more fashionable reputation have demanded too long a purse to procure anything like a representative collection.

The vase we illustrate is 2 ft. in height, and is exceptionally Oriental in style for Staffordshire to have emulated. The rich blue base and top of vase are heavily gilded. The two dragons are a salmon pink, and the body of the vase is a grass green, upon which the panels are painted in the Japanese style of Imari ware. It is quite an unusual piece, and indicates how the Fenton Potteries, which were established as early as 1780, vied with Mason, of Lane Delph, whose patent for ironstone ware was taken out in 1813; and a close examination of the Staffordshire wares of the first quarter of the nineteenth century will show how strongly they came under the influence of Japan.

THE photographs reproduced below are taken from the carved choir stalls and miserere seats in the Priory Church of Christchurch, Hants.

Early
Wood-carvings
They date from the thirteenth to the sixteenth century. A full description will be found under each reproduction. The author of these descriptions does not hold himself responsible for their accuracy, although to the best of his belief they are correct



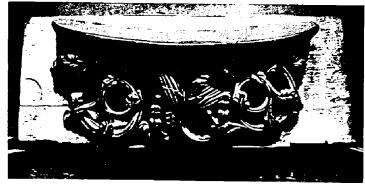
SIXTEENTH-CENTURY PANEL

This panel is of exceptional interest. It shows the controversy over the cup, which Henry VIII, wished to be administered to the laity.



MISERERE SEAT, A.D. 1200

This is believed to be the oldest known example in the world.



MISERERE SEAT, A.D. 1300

This seat is carved out of the solid, and is said to be the finest of its kind in England.



SIXTEENTH-CENTURY PANEL

Britain and Ireland, in which law and order are represented by two falcons, have their grip upon Scotland, typified by its bagpipes; on Ireland, by its harp; on Wales, by its willow and feathers; and on France, by the cock.

We have received the following letter regarding Mr. Selwyn Brinton's article,

A Correction

"An English Artist in Morocco," which appeared in the September number of The Connoisseur:—

To the Editor of THE CONNOISSEUR.

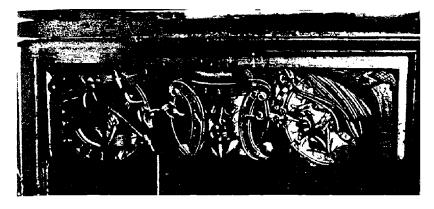
SIR,—Permit me to draw your attention to a serious error in the September number of THE CONNOISSEUR.

In an article entitled "An English Artist in Morocco" you refer to Mr. J. Lavery, Mr. Lavery, R.S.A., R.H A., is an *Irishman*, and a distinguisted member of the Royal Hibertian Academy.

Kindly see this corrected in our next number.

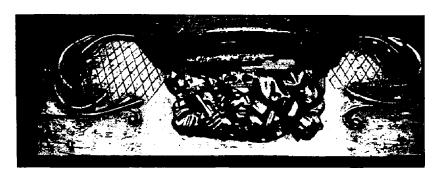
Yours, etc., A. Duffy, Royal Hibernian Academy, Du lin.

[EDITOR'S NOTE.—The error referred to in Mr. Duffy's letter is, indeed, of a



SIXTEENTH-CENTURY PANEL

The King of Scotland and Lord Kildare arguing with Henry VIII. One has a piece of thistle and the other a piece of shamrock issuing from their mouths. The two figures on the right are united by a tape, showing that Ireland was at this time united to England, but not Scotland.



FIFTEENTH-CENTURY MISERERE SEAT

This is supposed to represent Richard III.

very serious nature, and the Editor of The Con-NOISSEUR tenders sincere apologies to Irishmen in general, and Mr. Duffy in particular, for thus having outraged their sense of patriotism.]

THERE is always a peculiar interest attaching to objects that have been in the possession of great

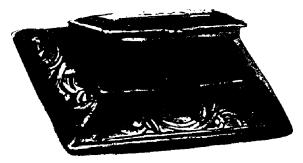
Oliver Cromwell's Scuff-Box men. There is quite a special class of collectors who devote themselves to procuring personal relics of historic celebrities. More often than not these

at cles are of less than ordinary artistic interest, by by reason of their associations they have an enanced value to hero worshippers. Mary Queen of cots has quite a crowd of adherents who treasure small trinkets that were once hers. At the Stuart Enibition a great number of Stuart relies were unrestricted from the jealously guarded treasure caskets of neir owners.

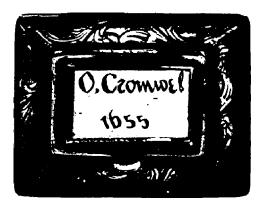
It, is befitted its owner, is a sobersides among snumboxes which grace the cabinets of celebrated

collections. No jewels decorate its sombre metal surface. and it is innocent of the pomps and vanities with which French artists decorated similar objects. But it bears on its ivory tablet the magic name, "O. Cromwel," and is dated 1655. It was turned up on the land by an ancestor of the present owner a hundred years ago when he was ploughing one of his fields. It has never been exhibited, and has never faced the camera before. It is interesting to think that it was in everyday use by Old Noll, the stern and rugged leader of the Revolution which began in the sleepy hollow at the foot of the Chiltern Hills in Buckinghamshire, and ended with the tragedy in Whitehall, when King Charles stepped out of the window at the

Banqueting House and was beheaded by the man with a crape mask on that eventful day in January in 1649.—A. H.



OLIVER CROMWELL'S SNUFF-BOX



TOP OF OLIVER CROMWELL'S SNUFF-BOX

THE delightful little picture of A Young Girl Peeling an Apple, the work of Nicolas Maes, which

We reproduce as a plate in the present number, is one of the imposing array of works by masters of the Dutch School in the recently sold Kann collection. The dark red of the dress, the intense black of the bodice, the white apron, and the red, yellow, and black tints of the Oriental rug on the table by the young girl, are of a vigorous tonality, accentuated by a strong effect of chiaroscuro. The whole scene gives an impression of comfort and well-being.

In 1824 this picture formed a part of the famous Bernal collection, four years later it entered the M. Zachary collection, and finally became a treasured item in the John Walter collection.

Nicolas Maes, one of the best of the Dutch genre painters, modelled his style on the pictures of Rembrandt of about the year 1650. He studied under Rembrandt up to about 1665, when he left his great master's studio at Amsterdam and went to Antwerp. Little else is known of his life. His early pictures are extremely rare, and it is believed that more than two-thirds of them are in England. Three of the highest quality are in the National Gallery, whilst others are at Apsley House and Bridgewater House.

THE interesting Coaching Scene, by Thomas Rowlandson, which we reproduce as a plate, is a typical

Coaching
Scene By
Rowlandson

example of the work of that celebrated designer and etcher of caricatures and humorous subjects. He was born in London in 1756, about the same time

as Isaac Cruikshank and Gillray, and some six years before Bunbury. At a very early period he gave indications of a remarkable talent for caricature, which he developed in Paris and at the Royal Academy Schools. Before he was twenty-five he found a ready market for his works with Fores, Tegg, Ackermann, and other print-sellers, and so prolific was his brush that he frequently drew and saw published two fresh caricatures a day.

A large number of his plates appear in works published by Ackermann, amongst the more important being The Microcosm of London, Tour of Dr. Syntax, The Adventures of Johnny Newcome, The Vicar of IVakefield, and The History of Johnny Quae Genus,

Child Subject By Peters

By the kind permission of His Grace the Duke of Rutland we are enabled to reproduce the charming picture, Two Children with a Jay in a Cage, from the collection at Belvoir Castle. It is the work of the Rev. Matthew William Peters, who was born in the first half of the eighteenth century. He painted many fancy subjects, and also portraits, with much taste and elegance. Many have been engraved by Bartolozzi, Marcuard, Dickinson, and J. R. Smith.

The two colour-plates of Mrs. Fitzherbert and The Duchesse de Chevreuse are from miniatures in the

Miniatures of Mrs. Fitzherbert and the Duchesse de Chevreuse

possession of Sir J. G. Tollemache Sinclair, Bart. That of Mrs. Fitzherbert, who, it will be remembered, secretly married King George IV. when Prince of Wales, is by that king of eighteenth century miniaturists,

Richard Cosway. The painter of the other miniature is unknown.

Of the many portraits of the beautiful Georgina Duchess of Devonshire few can surpass the charming picture by Henry Meyer, after Gainsborough, which we reproduce in the present number.

EARLY in October will be published by Messrs.

Macmillan Leaves from the Note Books of Lady Dorothy

Nevill, edited by Mr. Ralph Nevill.

The book will contain many notes on art and collecting, and it is believed

Dorothy Nevill that the volume will exceed in interest Lady Dorothy Nevill's Reminiscences,

of which five editions were called for.

Books Received

Manx Crosses, by P. M. C. Kermode, 63s. net; Some Dorset Manor Houses, by Sidney Heath and W. de C. Prideaux, 30s. net; Old English Gold Plate, by E. Alfred Jones, 21s. net. (Bemrose & Sons Ltd.)

Oriental Embroideries and Carpets, Reproductions of, by E. W. Albrecht.

Pictures in Colour Oxford; Colour Pictures of Norwish. (Jarrold & Sons, Ltd.)

Book of Book-plates, by Chas. E. Dawson.

The Skirts of the Great City, by Mrs. Arthur G. Bell, Es; The Antiquary's Books: English Church Furniture, by J. Charles Cox, LL.D., F.S.A., and Alfred Harvey, M. 3., 7s. 6d. net; Goldsmiths' and Silversmiths' Work, by Nelson Dawson. (Methuen & Co.)

Notes of an Art Collector, by Maurice Jonas. (Geo. Routle ge and Sons.)

Exposition de la Toison d'Or a Bruçes, Catalogue. (G. Van Oest & Co., Bruxelles.)

Old Sheffield Plate, 3rd Ed. (W. Sissons, Sheffield.)

Book-Prices Current, 1907, Vol. XXI. (Elliot Stock.)

A HALLENGE SHIELD, lately presented to the 1st 1 von & Somerset R.E.V., by Alderman J. G.

Engineering Challenge Shield Commin, is of interest both for the richness of effect and colour obtained by relatively simple means, and as being based on the Scotch "Target"

and other historic circular models. Six silver discs, pierced in trefoils and repoussé, surround a central disc of the same metal, and are connected by a silver band bearing a regimental motto, forming a broken hexagonal pattern round a central boss. These discs are super-imposed on plain hammered brass and copper, and framed by an inscribed brass rim. The shield, which is 28 in. in diameter (and the design and work of T. A. Falcon, R.B.A.), is of a flat oval in section, the rim being entirely flat.

WE illustrate a somewhat exceptional carved fontcover, now in the church of Shaugh Prior, Dartmoor.

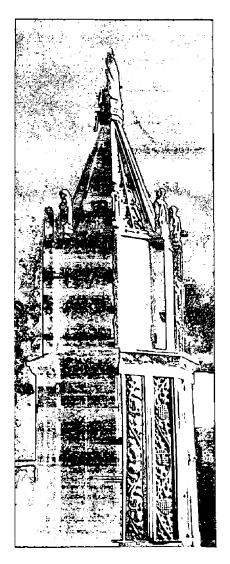
Font-cover It is of oak, and between eight and nine feet high, and is built up in three stages on an octagonal base, with an

episcopal statuette surmounting the whole. Previous to 1878, when it was re-discovered, it suffered a vicissitude in those days not infrequent in the case of ecclesiastical heirlooms, having been removed from the church during a "restoration" and lodged in a farm-loft for a decade. It has been suggested that

the panels in the upper stage were once filled in with painted figures, such as occur commonly on Devonian rood screens.

The Manorial Society

ALL those interested in the preservation of local Manorial Records will welcome the newly - formed Manorial Society. The expediency of establishing such an association to give separate organised attention to Manorial records



FONT COVER

and institutions was urged in a recent report of the Parliamentary Local Records Committee, and it was recognised by a number of archæologists and antiquaries interested in such subjects. A Provisional Council, comprising the Lords, Ladies, and chief officials of about 340 Manors throughout England and Wales, was formed, with the result that towards the end of the year 1906 the society was upon a firm and comprehensive basis.

The aims and objects of the society are lucidly set out in a pamphlet, which can be obtained from the office of the society at 1, Mitre Court Buildings, Temple, London, E.C.



ENGINEERING CHALLENGE SHIELD

Notes and Queries

[The Editor invites the assistance of readers of The Connoisseur who may be able to impart the information required by Correspondents.]

FOURTEENTH CENTURY IVORY CASKET.

To the Editor of The Connoisseur.

DEAR SIR,—In reply to J. J.'s letter with illustration attached on page 188 of the July Number of your Magazine, may I venture to point out that the object referred to is a replica or copy, with slight variations, and apparently coarser in treatment, of a very well-known Gothic ivory tablet preserved in An illustration of this ivory will be the Bargello. found on page 147 of The Ivory Workers of the Middle Ages, by Anna Maria Cust (Bell & Sons, 1902), and no doubt also in Molinier or any of the standard works on ivories. It has also been photographed by Messrs. Alinari, of Florence. The Bargello ivory is apparently more graceful in treatment. The figures are eight ladies, instead of nine, with smaller and more delicately modelled heads bound by fillets. None of them wear crowns. There are the same two trumpeters, but it is to be observed that in this example the designer has introduced small circles at the points where the pins to attach the tablet-probably to a casket-would occur in such a manner as not to destroy the harmony of the whole composition.

The design may, of course, allude to some legend, such as that of St. Ursula and her virgins, but as the casket was not improbably a bridal gift, such a group of ladies would be almost obviously characteristic.

Yours very faithfully,

R. H. H. C.

NAPOLEON PORTRAIT.

To the Editor of THE CONNOISSEUR.

DEAR SIR,—Among my pictures I have a sepia portrait of Napoleon I. as first consul drawn from life by John James Masquérier in 1800. This picture was the first authenticated portrait of the Emperor exhibited in 1800 in England, and was the cause of bringing the painter into eminence. Could any of your readers inform me of any other existing? This picture was engraved afterwards by Turner.

Yours faithfully,

W. S. E.

LANDSCAPE CHINA.

To the Editor of THE CONNOISSEUR.

DEAR SIR,—Can any correspondent of yours tell me where, when, and by whom was made the pencil (or landscape) china one frequently finds in the South of Ireland? Breakfast and tea cups and saucers, coffee mugs and plates, muffin dishes, bowls, egg-cups, etc.—some with gilding, some without—classical figures, landscapes, game, dogs, finely printed in black on white ground.

Yours truly,

FIFE.

ARMORIAL BADGE.

To the Editor of THE CONNOISSEUR.

SIR,—In The Connoisseur for July appears an illustration of the above. Replying to Mr. Patterson's query, I should say that its purpose was to serve as a centre embellishment to the hammercloth of the family coach, and perhaps for badges on the bridle arm of the postilions. Instances of these uses are familiar to me.

Yours faithfully,
AUTHOR OF Annals of the Road.

WORKS BY JAMES BOGDANI.

To the Editor of THE CONNOISSEUR.

DEAR SIR,—I am engaged on a book giving the life of James Bogdani, who was a Hungarian painter of still life, flowers, and animal subjects (principally birds). He was employed 1694 by Queen Mary, wife of William III., Prince of Orange, at Hampton Court Palace, where some of his pictures exist to-day. He died 1724.

Believing that there are other works by him in English private houses, I should be grateful for any information which your readers might give me, if you are good enough to publish this letter.

I am, dear Sir,

Yours faithfully,

DR. GABRIEL DE TERCY, Director of the Pic'ure Gallery of Old Masters at the Musée des Beaux-. rls, vi. Aréna-ût 41 Budapest (Hungary).





G ORGINA, DUCHESS OF DEVONSHIRE

B HENRY MEYER

AF ER GAINSBOROUGH





The Year's Book Sales

THE season 1906-7, which, it will be remembered, commenced in October last year, and concluded with the final days of July in this, proved itself the most remarkable on record in one paramount respect. No series of current sales has ever before yielded such an extraordinary list of extremely expensive books and manuscripts. We gave in last October's CONNOISSEUR analyses of Shakespeariana and works of a general character which had realised £100 and upwards during the season which ended with July, 1906, and these, all told, numbered no more than sixty-two. At the time, this was thought a very notable record; and so it was, for it is only recently that competition for works of certain special kinds has reached the acute stage where a hundred pounds, more or less, is regarded with almost complete indifference. Now, as always, certain classes of books, and those only, supply the aristocrats of the book-shelf-those works which, either owing to special circumstances surrounding them, or to the great demand which has sprung up for them, have become practically unique, or at any rate so excessively scarce that the richest collectors have become aware that money cannot accomplish all things when material is deficient. It may be stated at once that books of this highly special character are classed as Shakespeariana, Americana, English classics generally, manuscripts of English and other classics, a few editiones principes of the Greek and Latin classics, and books of every kind containing inscriptions or autograph signatures of notable men or which were bound by celebrated craftsmen of past ages. is list may be added all books which afford the bes: amples of ancient typography. In judging books con : 3 within one or more of these divisions, and so gau g their relative degrees of importance, it is custary to look primarily to the author, or to the per: whose autograph inscription is in evidence, or to th printer or binder, as the case may be. It need hard be said that it is but seldom that a combination of ti e peculiarities centres in one and the same volue , though occasionally even that consensus has to be ac nowledged and reckoned with to the extent, it may be of thousands of pounds. Owing, no doubt, to public y, coupled with extremely high prices, which are

the gist of it, and the great advance in the exoteric knowledge of books which has recently taken place, volumes made important by the widespread demand there is for them, or which are more than usually interesting from their very nature, have been unearthed by the score. The sixty-two books of last season but one have now become almost two hundred, and it must be remembered that, although this computation is made upon the £100 basis, there are very many instances where that amount has been almost reached. Were these also included in a general list, it would assume proportions much too unwieldy to be handled in the columns of any journal which did not devote itself exclusively to the book market and all that pertains to it.

The extraordinary number of literary manuscripts which have come into the market, and the high prices realised for them, constitute a sign of the times which cannot be overlooked. By "literary manuscripts" is meant original manuscripts of classic works, generally but not invariably printed afterwards in book-form. Mediæval manuscripts, written on vellum, decorated and illuminated, are not included in the term, for they are primarily works of art. Nor are autograph letters included, for another but equally valid reason. The manuscripts referred to are in reality "books" of far more importance than the printed copies made from them, for they mirror, as in a glass, the trend of the author's thoughts as originally evolved, and the modifications which a maturer consideration urged him to make, while the printed books show the fulfilment of the scheme. Manuscript plus printed book, and we have the mind of the author laid bare, so far as it is possible to achieve such a result, and time and the hour cannot prevail against it. This is the reason why such manuscripts are sought for almost regardless of expense, and why they are never likely to be relegated to the background by the passing of a craze. For purposes of convenience, no less than to point a moral incident to the remarks we have been impelled to make, the following table will have its uses. It gives details of all the "literary manuscripts" realising £100 and upwards which have been sold since October 9th, 1906, and the end of July in this present year:-

The Connoisseur

Author.		Work.	Date.	LIBRARY OR DATE OF SALE.	PRICE.
Shelley (P. B.)		Three Note Books, containing poems and other MSS.	circa 1820	Garnett	3,000
Vincent de Beauvais		Le Miroir Historiale, folio, half bound	Sæc. xiv.	Dec. 14th, 1906	1,200
Pope (Alex.)		Essay on Man, and others, folio, in a case	(1730?)	Stuart Samuel	895
Burns (R.)		Various Poems	(-757	March 15th, 1907	758
White (Gilbert)		Natural History of Selborne, folio, morocco		Stuart Samuel	750
		Speculum Humanæ Salvationis, on vellum, 4to (precursor of the Block Book)	Sæc. xv.	Bromley-Davenport	695
Scott (Sir W.)		History of Scotland, 3 vols., hf. bd., 4to, and folio	_	June 1st, 1907	510
Swift (J.)		Collection of Letters, Poems, and Essays, mostly unpublished	Sæc, xviii.	Dec. 14th, 1906	510
Gratianus	i	Decretales, on vellum, 354 leaves, folio	Sæc. xiv.	L. W. Hodson	440
Morris (W.)		The Earthley Paradise, 1,619 leaves, 7 vols.,	Sæc. xix.	L. W. Hodson	405
Shelley (P. B.)		Proposal for Putting Reform to the Vote, 17 leaves, 4to, morocco super extra	1817	Stuart Samuel	390
Burns (R.)		Scots wha hae		March 15th, 1907	355
Tennyson (Lord)		The Brook, 8 pages, 8vo, morocco super extra	_	Stuart Samuel	300
Keats (John)		Cap and Bells	_	Dec. 14th, 1906	297
Cauliac (G.)		Cirurgicale Parte of Medicine, old calf, folio	Sæc. xiv.	L. W. Hodson	244
Catherine of Siena		Legenda, modern russia, on vellum, folio	Sæc. xv.	L. W. Hodson	240
Thackeray (W. M.)		Original Draft of Chapters IV. and V. of "Philip,"	_	Stuart Samuel	240
Ovid		4to, morocco super extra Les Fables d'Ovide, on vellum, modern pig-skin, folio	Sæc. xiv.	June 17th, 1907	20 0
Pope (Alex.)		Of Taste, 8 leaves inlaid, folio, morocco extra	n. d.	Stuart Samuel	199
Dryden (John)		Eleonora, 6 leaves, 4to, morocco super extra	1692	Stuart Samuel	198
Hieronymus		Epistolæ, on vellum, 284 leaves, folio, morocco	Sæc. xv.	L. W. Hodson	191
Lorris (Guil.)		Roman de la Rose, on vellum, folio, old morocco	Sæc. xiv.	June 17th, 1907	190
Chaucer (G.)		Canterbury Tales, on vellum, 214 leaves, folio	circa 1420	L. W. Hodson	18o
Byron (Lord)		Proof Sheets of Various Poems, morocco extra	'	Stuart Samuel	174
Tennyson (Lord)		The Northern Farmer, 4 leaves, 4to, morocco		Stuart Samuel	155
Burns (R.)		super extra The Poet's Progress, 4 pp. in a gilt frame	_	Stuart Samuel	152
Chaucer (G.)	•••	Canterbury Tales, on paper, 350 leaves, folio	Sæc. xv.	L. W. Hodson	150
Maintenon (Mdme.	le)	La Caractère de la Princesse reine Silvaine, 8vo,	-	Stuart Samuel	150
Trainienon (Traine)	,	old morocco		,	.,,
Rolle (R.)	••• [Speculum Vitæ, on vellum, old morocco	Sæc. xiv.	Duke of Sutherland	141
Lorris (Guil.)		Roman de la Rose, 8vo, old morocco	Sæc. xv.	Sir H. Mildmay	120
Lamb (C.)		Dream Children, 2 pp., folio	_	Stuart Samuel	108
Cromer (W.)		Treatise of Medicine and Chirurgery, old calf	circa 1550	Duke of Sutherland	106
Florus (L. A.)		Fasti, on vellum, folio, contemporary oak bds	Sæc. xv.	Duke of Altemps	106
Brontë (Emily)	•••	Volume of Poems, 68 pp., 8vo	1844	July 26th, 1907	105
Barham (R. H.)		The Jackdaw of Rheims, 8vo, mor. super extra	——————————————————————————————————————	Stuart Samuel	101
Chaucer (G.)		Canterbury Tales, on vellum, 276 leaves, folio	Sæc. xv.	L. W. Hodson	101
Chrysostom, St.		Homiliæ, on vellum, 274 leaves, half morocco	Sæc. xiixiii.	L. W. Hodson	101
	•••	Early English Metrical Romances, on vellum	Sæc. xiv.	Duke of Sutherland	
Handel (G. F.)	•••	Score of "The Messiah" in 3 vols., oblong folio, original calf. In the handwriting of J. Christo-	_	July 19th, 1907	100
Schübert (Franz)	• • •	pher Smith Miriam's Siegesgesang, op. 136, vocal score	1828	Stuart Samuel	100
Shelley (P. B.)	• • •	Poem in his Autograph, 5 verses of 9 lines each	1320	T. I. and and	100
Morris (W.)		The Well at the World's End, 629 leaves, 2 vols.,	Sæc. xix.	7 337 17 1	100
***************************************	• • •	morocco	Sec. XIX.	L. W. Houson	1 .00

It will be understood that this list, formidable though it be, does not take any account of ancient illuminated manuscripts, which it is impossible to describe in a few words. The value of these depends upon their age and the character and quality of the painted miniatures, initial letters, and borders which they invariably contain. They consist for the most part of *Hora* and other service books, and of Bibles, and are essentially monastic. Many of these have been sold for large sums during the past season. These apart, the next point of interest centres in *Shakespeariana*, which have lately become very

numerous. It was said at one time that works of this class were fast becoming improcurable at any price, the fact being that, although the price is increasing, many more copies are coming into the market tha was formerly the case. The law of supply and devidently rules, so far as they are concerned, who its accustomed force, and many years will no doubt lapse before the country is entirely denuded of these of time works, or, what is more probable, they cease to imain in private hands. The following extensive list peaks for itself:—

Work.	PRINTER OR PUBLISHER.	DATE.	LIBRARY OR DATE OF SALE.	PRICE.
				 £
First Folio, 13 in. by 83 in., morocco extra	Isaac Jaggard	1623	Van Antwerp	3,600
First Folio, 13 in. by 81 in., old morocco extra	Isaac Jaggard	1623	June 1st, 1907	2,400
Contention betwixt the Houses of York and Lancaster,	Thomas Creed	1594	June 1st, 1907	1,910
the Foundation Play, unbound, 4to Third Folio, 13½ in, by 8¼ in,, original calf	Printed for P. C	.660	Lung vot 1005	
Third Folio, 13\frac{1}{2} in. by 8\frac{1}{2} in., original call Arden of Faversham, unbound, 4to	Edward White	1663	June 1st, 1907	1,550
Sonnets, old morocco, small 4to	G. Eld	1600	Sir H. Mildmay	800
First Folio, 12 in. by $7\frac{1}{2}$ in., verses missing, morocco	Isaac Jaggard	1623	Sir H. Mildmay	680
Third Folio, 121 in. by 81 in., modern calf	Printed for P. C.	1664	Van Antwerp	650
The Merchant of Venice, unbound, 4to	Thomas Heyes	1600	June 1st, 1907	510
Third Folio, sound, morocco extra	Printed for P. C.	1664	Duke of Sutherland	390
The Merchant of Venice, 4to, unbound	James Roberts	1600	Dec. 14th, 1906	380
The Rape of Lucrece, 12mo, new vellum	Roger Jackson	1624	Van Antwerp	350
First Folio, imperfect, old calf, the Brocket copy	Isaac Jaggard	1623	May 14th, 1907	305
Third Folio, 133 in. by 87 in., wanted last leaf, orig. cf.	Printed for P. C.	1664	July 27th, 1907	300
King Lear, 4to, morocco extra	Nathaniel Butter	1608	Dec. 14th, 1906	300
King Lear, unbound, 4to	Nathaniel Butter Iames Roberts	1608	June 1st, 1907 Dec. 14th, 1906	250
Second Folio, 13 in. by 83 in., slightly stained, orig. cf.	Thomas Cotes	1	Dec. 14th, 1906	250 250
Second Folio, 13½ in. by 8¾ in., morocco	Thomas Cotes	1 ,	Sir H. Mildmay	230
Second Folio, 13 in. by 8½ in., mended, old russia	Thomas Cotes	1632	March 15th, 1907	220
Poems, slightly imperfect, modern morocco	Thomas Cotes	1 ,	Nov. 29th, 1906	220
Poems, slightly mended, morocco extra	Thomas Cotes	1640	Van Antwerp	215
Second Folio, 123 in. by 81 in., modern morocco	Thomas Cotes	1632	Van Antwerp	210
Third Folio, 134 in. by 84 in., modern morocco, mended	Printed for P. C	1664	June 1st, 1907	205
King Lear, 4to, morocco	Nathaniel Butter		Van Antwerp	200
Hamlet, unbound, 4to	John Smethwicke		June 121, 1907	180
A Midsommer Night's Dreame, 4to, morocco extra	James Roberts		Van Antwerp	180
Hamlet, damaged, 4to, unbound	John Smethwicke	1, 5	H. C. Harford	172
Second Folio, 13 in. by 8½ in., morocco extra	Thomas Cotes		June 1st, 1907	140
First Folio, partly in facsimile, calf gilt Third Folio, 138 in. by 8½ in., old morocco, imperfect.	Isanc Jaggard Printed for P. C	1623 1664	Percy Fitzgerald Sir H. Mildmay	135
Poems, Portrait loosely inserted, 5½ in. by 3½ in., mod. cf.	Thomas Cotes	1640	July 27th, 1907	130
Merry Wives of Windsor, 4to, morocco extra	Arthur Johnson	1619	Van Antwerp	120
Hamlet, clean and perfect, unbound	John Smethwicke	1637	Nov. 29th, 1906	107
Othello, unbound, 4to	Richard Hawkins	1630	June 1st, 1907	101
Merry Wives of Windsor, unbound, 4to	Arthur Johnson	1619	June 1st, 1907	100
A Vorkshire Tragedy, 4to, morocco gilt	Printed for T. P	1619	Dec. 14th, 1906	100

In addition to these, many works by or attributed to Shakespeare were sold for less than £100, chiefly by reason of their imperfections or because they belonged to late and comparatively unimportant editions.

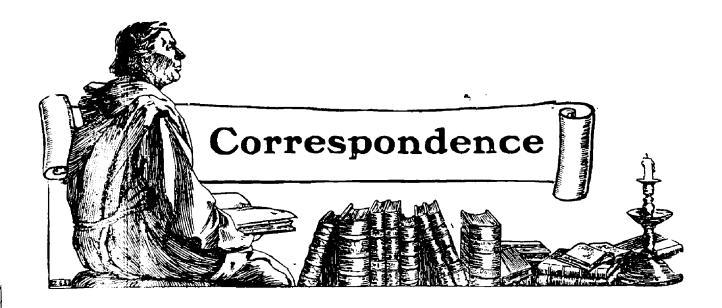
So far as books other than Shakespeariana are concerned, they might be divided into many distinct headings, and that course would be necessary had a sufficient number of them in each department sold for the substantial amounts we have indicated. Such, however, is the case, and it will therefore be better to deal with thea in one list. It may be remarked that, speaking erally, and given books of rarity and substantial e, the tendency is towards a great increase in market 5 but that, on the contrary, unimportant books, or er, let us say, those for which there is no great petition, have distinctly declined in value, not only dι ig the past season, but of late years. In this way balance restored, and the adjustment is in favour of book-lover of average means. Caring nothing for ext nely valuable works, possibly because they are hopelessly beyond his reach, or because they do not enter into his life, he turns his attention to the inexhaustible majority which he finds ever ready at hand, and learns to recognise the truth of the maxim, that the best books are always the cheapest. Not every rare book is expensive; rarity is not necessarily associated with cost, though the terms are often loosely used to mean the same thing, and there is even now an immense and important field for the collector who is debarred, for one reason or another, from competing for what, after all, are curiosities, of immense importance truly in public libraries, or in the hands of a few specialists, when in either case they occupy their true position, but of very little when bought casually in a spirit of emulation, or for no reason except that they are costly. The following list will give a good idea of the kind of books for which there is at present, and perhaps always will be, a very great demand, and which may be expected, therefore, to become more and more difficult to acquire as time goes on:-

The Connoisseur

Author.	Work.	PRINTER OR PUBLISHER.	ДАТЕ.	LIBRARY OR DATE OF SALE.	PR CE
Walton (Isaac)	The Compleat Angler, orig. sheep, 8vo First Voyage, new calf, 12mo, cut	Richard Marriot Andrew Maunsell	1653 1578	Van Antwerp March 15th, 1907	1,290
Frobisher (M.)	Third Voyage, new calf, 12mo, cut	Thos, Dawson	1578	March 15th, 1907	1,000
Frobisher (M.)	Second Voyage, new calf, 12mo, cut	H. Middleton	1577	March 15th, 1907	760
Frobisher (M.) Burns (R.)		John Wilson	1786	Van Antwerp	700
Le Roy (Loys)	Le Politiques d'Aristote, and another work, old mor, dedication copies to Henri III.	Vascosan	1576-9	DukeofSutherland	
Hawkins (J.)	Voyages, new calf extra, 12mo, cut and blank leaf missing	Thos. Purfoote	1569	March 15th, 1907	630
Caxton (W.)	Cicero in Old Age, and other pieces, 10% in. by 7½ in., morocco	Caxton	1481	Van Antwerp	600
Bunyan (John)	The Pilgrim's Progress, imperfect, orig.	Nath. Ponder	1678	July 26th, 1907	520
Voragine (J. de)	The Golden Legenda, fol., mod. oak bds.	W. Caxton	1483	June 1st, 1907	48o
Caxton (W.)	The Ryal Booke, and other works, by Caxton, much mutilated, original	Caxton	1487-9	Nov. 23rd, 1906	470
Hubbard (W.)	stamped leather Troubles with the Indians, orig. cf., 4to, "White Hills" map	John Foster	1677	Van Antwerp	450
	Journal of the Expedition to La Guira, and six other American tracts, in a	_	1744-55	H. C. Harford	405
	volume, half calf A Relation of Maryland, blank leaf missing, 4to, unbound	William Peasley	1635	March 15th, 1907	400
Nieremberg (Jo.)	Historia Naturæ, and another work, Charles 1st's copies, old English mor.	Moretus	1635	Dukeof Sutherland	395
Homer	Opera Omnia, first ed., fol., old russia	Nerliorus	1488	July 27th, 1907	380
Sidney (Sir P.)	Countesse of Pembroke's Arcadia, sm.4to, mended, old boards	William Ponsonbie	1590	Van Antwerp	315
Gower (Jno.)	Confessio Amantis, nearly perfect, mod.	William Caxton	1483	Sir H. Mildmay	310
Scott (Sir W.)	Waverley Novels, full set, original editions, mostly in boards		_	Van Antwerp	300
Burns (R.)	Poems, mor. ex., some leaves repaired, Svo	John Wilson	1786	George Gray	260
	Common Conditions, a comedy, unbd., 4to	William How	(1576)	June 1st, 1907	255
Phillip (Jno.)	Pacient and Meeke Grissill, unbound, 4to	Thomas Colwell	n. d.	June 1st, 1907	250
Homer	Ilias et Odyssea, 4 vols., printed on vellum, folio, original morocco	Ant Bladus	1542-51	Duke of Altemps	245
Ames (Jos.)	Typographical Antiquities, 4 vols., specimens of ancient typography added, old calf, 4to		1785-90	Van Antwerp	245
Stranguage (W.)	Historie of Mary Queen of Scots, extra illustrated and inlaid to folio size	John Haviland	1624	Dec. 5th, 1906	230
Browning (R.)	Pauline, 8vo, morocco super extra, autograph inscription by author	Saunders & Otley	1833	Stuart Samuel	225
Goldsmith (O.)	The Traveller, morocco extra, small 4to	J. Newbery	1764	Van Antwerp	216
Chapman (Geo.)	Seaven Bookes of the Iliades of Homere, vellum	John Windet	1598	Spence	214
Hakluyt (R.)	Voyages (with genuine "Voyage to Cadiz"), 3 vols., fol., slightly defective, russia	G. Bishop and others	1598-160c	July 27th, 1907	210
Gray (T.)	Elegy, morocco extra, 4to	R. Dodsley	1751	Van Antwerp .	205
Haden (F. Seymour)	Etudes à l'eau Forte, proof etchings mounted, imperial folio		1866	June 6th, 1907	200
Jesse (J. 11.)	Memoirs of the Pretenders, extra illustrated and inlaid to 2 vols., folio		1845	Dec. 5th, 1906	200

We have touched but the fringe of the subject in this short summary of the season's sales. Hundreds of other volumes have realised large amounts, but little advantage would be gained by naming them *seriatim*, while a great deal of space would be necessary if an attempt were made to complete the list, so as to include books which realised more than, say, £50 or £60. These, and indeed all books of any importance, will be found chronicled in the pages of AUCTION SALE PRICES. It may be mentioned that, in consequence of the unusual number

of very rare volumes sold during the past season, and the high prices realised for them, the average has jumped up to £4 4s. 2d., the next highest being in 1901, when it stood at £3 7s. 1od. Taking last seas n's book sales in the mass, and including those only of a high class, we find that some 31,800 lots of book as catalogued by the auctioneers, were disposed of, and that they realised a total sum of nearly £134 00. This discloses an average of £4 4s. 2d., as previously mentioned.



Announcement

READERS of THE CONNOISSEUR are entitled to the privilege of an answer gratis in these columns on any subject of interest to the collector of antique curios and works of art; and an enquiry coupon for this purpose will be found placed in the advertisement pages of every issue. Objects of this nature may also be sent to us for authentication and appraisement, in which case, however, a small fee is charged, and the information given privately by letter. Valuable objects will be insured by us against all risks whilst on our premises, and it is therefore desirable to make all arrangements with us before forwarding. (See coupon for full particulars.)

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS

Books .- "Don Quixote." - 9,826 (Saltburn-by-the-Sea). - Being an odd volume, your book is of no value.

Works of Scott. -9,845 (King's Lynn). -Your twenty-five

volumes are not worth more than 2 or 3 gns.
"Works of William Hogarth."—9,847 (Leicester).— This book is not in demand with collectors at the present time. Its value, at the outside, does not exceed £1. The Museum of Natural History, being an obsolete work, is practically valueless.

Coins and Medals.—Armada Bronze Medal, 1588. -9,818 (Edinburgh). - This counter is fairly common, and its value is about 4s. to 5s., according to condition. The figure on the obverse do not represent Spaniards, but the devot anal gratitude of the English people for their deliverance, which bey ascribe to God, as shown by the legend in Latin around the figures, viz., "Man proposes, God disposes."

E gravings. — "Foxhunting," after J. F. Herr g, senr. — 9,808 (Leamington Spa). — The value of your oured sporting prints, if in good condition, is about

44 or 55.

11 y of Leinster," by William Ward. — 9,800 (Hadd Road).—The original engraving was in stipple. If your p it is off the original plate, it is worth several pounds, accord to state, but we must see it to give a definite opinion. To die se of it privately, advertise in THE CONNOISSEUR REGIST R.

"So citing a Vote," after Buss, by Lupton. -9,799 (Porthernal).—The market value of this mezzotint is not more than 4s. r 5s. Your coloured print of Westall's At the Cottage

Door, is worth about 25s.

"The Vicar of Parish receiving Tithes," and "The Curate of Parish returned from Duty," after H. Singleton, by T. Burke,—9,844 (New Brighton).— The value of your two coloured prints, if they are in fine condition, is about £8 to £10.

"Le Buveur Flamand."—9,840 (Kensington).—The

print you describe is worth only about 10s.

"Trial of Earl Strafford," etc. -9,841 (Streatham). -The various prints you mention are unfortunately of very small value.

Royal Academy Diplomas. - 9,836 (Battersea). - These are worth only a few shillings.

"Marquis of Rockingham," after Sir J. Reynolds, by E. Fisher. -9,837 (Hull). -Your engraving, if a good

impression, is worth ft.
"Death of Epaminondas," by B. West. — 9,821 (Camberwell). - This print is not worth more than a few

shillings.

Objets d'Art. — Paintings on Glass. — 9,809 (Southport).—If perfect, the pair of transfer paintings on glass you describe would fetch from £2 to £3, according to the quality of the work.

Pottery and Porcelain.—Dessert Dish, etc. -9,829 (Thrapston). - The style of decoration shown in your sketch was common to a number of factories. To give a definite opinion regarding your china, therefore, we should have to examine the paste.

Spode Plate, etc. - 9,807 (Saffron Walden). - We are inclined to think that your vegetable dish and six plates are Spode, as well as the plate so marked. The mark you have photographed simply indicates a particular class of china made by one maker, and does not necessarily afford a clue to the factory. The pieces are of only slight interest to collectors, and their total value does not exceed 35s.

Rockingham. -9,831 (Carlisle).—Rockingham china varies considerably in quality. To value your tea service, we must see a specimen, and know the exact number of cups and saucers.

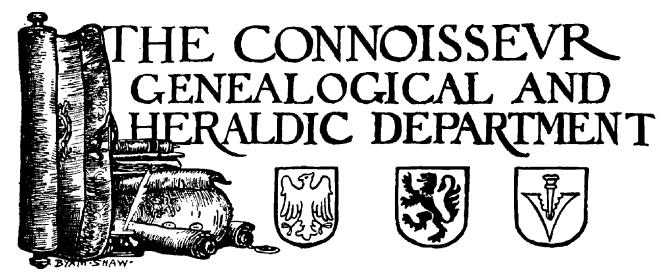
Jug.—9,830 (Bishop's Castle).—The jug, of which you send us sketch, was probably made by Ridgway, about the year 1830. It is worth about 20s.

Worcester Tea Service. - 9,931 (Garforth). - It is difficult to give an opinion upon your tea service without inspection. Judging from the photograph it may be early nineteenth century Worcester; but as it is incomplete, it is not worth more than about £3 10s.

Turner Plate.—10,134 (Wateringbury).—Judging from your sketch we are of opinion that your plate is one of those made by Turner at Lane End, Staffordshire, and afterwards

decorated in Holland. Its value is about 15s.

Wedgwood Jug.—10,113 (Eltham).—It is really necessary to see your jug to value it, as it depends so much upon the date The subject, however, leads us to believe that it and quality. was not made during the time of Josiah Wedgwood, and it is, therefore, not worth more than £2 or £3.



CONDUCTED BY A. MEREDYTH BURKE

Special Notice

READERS of THE CONNOISSEUR who desire to have pedigrees traced, the accuracy of armorial bearings enquired into, paintings of arms made, book plates designed, or otherwise to make use of the department, will be charged fees according to the amount of work involved. Particulars will be supplied on application.

When asking information respecting genealogy or heraldry, it is desirable that the fullest details, so far as they may be already known to the applicant, should be set forth.

Only replies that may be considered to be of general interest will be published in these columns. Those of a personal character, or in cases where the applicant may prefer a private answer, will be dealt with by post.

Readers who desire to take advantage of the opportunities offered herein should address all letters on the subject to the Manager of the Heraldic Department, at the Offices of the Magazine, 95, Temple Chambers, Temple Avenue, E.C.

Answers to Correspondents Heraldic Department

1,140 (Philadelphia).—Charles Jarvis, the translator of Don Quixote, and successor to Sir Godfrey Kneller as portrait painter to George I., signed his Will, Charles Jarvis, and the account of him in The Dictionary of National Biography can be supplemented by some particulars of his parentage. His father was John Jervas, of Clenliske, in the parish of Shinroan, King's Co., who had married Elizabeth, daughter of John Baldwin, of Shinroan. Letters of Administration were granted by the Prerogative Court of Dublin on 7th Feb., 1697-8, of the goods of "John Jervas, late of Clonliske, King's Co., gent., who died at Cape May in America, to Charles Jervas, of the City of Dublin, gent., son of said deceased, to use of Lucy, Martin, Mary, Matthew, John and Trevor Jervas, children of said deceased." The Will of John Baldwin, sen., of Shinroan, King's Co., was proved in the same Court, 1 Feb., 1698-9, and in it the testator mentions his son-in-law, John Jervis, of Clonliske, his daughter, Elizabeth Jervis, their four younger sons, Martin, Matthew, John and Trevor, and their two daughters, Lucy and Mary. Charles Jarvis does not appear to have been at Trinity College, Dublin, but his younger

brother, John, matriculated at that University 21 March, 1697-8, being then aged 19, and the entry in the College register describes him as having been educated "by Mr. Archbald at Shinrone, King's Co.," where possibly Charles, also, received his education. The latter, in his Will, which was proved in the P.C.C., 3 Dec., 1739, by his widow and executrix, mentions the children of his late brother, Martin Jarvis, of Pennsylvania, and the children of John Jarvis, of Clonliske. Who the "rich widow" was, whom he married, is not known, but her name was Penelope, and in her Will (proved 1746) she refers to her Aunt Penelope Hume, and makes John Hampden, of Hampden, Bucks., her executor and residuary legatee.

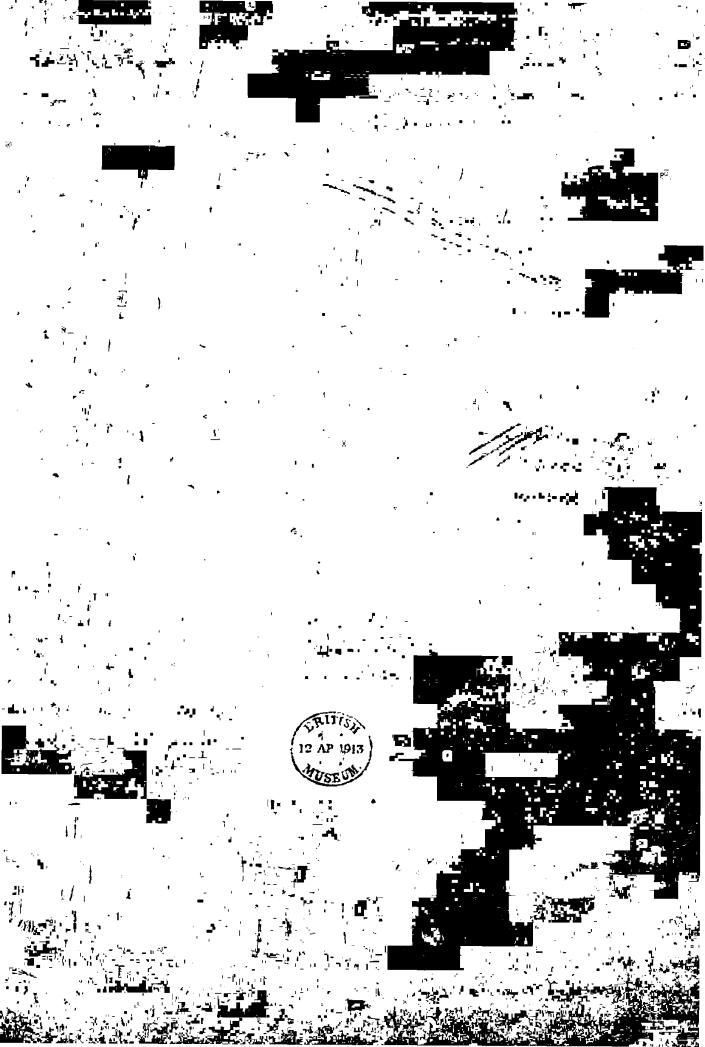
1,145 (Cromer).—Henry Killigrew, whose distinguished daughter, Anne Killigrew, was the subject of Dryden's well-known Ode, was the fifth son of Sir Robert Killigrew, Knt., and a younger brother of Sir William Killigrew, the dramatist. His sister, Elizabeth, was the celebrated Lady Shannon, mistress of Charles II.

1,152 (London).—Walter Langdon, of Keverel (referred to in Col. Vivian's Visitations of Cornwall as Esq.), was knighted at Whitehall, June, 1628, and although he had, according to the Visitation of 1620, eight sons, only two are referred to in his Will, which was dated 4th Feb., 1625-6, and proved 13th May, 1637, viz., "my sonne Ffrancis Langdon," and "my sonne and heire Walter Langdon," the last-named being exor. and residuary legatee; the remaining six probably having died young. Walter, the eldest son, left an only son, also named Walter, who died in 1676, leaving a daughter and heiress, who became the second wife of John Buller, of Morval. On his monument this Walter is said to have been "the last of the male line of that loyal and ancient and honourable family." Francis Langdon died, without issue, in 1658, and left £200 to his "niece Elizabeth Lee, she and her husband Richard Lee to give the executrix a general release of all further demands." Richard Lee is said to have been the founder of the family of Lee of Virginia.

1,159 (Plymouth).—There are few *Inquisitions Post Mortem* of a later date than 1644, as the series of these records terminates with the abolition of the Court of Wards and Liveries, which took place soon after the Restoration.

1,165 (London).—The Coat of Arms on the beaker—A. ent a chevron between three escallops or—was borne by the Wenyeves, of Brettenham Hall, Co. Suffolk. The family of Werever seems to have entirely disappeared, but their name in an her and perhaps older form may possibly still survive, as we find a "George Wynnyffe, of Brettenham, Suffolk, son of Thomas," matriculated at Gonville and Caius College, Cambrilge, 3rd March, 1562-3.

1,172 (Sydney).—Inigo Jones was the son of Ignatit (or Inigo) Jones, Citizen and Clothworker of London, who wa said to have been descended from the family of Jones, of Garthk ann, Co. Denbigh, and whose Arms were: Per bend sinister equint and ermines a lion rampant within a bordure engrail or. These Arms appear on the Houghton Hall portrait c the great architect.





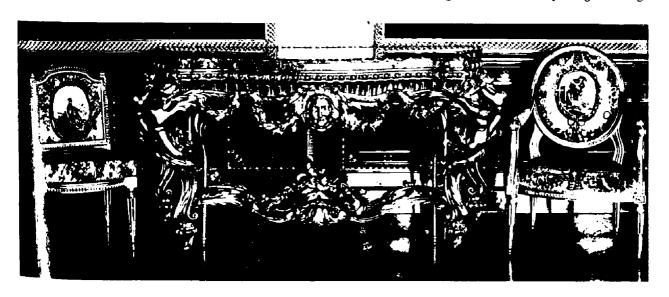
YOUNG HERDSMEN WITH COWS
BY ÆLBERT CUYP
FROM THE KANN COLLECTION
TO PROMISE OF MARKET DISCONTINUES.



DR. RUPERT MORRIS, in his excellent little Guide to Eaton Hall, says that the name "Eaton" contains an allusion to its position near the Dee and neighbouring streams. He contends that "the first part of the word having doubtless a connection with 'eye' or 'ey,' which appears in English local names as Battersea, Anglesey, Ostrey, and in the term 'Eyot,' or 'Ait,' a little island." In my previous article I referred to some of the ancestors of the Duke of Westminster, but only in the sense of tracing the direct descent of the Duke from Hugh Lupus, the Conqueror's nephew. One Grosvenor I mentioned was Raufe, who was an adherent of the Empress Maud, and who, with his cousin the Earl of Chester, was present at the battle of Lincoln in 1141. It was

here that King Stephen, forsaken by his followers, showed such marvellous bravery and prowess.

Fighting on foot, with his sword till it was broken, and then with his axe, he succeeded in bringing many to the ground, and amongst them the Earl of Chester. It was only after he himself had been struck by a huge stone that he was captured and carried off to Bristol Castle. There is preserved at Eaton Hall a MS., a copy of Henry of Huntingdon's Chronicle, containing a contemporary drawing of King Stephen making arrangements for the battle of Lincoln. Richard Cœur de Lion had with him Raufe's son Robert in the Crusade, and he was present with him in Sicily in 1190, when he took Messina in revenge of Tancred's expelling the English

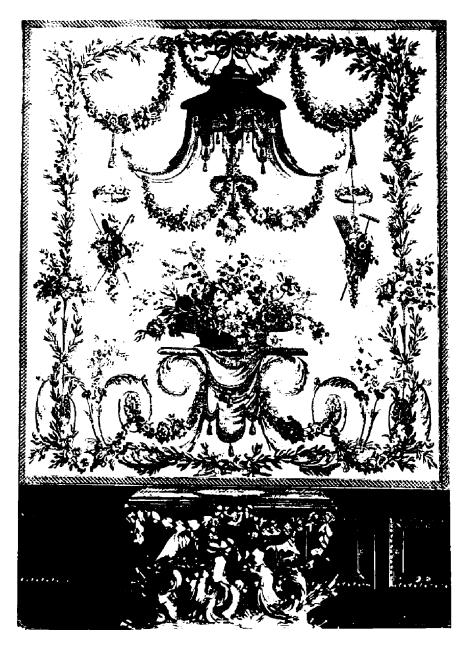


ITALIAN CARVED AND GILT CONSOLE TABLE. FROM HAMILTON PALACE COLLECTION, AND LOUIS XVI. AUBUSSON TAPESTRY CHAIRS

soldiers. Yet another Robert Grosvenor, Lord of Hume, accompanied King Edward III. to France, and witnessed the passage of the river Somme and the battle of Cressy in 1346.

I mentioned that Eaton came to the Grosvenors through the alliance of Ralph, second son of Sir

of certain goods of the Welsh rebels which has been seized at Eton Boat after the battle of Shreesbury by his faithful but too zealous subject, John de Eton." Loyalty has ever been the marked characteristic of the Grosvenor family, though their loyalty at times has cost them much. For instance, Sir Richard



BEAUVAIS TAPESTRY PANEL AND CARVED AND GILT CONSOLE TABLE

Thomas Grosvenor, of Holme—or Hume—to Joan, heiress of John Eton de Eton, temp. Henry VI. Eaton was then spelt without the "a," and the house which belonged to the estate was called Eton Boat. This curious name for a house arose through the proprietor having the Grand Sergeancy of the Dee, which gave him great powers.

There is another MS. at Eaton, a letter from Henry, Prince of Wales, commanding the restoration

Grosvenor in 1644 came in contact with the 'arliamentary forces under Lord Fairfax, and through all these troublous times continued firm in his adhirence to his King. This cost him his home at Eat in and forced him to take shelter in a neighbouring of ottage for many a long year, until the King came of his own again. His son Roger likewise was loyal, and in 1659, when the Royalists had planned a general rising in favour of their exiled king, he held himself ready

with hir Thomas Myddleton of Chirk Castle, his father in-law, and his wife's brother-in-law, Lord Herb rt of Cherbury, and Sir Richard Wynne of Gwydyr, to raise the King's standard on the Welsh marshes. He was rewarded for his services by being selected as one of the thirteen gentlemen of Cheshire to be Knights of the Royal Oak. He was killed in a duel in 1661, whilst his father was still living.

But, to return to Eaton Hall, it may be of some small interest to mention a word as to the previous houses which existed on this spot, but which differed entirely in appearance from the present great cold-looking building. The first Grosvenor to build a house at Eaton was Sir Thomas, in 1690. His architect was Sir John Vanbrugh, who also designed those wonderful buildings, Blenheim and Castle Howard, the respective homes of the Dukes of Marlborough and Earls of Carlisle. The Eaton House he designed was of brick, "with a frontage



AUBUS ON TAPESTRY PANEL IN DRAWING ROOM



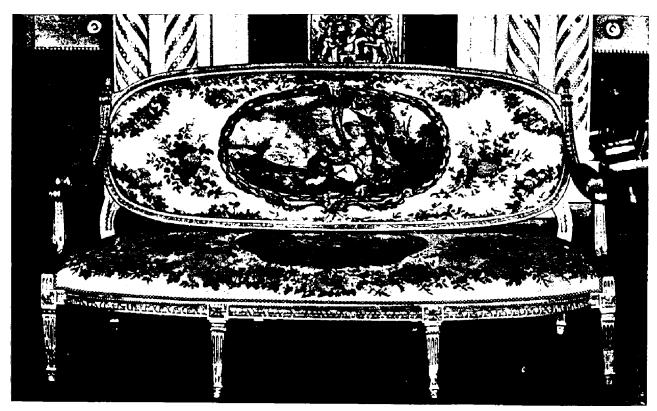
AUBUSSON TAPESTRY PANEL IN DRAWING ROOM

of 157 feet. It was in five divisions, the centre and extreme members advancing from the rest: the whole covered with a flat heavy roof, having windows and surmounted by an immense lantern rising from the middle of a platform enclosed by balustrades and surmounted by chimneys in ponderous clusters. In front was a spacious courtyard flanked by two detached wings and surrounded by iron railings, with entrance gates of iron superbly wrought and elaborately ornamented." In 1803 this house was greatly altered by Robert, Earl Grosvenor, the work occupying thirteen years to finish. Two wings were at this time added, which now brought up the length of the house to 450 feet. Instead now of the plain-looking building of Sir John Vanbrugh's design, Mr. William Pordon converted it into one which may be described as of florid Ecclesiastical Gothic. Again later on alterations were made to the east front by Richard, 2nd Marquis, who reconstructed the turrets either side of the drawing and dining rooms. And so Eaton Hall remained until 1867, when the late Duke entrusted Mr. Waterhouse with the task of creating the present enormous structure.

In continuing my description of the interior, I will commence with the saloon which forms part of the

hall, and is the feature of the house. I suppose it is quite unique in every respect, both in design and in decoration. Divided by pillars alone from the entrance hall, the two form one large room measuring 76 feet by 32 feet. The saloon faces east, overlooking the sloping grounds wherein are some ponds in stone enclosures or basins. There is also the broad walk which runs down from the steps leading out of the saloon direct to the lake at the bottom of the grounds. The apartment is lighted by three enormous windows, which show up well the wonderful marbles which surround the room, and the great

Laura; (4) Dante and Beatrice; (5) King Henr II. and Fair Rosamond; (6) Claudia and Pucens; (7) Cassivelaunus and Flor; (8) Mark Antony and Cleopatra. Above this fine chimney-piece and running the entire length of the wall is the frieze painted by H. Stacey Marks, R.A., representing Chaucer's "Canterbury Pilgrims." The effect of this extraordinary painting in vivid colours is remarkable, for the figures are drawn nearly life size. It is continued on the opposite wall, the figures representing the Miller riding at the head of the Pilgrims, and blowing his bagpipes, with which he



LOUIS XVI. SETTEE COVERED IN AUBUSSON TAPESTRY

painted frieze. The three large Gothic stone arches which divide the saloon from the hall are supported by clustered pillars of "Vert de Mer."

The high alabaster dado runs along the north and south walls. The fireplace is in the north wall, and has a very large and heavy stone mantel, supported by double pillars of the beautiful "Vert de Mer" marble. The panels of the frieze are of alabaster, and the carvings in high relief represent the Court of Love. Thus in the four outer panels are, (1) Eros or Cupid winged, with his bows and arrows; (2) Love, holding in her arms two turtle doves; (3) Hymen, the God of Marriage, with his torch; (4) Constancy. In the centre of the frieze eight pairs of lovers famed in history, (1) Raphael and La Fornarina; (2) Fra Filippo Lippi and Lucrezia Buti; (3) Petrarch and

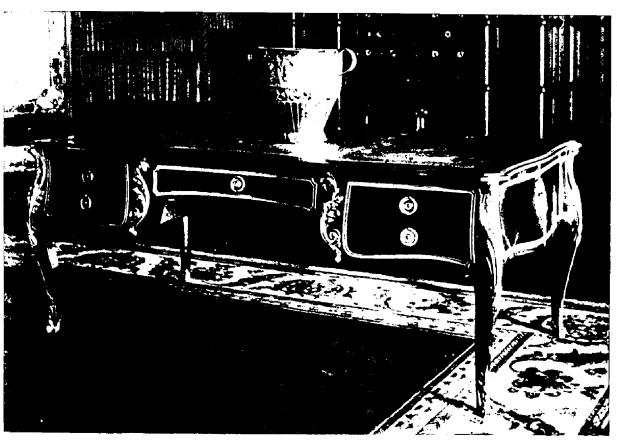
"brought the company out of town." Following him are the Physician, the Parson, and the Knight; then come the Yeoman and the Cook, the Nun and the gentle Prioress-"mighty pains she took to counterfeit court manners and be stately and discreet. So charitable and piteous that she could weep but did she see a mouse caught in a trap, if it were dead or bled." And then come the Young Squire, and the Man of Law, which is the last figure on the outh wall. On the chimney side the picture commences with the Merchant and the Franklin, with "onplexion sanguine," for "he loved in morning a s p of wine." Then comes the Wife of Bath, the willow wife of five husbands. She is depicted as "be d of face, red of hue, well wimpled with fine kerc iefs, showy in dress." By her is the "Wanton and Herry

Eaton Hall

Fria. and Chaucer himself with rose in hand rides betwen the Manciple and the Shipman. The rear is brought up by Mine Host, a "large stout man, merry and full of witty jests," and the Reeve, a "slender choicric fellow with long legs, lean like a staff, who ever rode the hynderest of the route."

The vellum tint of the walls helps to throw up this bright scene, which is truly an extraordinary and bold conception for decoration. The ceiling is vaulted, and follows the design of the tomb of Mahomet at Beejopore. The centre is in the form of an inverted

The room leading from the saloon on the south side is the ante drawing room, and, like the saloon, is remarkable for its decorations—also by H. Stacey Marks, R.A. These consist of a series of twelve bird pictures set in panels and placed in sets of three, one set flanking each side of the chimney-piece, and the remainder occupying the side walls. The birds are all painted in vivid colours, but with the most extraordinary accuracy. The colours, form, and texture of the feathers all show that the artist must have deeply studied each subject. Curiously enough



LOUIS XV. LIBRARY TABLE

saucer, and is painted to represent the firmament in graduated blue, with a gold sun in the centre surrounded Most of the furniture here is covered in priceless tapestry, while the heavier seats and chairs are overed in finely worked Genoese stuff trimmed with richly embroidered Venetian appliqué. Two enor rous vases on either side of the central window are od specimens of fluted work in Oriental granite, and e large Venetian cabinet, the supports of which are gro boys, is a beautifully wrought piece of Ren: sance workmanship. A large screen is formed by till top of a table placed on end, and consists of a tuge slab of marble, inlaid in different colours. The pairs and settees are Louis XVI., in white and gold, while a tall clock of curious design is of the Empire period.

they are mostly birds with long legs and necks, such as the flamingo or the secretary bird. As Dr. Morris remarks, "We have called this series of panels an idealised zoo." Plumed anglers from Europe, Africa and America; gorgeous macaws and solemn cockatoos from the tropics; birds from all climes have been brought together to live harmoniously with the English robin and the homely sparrow. Nowhere can such a gathering be seen save in the Zoological Gardens, and a right "happy thought" it was to invoke Mr. Marks's unrivalled skill to make them breathe and live upon the walls of the sumptuous room at Eaton. The frieze above depicts birds and primroses, while the roof is groined in flat low arches on which are painted swallows, butterflies, and stars. The chimney-piece, of Derbyshire alabaster, with slabs

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of porphyry and iridescent labradorite is quite beautiful, as, in fact, are all the marble chimney-pieces in the house. The glass cupboards between the windows contain some fine specimens of old Worcester and old Dresden. The general tone of the room is green, which makes a good setting for the panels of birds.

From this room the drawing room is entered, a room, like the dining room, measuring 45 ft. by 36 ft. The great windows, reaching from floor to ceiling, give one of the best views from the house of distant hill, vale, and river, with the land-mark Beeston Hill prominent. The features of this noble room are the tapestries, the console tables, the fire-place, and, of

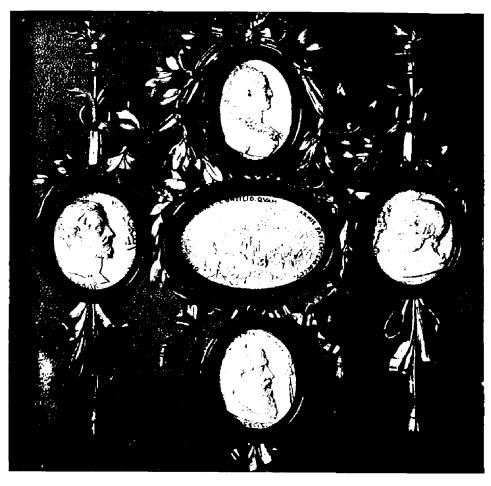
course, the furniture. The tapestries are hung in panels both sides of the fire-place, and on the north and south walls and each side of the windows. These fill the space from dado to frieze. Several



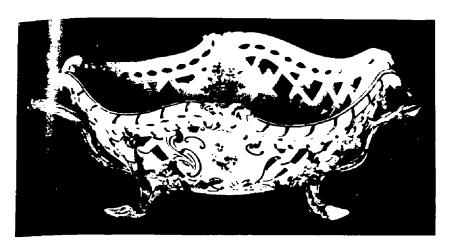
OLD DRESDEN TUREEN

of the pieces are Beauvais, and the rest Aubusson. Illustrations of both kinds will, perhaps, give the best idea of what they are like. Beneath these panels are Florentine pier or console tables, the

slabs being of the much - prized matrix of amethyst. These were bought at the Duke of Hamilton's sale. The chimney-piece is of Carrara marble, and consists of two tiers of double columns. It was made at Rome in 1869, and is ornamented with glass mosaics and large-sized agates with mosaics radiating from them. The columns are copied from the cloisters of St. John Lateran in Rome. They have a twisted pattern, and are inlaid with glass mosaics. The white marble gene ally is relieved by slal 3 of Rosso Antico an c' red and green porphyry. The fire-place faces the reat windows. The furn .ure, covered in old Aub. sson tapestry, is of great value, and belon s to the Louis XVI. pe iod.



IVORY PLAQUES IN LIBRARY



OLD DRESDEN DISH

At the south side of the room is a large archway and recess beyond, from which the library can be entered, while there are also steps leading down to a lobby and a door opening to the garden. Either side of this archway are enormous Oriental vases on stands, and in the recess is the group by Dalou of a mother rocking her child to sleep. In the narrow way leading from here into the library is a large wall case containing some very valuable miniatures which came from the Magniac collection. These consist of Lady Arabella Stuart; François Duc D'Alençon (Jean Clouet); Jeanne D'Albert, mother of Henri Quatre; Martin Luther (Cranach); Catarina, Luther's wife (Cranach); Melanchthon (Cranach); Child, unnamed (Pourbus); Mary Queen of Scots, Dauphine of France; Ernestina Sophia, Gräfin zu Solius; Emperor Charles V. (Cornelisz); Lord Seymour of Sudeley, Lord High Admiral; and Elizabeth de Valois, wife of Philip II. of Spain. These highly interesting miniatures are unfortunately so placed that it is utterly impossible to obtain a photograph of them.

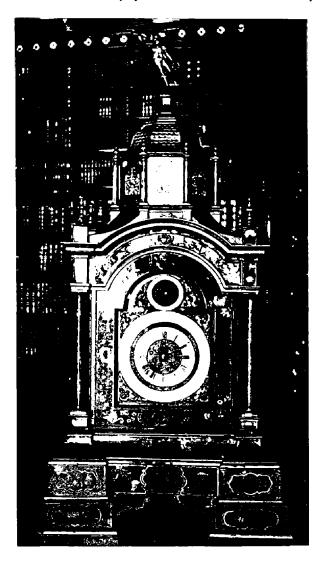
If the saloon is the chief feature of the interior of Eaton, assuredly the library is the most charming of all the grand apartments of this great building. It measures 92 feet long by 30 feet wide, and 23 feet high, and this, not including the two large bays and the lower recess on the south side, nor yet the two octagonal bays at the south-west and north rest corners. The ceiling is most effective, and i divided into five bays, divided by great beams of wall ut. The frieze is of walnut, and is inlaid with roses of mother-of-pearl and leaves of boxwood, executed by Braugan. The same ornamentation is on the potential of the cupboard and organ case.

The wo chimney-pieces consist of moulded black marble frames, surrounded by elaborate walnut panelli g 10 feet wide with groined soffits, causing the friezes of the chimney-pieces to project two feet

over the fire itself. The frieze contains a long central and two side panels, and supports a cornice which rests upon caryatids, representing the connection of all ranks with literature—royalty, the Church, chivalry, minstrelsy, husbandry, etc.

The organ case is of walnut, and is inlaid and decorated with gold chevrons and delicate foliage, each panel showing a different type. This organ was given to Eleanor, Marchioness of Westminster, by her father, Thomas, first Earl of

Wilton. The bookcases to the height of 11 feet are of walnut, and contain some 10,000 volumes and valuable manuscripts, several of which are bound in velvet with silver mountings. The pick of the collection is *The Vision of Piers Ploteman*, a folio volume written in the early part of the fifteenth century.



OLD CLOCK IN LACQUER CASE

The Connoisseur



STAIRCASE, WITH ARMOUR FROM HORACE WALPOLE'S COLLECTION

There is a fine copy, also in vellum, of *Henry of* Huntingdon's Chronicle, an illuminated copy of the evidence in the celebrated "Bend Or" trial in Richard II.'s reign. There is also a large collection of pamphlets and works bearing on the political and religious controversies of the times of James I., Charles I., and Charles II., and some interesting proclamations in Black Letter of the same period. The five pictures above the bookcases were painted for the first Earl Grosvenor by Benjamin West, the Quaker painter from Pennsylvania, who became President of the Royal Academy in 1792. subjects are — (1) Oliver Cromwell dissolving the Long Parliament, where, pointing to the Speaker's Mace, he orders a soldier to "Take away that bauble." (2) The landing of Charles II. at Dover in May, 1660, attended by the Dukes of York and Gloucester. He is raising up General Monk, who kneels to receive him. (3) The Battle of the Boyne, July 1st, 1690, where William III., mounted on a white charger, has arrived in time to decide the fate of the day with the left wing of his army. As William had had his right arm disabled early in the battle, he should have been painted using his left hand—if any. (4) The

Battle of La Hogue, in which Sir George Rooke (who with Sir Cloudesley Shovel afterwards took Gibraltar) destroys with his flotilla of ships and boats the thirteen large ships of war and twenty transports, part of Louis XIV.'s fleet, fitted out to support James II.'s attempt to recover the throne. James, depicted standing on the distant heights, exclaims as he sees this brilliant deed, "None but my brave English tars could have performed so gallant a feat"—and this despite his hopes of recovering the throne had now gone. (5) The Death of General Wolfe on the Heights of Abraham, 17th September, 1759. Wolfe is dying, struck down by a musket ball in the breast. Sir William Howe, pointing to the enemy's colours which have just been taken, exclaims, "Sir! they run!" The Indian standing by watches to see whether the white braves can bear pain.

Dr. Morris says that this picture is of the h ghest interest as being the first in which any pain er of "high art" ventured to dress his character in the modern garb of European warriors. George III. wished to purchase this picture, over which the ewas so much criticism, but he eventually had a copy nade, which is now at Hampton Court.

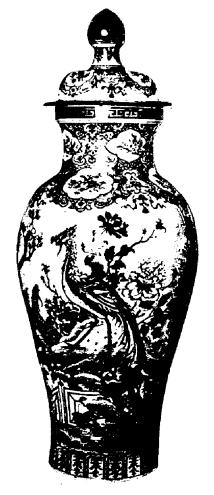
Amongst the objects here are some carvii 3s in

Eaton Hall

ivory of the heads of Sir Francis Drake, Sir John Haw ins, Queen Elizabeth, and the Destruction of the Armada, with Drake (taking astronomical sights), F. Walsingham and W. Cecil (holding the Scale of Justice). A huge scene at the entrance, composed of three panels of pietra dura, is inlaid in lapis lazuli, verde antico, jasper, chalcedony, serpentine, and porphyry, the lower compartments being a marvellous representation of a landscape. Some charming old tables, an old clock in a curious old lacquered case, and an exquisitely carved ivory of Wolfe's head, are but a few of the many beautiful and interesting objects in this noble room.

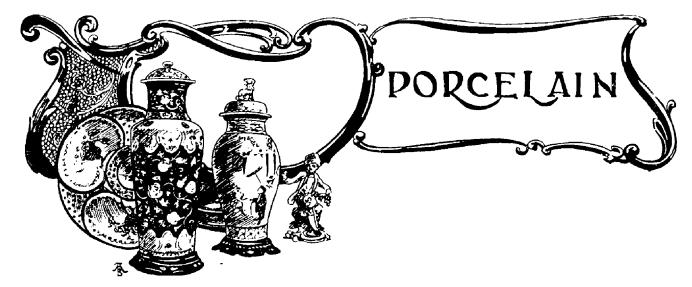
Outside the library doors to the grand corridor is the staircase, on the walls of which hang some fine suits of armour and swords, used in the early part of the sixteenth century. These came from Strawberry Hill at Horace Walpole's sale in 1844. One of the helmets has a "beaver" in three pieces, which moved over each other, and when covering the face were held up by as many little catches. Several of the breastplates are of the globose pattern, one with a raised edge down the centre called the "tapul"; and attached to them by buckles are the "traces" or

"tassels," which are over-lapping bands of steel forming a skirt, held together by sliding rivets. columns on the staircase are fine specimens of English and Scotch granite, and the balustrade is of alabaster. Two immense pictures which hang in the grand corridor here, The Adoration of the Magi and The Fathers of the Church, are by Rubens. The former, measuring 10 ft. 9 in. by 8 ft. 1 in., was painted in eleven days for the Church of White Sisters, Louvain, for £72. It was sold at the suppression of convents in 1786 for £756, and was purchased from Lord Lansdowne, who had paid £840, by Earl Grosvenor in 1806. The second picture is 14 ft. by 14 ft. 6 in., and was painted in 1629 by order of Philip IV. (and forms one of nine), who presented them to his minister, the Duke of Olivarez, to decorate a Convent of Carmelites near Madrid. Seven of them were taken away by the French in 1808. wagon that held them broke down in a muddy ditch, and some of them rolled out into the water. One was seriously injured, and four were purchased by M. de Bourke, the Danish Minister at Madrid, who brought them to England, and sold them in 1818 for £10,000 to the first Marquess of Westminster.



ENAMELLED CHINESE VASE

YUNG-CHING PERIOD



Doccia Porcelain By M. E. Steedman

THE first porcelain factory at Doccia was established in 1735 by the Marchese Carlo Ginori, who, being desirous of imitating Chinese porcelain, sent a vessel to the East Indies to obtain the different kinds of material employed in its composition. He began to make experiments at a villa belonging to him in the neighbourhood of Sesto, not far from Florence, and was so successful that he decided to start a porcelain factory. A chemist named Carlo Wandhelien was appointed director of the works in 1737, and the production found a ready sale, while the Tuscan Government granted it the privilege of

factory passed into possession of his son, the Senator Lorenzo, who greatly improved and enlarged it. More workmen were employed, and superior furnaces were built, which enabled the owner to manufacture important pieces, such as vases and statues, which had hitherto been impossible. The works were still further enlarged and improved when his son, Carlo Leopoldo, succeeded him, and a museum was built for the accommodation of the models of the most famous sculptors, whether ancient or modern. The porcelain, too, was highly finished at this period, and the decorations beautifully executed, which was



No. I .- CUP AND COVER

DOCCIA PORCELAIN

being the only establishment of its kind in the State, though this special mark of favour was withdrawn in 1812.

The Marchese Carlo Ginori died in 1757, and the

principally due to the teaching given at the school of design established by Carlo Leopoldo.

The Doccia factory has always been noted for the variety of its productions, and both hard an a soft

Doccia Porcelain



No. 11.—THE FINDING OF MOSES DOCCIA PORCELAIN GROUP

paste were manufactured there. The Capo di Monti moulds were transferred thence in 1821; consequently large quantities of spurious Neapolitan china bearing the original mark have since been manufactured at Doccia and distributed throughout Europe. Of comparatively late years the factory has been remarkably successful in imitating Japanese and Chinese porcelain, Della Robbia ware, and the sixteenth century Maiolica of Xante and Maestro Giorgio. The metallic lustres employed in the colouring of the latter were invented and brought to perfection by Giusto Giusti, who learnt his art at the Doccia school, and was accorded honourable mention at the London and l'aris Exhibitions of 1851 and 1855 respectively.

The decorations found on Doccia porcelain are numeous and varied, and among the principal artists employed from 1770 to 1800 were:—Fanciullacci, a painte of miniatures; Carlo Ristori (landscapes); Antonio Valleresi (flowers); Antonio Smeraldi (figures and la Iscapes); Angiolo Fiaschi (figures); while the model is included Bruschi, Lici, and Ettel. Tea and defener services were extensively made, and most of the cups had covers, like that shewn in No. i., with ac in shaped or twisted handles; the decorations consists I of landscapes and figures, such as nymphs,

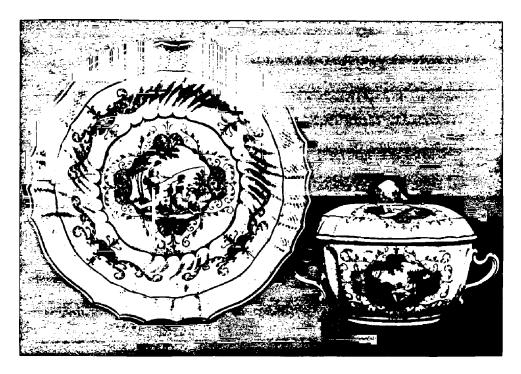
satyrs, etc., or flowers, the latter sometimes in relief like those on the cup in No. i. Statuettes, groups, and figures were also manufactured, and the group illustrated in No. ii. represents the finding of Moses, while No. iii. shows the figure of a satyr.

Carnival and garden scenes sometimes occur, and fishing groups, as on the stand in No. iv., also festoons, scroll-work and basket-work borders. Some of the écuelles are beautifully painted with a shield on a cross of the order of St. Stephen, bearing the arms of the Ginori family, held by an eagle on each side, and further decorated with elaborate festoons of flowers and a floral monogram. There are one or two fan-shaped jardinières in oval stands extant having exquisitely painted panels of soldiers and ladies, divided by richly gilt blue pilasters, and it seems almost certain that Wedgwood's celebrated jasper ware was imitated to a slight extent at the Doccia works, principally in the form of white oval medallion



No. III.—A SATYR DOCCIA PORCELAIN STATUETTE

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No. IV .- CUP, COVER, AND STAND

DOCCIA PORCELAIN

portraits on a blue ground. The principal mark found on Doccia porcelain is a star, which forms part of the Ginori arms. It is found in gold upon the richest pieces, and also in red. The mark of a double triangle, also in gold on the best specimens, is another mark recognised as belonging to the Doccia factory, and the name "Ginori" is sometimes found impressed in the paste. The initials N.S. are attributed to Nicolo Sebastiano, and P.F. to Pietro Fanciullacci, who was a chemist as well as a painter, while the letters C.A. and P.G. are also occasionally though rarely met with.



No. V.—TWO FIGURES

DOCCIA PORCELAIN





MORNING, OR THE REFLECTION

BY J. GROZER
AFTER W. WARD



Fire-Dogs Part I. By J. Hartley Beckles

(With Illustrations of the Chief Examples to be met with in the Kingdom)

Fire-docs (or andirons) are to-day almost an anachronism. Occasionally in some old baronial hall or stately mansion, as at Chatsworth, I have seen the great log of oak or beech borne in and placed lovingly athwart the iron or bronze shoulders of the "ancient twin servitors of the hearth," as Tennyson called them. But the doom of the blazing log was sounded nearly two centuries ago, when the sea-coal fire ("noxious and health-destroying," they called it) uprose in half the households of the countryside. Newcastle began to pour forth her stores of fuel into the lap of England, and manufacturers of iron grates could not keep pace with the demand. It was then that the moulding and the fashioning

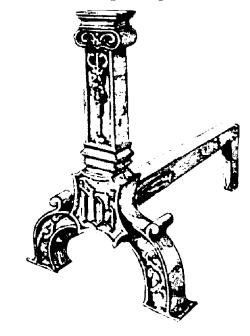
of fire-dogs quite suddenly ceased, and the close of the seventeenth century marks the decline of an industry which had given employment to numerous founders, ingenious artisans, and silversmiths since Roman times.

There are scattered here and there in provincial museums, such. Norwich and Chester, a few surviving examples of Rome i fire dogs, and these, while if a simple character, have the acceptain feature which marks them out from the lattempts. This is not the double ertical bars, but the fact the these terminate in a

representation of a deer's head with antlers. These latter, resembling large nails, were doubtless employed in holding a cross-bar or spit in place. An excellent specimen has been found at Hartlip, Kent, and also at Colchester, answering to this description.

The very oldest English fire-dogs I have seen are quite simple bars of unmixed iron, with vertical fronts or faces, two feet high, the tops bent into a scroll or crozier-shape. In the Middle Ages the fire-place usually occupied the centre of the large hall. There was there a low platform of stone, such as may yet be seen at Penshurst, Kent, with the fire-dogs that of old supported the logs. Doubtless all the early fire-dogs were of this description, but with the growth of

interior ornament and luxury in the Middle Ages, more elaborate forms came into use. Log fires were no longer built in the middle of an apartment, and richly designed chimney-pieces very naturally suggested graceful shapes and patterns in the appointments of the hearth. In the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries we observe the front upright bar not merely terminating in the head of a man, woman, child, dog, or animal, but the whole face, as well as the legs, have a strongly marked design in relief. In the case of fire-dogs in use in abbeys, monasteries, and



16TH CENTURY CAST-IRON

(SMARDON, KENT)



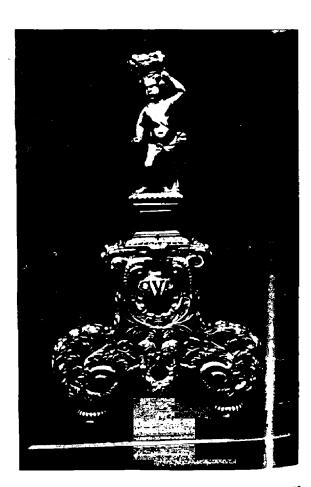
SILVER FIRE-DCG AT KNOLE



17TH CENTURY SILVER FIRE-DOG IN THE ROYAL COLLECTION



SILVER FIRE-DOG AT KNOLE

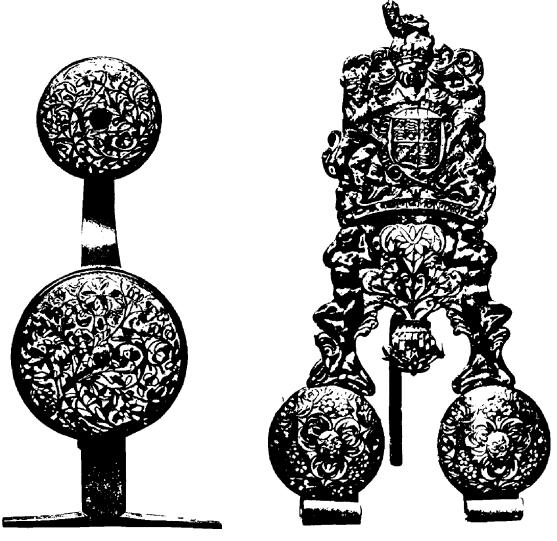


16TH CENTURY SILVER FIRE-DOG AT HAMPTO. COURT

religio s houses, the head is omitted, and the whole presents a sculpturesque effect, combined with Gothic and Renaissance architectural features. One example of this sort may be seen in the pair now at Smardon in Keat, with the initials "I. H. S." at the base of the body.

But while in England the fire-dog throughout

continued to be made of iron or other metal, while the surmounting figure was of silver. There are several fine examples of silver dogs at Knole, one at Hatfield, and two at Windsor. The Duke of Portland also possesses a pair of urn pattern more severe than those at Knole. They were made by Philip Rolls in 1704, and deviate but slightly from



ENAMEL FIRE-DOGS, NOW IN THE POSSESSION OF EARL COWLEY

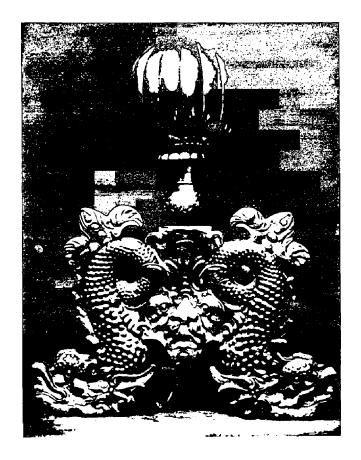
Elizabeth's reign continued to retain a certain fitting relationship to the older forms of hearth irons, on the Continent it altogether outgrew its original simp! city and its original material. Silver, brass, and onze came to be extensively used in Italy. The finest artists were employed in the designing of exqui te specimens of the sculptor's art. Exactly when id where the first silver fire-dogs were fashioned canno be ascertained; but it is clear that they were knowi to Shakespeare from a passage in his play of "C mbeline." Iachimo describes the andirons of Im-gen's chamber as "two winking cupids of silver, ach on one foot standing, nicely depending on the brands." It is probable that the body long

the traditional form of such fire-place furniture. They are twenty-six inches high.

The Windsor specimen shown in this article has been mutilated with the crown and cypher of William IV. The story is told of the little George IV. and his drawing-master at Windsor, probably of this very pair of andirons. The prince had been sketching a variety of objects set before him, with more or less painstaking seriousness, for the task was to him most irksome, and the drawings were ultimately submitted to his royal father. "Wooden!" was the King's exclamation. "All wooden! A table, a chair, a box, a stool! Heavens, Mr. Elliott," turning to the perturbed drawing-master, "have you nothing the

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child can exercise his talent upon but these things of wood? Come, sirrah, let me see you draw one of those silver andirons yonder, and if you make a good job of it you shall have a day's holiday with me in Windsor Forest." But either the prospect held out to the lad possessed few charms, or his pictorial genius was unequal to the strain put upon it, for the drawing of the andiron, although it consumed a whole morning, was so bad that George III. declared, with much humour and good sense, that whatever rôle his son was destined for in this world, he would never



17TH CENTURY SILVER FIRE-DOGS, FROM THE PALACE, COPENHAGEN

make an artist. His majesty ordered the drawing lesson discontinued forthwith as an utter waste of time. The tutor contrived to keep the unhappy drawing, which caused his professional transfer to the youthful Duke of Gloucester, and it long continued in his family.

Cupids seem a favourite design at the beginning of the seventeenth century. One finds no reference to silver andirons in France earlier than the time of Cardinal Mazarin. In 1654 one pair was valued at 2,925 livres in an inventory of the effects of Marshal de la Milleraye. No fewer than forty



WROUGH GERMAN, EARLY 17TH CENT.

WROUGHT-IRON FIRE-DOGS , EARLY FLEMISH FRENCH CENT. 17TH CENT. 15TH CENT.

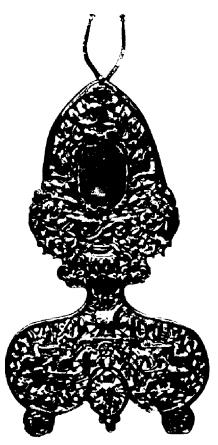


FLEMISH 16TH CENTURY BRONZE

IGTH CENTURY WROUGHT-IRON, FR M
THE TOWER OF LUXEM OURG

nairs are described in different inventories of the reign of Louis XIV.; but nearly all of these have disappeared long ago into the melting pot, although a few found their way into England at the time of the Revolution. It has been doubted whether in this country there were any fire-dogs wholly of silver before the latter part of the reign of Charles II. Although what Mr. Starkie Gardner calls "the great age for massive silver furniture" came to an end with the death of Louis XIV., yet silver fire-dogs continued occasionally to be produced. Rococo became the vogue, and a most exaggerated form of German rococo is displayed in a pair of dogs owned by Earl Cowley-"an asymmetrical mass of swirling waves, clams and rushes, with incidents such as a cornucopia and flowers." stands nearly three feet high, and was made in Augsberg in 1745. It bears for device the closed crown of a Prince-Bishop over the

monogram C. P. I may as well, for the benefit of those seeking to acquire these brilliant mementos of the hearth, add that the sole remaining English possessors of silver andirons, besides those already



ENAMELLED FIRE-DOG IN THE POSSESSION OF GENERAL FOX-PITT-RIVERS (CHARLES 1.)

enumerated, are the Duke of Buccleuch, whose pair represents female figures with lions' claws; the Duke of Manchester, a cherub on dolphin; and a pair at Belvoir Castle.

In an inventory of Hargrave Hall, Suffolk, dated 1603, there is entered: "Item, two payer of Andyrons wth. heads and foreparts of copper: one payer being less than the other." What fate overtook these cannot now be determined; but it is certain that copper and brass specimens are to-day exceedingly rare. Enamel came to be used about the same time as silver, but is now seldom met with, examples fetching easily from f,300 to a f,1,000 whenever they come into the market.

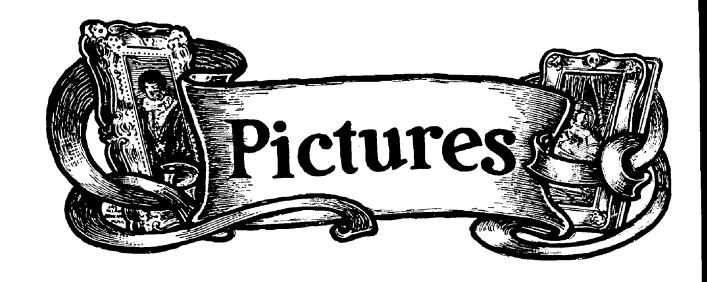
There is a fine pair in the possession of Earl Cowley, believed to have been made for James II., and comprising the royal arms, supported by two nude male figures. The pair at Drayton House is precisely the same as the ones at Haddon Hall, save that the

colours of the former are purple, white, and turquoise, while the latter are green and white. A curious pointed shape with a very intricate pattern is shown in the pair owned by General Pitt-Rivers at Rushmore.

(To be continued.)



FIRE-DOG AT ALDINGTON, KENT



Mr. Arthur Morrison's Collection of Chinese and Japanese Paintings Part II. By Stewart Dick

THE most famous of all the masters of the Chinese renaissance is Sesshiu, born 1420, died 1506, who is one of the greatest of all Japanese painters. Of his work Mr. Morrison possesses two specimens: one a large six-panelled screen in the artist's early manner, probably painted before his visit to China; the other a masterly little landscape of the broadest and most summary description. There is also another

large landscape screen, by a painter of the unknown school, which is perhaps even finer than that of Sesshiu himself.

In the works of the Kano school, which sprang from the Chinese renaissance. are some of the greatest treasures of the collection. An exceedingly fine example of the work of Kano Motonobu is the painting of mandarin ducks, the

emblems of conjugal fidelity. The whole range of the wonderful Kano brush work may be seen here: the broad flat treatment of the distant mountains, the bold dashing strokes of the reeds and grasses, and the firm and delicate detail in the plumage of the birds.

Even finer in its way is the landscape of mountain and stream, and picturesque trees, and there is also

an extremely interesting example, a fan mount with the figure of an old man riding on an ass, which belongs to the youth of the painter when he travelled over Japan on foot, payinghis way by means of such rough sketches.

Fan mounts were farourite subjects for or namentation by the Jap enese masters, and Mr. Morison possesses a set of thi teen examples by Sanraku—fish,



LANDSCAPE

BY SESSHIU

landscopes, birds, figures, all brimful of movement and life.

Of the paintings of the painter priest Shokwado, who was a pupil of Sanraku, examples are exceedingly rare, the only known painting in Europe being that possessed by Mr. Morrison—a drawing of a bird watching a fly. It is sealed with the same seal as that stamped on the Nobuzane painting formerly referred to.

About a hundred years later, in the seventeenth century, we come to the three famous brothers, Tanyu, Naonobu, and Yasunobu, who carried the development of the Kano school to its furthest extent. Tanyu, the eldest, is in Japan the favourite painter of the Kano school. His style was looser and freer than that of his predecessors, and full of a superb recklessness and dash; but the unique specimens of his work in this collection show him to have been not merely a magnificent virtuoso, but a great and serious artist. First of all is a pair of large six-fold landscape screens, undoubtedly the most important specimens of Tanyu's work out of Japan. It is impossible to express in words the dignity and grandeur of these landscapes of mountain and lake, executed in delicate washes of Chinese ink, and they would suffer sadly in any attempt at reproduction. The two screens are designed in harmony and form one large composition, but each part taken separately is a perfectly composed picture. Almost of equal interest with these is a book of eight landscapes, the famous Shosho Hakkei, or eight beauties of Shosho, which have been depicted by so many Chinese and Japanese artists. Then there is a large kakemono of Benten, a very early work, and an extraordinarily impressive painting of Monjiu, the god of literature; a painting of a philosopher and a boy, which is an excellent example of the easy and heedless dash of his brush work; and, quite as a surprise, a dainty little study of birds and convolvulus, a marvel of lightness and delicacy. A very unusual specimen in the Tosa style completes the list.

N. nobu, the second brother, died at an early age, and from this cause and the fact that he seem a to spend much of his time hunting out and stroying his earlier work, his paintings are even after than Tanyu's. There could not be a greate contrast than the style of the two brothers—the ane exulting in its strength, the other restraine and quiet, and full of a soft liquid quality. The strong the work of Naonobu: Fukurukojiu in the centre, on the right a sparrow and willow, on the left a crow on a broken pine branch,

the three combined form a wonderfully perfect composition.

The youngest brother, Yasunobu, is represented by a strong drawing of a dragon, and among half a dozen others by a painting of a stem of bamboo. Nothing could be slighter, but it is a beautiful picture and a fine piece of technique.

A most interesting set of three kakemonos gives the work of all the brothers. In the centre is a figure of Hotei, with bag over his shoulder, by Tanyu, touched in with a few bold strokes. On the left is a representation of a cock poised on one foot, by Yasunobu, while another cock, by Naonobu, in this case seated, completes the set.

Of Naonobu's son and pupil, Tsunenobu, there are a number of excellent examples, one a landscape that might almost be a Tanyu, another a charming study of white herons and lotus in mist.

Then of the fine Kano painter, Hanabusa Itcho, a pupil of Yasunobu, there are no less than three very fine examples, and of lesser men many more, but to deal fully with the Kano school alone would fill the space allotted to this paper.

Sotatsu, also a pupil of Yasunobu, was one of the most famous flower painters of Japan; but the examples here—there are no fewer than eight—show him also in other aspects. First is a life-like representation of a deer, with dainty mincing step; then there is an equally vigorous representation of a cock.

One of the finest of all is a large picture of chrysanthemums, which is painted with astonishing breadth and freedom. The colour is gorgeous, especially in the soft dusky reds, and is not put on minutely petal by petal, but dashed in with careless ease in great blotches. This looseness of technique is peculiarly characteristic of Sotatsu, and imparts to his work a distinctive charm.

Then there is a huge six-fold screen painted on a rich gold background in the style that Korin adopted so largely some years later. It is a sumptuous piece of decoration. A great limb of pine strikes up across it, throwing off branches which bear great masses of green pine needles. A fence of plaited rushes stands out in pale greenish gold against the orange gold of the background, and gold, too, is used continually as a pigment, mingling in washes with the other colours. The stream which passes under the tree is of lapis lazuli, with the conventional lines of running water freely traced on it in white, and below in the foreground grow some exquisite flowers. The whole piece forms a marvellous tour de force of decoration.

Korin, one of the most individual of Japanese artists, and perhaps the greatest decorator of them

all, owes much to Sotatsu, especially in his flower paintings. Mr. Morrison possesses a number of fine Korins. First are two of a triptych, the third being unfortunately missing. The centre piece, a figure of Fukurukojiu, with stag and crane, the emblems of longevity, is an extraordinary piece of work. It is almost bizarre in conception; it is dashed off in a few strokes in what seems the most primitive

fashion, but the result is perfect. Each line seems inevitable, as if it could not have been otherwise by a hair's-breadth. The second of the pair represents a crow seated on a branch, suggested with a few bold touches.

Another fine example is an evening scene with a pair of geese sitting among the reeds at the edge of a stream. One of the birds is white, and is hardly painted at all, the delicate gray of the background being carried round in one wash and defining its form. Against the body of the white goose the other is relieved in dark plumage, and it is painted with equal breadth and simplicity. The moon, which overhangs the stream, is of silver, but time has darkened it to a dull leaden tint.

A very interesting example is the little Cha-no-yu, or tea ceremony, picture. In such pictures everything was in keeping with the cult of elaborate simplicity. The subject in this case is formed of two little stones and a few sprays of green leaves. But it would be difficult to find a richer colour harmony. The stones flash and sparkle with lapis blue, which in this case seems to have an almost crystalline lustre: rich greens and reds, and gold applied both solidly and in delicate washes, all go to produce the dazzling effect of this fascinating little picture.

Korin's brother, Kenzan the potter, painted with

a slightly heavier hand in much the same style, and there is here a fine example of his work in the little kakemono of two cranes. It is so simple you could almost count the lines on your fingers; but slight as it is, it is decoratively complete.

A contemporary of Korin's, and like him a famous lacquerer, was Ritsuo. His merits as a painter are shown by a spring picture of birds and blossom.

the latter an exquisite cherry red, in the midst of falling snow.

Also a famous painter of the Korin school was Watanabe Shiko. first a pupil of Yasunobu, and afterwards of Korin. Mr. Morrison is fortunate enough to possess three examples of his work, which is extremely rare and much valued in Japan. Besides a little kakemono of mandarin ducks. which might almost pass for the work of Korin himself, there is also a pair of magnificent six-fold screens representing the four seasons. The one, Summer and Autumn, rivals that of Sotatsu in its splendour, and is somewhat similar in subject. Across the background



DANCER

BY IWASA MATABEI

of pure gold strikes the great limb of a pine tree, and flowers and argus-eyed pheasants make up the picture. The other, Winter and Spring, is something quite unique — a harmony in white Against the pure gold background is a snowy landscape, bare and austere in the winter portion, softened in the other half with the early blossoms and fresh greens of spring. Snow white herons perch on a branch of willow, itself a wonderful harmony of white and dull green, and one with outstretched wings sails across the panels. When these two great screens are opened, they stand over five feet high. The effect is gorgeous in the extreme—the whole room is filled with a subdued splendour.







MONJIU, GOD OF LETTERS BY KANO TANYU

LANDSCAPE

BY SOTATSU

The Connoisseur

In the later schools, the Ukioye or Pictures of Passing Life school, and the Shijo or Naturalistic school, a similar wealth of material awaits us.

The paintings of Matabei, the founder of the former, who lived in the beginning of the seventeenth century, are excessively rare, but the two specimens in the collection show how great an artist he was. Both are dancing figures, and one especially, just poised in the momentary arrest of rapid motion, is of exquisite grace, and a piece of masterly draughtsmanship.

Of the work of Hishigawa Moronobu, the next

these, painted at the age of sixty-seven, is a fine figure of a seller of New Year poems, painted on a soft absorbent paper and slightly tinted with colour—an excellent example of Hokusai's brush-work at its best. Another, a portrait of a seated youth, has all the grandiose quality of a Velasquez, and it is full of rich colour and exquisite detail. It was painted at the age of eighty-one. Another still—a picture of a duck and drake, swimming and diving, curious in this respect that it is painted from a point of view looking almost perpendicularly down on the birds—is very rich in colour, and though painted at the



DANCERS

PART OF SCREEN

BY MORONOBU

great painter of the Ukioye school, the collection has a wonderful series of no less than six examples. Moronobu was originally a designer of embroideries, and the inexhaustible fancy with which he adorns the varied costumes adds a special charm to his paintings. His drawing of the figure was characterised by a wonderful lightness and grace. Finest of all the examples, and one of the gems of the collection, is a screen of two folds representing a picnic party come to view the masses of cherry blossom. One group especially, seated musicians and a dainty ring of light-footed dancing figures, is inexpressibly charming—a happy melody of line.

Many names must be passed over, but reference must be made to an example of the exceedingly rare work of Kaigetsudo, the only specimen in Europe, a very strong piece of work with rich full colour, and gold used boldly in large masses.

To European ears the most familiar name among Japanese artists is that of Hokusai, and of his paintings there are several fine examples. The first of advanced age of eighty-eight, shows hardly a sign of abating power.

Hiroshige, so well known for his landscape colour prints, was also a painter of great charm. Morrison has obtained a most interesting relic of this artist in a number of his sketch books. Most interesting these are, full of drawings from the slightest sketch down to careful studies ready for the block-cutter to engrave. Of paintings there is, among others, a pair of very beautiful kakemono. These represent two scenes of the thirty-six views of Fuji, a set of colour-prints executed by the artist. In all probability some patron, liking the points, ordered from the artist replicas painted on silk; and here we have them altered and improved in many details of composition, embodying the painter's final revised view of his subjects. On looking through the sketch books, too, Mr. Morrison was able to trace the evolution of the pictures firther back still, for there he found the rough drawings on which they were based. So that the whole series,



FUKURUKOJIU, WITH CRANE AND STAG BY KORIN



PAINTED BY DUCKS IN STREAM HOKUSAL AT THE AGE OF EIGHTY-EIGHT



MONKEYS

The Connoisseur

first the rough sketch, then the colour-print, finally the kakemono, find their resting place in the same collection.

We now come to the last in order of development, the more recent naturalistic schools. The founder of a style of his own is Maruyama Okio, who is represented by two fine flower studies, and a very fine painting of Tokiwa and her children in the snow. Okio's work has been extensively forged, and a copy of this very picture is in the British Museum collection.

The equal of Okio, possibly the greatest painter of the Maruyama school, and one of the great animal painters of the world, is Mori Sosen, especially famous as a painter of monkeys. For months he used to live in the woods, studying their habits, till he seems to have penetrated the very secrets of monkey psychology. A fine screen gives two lifelike studies, one an autumn, the other a spring scene. But finer still is a kakemono in the artist's most delicate style, a study of a mother and little one; it is so full of dignity and pathos that one hardly realises its extraordinary technical merits. A Japanese critic pronounced this painting to be the finest Sosen which has ever left Japan.

Another example yet remains, almost equally fine. Two monkeys seated at the foot of a tree, the parent meditative, while the younger has caught a fly, and is looking at it curiously before he pulls it to pieces. Sosen never makes the mistake of so many inferior artists, that of giving his animals human expressions: they are animals all the time.

Quite a unique example is a combination picture,

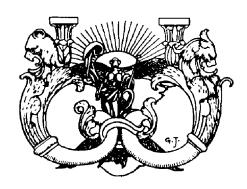
painted for the amusement of some social gathering, by Sosen, his son Yusen, and pupil Tessan. The subject is a man carrying a monkey, while a dog gambols at his feet; the monkey is painted by Sosen, the man by Yusen, and the dog by Tessan.

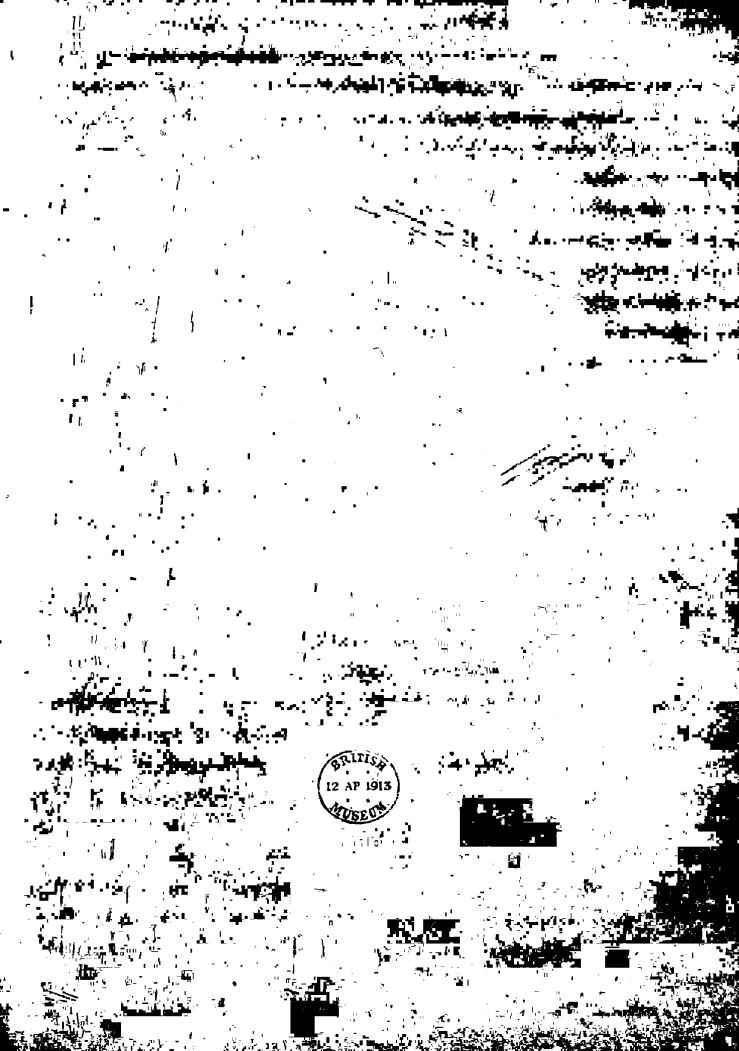
Another artist who, like Okio, founded a school of his own was Ganku, who lived during the latter part of the eighteenth century.

He was especially noted as a painter of tigers, three such examples of his work being in Mr. Morrison's collection. There is also a beautiful little picture of a bird seated on a snow-covered branch, while the snow falls all round in tiny flakes. Technically this is an astonishing piece of work, for the background has been painted in one wash of gray, leaving the falling snow represented by the uncovered patches of the silk.

Of Tani Buncho's masterly work, of Hoyen's birds and flowers, of Ippo's landscapes, and the fine examples of the more recent men, Imao Keinen, Yosai, Zeshin, Kiosai, and many others, I have no space to treat. Nor yet of the interesting group of living Japanese painters, who, rejecting the sinister Western influences, which have turned so many native artists into ordinary second-rate water-colourists, still work with ever fresh inspiration on the old classic lines.

But in the small selection that was possible amid the wealth of the collection, an effort has been made to make it as representative as possible of all the various schools and periods, for the collection is a synopsis, wonderfully complete, of the whole history and development of Japanese painting.







BY P. W. TOMKINS APTER J. RUSSELL

Relics of King Charles the First's Execution By P. Berney Ficklin, F.S.A.

ALTHOUGH over two centuries and a half have passed away since the execution of King Charles I., the interest in everything connected with him in the shape of relics shows no sign of abating, but is rather on the increase, and these are much more eagerly competed for when they occur at auction or elsewhere than those of any other king from William I. to his present Majesty. Perhaps those mementos which most appeal to sympathizers with the "Martyr King" are the actual garments which he wore on the fateful day. One of these was the scarlet cloak, which was divided between his two pages, Walcot and Herbert. The descendant of the latter sold or presented his half to Queen Caroline, Consort of King George II. (whether this relic still exists in the Royal Collection I know not, and perhaps some of your readers may be able to inform me), while the other half descended to the late

Rev. John Walcot, and was sold by his executors at Christie's in 1899 for £37 to a dealer, who shortly afterwards disposed of it to Sir Offley Wakeman, Bart., who restored it to the Walcots, and it is now in the possession of Mr. John Owen Halliwell Walcot, the present head of the family. There are welldefined blood-stains on it. described to me as "now dark purple, one patch several inches long, and splashes beyond."

The blue satin bloodstained waistcoat, now the property of the Marquis of Dath, and preserved at Lengleat, the white quilted and padded cap now in the South Kensington Museum, and the ace collar in the possession of Mr. G. Some (inherited from an ancestor, and shown in the Stuart Exhibition, 1885); also some lace from the King's cravat (at Carisbrooke Castle), which is also stained with his blood, may also be cited. Mr. Bennett Stanford possesses a glove (Stuart Exhibition, No. 374), and there exists another pair of black velvet gloves supposed to have been given by the King to Bishop Juxon, one of which belongs to Mr. Park Nelson, and the other to Mrs. Clay Ker-Seymour. Several pieces of his Ribbon of the Garter exist, one belonging to Mr. R. Berens, enclosed in a piece of paper, on which appears, in the hand-writing of the period, "ye enclosed is a piece of ye old King's ribbon yt he had on when he was beheaded by his traytors."

Dr. John Abercrombie possesses another piece, together with a purse, and the old description runs: "King Charles ye first purs that was maid of his great chare and blue ribing when he was beheaded."

And I also have a small piece, accompanied by a

letter from Sir Charles Styles, dated August 20th, 1823, addressed to Archdeacon Wrangham, presenting it to the latter, and guaranteeing it to be a portion of the ribbon given by the King to Colonel Tomlinson, who was constantly in attendance on him.

Charles on that day wore three shirts, which I proceed to describe, and two of which are here depicted. The first is of white linen, and belongs to the Earl of Ashburnham, who also possesses the King's drawers and garters, and the sheet which covered his body. Formerly these were preserved in the church at Ashburnham, and as recently as 1860 people used to journey thither and touch them for the cure of the king's-evil.

The second shirt is made of fine holland, embroidered with open-work



ONE OF THE TWO UPPER SHIRTS WORN BY KING CHARLES I. ON THE DAY OF HIS EXECUTION, AND BELONGING TO BEWICKE BLACKBURN, ESQ.

round the neck and sleeves, and has several little bows of red and blue ribbon attached. It belongs to Mr. Bewicke Blackburn, and came to him through his descent from Elizabeth Coventry, eldest daughter of the Lord Keeper, Thomas Coventry. This is probably the shirt referred to by the King, when he said to Herbert on the morning of his execution: "This is my second marriage day. I would be as trim to-day as may be, for to-night I hope to be espoused to my Blessed Jesus." He then, pointing to the clothes he would wear, "Let me have a shirt on more than ordinary," said the King, "by reason the season is so sharp as

probably may make me shake, which some observers will imagine proceeds from fear. I would have no such imputation; I fear not Death. Death is not terrible to me. I bless my God I am prepar'd." Both these shirts were exhibited in the Stuart Exhibition.

We now come to the sky-blue "singlet" or undervest belonging to me, which is of silk worked in various patterns, and is a beautiful specimen of the weaver's art of the period. It closely resembles a fisherman's jersey, and is the one mentioned in the Secret History of Whitehall, page 302. "The Bishop (Juxon) put on his (the King's) nightcap, and unclothed him to his sky-coloured vest." It is stained in several places with blood, as will be seen in the illustration, and is in perfect preservation.

The written guarantee which goes with it reads as follows: "This waistcoat was worn by King Charles I. on the day he was beheaded, and from the scaffold came into the hands of Dr. Hobbs, his Physician, who attended him on that occasion. The doctor preserved this relic of his Royal Master, and from him it came into the possession of Susannah Hobbs, his daughter, who married Temple Stanger, of Rawlins, in the County of Oxfordshire. The above account of this waistcoat was taken from the testimony of Dame Grace Stanger, second wife and relict of the said Temple Stanger, in the year 1767."

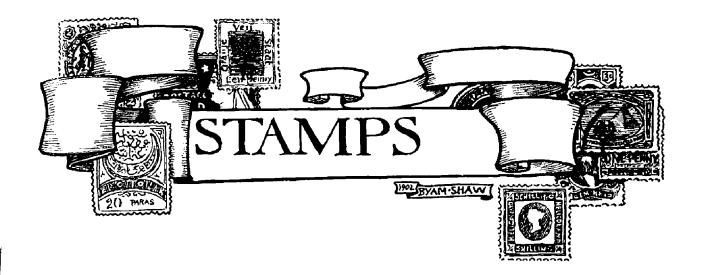


Then follows, in the handwriting of a late owner: "It descended from them to Temple Hardy, Esq. (Here the exact details are incomplete, but, no doubt. through a daughter of Susannah Stanger, née Hobbs.) The relic was left by Tempie Hardy at his death to his cousin, Admiral Hughes D'Aeth, of Knoulton Court, in the County of Kent, who died in 1873, thence to his son Narborough, and at the present time is the property of Captain L. N. Hughes D'Aeth, of Knoulton."

The last-named gentleman sold it by auction at Stevens's Rooms, Covent Garden, on November 8th, 1898, when it was purchased, after a spirited

competition, by Mr. Ernest A. Brocklehurst for two hundred guineas. He died in 1901, when it again found its way into the same auction - room on March 11th, 1902, and was purchased by me for exactly the same sum. It was for some considerable period, and until quite recently, exhibited at the Whitehall Museum with several other Stuart mementos belonging to me, including two lockets and a ring, all containing small portions of the "martyr's" hair; and these, together with nearly the whole collection of my Stuart relics, are now being shown at The Ecclesiastical Art Exhibition at Great Yarmouth.

The personal relics I have described have a peculiarly pathetic interest for all those who feel a sympathy for the unfortunate House of Stuart. There is a sort of glamour which attaches to that unhappy race which will never be dispersed, and the unjust execution of Charles I. will always stand out as a landmark in English history. Whatever his faults and failings were as a King, his heroic conduct during the closing period of his life, his gentleness and forbearance towards his enemies, and his courage and Christian fortitude after his condemnation and on the scaffold, have left an impression on the mind of posterity that will never be effaced, and an indelible stain on the memory of those who compassed his death.



The Early Postage Stamps of Corea

By Fred J. Melville

COREA is a country which has been very much in the forefront of public interest during the present year, and the preceding ten years. The influence of Japan has successfully brought about developments in Corea's political and commercial progress which the Coreans themselves had been striving to attain for several decades without success.

In regard to postal development in Corea, an initial step taken by the Coreans in 1884 ended in a terrible failure. Now the postal administration is amalgamated with that of Japan, a step which was completed only in 1905.

The author of a little work entitled Corea of To-day tells the story of an *émeute* which followed on the first native attempt to establish a postal administration under the rules laid down by the conventions of the Universal Postal Union.

"In 1884, under the administration of a radical government, preparations had been made to enter the postal union. The stamps had been printed, and all arrangements completed; a banquet was held at the Foreign Office to rejoice over and celebrate the consummation of this work. While the banquet was i. progress, Min Yong Ik, the confidential agent of the king, staggered into the banqueting-hall covered

with blood flowing from numerous wounds. An attempt had been made by the radicals to assassinate him, because he was supposed to have drawn back from the policy of advance. An *émeute* followed. The radicals fled because of the revulsion of feeling caused by their action. The feeling of hatred to the foreigners was fanned by the conservative or Chinese party. For a few days there was danger of a rising, which would sweep away every foreigner from the country."

The riot subsided, however, but the affair completely upset the plans for the postal administration, and no attempt at a re-organisation of a postal department was successful until ten years later.

For this initial move on the part of the Coreans for a postal service of their own, a series of stamps of five denominations had been ordered from Tokio. The face values and colours were:—

5	mon	 	 rose
10	••	 	 blue
25	.,	 	 orange
50		 	 green
100		 	 blue and rose

The currency of Corea may approximately be given as 2 re = 1 mon (or poon), 5 mons (or poons)=







5 MON

to MON

25 MON

The Connoisseur



50 MON

I cheun, 100 cheuns = I woon = 2s.

Each stamp had a distinctive design, but the most prominent figure on each design is the yin-yan symbol in a form slightly varied from that described in my article on Chinese postage stamps.

The perforations vary from 8 to $11\frac{1}{2}$.

Owing to the *émeute* to which I have referred only two of the stamps appear to have been put into use, the others arriving after all need for them had been dispelled by the disturbance. They are, nevertheless, of considerable interest to the collector of Corean stamps, and are quite inexpensive.

When, in 1895, another step was taken to establish a postal service, a series of four stamps was ordered through the United States Consul. They were lithographed in Washington by A. B. Graham. The values and colours were as follows:—

5 p	ооп	 	• • •	yellow green
10	••	 		blue
25	**	 		lake
50		 		violet

The design is uniform for all four values. In the centre is the yin-yan symbol in a form in which it is known to us in the watermark on the stamps of China. In the four corners of the white rectangle in the centre of the design are the Pakona, ancient characters which, according to Jules Bouvez in the American Journal of Philately, were used by their inventor, the philosopher Fou-Hi, to write the "Y-king, or Book of Changes," which

may be considered as the most ancient manuscript of humanity.

These four characters represent: the first, =, at the upper right corner, Heaven; the second, =, at the upper left corner, Fire; the third, =, at the lower right



100 MON

corner, Water; and the fourth, $\Xi\Xi$, at the lower left corner, the Earth.

The flower design in the four corners of the stamp is the plum blossom, the emblem of the reigning dynasty of Corea.

The perforation of these stamps gauges 11-13.

Subsequent to the issue just described a number of stamps have been sent out by the postal department, but we have only to deal with the early issues in the present article. Suffice it to say that in 1897, when the "King" became "Emperor," and his dominions were styled the Empire of Corea, the stamps were overprinted with a native inscription, signifying "Empire of Corea." In 1900 the country joined the postal union, in 1902 the Emperor celebrated the "fortieth" year of his reign by issuing a commemorative stamp, showing a picture of the "Ming bonnet" which he wore on state occasions, and in 1905 Japan issued a stamp of the face value (in Japanese) 3 sen, to commemorate the amalgamation of the Japanese and Corean postal services. Distinctive issues are, however, still maintained, though what may follow upon the recent deposition of the Emperor it is perhaps beyond the province of a philatelist to prophesy.



25 POON



Silver Nutmeg Graters or Spice Boxes By Guy Oswald Smith

THE custom of drinking mulled wine or "negus," so common in the early part of the last century has, to a great extent, died out, and therefore the necessity of having a nutmeg grater or spice box ready to hand no longer exists.

The late Dr. Dicker, of Vigo Street, once told me that, when a boy, he perfectly remembered people carrying nutmeg graters in their pockets or having one upon the table at home. This habit would quite account for the great variety of shapes and sizes in which these boxes are found. The first which came into my possession was given me by a friend over twenty years ago, and since then I have been fortunate enough to secure a number of interesting specimens. The hall-marks, in certain instances, are not easy to decipher, and Messrs, Garrard have afforded me most kind assistance in this respect. The majority of the boxes in my collection are English, but there are

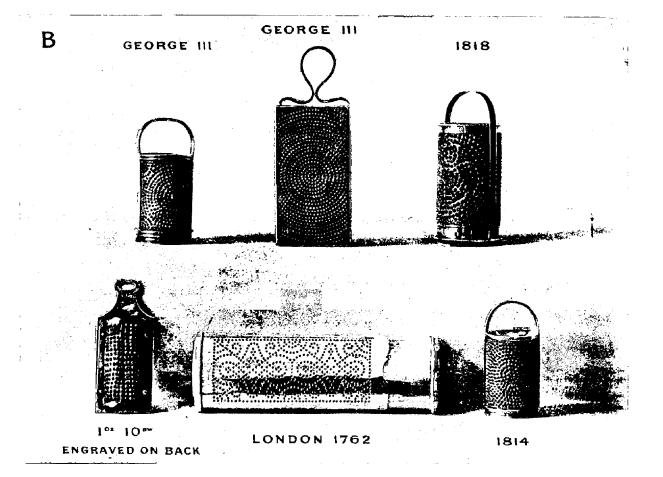
some of foreign make—though I have never actually bought one abroad.

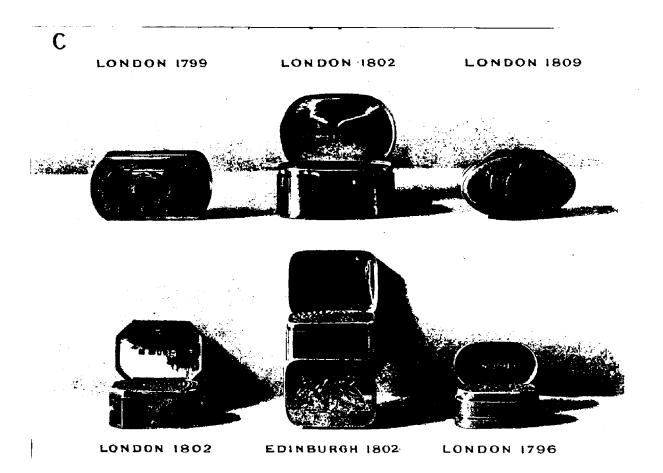
A gives examples of the conventional-shaped nutmeg grater: these open at the bottom, as in the one on the right. The one in the centre measures $9\frac{1}{2}$ in. by $4\frac{1}{2}$ in., and is in itself quite a handsome piece of plate. The one on the left has a sliding front. The frames are silver and the graters iron.

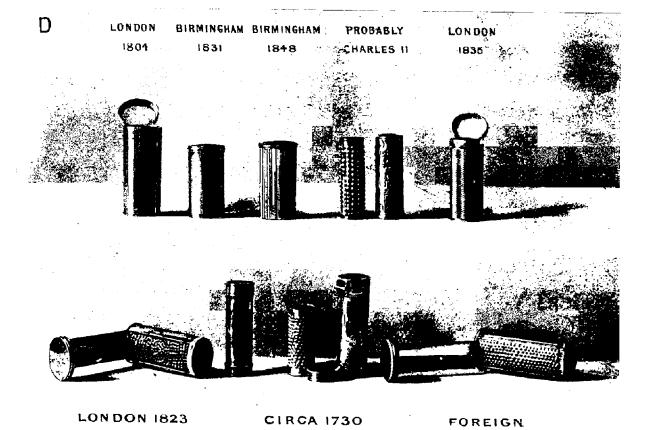
In B is found much the same type, some, however, being cylindrical in shape. These are all hall-marked, with the exception of one which has its weight engraved on the back—this one also has a fine shagreen case. The oblong box next it comes more under the head of a spice box, as the perforations in the outer case, which is all silver, are quite smooth.

C shows some of the larger "box-shaped," three of them being plain silver and the others finely engraved—the chasing on the lower one on the right

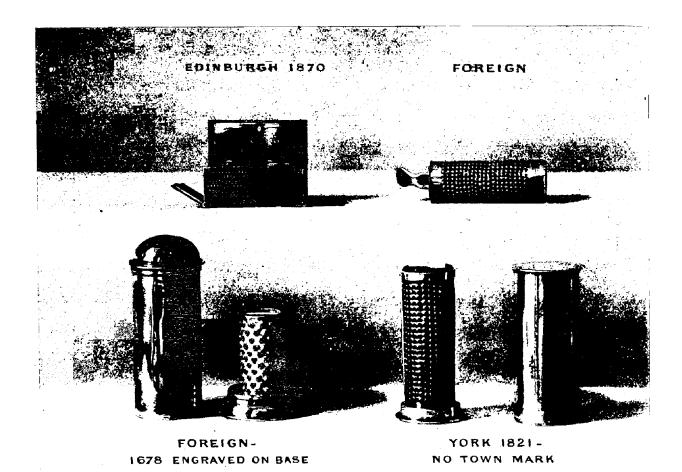


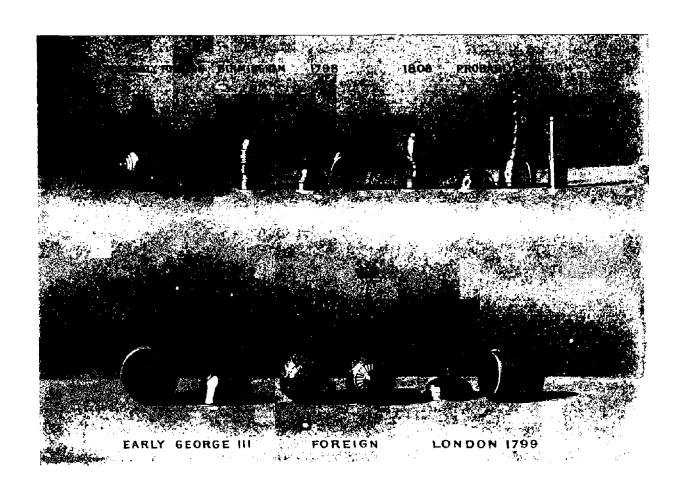












Silver Nutmeg Graters or Spice Boxes

of the Late being especially good. These boxes open at both sides in much the same manner as the one with the coat of arms on it.

In D we have another variety. In some instances one side falls down on raising the lid, showing the iron grater underneath; in others the graters are quite independent. In this group are my earliest specimens, as can be seen by the engraving on them, but their exact dates are almost impossible to determine, as they only bear a maker's mark. The graters of these latter are of *silver*, and I have one example of this class, not figured here, with the London hallmark of 1698.

In E we find another shape: these disclose the iron grater on opening the lid. Of the three "urnshaped" specimens one is quite plain, while the two others are most delicately engraved.

In F are two of English and two of foreign make. The large one on the left has 1678 engraved on its base. In this case the grater lifts right out, also the

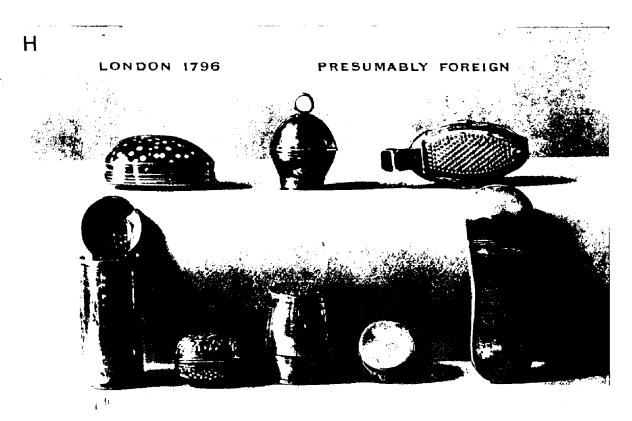
L

top comes off, showing a compartment, about one inch deep, below to hold the grated spice.

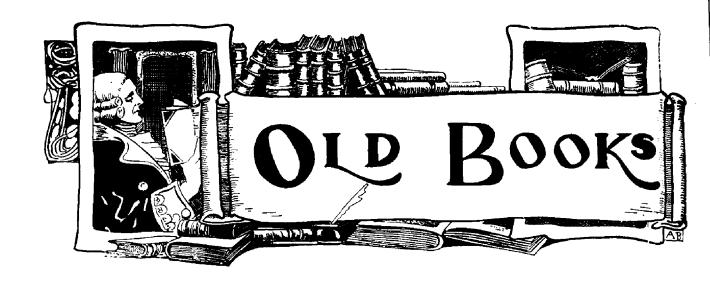
In G two specimens have corkscrews fixed to them, one being shown taken to pieces to make this clear. The very small boxes are prettily engraved, and have their graters at the base. Those in the form of an acorn are uncommon in design, but "eggshaped" specimens in various sizes are often met with.

Those in H are all presumably foreign. Two are silver-mounted shells, which should, perhaps, be described as snuff or tobacco graters, the grater in the one on the left being inside the lid. One is shaped just like a walnut, and another has a detachable grater fitting into a slot, and a compartment for holding the nutmeg at the base.

In conclusion, I feel sure that the accompanying illustrations will convey a far better idea of the interest attaching to old silver nutmeg graters than any further notes of mine on the subject.



PRESUMABLY ALL FOREIGN



The Playe of Chesse

By Edgcumbe Staley

In the British Museum, among "Rare Books" is an English translation from the French of the history and meaning of the game of chess, printed by William Caxton in 1474. The black-letter type is splendidly impressed, deep and sharp, upon a well-milled thickish creamy paper, which has for watermark the famous Bull's-head — a mark specially used for the finer kinds of printing.

The volume, which unhappily has lost its title-page, is dedicated to George, Duke of Clarence, next brother to King Edward, and contains four tractates:
(1) "The Invencion of ye Playe of Chesse"; (2) "Ye Chesse men"; (3) "Ye Offices of ye peple"; and (4) "Ye meaninge and use of them."

"He who runs may read" as follows: "The Playe of Chesse" was invented at Babylon in the reign of King Emsmerodach, by the learned philosopher Excrees, or Phismetos. Its purpose was "to correcte

and to reprove ye Kinge," and "to make hym tolerante and wyse in human affairs."

The "forme and facion of ye chequer was made after ye forme of ye cytie of Babyloyn"—the sixty-four squares representing so many square miles, the area of that famous city.

The "pieces"
—sixteen in number on each side

—are called King, Queen, two Alphyns, two Knights, two Rooks, and eight Pawnes. The word "Alphyns" clearly is from the Italian *alfieri*, Standard-bearers, who administered the King's laws. Catholic players made them cross-bearing Bishops—their places were each side the King and Queen, as the immediate supporters of royal law and order.

The "Rooks"—evidently from the Italian rochi, rocks or towers, castles—were the lieutenants of the King to maintain his peaceful authority in distant parts of the kingdom. The Knights were the King's champions, and the leaders of his forces in war. The Pawns—"pawnes," the old English form of pion or péon, old French for piéton, people on foot—workers generally—Scacchi popolari in Italian.

Each of these pieces had precise and strict rules of precedence and procedure, and fixed limits of power; but all fought for, and served, their King, by

> whose side was the Queen to grace and screen her lord, and to adom his kingdom.

The "Playe of Chesse" had from an early date given moralists and writers many and various inspirations. Shakespeare's aphorism, "All the world's a stage, and the min and women i erely players," jerhaps had its or gin in



"ROCCO," OR KING'S LIEUTENANT

ROOK



PHYSICIAN-APOTHECARY

QUEEN'S PAWN

the chequered board in its setting forth of the chequered fortunes of human life.

The various "treatises," which appeared from time to time upon this theme, were essays upon the moral virtues which the different "pieces" are made to symbolize. The "moves" were illustrations of the powers and duties of all sorts and conditions of men. William Caxton's English version of 1474, by the way, is a translation of the "moralisation" of the French Abbé Jean de Vignays.

The reason why it is allowable in playing the game to exchange a pawn which has traversed the board for a piece of higher power is quaintly set

forth in the seventh chapter of the fourth book: "Ye common people may advance, but may not return. If any such obtain ye assistance and probacion of a piece of honour, happy are they. They acquire the dignyte that ye quene hath graunted her by grace... if any of them may come to this said ygne they retayne such digny e."

In 493 a famous Florentine publicer, Antonio Miscomini, put forth n edition of Jacopo de' Cesse s "Il Libro di Ginocho delle cacchi — intito lato de Costu degli homini e delle Offic de' nobili." It was printe in clear well-cut type on milled aper, and contains fourteen

woodcuts. The frontispiece shows a King presiding at a game of Chess, wherein two players seated at a round table are supported by friends standing behind. A copy of this book is in the British Museum, in an excellent state of preservation, a masterpiece of early printing and a treasury of art combined.

The frontispiece is strikingly like Botticelli's work—the slenderness of the figures, their graceful attitudes, and the pleasing animation of the whole composition with the elegantly flowing draperies. The fourteen plates are marked by a more robust style, their deep shadows and well worked up details being as bold as anything in the whole range of fifteenth and sixteenth century wood cutting.

The treatment and finish of the figures are topical allusions to the dress, the manners, and the personalities of the period in Florence, with the exception of the King and Queen, who are treated almost allegorically. The "Alphyns," seated, are habited as judges in cloth and fur, and are poring over their books of law. The Knights, in full armour, are mounted upon their chargers with vizors raised, but tilting spears in position — they are guarding the King's Castle. The Rooks, also mounted, but on peaceful steeds, are in civilian dress with their staffs of office in their hands. Under their cloaks are big wicker baskets full of marketable commodities for



SMITH-CARPENTER-MASON

KNIGHT'S PAWN

the encouragement of trade. The background reveals a fertile country.

The "Pawnes" are varied in their attributes, but each sets forth a useful industry. The King's pawn represents a banker-merchant—indispensable for the administration of the affairs of the kingdom. Before the Queen is a physician-apothecary, characteristically indicated for the varied requirements of the toilet.

Before the "Alphyns" are placed on the right, a notary, who, in addition to his clerkly equipment, holds a spear and a knife for dealing justly in the staple commodity of Florence—woollen cloth, and on the left an innkeeper-provision dealer, welcomes strangers to good cheer and peaceful pursuits.

The Knight's Pawns represent, one, workers in stone, iron, and wood, with a *dolabre* or plane, and a hammer in his hand, and a trowel in his girdle; the other stands for keepers of the King's highway and farmers of his customs, with keys of the city gates, and the measuring *canna* or yard.

The Rooks have pawns representative respectively of farm-labourers with spade, axe, and knife wending their way to work in the fields; and of country messengers bearing the King's posts for worthy folks, and three dice in the left hand—a warning to "riybaulders and neare-doe-weels."

Each of these woodcuts, which measure four ins. by three ins., is an original and ingenious rendition of personal characteristics among the different grades of Florentine society. The unknown artist has here furnished Miscomini with an illustrated epitome of the story of the famous arti—Craft Guilds, whose members through four centuries were the true "makers of Florence." By cunningness of cutting, the wood has yielded all the effects of atmosphere, colour, expression, and movement, and the cuts display very convincingly the technical knowledge and delicate manipulation which mark all the work of the Florentines of the Renaissance.

Another "Rare Book" in the British Museum is catalogued, "A Book of Chess moralised." It was printed in 1476, in black letter, by William Caxton, and is specially interesting to lovers of early woodcuts, from the fact that the illustrations are of a purely English type—broader, bolder, and, be it said, rougher than their Florentine compeers. The features of the figures are expressionless and conventional, and the individuals lack animation and ease of posture. There is also an absence of colour, so to speak, and none of the beautiful Florentine finish and decorative adjuncts.



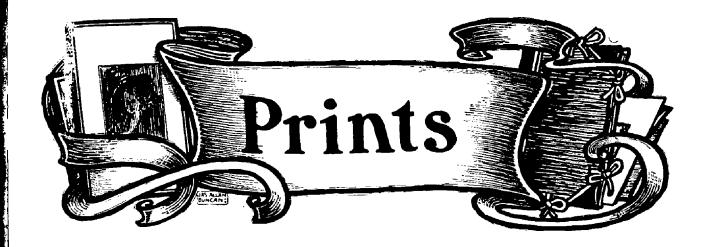
INNKEEPER-PROVISION DEALER

JUDGE'S OR BISHOP'S PAWN

n and the second A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH The second secon ا **بنیدر بنیادی** در شده به **بدرد** استواد د nte Swigging **Florid** (1964) 42 AP 1913



NARCISSA
DESIGNED AND ENGRAVED BY J. R. SMITH



John Raphael Smith and his Work

By W. G. Menzies

In the history of eighteenth-century engraving the name of John Raphael Smith stands out in sharp relief. A master of the art of mezzotint, his prints have attained a remarkable vogue, whilst his efforts in the more recent art of stipple, though scarcely so successful, are nevertheless highly esteemed.

The youngest son of Thomas Smith, the landscape painter, usually known as "Smith of Derby," he was born in Derby in the year 1752. It was his father's wish that he should become an artist, but displaying little or no desire to follow in the parental footsteps, he was, at the age of ten, apprenticed to a linendraper in his native town. For five years he faithfully fulfilled his duties behind the counter, only leaving Derby on the death of his father. During his apprenticeship he had dabbled in the arts in his leisure hours, and though by no means lacking in artistic skill, he came to London fully determined to follow his trade of linen-draper. For two years he remained a shopman, but during this period he somehow managed to pick up the technique of the popular art of mezzotint. By whom he was taught history does not record; but at the age of seventeen his first mezzotint, a portrait of Paoli, the Corsican patriot, appeared, and apparently met with considerable success. At least its reception was sufficiently good to induce him to abandon commerce and take up art as a profession.

At the age of seventeen we find him married and a father his wife being Hannah Croome, the daughter of a principal seller. By painting miniatures and executing further nezzotint plates he managed to make a bare living, and that was all. Consequently, we find him at twenther returning to his old trade, having opened a shop on the neighbourhood of the Strand, the money recessary being advanced by various friends.

He del not, however, entirely forsake art, and when for one again smiled on him he was sufficiently

enterprising to open a print-shop near by. In the draper's shop his wife, always a great help to him, took charge of affairs, leaving Smith free to attend to the steadily increasing flow of orders for portraits in miniature and impressions from his mezzotint plates.

Smith's life at this period became a strange mixture of business and pleasure, and, like many another artistic genius, he interlarded his periods of work with far longer bouts of pleasure. Reynolds was his inspiration, and many of the plates which he executed after Sir Joshua's famous portraits are so superb that one feels ready to forgive him for his occasional lapses from the paths of respectability.

He also achieved great success with the works of poor George Morland. Not only did he engrave many of them himself, but engaged others to do so as well, publishing them with astonishing rapidity.

As Mr. Salaman says in his charming book, The Old Engravers of England, "the public was crazy for Morland, and Smith, who had made over his drapery business to his brother-in-law—on advantageous terms, we may be sure—now started, so to speak, a factory for supplying the market chiefly with prints after Morland."

Many were printed in colours, whilst others were coloured by hand, the great J. M. W. Turner being amongst the artists who assisted in this part of the work.

The constant companionship of such a man as Morland at last began to have its effect on Smith's work. He abandoned mezzotint before any perceptible depreciation in his skill became apparent, but he continued his painting and drawing, in much of which the effects of his dissipation is noticeable.

Towards the close of his life he left London, his wife being dead, and travelled as an itinerant portrait painter, eventually settling at Doncaster. For three

years he resided there, dying in 1812 in his 60th year.

His effect on the artistic world did not cease with his death, for he left behind him such apt pupils as James and William Ward, John Young, Charles Howard Hodges, and S. W. Reynolds, all of whom upheld the tradition of their famous master.

In considering the work of this remarkable man, we find, as we have said, that it is to his mezzotints that he owes most of his fame. That he must have learnt the art in a good school is evidenced by the strength and vigour which distinguishes all his plates.

As an interpreter of the works of Reynolds he has certainly never been surpassed, while his plates after Romney, Lawrence, Peters, and Gainsborough are scarcely less successful. His training as a painter enabled him to imbue his scraper with the feeling of an artist, giving the soft tones just the requisite amount of softness, and pervading the dark spaces with a remarkable depth and richness.

His portrait of Mrs. Carnac after Reynolds, which up to the eventful Huth sale held the honour of being the most valuable mezzotint, which, too, he engraved when barely twenty-six years of age, is perhaps one of his highest achievements. Every stroke from Reynolds's brush in the picture in the Wallace collection is faithfully reproduced without any undue exaggeration, and when Sir Joshua, while considering the engraved work of McArdell and others, said those all too flattering words, "By these I shall be immortalised," he must surely have had in his mind the work of John Raphael Smith.

Mrs. Carnac, too, is not alone, for she has as fitting companions—the beautiful plate of Mrs. Musters, the equally charming one of Mrs. Payne-Galwey and her child, and the stately portrait of the Hon. Mrs. Stanhope.

With Reynolds's child-portraits Smith was no less successful. Few more charming pictures of childish innocence could be found than his rendering of the portrait of the little Lady Catherine Pelham Clinton feeding her chickens, while Master Crewe, as Henry VIII., laughs at you with all the heartiness of the bluff old king he impersonates.

To Smith also we owe much for perpetuating so many of Reynolds's portraits of famous men. His plate of Colonel Tarleton rightly ranks as one of the finest examples of male portraiture in mezzotint, and his portraits of the Duke of Devonshire and the Archbishops of York and Armagh are almost as highly considered.

Portraits by other artists than Reynolds were also transferred by Smith to the copper plate amongst them being Miss Coghlan and George IV., both after Gainsborough; Mrs. Siddons, as the Grecian daughter, after Lawrence; Vice-Admiral Parker, after Northcote; and the Duke of Portland, after West.

When we consider his fancy prints, many are found to be in stipple—a method which Smith, ever a business man, adapted himself to follow the popular taste. Even in this sphere he far outshone many of his fellows, and, once a master of the stipple graver, he displayed almost as much artistic skill with it as with the scraper. Many of Morland's most charming subjects were produced by Smith in this method, whilst others of his stipple plates were after designs executed by himself.

That charming pair Rustic Employment and Rural Amusement are especially notable examples of Smith's work in stipple. Delia in Town and Delia in the Country are another pair, while the quartette, A Maid, A Wife, A Widow, and What you Will, show Smith's success in rendering plates after his own designs.

In fact, whether you consider John Raphael Smith from the point of view of mezzotint or that of stipple, one finds that his work is all of such a fine quality that there is little wonder that collectors at the present time are so eager to acquire examples at almost any cost.

We append a list of some of his more notable prints with the prices they have realised by auction during the past six years:—

TITLE.	ARTIST.			Date.	REMARKS.	PRI E.		
A Loisir			Smith, J. R.			1902	C. P.	£ . 65 2
Amanthis and Felicia			Smith, J. R.			1901	C. P. pair	73 :0
Armstrong, Mrs			Smith, J. R.			1907	m.	5 5
Bacelli, Signor			Reynolds			1906	m. 1st st., p. b. l.	67 4
Beaumont, Lady			Reynolds			1901	m. Ist st.	100 6
leaumont, Lady			Reynolds			1902	m. 2nd st.	50 8
ouverie, Hon. Mrs	•••		Hoppner			1903	m.	89 5
arlini, Bartolozzi and Cipriani			Rigaud		l	1902	m. 1st st.	21 0
arnac, Mrs			Reynolds	• • •	,., l	1901	m. 1st pub. state	588 O
Carnac, Mrs			Revnolds			1901	m. 2nd pub. state	97 '3

John Raphael Smith and his Work

TITLE.			ARTIST	r.		Date.	Remarks.	Price.
Carnac, Vrs			Reynolds			1901	m. 1st state	£ s. d.
			Smith, J. R.			1901	m. 1st st.	1,218 0 0 67 4 0
Carwardine, Mrs., and Child.			Romney			1901	m. 1st st.	278 5 0
			, Reynolds			1906	m.	100
Chambers, Mrs			Russell			1907	m. p. b. l.	7 10 0
Child Looking after Pigs .	··· ··		Morland			1905	m. proof	28 7 O
Clarmont, Mademoiselle .			Smith, J. R.			1906	m.	3 12 0
	•••		Romney	• • •		1901	m. Ist st.	173 5 O
Clavering Children, The	•••		Romney	•••	•••	1906	m. Ist st.	162 0 0
	•••		Romney	• •	•••	1903	m. 2nd st.	73 IO O
,	•••	• •••	Gainsborough		• • • •	1907	m. before the address of H. Parker	10 10 0
V	 		Peters Peters	•••		1904 1906	m. no margin top and sides	31 10 0
Contemplating the Miniature.			1				_ ·	89 o o
			Smith, J. R.	,		1906	C. P. pair	92 S o
Contemplating the Miniature.		-	Smith, J. R.			1903	C. P. wide margin	22 I O
Conversation, A	•••	· j	Morland			1903	m. pair	65 2 0
<u> </u>	··· ··	•	Morland			1906	m. o. l. p.	86 2 0
Cottage Family		.)	Morland			1903	m.	56 14 0
Crewe, Master, as "Henry V	 'III."	,	Reynolds			1901	m. Ist st.	105 0 0
Crewe, Master, as " Henry V			Reynolds			1902	m. 2nd st.	31 10 0
Crewe, Master, as "Henry V	'III."		Reynolds			1906	m. 3rd st.	7 17 6
			Romney			1902	m. 2nd st.	134 8 0
			Romney			1905	m. with Smith's address	105 0 0
Curran, John Philip	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Lawrence	•••	•••	1903		37 16 0
The Distriction of the control of th	•••		Morland			1906	C. P.	130 0 0
Delia in Town Devonshire (William, Duke o	··· ··		Morland	•••		1905	C. P.	113 8 0
D 1 C-1			Reynolds * Morland			1907	m. 1st st. m. o. l. p.	11 10 0
Dog and Cat Dressing for the Masquerade		 	Morland			1905 19 06	m.	17 17 0
I)		·• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Danloux			1906	m.	3 13 6
Ulder Tord Teles			Lawrence			1903	m. Ist st.	33 12 0
Parameter and the second secon			1			1906	m, o. l. p.	7 5 0
Fair Daniton, The			Morland			1907	C. P.	4 5 0
Datues from Mauloot		ફ્રે	Morland			1903	m. pair	141 15 0
Fortune Tellers, The))	Morland			1902	C. P. pair	79 16 o
Gamesters, The Frederick, Mrs.		۰.)	Carried T D			1907	m. e. l. p.	21 0 0
Fruit Barrow, The (The Wa		 mily)	1 447 4.			1907	m.	145 0 0
Galwey, Mrs. Payne, and Ch	iild	•• ••	D 1.1-			1905	m. Ist st.	367 10 0
Gamblers, The		·· ··	1 5 4			1906	m.	1 15 0
George, Prince of Wales			At a track a management			1906	m.	10 10 0
George, Prince of Wales			Smith 1 12			1907	C. P.	21 0 0
Gower Family, The			T)			1906	m.	110 0 0
Gower Family, The						1901	m. 2nd st.	57 5 0
Hamilton, Lady, as "A Bac	chante "			• • • •		1901	m.	252 0 0
Hamilton, Lady, as "A Bac			Reynolds	• • •		1901	m. fine proof, title in open etched letters	215 5 0
Hamilton, Lady, as "A Bac	chante'	,	Reynolds			1902	m. 3rd state	24 13 6
Hamilton, Lady, as "A Bac	rchante "	,	1 11			1902	C. P.	34 13 0
manulton, Lady, as "A Bac	chante '	•				1901	m. o. l. p.	325 10 0
mamilton, Lady, as "Natur	e".			•••	•••	1905	m. o. l. p.	220 10 0
Harbord, Sir Harbord Harmony						1903	m. 1st st.	37 16 0
" Halu "		••	D-tone	•••	***	1904	m.	63 0 0
Herbert, Master, as " Bacch		••	1)1-1-	•••	•••	1903 1906	m. m. e. l. p.	63 0 0
Hoppner, Mrs. (Sophia Wes	us . tern)		1 77 1	•••	•••	1901	С. Р.	50 8 0
Horse Peetlers. The		j		•••	•••	1		
Corn-Lin, The		}	Morland		•••	1903	m. pair	65 2 0
Ingram. Hon, Frances Innoc: e Alarmed		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 37 1 1	•••	•••	1901	m. Ist st.	119 14 0
Tupile The Infont				•••	•••	1906	m. p. b. l. m. 2nd state	43 1 0
New Codens		•••	C T D	•••	• • •	1905	m. 2nd state	6 6 0
Lady vmaking A			1	•••	•••	1905	m, 1st st.	37 16 0
Latty Vmaking A		··· ·	! -			1902	C. P.	26 5 0
weiling, Story of		•••	1 3 4 3 3			1907	C. P., set of six	210 0 0
Lælitia, Story of		•••	3.4 - 1 1			1901	In bistre, set of six	27 6 0
Love Couldball Land	e .		1 3 2 3 3	•••		1902	m. o. l. p.	18 7 6
		•••	le it to			1904	C. P.	21 0 0
Milkme and Cowherd Breaking the Ice		}	Morland		•••	1903	m. pair	63 0 0
the tee	•••	J	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

The Connoisseur

TITLE.	Arti	IST.	Date.	REMARKS.	Paice
ills, Mrs	Engleheart		1901		£ 5.
'11. N.	1 m 2 1 1	•••	1907	m.	22 I
n de la companya de	1 12 7.1 7 15	•••		m. e. l. p.	240 0
· · · ·	1 10	***	1901 1901	m. e. l. p.	46 0
	1 15 1 1 1	•••	1901	m.	18 18
, -	Reynolds	•••	1901	m. 1st st.	7 0 0 o
antana Carana	Smith, J. R.	***	1907	m.	14 14
orland, George, in his 41st Year	Smith, J. R.		1906	m.	2 4
orris, Mrs	Reynolds		1904	m. 2nd st., full margins	12 T
usters, Mrs	Reynolds		1905	m. Ist state	168 0
usters, Mrs	Reynolds		1001	m. Ist state	399 0
arcissa	Smith, J. R.	***	1906	m,	37 16
ırcissa and Flirtilla	Smith, J. R.		1902	C. P. pair	194 5
orth, Mrs	Romney	•••	1905	m. Ist state	15 10
Neill, The Hon. Mrs	Peters		1907	m.	75 0
leans, Louis Philippe, Duke of	Reynolds		1907	m.	5 5
lmer, Miss T	Reynolds	***	1001	m.	96 12
lham-Clinton, Lady Catherine	Reynolds	***	1001	m. 1st st., wide margin	987 0
lham-Clinton, Lady Catherine	Reynolds		1902	m. 2nd st.	44 2
wlet, Lady Catherine	Reynolds	•••	1901	m. 1st st.	90 6
omenade at Carlton House	Smith, J. R.	•••	1905	m.	75 12
overb No. IX	Smith, J. R.		1905	m.	10 10
blic House Door	Morland		1905	m.	26 5
turn from Market	Morland		1906	m. o. l. p.	117 12
binson, Archbishop	Reynolds		1907	m. p. b. l., with portrait by Houston	16 10
binson, Mrs	Romney		1903	m. Ist state	200 O
binson, Mrs	Romney		1903	m. full margins	115 10
bling Danie sky Dan kann	, 1		1903	die ten margnis	113 10
itering the Cart-horse	Morland	•••	1903	m. pair	33 12
stic Employment	Morland			1 . 1	_
ral Amusement	Morland		1905	s. pair	136 10
ninderlin, Madame	Reynolds		1907	m. e. l. p.	128 o
ninderlin, Madame	Reynolds		1904	m. Ist state	46 4
avonian Lady, A	Peters		1906	m.	1 0
ling Fish			_		-9 .6
sherman's Hut, The	, ,	***	1903	m. pair	58 16
eep-Pen, The	Morland		1906	m. p. b. l.	14 14
ldons, Mrs., as "Zara"	Lawrence		1906	m. before re-touch	გ ი
ake in the Grass	Reynolds		1903	stipple	37 16
eyd, Miss Serena	Romney		1906	C. P.	12 0
bles, Mrs., and Daughters	Romney		1906	m. 2nd st.	89 5
inhope, Hon. Mrs	Reynolds		1901	m. Ist st.	456 10
nhope, Hon. Mrs	Reynolds		1902	m. 2nd st.	19 19
urmont, Lady Louisa	Romney		1901	m.	173 5
awberry Girl, The	Reynolds		1906	m.	15 15
via	Peters	•••	1905	m.	9 9
ot Children, The	Wright	••	1901	m.	67 0
not Children, The	Wright	•••	1903	m. etched letter proof	472 10
rleton, LtCol	Reynolds		1905	m. Ist st.	65 2
rleton, LtCol	Reynolds		1902	m.	18 18
vern Door, The	Morland		1 9 05	C. P. proof	47 5
oughts on a Single Life	Smith, J. R.		1904	C. P.	26 5
oughts on a Single Life	Smith, J. R.		1904	in bistre, pair	17 16
oughts on Matrimony, by W. Ward	, ,			1	•
llenstein, Count	Dow, G	•••	1906	m.	1 0 16 5
illis, Miss	Smith, J. R.		1902	m. engraver's proof	
rwick, Countess of	Romney		1901	m.	178 10
stercress Girl, The	Zoffany		1901	m. proof	39 18
eston, Miss Sophia	Worlidge		1907	m.	3 10
nat You Will?	Smith, J. R.		1923	C. P.	194 5
dow, A	Smith, J. K.		1904	C. P.	31 19
ife, A	Smith, J. R.		1904	C. P.	31 10





Some Notes on Three Classes or Types of Rings: (1) The Memorial; (2) The Ecclesiastical; (3) The Wedding By A. E. Cropper

(Illustrated with Photographs of some Specimens from the Author's Collection)

THE limits of the present article will only allow of my dealing with three classes of rings out of the multitudinous types and forms which exist, although representative specimens of all these diverse examples are now only to be seen in our large museums and in a few private collections. Rings, it will be readily conceded, are interesting not alone by reason of the symbolism which has grown up around them, but are in a sense invaluable studies for the antiquarian and archæologist, as they enable us to measure the progress of Art in distant eras. doubt we have to depend very largely upon tradition for circumstances and facts connected with ring-lore, but we cannot easily estimate the debt we owe to poetry and romance for the aid given in rendering rings objects of the highest interest and significance.

I will now, after these few introductory remarks, proceed to consider that type of ring known as Memorial. If we search the tomes of history we

shall find that in very early days the bequest of rings figural very largel in the various forms which testament ry rememi. inces take. searly as th reign of Henry III. two rines, we









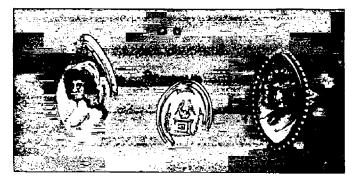
No. I .- THREE EIGHTEENTH-CENTURY MEMORIAL RINGS

learn, were bequeathed to that monarch by a bishop of Chichester, one adorned with an emerald, the other with a ruby. At this time it is well to observe that many rings were supposed to possess some healing or talismanic properties, such rings being termed in mediæval Latin, virtuosus. Certain stones also represented virtues, while others were famed for their magical value.

Anne of Cleves, who survived Henry VIII., left by her will several mourning rings of various values for distribution among her friends and dependents. Our great dramatist, Shakespeare, in his will mentions certain moneys for the purchase of rings by several of his friends. The varieties of mourning rings left by bequest in former days are exceedingly numerous and of very varied design. No. i. shows three entirely representative eighteenth-century memorial rings, selected from my own collection. The first of them exhibits a gold and enamel ring, having a long

oval bezel with miniature of fulllength figure of female standing by pedestal, on which is inscribed the words, "In memory of a friend." On rim is the name Mary Goodrich, 1792. The other two rings shown in the group are similar in form and design.

Miss Strickland, in her Lives of the Four Princesses of the Royal House of Stuart, mentions an incident in the life of the Princess



No. II .- GROUP OF EIGHTEENTH-CENTURY MEMORIAL RINGS

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Henrietta Anne (1820), that "as Bossuet was kneeling by her bedside, she suddenly turned to one of her ladies, and spoke to her in English, which the bishop did not understand, to tell her that when she should have entered into her rest, she was to give Bossuet the emerald ring which had been ordered to be made for him as a memorial of her." Rings, by the way, were formerly given to attendants at funerals. This fashion, I need hardly say, has long been discontinued.

Among the many touching episodes connected with memorial rings, perhaps none surpasses in pathos the story of the unfortunate Mary Queen of Scots. Just previous to her execution she distributed, we read, the jewels that remained to her among her faithful attendants as tokens of her affectionate regard. Among other sad memorials, she desired that a sapphire ring, which she took from her finger, might be conveyed as a mark of grateful acknowledgement to her brave kinsman, Lord C. Hamilton. Concerning this ring, Bishop Burnet says, "It is carefully preserved as one of the most precious heirlooms of that most illustrious family." A memorial ring to which special historical interest attaches, is the one which is stated to have been given to Bishop Juxon by Charles I. on the scaffold, since which period it has been preserved as an heirloom in the family of the present owner. The ring appears to resemble those of the period of Henry VIII. It is described in the Gentleman's Magazine for October, 1797. The bezel is hexagonal, with death's-head in white enamel on black ground, surrounded by the legend, "Beholde the Ende"; round the edge is the motto, "Rather

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Rings engraved with such gruesome subjects as skulls and skeletons were not of

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As I have now touched, as fully as space will allow, on some of the different uses of memorial rings, I shall proceed to tender some general remarks with regard to the second class of rings which are comprised in the scope of this paper. At the outset, may I explain that in the general term "Ecclesiastical" I desire to include all types of rings to which any religious significance attaches. I shall hope, in the course of my paper, to demonstrate that in the past rings have played a somewhat important part as regards the symbolical side of ecclesiastical authority. It seems abundantly clear, from what we read in contemporary records, that the ring has for many ages occupied a distinctive place in ecclesiastical insignia. It appears to have possessed a twofold

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No. III.—GROUP OF EIGHTEENTH-CENTURY MEMORIAL RINGS

Some Notes on Rings



No. IV.—EARLY ENGLISH ECCLESIASTICAL RING

mystical union between the priesthood and the Church.

Perhaps the most interesting ecclesiastical ring in the world is that known as the Fisherman's Ring, called the Annulus Piscatoris, which is the Pope's lesser seal

or signet ring used for documents of lesser importance. The origin of this ring is somewhat obscure, but it derives its name from a representation of St. Peter in a fisher-

man's boat of ancient form which is engraved on it, and not from any tradition that it ever belonged to St. Peter, as some have assumed from its English name. An interesting



No. V.-DECADE RING

circumstance connected with the ring is that it never leaves the custody of the Grand Papal Chamberlain. During the time that elapses between the death of a Pope and the selection of his successor, the name of the deceased Pontiff is erased, to be succeeded after the election has taken place by the fresh name.

In the early days of Christianity the bishops sealed with their rings the profession of Faith which the neophytes made in writing. They likewise sealed their pastoral letters. With regard to other dignitaries of the Church who are made recipients of a ring, the office of cardinal claims notice here. For we read that cardinals on their creation receive a ring, which usually holds a sapphire. Wolsey was raised to this dignity in 1515, the Pope having sent with the hat a ring of more than ordinary value.

The year 1191 is significant in the history of ringlore as marking a change in the fashion of the epis opal ring, for we learn that it was ordained by the nen Pope Innocent III. that the form of ring should be of solid gold, set with a precious stone, on which nothing was to be cut. Previous to this a large measure of licence was permitted both as regards material and design. In the thirteenth century we read that "many of the episcopal rings were of very rude fashion," displaying little or no elegance either in design or workmanship, the stone often being set just as it was found, merely having the surface polished. There are proofs that cameos were at one time much worn on episcopal rings. With regard to the finger on which the episcopal ring is worn, it has been stated that "all who wear rings ex officio wear them on the third finger of the right hand." Cardinals and bishops do this because it is the first vacant finger; the thumb and first two fingers have always been reserved as symbols of the first three Persons of the Trinity. When a bishop gives a blessing he does so with the thumb and the first two fingers.

During the latter part of the thirteenth century the larger episcopal rings were enriched by the addition of precious stones which were set around the principal one. The sapphire seems to have been the stone most generally used for episcopal rings, owing probably to the common belief that this gem had the power of cooling love, due perhaps to the coldness of its touch.

Legacies and gifts of rings for religious purposes were by no means uncommon in former times; thus among other rich gifts to the Cathedral of Canterbury, we note that Archbishop Herbert in 1205 presented four gold rings adorned with precious stones. I would here remark upon the practice that prevailed much at one time of burying the Popes in their pontifical habits and ornaments. The body of the prelate was arrayed in the richest cloth of gold, and his fingers were covered with rings of the greatest



No. VI.—EARLY NORWEGIAN BETROTHAL RING

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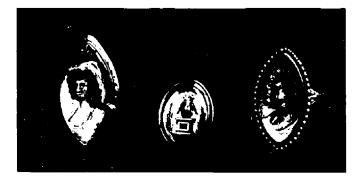


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The Connoisseur

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(male and female). These possibly represent Adam and Eve and Cain and Abel respectively.

Among what may appropriately be included as religious rings strictly so-called, I would here notice very briefly three special types, which are termed

number of the Archaeological Journal. It is male after the pattern of interlaced plaited work, resembling some ornaments of the Saxon period, but is especially remarkable for having the impress of two feet, which may probably be regarded as one of the emblems

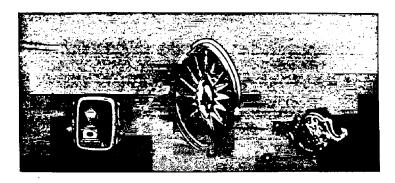


No. VIII .- GROUP OF THREE EIGHTEENTH-CENTURY MARRIAGE RINGS

respectively "decade," "reliquary," and, lastly, "pilgrim," some of which are highly interesting for many reasons, but principally as witnessing to the extreme credulity and superstition which at one time existed, and which was exemplified in such trifling ornaments as rings. As regards the first-mentioned class, viz., "decade," we find they derive their name from having ten projections at intervals all round the hoop (see No. v.). These knobs were used much in the same way as the beads of a rosary. Sometimes in these rings each of the knobs is separated by three small beaded dots across the hoop from its neighbour. This is intended in all probability to symbolise the Trinity.

The next class of ring to which I have to refer is that known as the "reliquary" ring, their peculiarity being that they contain a relic of a saint, or sometimes of the "Passion," or as a memorial of the pilgrimage to the Mount of Olives, when the print of the feet of the Saviour, which miraculously marked the scene of His Ascension, was visited by the pilgrims with the greatest veneration.

The most remarkable example of the religious ring in the British Museum is that known as the "Coventry Ring." It is sometimes called "The Ring of the Five Wounds," by reason of the subject of its inscription. It is of gold, and in all likelihood of fifteenth-century workmanship. On the outside of the hoop there is a centre device depicting Christ rising from the sepulchre; on the left is the wound in the side, and opposite it the words, "The Well of Everlasting Lyffe"; next, two smaller wounds are depicted, with the words opposite to them of "The Well of Comfort, and the Well of Grace." Then



No. IX.-GROUP OF EARLY ENGLISH MEMORIAL RINGS

a reputed piece of the true Cross or some other religious emblem. These rings are by no means numerous, but are regarded as objects of extreme veneration.

There is but little to be said regarding the "pilgrim" ring, which is very similar to the "reliquary," so much so that the two classes may be considered as almost identical. A curious specimen of the pilgrim type of ring is thus described in an early

follow two other wounds with the words, "The Well of Pitie, and the Well of Merci."

We now come, lastly, to consider the subject of the wedding-ring. We are all well aware of the many tender and romantic associations that centraround the wedding-ring; in fact, it is by no mean easy to conceive of any subject more generally in teresting in all its associations than the wedding-ring From the earliest times it has possessed a mystical

Some Notes on Rings

significance appealing directly to our most cherished feerings. It is significant to observe that the circular form of the ring was accepted in days gone by as a symbol of Eternity. We find many divines who love to dilate and enlarge upon the figurative virtues of the ring. A well-known Dean thus speaks: "The matter of which this ring is made is gold, signifying how noble and durable our affection is; the form is round to imply that our respect shall never have an end; the place of it is on the fourth finger of the left hand, where the ancients thought there was a vein that came directly from the heart, and where it may always be in view, and being on the finger least used, where it may be least subject to be worn out; but the main end is to be a visible and lasting token of the covenant which must never be forgotten." We have Jeremy Taylor, in his sermon on a weddingring, conveying in quaint and forcible language the duties and responsibilities of married life.

With the bridal-ring formerly were delivered the keys of the house. This is of ancient origin, since it seems to have existed among the Romans. We read in Photius that Theosebrius says to his wife, "I formerly gave to thee the ring of union; now of temperance to aid thee in the seemly custody of my house." The plain gold rings which are the pledge or sign of matrimony have altered little in design from the earliest times. They appear to have come down by the law of traditional practice from Saxon time with little or no impulse from legal authority.

When we come to examine the records of later times, we find that during the sixteenth century it became customary to give plain gold rings away at weddings in quite large numbers, the practice continuing till recent times, for we read that the Prince Regent, on the celebration of his marriage with Caroline of Brunswick, presented a number of rings to members of his family and friends. Also at the

marriage of Queen Victoria rings were distributed having the royal likeness in profile in gold.

As pledges of betrothal or wedding gifts rings are of very ancient origin. They were worn by the Jews prior to Christian times, and mark even at the present day an important feature in their marriage These Jewish betrothal rings were in past ages generally of large size and elaborate workmanship. Some curious examples are mentioned in the Londesborough collection catalogue. One ring is of German or Flemish work of the seventeenth century. It is of brass, with three points or bosses, and belongs to a class of ring called "gemmal," or, freely translated, "Joy be with you." In the same collection is a Jewish "tower" betrothal ring, enamelled blue, of the sixteenth century. Another betrothal ring belongs to the same class and date, and called Temple or Tower, from the figure of the sacred temple placed on its summit. The marriage rings of the German-Jews of the sixteenth century are very fine specimens of art, and are truly superb specimens of the goldsmith's craft.

The ring was used in marriage among Christians as early as 860. Pronubal or pledge rings pass between the contracting parties among the Romans. When the marriage settlement had been duly executed and sealed, rings bearing the name of the newly married couple were handed round to the guests. By the way, I may here mention that the marriage ring of the Romans was generally of iron—this metal being chosen apparently in order to symbolise the lasting character of the engagement.

In early times betrothal rings sometimes bore the name and title of the Saviour in full, but examples of this class of ring are now excessively rare. It is interesting to observe that during the Middle Ages solemn betrothal by means of the ring often preceded matrimony.



No. IX.-TWO MEMORIAL RINGS OF UNCOMMON DESIGN

Notes and Queries

[The Editor invites the assistance of readers of THE CONNOISSEUR who may be able to impart the information required by Correspondents.]

CELTIC INTERLACING.

To the Editor of THE CONNOISSEUR.

SIR,—I shall be very much obliged if some of your readers could inform me where I could obtain

Extract from Messrs. Adams's letter of 28th February, 1906:—

"We thank you very much for the photograph received. The specimen, as far as we can see, is an Adams piece. The figures were produced at this factory 120 years ago, and the subject is the offering to the 'Apollo of Belvedere,' and the subject, but not the shape, is illustrated in William Adams, an old English Potter, on a very fine jug in one of the provincial museums. . . . We were interested to



THE HOOKET VASE

photographs or sketches of Celtic interlaced work, or a book on the subject.

Yours truly, D. F.

THE KEEPSAKE VASE.

To the Editor of THE CONNOISSEUR.

SIR,—In connection with the enquiry in this month's Connoisseur relating to the Keepsake Vase, perhaps your readers might be interested to see another of William Adams's works, so I enclose a photo. of our Hooket Vase, with copies of extracts from letters of Messrs. Adams to me on the subject. The shade of blue is most beautiful, quite different to any blue—ancient or modern—I have ever seen of either Wedgwood or Adams ware.

Yours truly,

(Miss) E. F. WILLIAMS.

see this ware, as the shape is quite new to us, and we think there cannot have been many made, so this will make the vase all the more rare. The colour, we can imagine, is a very beautiful one.

"Yes, we also know the subject the other side the vase very well indeed; it is the 'Sacrifice to Diana,' and we are reproducing the design at our factories."

Napoleon's Bee.

To the Editor of THE CONNOISSEUR.

DEAR SIR,—As a subscriber to THE CONNOISSE R, I am writing to ask if you could kindly inform me why Napoleon chose the bee as his imperial emble a? I have not been able to find the reason in any life of Napoleon, and nobody seems to know! Thank ng you in anticipation.

Yours, etc., S. N.





LARGE MING FIGURE OF THE GOD OF LEARNING By permission of Messrs. S. Gorer & Son



THE accompanying illustration represents the son of Paul Rubens taken from his picture. It is in terra-cotta, enamelled white, is about 12 inches high, and may be seen in the Cluny Museum. One is not surprised to find that this charming life-like little statuette is attributed to the celebrated sculptor Cyfflé, who,

under the Bayards, father and son, did such beautiful work at Bellevue, Toul, and Lunéville.

Two New Acquisitions by the Scottish National Gallery By Olive Milne Rae

Two interesting pictures of the British School have recently been purchased and hung by the Scottish National Gallery at Edinburgh. Within tl. last few years tl directors have be a steadily adding fi e examples of B. ish art to their al, ady fine, though comparatively small, collection of Old Masters. The two latest additions may be said to be fairly representative of what was best in eighteenth and nineteenth century English art, both as to landscape and figure painting.

The first is a grand and sombre canvas by John Crome, entitled, A Scene in Wales. It was probably painted about 1802, and belonged at one time to Mr. Gurney, the Norwich banker, to whose apprecia-

THE SON OF RUBENS

TERRA-COTTA AT-CLUNY MUSEUM

tive encouragement and patronage the poverty - stricken Norwich school owed a considerable debt of gratitude. Unlike most of Crome's pictures its subject is of wild and rugged mountain scenery, absolutely unrelieved by vegetation or light of any kind. To the right of it, against a background of lowering thunderclouds, a huge and solitary jut of crag rises sheer out of the dark pool below in the foreground, while to the left are great boulders and horizontal masses of rock, which cast dark shadows into the water. A few goats straggling among the inhospitable rocks, are the only signs of life in the picture, and even they seem almost out of place amid the awesomeness of the scene, to which the lowness of the tone gives a deeply meditative character. No shaft of light or gleam of bright colour penetrate the gloom of its mantling shadows, but there is a depth and grandeur about the whole picture, a suggestion of vastness of space, and a sort of aerial horror in the

unfathomable darkness of the ravine, which shows the master hand.

The other picture -a great contrast in every way, but also full of strength and vigour — is one by W. E. Lockhart, who was undoubtedly one of the ablest of the Scottish school of painters. The subject is The Dismissal of Gil Blas (who was at that time his secretary) by the Archbishop of Granada, for candidly telling that worthy (in answer to a request for candour) that his preaching had somewhat fallen off since his recent stroke of paralysis. This was one of the early

episodes in the varied career of that fascinating rogue, and one which might well appeal to the imagination of an artist.

At the portals of the episcopal palace stands the irate archbishop, clad in his gorgeous scarlet robes and lace ruffles, his face purple with anger, gazing wrathfully down at the retreating figure of the young Gil Blas, slowly and reluctantly descending the long flight of stone steps, and biting his nails with vexation. The rueful expression on the ex-secretary's face is excellently portrayed, and every detail of his costume thoughtfully detailed. He is dressed in a tunic and knickerbockers of citron-coloured velvet, having sleeves of deep orange—a clever conceit in the way of colouring. His long hair falls over the wide collar of fine muslin bordered with lace, which was the correct finish to the habiliments of a young

gentleman of his day. Over his arm he carries his cloak of snuff-coloured cloth, and in his hand is a soft "wide-awake" hat of dark brown felt. Among the minor accessories of the picture are a mediaval swinging lamp of brass, which hangs just above the archbishop's head, and the rich dark tapestry behind him, which throws up the magnificent scarlet and lace of his robes.



SOME OLD HAND-BELLS

This picture is considered Lockhart's best, and is certainly eminently characteristic of his style and colour. It is somewhat reminiscent of John Philips, by whom Lockhart was clearly much influenced. It was painted in 1878, when the artist was at the prime and maturity of his art, as the richness and mellowness of the colouring, and its admirable arrangement and grouping, amply show. The Board of Directors are to be congratulated on these two recent purchases, and the nation on the acquisition of two noble productions of purely British manufacture.

THE accompanying illustration reproduces a set of engraved designs for the hand-bells which were once in general use upon the table. They Some Old date from the first few years of last Hand-bells century; and though they lack the grace and purity of design which mark those of an earlier period, particularly those made in France, there is a quaintness and homeliness about their appearance that endears them to the collector of such trifles. The full-length figures, among them a nun, and what might be a Chinese mandarin, recall tie drinking vessels of a similar shape and idea which te German goldsmiths of the sixteenth and seventeer h centuries designed so well. Special interest attacles to these engravings in that they come from a make's pattern book; and below each is written in ink tie wholesale price.

"Himanism and Art: Being Part IV. of the Recaissance in Italian Art" By Selwyn Brinton, M.A. and Edition (Arnold Fairbairns, 2s. 6d. net)

In this work on the Schools of Padua and Verona, when it was first published in 1898, Mr. Brinton approached a subject which, especially in the latter case, had been very slightly treated by English writers.

Messrs. Crowe and Cavalcaselle had, of course, included the art of Padua and Verona in their North Italian Painters; but there still remained a good field for individual research, and in the second edition of his work the author gives the result of later studies in the churches and galleries of Verona.

After a very attractive prologue on Humanism and Art, that is, upon the influence of the scholarship of the time, and especially of the revival of classic literature, upon the fine arts in Italy, Mr. Selwyn Brinton passes on to the "School of Squarcione"; and here, of course, the great Mantegna comes to occupy his chief attention.

"For it is his genius," says the author here, "that dominates and overmasters the whole.

Ansuino, Bono, Zoppo, are thrown into the shade by this young eagle that had sprung out of their nest. Pizzolo might, had he lived, have reached a certain success, and Vasari tells us that his work was no less esteemed than that of Andrea; but that, being each fonder of arms than of painting, and enemies m ny around him, one night he was set upon and tracherously slain.

And these qualities of Andrea's genius, which at hear fully formed even in his early work . . . are estimated strong, earnest, virile. In his splendid scence he disdains mere prettiness: he seems to

us sometimes cold (like those antique marbles he so loved), sometimes even hard and stern; yet those who have ever felt his fascination will not willingly, I believe, turn from him to any other master of any time."

From Andrea Mantegna, the painter of the frescoes of the Eremitani Chapel at Padua, Mr. Brinton turns

to the art of Verona — "Verona the Worthy (Verona la degna), as she was called, lying against the mountains, with her bridges and towers and quaint old churches, within a land that is full of fruit and flowers, whose clear climate gave its natives and its art a natural serenity and gaiety."

Pisanello, that most fascinating craftsman of the early Renaissance, had already been done justice to in his first edition by this writer, who had also taken his biography for Bryan's Dictionary of Artists: but in this later edition the lesser-known Veronese artists, such as Stefano da Zevio (Pisanello's probable pupil), Giovanni Badile, Girolamo and Francesco Benagliothe latter of whom the writer compares. in the freshness of his



LEGEND OF S. LUCY BY ALTICHIERO AND D'AVANZO (CHAPEL OF S. GIORGIO, PADUA)

sentiment, to the Umbrians, Fiorenzo di Lorenzo and Buonfigli — as well as Falconetto, the two brothers Giolfino, and Paolo Farinato, whose work we see in SS. Nazzaro e Celso at Verona, all claim some place beside such accepted Veronese masters as Liberale, Francesco Morone, Caroto, Cavazzuola, or that most fascinating of the Veronese, Girolamo dai Libri, who is well represented in our National Gallery. Even Antonio Badile, the uncle and forerunner of the great Paolo Veronese, and an artist who is scarcely yet appreciated as he deserves, finds some place here, though not a large one. It is

in such a work as this, which explores the less-known fields of Italian art, that there is still room for individual research and useful results; and in this book, which falls into its place as the fourth volume of the series, and which, we are glad to note, is more richly illustrated than the earlier edition (two of the plates we here reproduce for our readers), there are



A KNIGHT WITH HIS SQUIRE FRANCESCO TURBIDI (UFFIZI)

ASCRIBED TO

to be found some facts of value and some pages of interesting criticism.

MR. Frederick Arthur Crish, of 270, Walworth Road, S.E., has issued a beautiful Catalogue of Chinese Porcelain with Coats of Arms. The Catalogue has been privately printed at the Grove Park Press; type, the paper, and binding are excellent, the colour printing being also of a very high order, and the full descriptions of the Heraldic designs should prove most useful to those desiring to decipher the numerous Coats of Arms.

In my researches into *The Life and Works of Giovanni Antonio Bazzi (il Sodoma*), published last year (London: John Murray), I had occasion (on p. 173) to draw attention to the fact that according to Romagnoli (MSS.), the artist, with his accustomed waywardness, did not complete the celebrated S. Sebastian banner

(now in the Uffizi Gallery, Florence, No. 1,279) to the satisfaction of the Compagnia who commissioned it, but that Domenico Beccafumi was further employed to finish the work. I suggested then that Beccafumi's additions were probably to be found in the painting of the Madonna and Child on the back of the banner, and of the clouds whereon they are seated. Further examination by chance, however, revealed to me further traces of the hand of the "commentator" on the face of this splendid work. To anyone familiar with Beccafumi's style, the curious shapes of his heads, and certain types of attitude by no means unpleasing but most characteristic, and the groups of small figures on either side of the principal subject - particularly that on the rightbetray at once his peculiar methods. glance at the accompanying illustration, if compared with other work by Beccafumi, will show this at once and must prove of considerable interest, since the whole composition has so world-wide a celebrity.-ROBERT H. HOBART CUST.

About the middle of November Messrs.

S. Gorer & Son will open, at their Bond
Street Galleries, an exhibition of choice specimens of Ming porcelain, of which the figure reproduced in this number as a colour plate will be the most important feature. Whilst practically unique in size—the figure stands 20 inches in height, and is thus considerably

bigger than Mr. Salting's famous specimens — this representation of the God of Learning is of rare perfection as regards modelling and workmanship. Especially remarkable is the extraordinary realism in the delineation of the features, which have a v ry unusual vivacity of expression, and are modelled with great delicacy. The transparent and almost lustr us quality of the mottled light apple-green of the robe is impossible to render either in the drawing or he reproduction. On this green ground is a design of conventional clouds in yellow, aubergine, and white, which colours are repeated in the border of the



SEBASTIAN BY SODOMA (UFFIZI GALLERY)

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5, DEBASTIAN BY SODOMA (UFFIZI GALLERY)

garment with the addition of a darker green. The embroidery of the panel in the centre of the robe represents a flying ho-ho bird in rouge-de-fer on white. The figure had been buried for many years, and when found was covered, for protection, with a curious glutinous substance which gave it an appearance of decay and completely hid the splendour of the colour glazes. Indeed, it is extremely unlikely that without this disguise it could have been taken out of the country of its origin. All efforts to remove the covering substance proved fruitless, until a Chinese expert applied a special preparation which made the film peel off like gelatine.

MR. BAILLIE-GROHMAN, who in his new book, The Land in the Mountains, sets before us the romantic history and the old-world The Land in charm of that most delightful of all the Mountains Alpine countries, Tyrol, is himself By W. A. Baillie-Grohman the lucky owner of one of the most (Simpkin, picturesquely situated old castles Marshall & Co.) in the Inn valley. He lives amid surroundings which are bound to awaken a deeper interest in the land and its people than is felt by the literary tourist who "does" the country in a month or two, and then hastens home to commit his

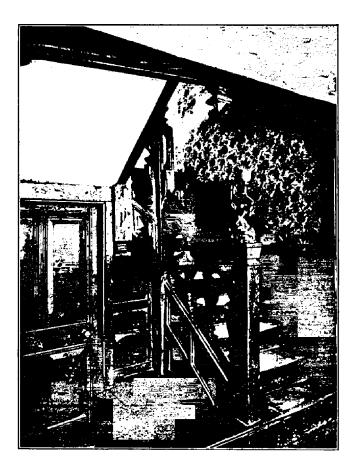
superficial observations to print. It is the obvious that generally fills the pages of such books, whilst the obvious is just what Mr. Grohman has tried to avoid. In no sense of the word can his book be classed as a guide-book. There are whole districts of Tyrol which are barely mentioned in The Land in the Mountains; and the reader is not hustled systematically from place to place in search of sights and relics and panoramas. But when he has worked his way through this fascinating account of this far too little frequented Austrian province, he will have learnt all that is to be learnt of its tangled and eventful history; he will be seized with a longing personally to exploe the wonders that nature has heaped into this comparatively small area; and he will have learnt to love the simple, manly, kind hearted race of peasant-folk, who, in the purity of their mountain air, have retained through the centuries the spirit of patriotism, of loyalty, of religious faith, and of hospitality, for which they have ever been noted. The connoisseur will be particularly attracted by the chapter on "Life and Art in Ancient Castles."

FACING a quiet side street at the top of the Kop stands the gabled two-storied house, its steep roof

Catharine of Aragon's House, Shrewsbury bearing the lovely clustered chimneys that are a distinctive mark of Tudor architecture. The house now belongs to Messrs. Peele, solicitors, who have preserved it in much of its original

state. The square hall is panelled in beautifully carved oak, and the oak mantelpiece bears a design in which the Tudor rose is coupled with the pomegranate of Spain. The hall is lighted by a fine old window, in which the rich blue and yellow tints repeat the legend of rose and pomegranate. In the living room, panelled throughout, Mr. Peele discovered

one day a sliding panel over the fireplace, which disclosed a small fresco, unfortunately so obliterated that the subject was unrecognisable. A staircase with carved balusters leads to the upper storey, and Catharine of Aragon's bedchamber and dressing closet, with a fine view from the casements over the Severn and the hills in the distance. Below lies the terraced garden, which the queen is said to have rarely left during the weary nionths of her stay in Shrewsbury, while Henra was endeavouring vairly to obtain the annu ment of their union, which was to legalize his marriage with Anne Boleyn.-B. KEN IELL.



STAIRCASE IN CATHARINE OF ARAGON'S HOUSE, SHREWSBURY

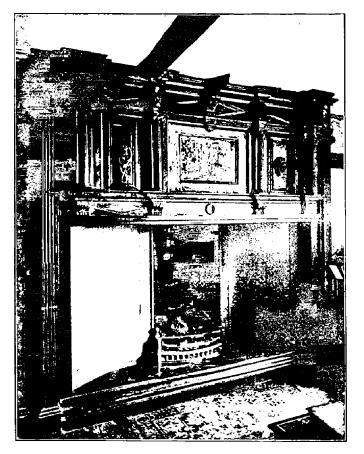
AMONGST the several fine camples of the work of Young the great Herdsmen masters with Cows of ani-By A. Cuyp mated landscape contained in the famous Kann Collection few betray a higher level of excellence than the charming scene, Young Herdsmen with Cows, by A. Cuyp, which forms the frontispiece to the present number. Ælbert Cuyp, landscape and animal painter, as well as an excellent portraitist, is equally esteemed in all his genres. His work was appreciated in England

when in Holland it was

almost neglected, and as

a consequence nearly all

his best works found their



OAK MANTELPIECE IN CATHARINE OF ARAGON'S HOUSE, SHREWSBURY

way here. Continental dealers and collectors visiting London sale-rooms at last commenced to acquire examples, and gradually many have again crossed the water, a number going to Paris.

WE reproduce as a plate in the present number another of the interesting series of prints by well-

known sporting artists, which have The Last appeared in our pages from time to Hour of a time. Unlike the majority of those Contested Election preceding it, it is more political than for M.P. sporting, depicting a scene in the By Havell. days when a member contesting a after Pollard Parliamentary seat had to rely on the now almost neglected horse and coach to convey himself and his adherents to the poll.

On the 27th September, Messrs. Hodgson and Company, whose auction rooms in Chancery Lane

have been a favourite resort of many generations of book lovers, celebrated their Centenary by a dinner, at which many well-known literary persons were present. The chair was taken by Mr. H. H. Hodgson, J.P., Master of the Stationers' Company, who retired from the firm in 1900, after

an occupancy of the rostrum extending over thirty years, and some very interesting speeches were made in connection with the toasts of the Firm, the Trade, and Literature. In proposing that of the Firm, Mr. Charles Burney, Master of the Supreme Court, made some amusing allusions to the fluctuating fortunes of large numbers of books, while in their response, Messrs. J. E. and S. Hodgson, the present directors of the firm, mentioned some of the difficulties that they had to encounter, and promised that they would always pursue an open and straightforward policy in dealing with all customers,

as had been the tradition of their firm in the past. The toast of the Trade was advocated by the Chairman, and responded to by Mr. Edward Bell, M.A., President of the Publishers' Association, and Mr. H. C. Sotheran, one of the leading dealers in rare books, while Mr. G. Thorn Drury replied to Mr. G. A. Aitken in that of Literature.

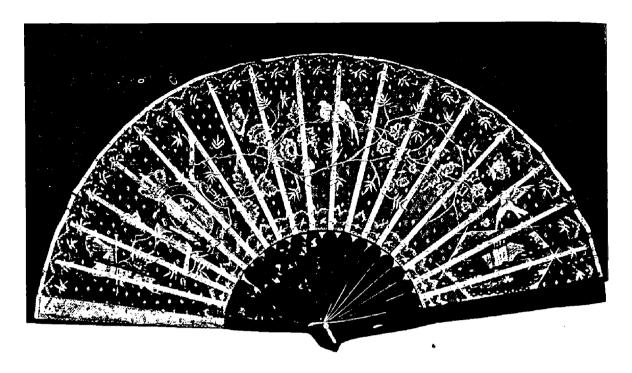
THE rare specimen of a fan here reproduced is in the possession of Lt.-Colonel Wilfrid H. Cummings,

to whom we are indebted for the following description:—

Rare Specimen of a Fan

The sticks and blades (in one) are of tortoiseshell; the mount is made of

very fine lawn manufactured from the thread of aloe leaves, on which the design is embroidered, the background being entirely "drawn" work. The panel on the right indicates that it was made in the Philippine Islands or some other tropical colony; the Royal Arms of Spain seem to suggest that it was a gift to a Spanish Queen. It is to be noted that the centre shield in the Royal Arms is composed of three castles instead of three fleur-de-lys, which apparently fixes the date as being a period prior to the quartering of the French insignia on the Spanish Royal Arms. The photograph is by Mr. F. Simpson, of Chester.



RARE FAN WITH SPANISH ROYAL ARMS, IN THE POSSESSION OF LT.-COL. W. H. CUMMINGS

United Arts Club Picture Defence Fund.

To the Editor of THE CONNOISSEUR.

DEAR SIR,—Will you kindly grant us space in your columns to appeal to the public, and especially to all lovers of art, for help in supporting the action against Messrs. Robinson & Fisher, the auctioneers of King Street, St. James's, for distraining the pictures exhibited at the United Arts Club.

Whilst this Club was holding an Exhibition of its Members' work on premises, the rent of which it had paid in advance to the landlord, Willis' Restaurant, Ltd., the latter Company failed, leaving about £2,000 due to the superior landlords, Messrs. Robinson and Fisher, and that firm distrained and seized all the 195 artists' pictures exhibited in the Club. An injunction was applied for in Chancery, but Mr. Justice Nevile reluctantly declined to grant the injunction, stating, "That it should be possible in a country which boasts of making a law which purports to protect the property of the law-abiding citizen, to raise such a question seems to me an extraordinary state of things," but "monstrous though I hold it to be, I have to deal with the law as I find it."

The Club has appealed against this decision, and if need be in the interests of the artists primarily, and the public generally, it is intended to take the matter up to the House of Lords, if possible. But to do this the Club, which is a new institution, requires financial support, and we therefore confidently ask all friends of Art and Justice to help by kindly forwarding their subscriptions for this purpose to the Club's Bankers, Messrs. Brown, Shipley & Co., 123, Pall Mall, S.W.,

for the credit of the United Arts Club Picture Defence Fund.

Yours faithfully,

(Signed) Carlisle, Kilmorey, J. T. Herbert Baily, T. Austen Brown (A.R.S.A.), A. S. Cope (A.R.A.), Walter J. James, John Lavery (Vice-Prest. I.A.), Edward Poynter (Prest. R.A.), Geo. Wyatt Truscott.

P.S.—Unless otherwise desired the names of subscribers, together with amounts, will be acknowledged in the leading newspapers, a copy of one of which will be sent to each subscriber.

Books Received

Velasquez, by S. L. Bensusan, 1s. 6d.; Reynolds, by S. L. Bensusan, 1s. 6d.; Nursery Song, arranged by Joseph Moorat and pictured by Paul Woodroffe. (T. C. & E. C. Jack.)

Adventures on the High Mountains, by Richard Stead, B.A., F.R. Hist.S., 5s.; Heroes of Missionary Enterprise, by Claude Field, M.A., 5s.; The Romance of the World's Fisheries, by Sidney Wright, 5s. (Seeley & Co.)

Miniatures, Ancient and Modern, by Cyril Davenport, 2s. 6d. net; An Artist's Reminiscences, by Walter Cranc. 18s. net; Trees in Nature, Myth and Art, by J. Ernest Phythian, 6s. (Methuen & Co.)

The Silver Treasure-Trove of Hildesheim, by T. Blumc Goldsmith, Hildesheim.

The Cathedrals and Churches of Northern Italy, by T. rancis Bumpus, 16s. net. (T. Werner Laurie.)

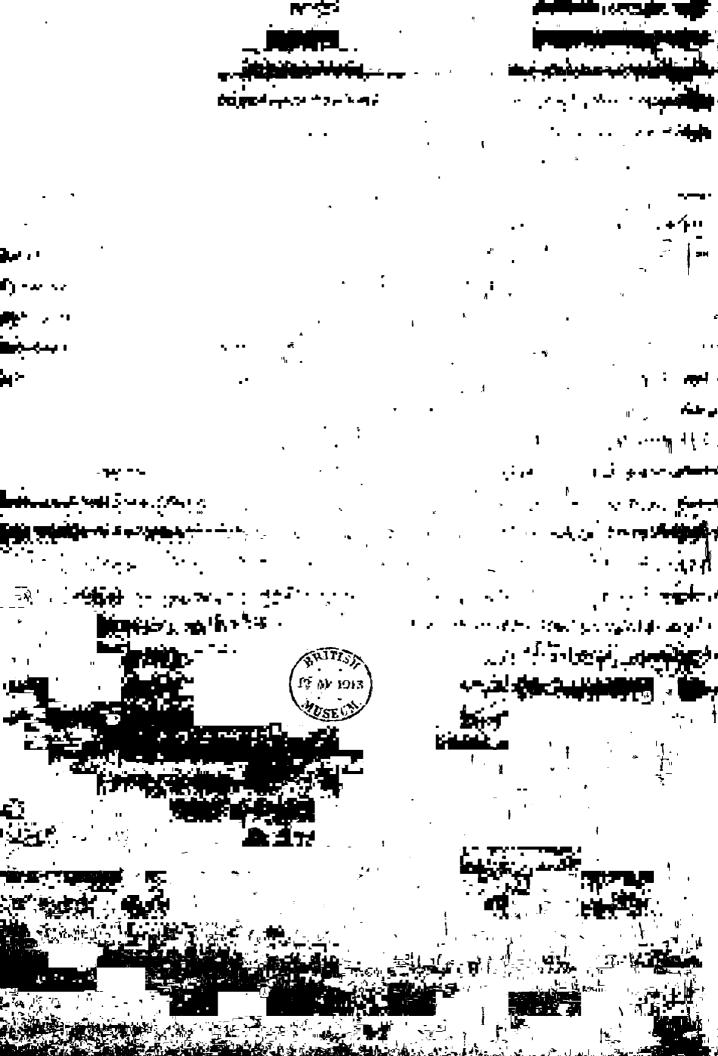
The Madonna di Vico, by L. Melano Rossi, 21s. net. (Ma nillan and Co.)

Mantua, by Selwyn Brinton, 4 marks. (E. A. S. eman, Leipzig.)



Jas. Pollard, Delt.

R. Havell, Fect.



ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS

N.B.- All enquiries must be accompanied by coupon, which will be found in the advertisement pages of each number.

Books.—Breeches Bible, 1611.—10,038 (Doncaster). Your Bible would not realise more than £1 at a London auction sale.

"Adventures of Ulysses," by Charles Lamb, 1808. -10,035 (Windsor).-Your book, if a first edition, bound in old calf, is worth a considerable amount. We cannot tell from your description, however, as both the first and second editions of this work are dated 1808.

"Illustrated London News."-10,217 (Ostersund).-

Your volumes are worth about two shillings each.

Coins and Medals.—Charles II. Crown, 1682. -9,872 (Sittingbourne). - Unless your coin is in mint state, it has only face value. Patch boxes vary in value. Could you not send yours for our expert's inspection?

Engravings and Etchings. — Removing damp stains from vellum.—10,306 (Southampton).—If the damp spots have not taken firm hold of the material, the part affected may first of all be touched with a slight wash of spirits of wine, and, when dry, with a weak solution of oxalic acid. You describe your etchings as being on vellum, but in all probability they are on "vellum paper," which is quite a different substance. In any case, however, you might try the remedy suggested, taking care to operate first of all on some fox mark in the margin. Benzine applied with a sponge will remove almost all marks from vellum, but should not be used

in the case of vellum paper.
"The Four Penitents," after Rubens, by V. Green, etc.-9,898 (Tottenham).-The two engravings you describe

are of very small value.

"The Times," by W. Hogarth.—9,875 (Sherborne).—

Your prints are of very small value.
"Swarming in the Bees" and "Returning from the Fair," after H. Dayes, by Hellyer. -9,869 (Temple, E.C.)—This is a well-known pair of colour prints, for which there is considerable demand. If yours are good impressions, you should obtain about £20 for them.

"The Ten Virgins," by V. Green.—9,967 (Hereford).

—Your print is of very little value.

Furniture.—Corner Cupboard.—9,848 (Rochford). -The painting on your corner cupboard appears to be nearly obliterated, and in its present state the cupboard would not fetch a very big price. Send it to a good restorer.

Miniatures.—Painting on Copper.—9,956.— Your miniature painting on copper is interesting, but there is

no demand for this class of thing at the present time.

"The Countess of Fife," by R. Cosway, R.A.,
1797-9,960 (Worthing).—If your miniature is a genuine Cosway, it is worth a large sum; but there are hundreds of worthless copies about signed as yours. Cosway's miniature of Madame du Barry realised £1,050 at Christie's in 1892, but few important examples have appeared in the sale-room for some time.

"Oliver Cromwell," by Sir Peter Lely.—9,962 (Hampstead).--Your miniature has some historic interest. If you will send it as you suggest, we shall be glad to obtain our

expert's opinion as to its value.

Objets d'Art. — Empire Timepiece. — 9,825 ("T. L.," Westminster).—The type of clock you describe is almos: unsaleable at the present time. Although the original cost n ist have been very great, it would probably not fetch

more than £10 if offered at auction to-day.

Gla: S Vases. — 9,990 (Birmingham). — Your vases are probal. English glass, but they are not old enough to be valual. from a collector's point of view.

Pictures.—J. D. De Heem.—9,971 (Walmer).—A signed ainting by this artist of a bowl of flowers, and fruit on with birds and butterflies, 44 in. by 35 in., realised Christie's last season. Your picture, therefore, may ry considerable value, and we should advise you to submit it for our expert's inspection.

Portrait, signed "T. Lawrence." — 9,939 (Money Tracey). — The signature "T. Lawrence" on your picture doubtless refers to Sir Thomas Lawrence; but in this case it would not have been painted early in the eighteenth century, as Sir Thomas Lawrence was not born until 1769. Genuine portraits by this artist have realised remarkable prices during the past season. At Messrs. Robinson & Fisher's, £8,400 was paid for his famous work, Childhood's Innocence-a portrait of the Countess of Jersey as a child-whilst at Christie's a portrait of Mrs. Bradburne sold for £2,572 10s., and that of a young lady made £1,890. If your picture were sent to our offices for inspection, we could give you an opinion.

"Beggar Boys," by Murillo.—9,934 (Harrogate).—If your picture is an original work of Murillo, its value is, of course, very great; but so many ordinary paintings of the Spanish school are nowadays attributed to the great master, that we could not attempt to advise you without seeing it.

George Morland. -9,915 (Weaste). - If your picture is a genuine Morland, the sum you mention seems a very low price to get for it, and it would pay you, we think, to forward the work for an expert opinion.

Rembrandt. -9,824 (Catford). - From the photograph you enclose your picture does not appear to us to be of much account. The name at the foot of frame would, no doubt, enable you to sell it for a few pounds if a private purchaser were found locally, but in a London auction-room we are afraid the picture would realise a very small sum, as the subject is very unattractive.

"Head of St. John the Baptist in a Charger."-9,957 (Sheffield).—The subject of your picture would render it very unsaleable, unless it is absolutely of the highest quality. Without inspection, of course, we cannot give a definite opinion.

"Cupids," by Cipriani .- 9,976 (Brighton).- No example of this artist appears to have been sold at auction recently. He did not execute many large paintings, though he left an infinite number of drawings. Your pictures are certainly interesting, and, if in good condition, they should realise a good price. Could you not send them for our expert's inspection?

Identification, etc., of Pictures .- 9,882 (Padiham).-The photographs of your paintings are too indistinct to enable us to judge what they are.

Picture by T. Luke, 1817.—9,814 (Preston).—The painter of your picture is not an artist of any reputation, and he does not appear to have contributed to any exhibitions of pictures in London. Perhaps it is the work of a Scottish amateur of the period, but in any case we do not suppose it is of any special value.

"Duke of Wellington's Charger," by S. Spode, Copenhagen.—9,963 (Birkenhead).—The value of your painting of the *Duke of Wellington's Charger* depends upon its artistic merits. We do not know the artist. Could you send the work for our expert to see?

Landscape. -- 9,930 (Whitefield). - To judge from the photograph you have sent us, we should say that your landscape is not a picture of any consequence.

Picture on Panel. -9,985 (Darlington). - Your picture is certainly very interesting; but it is impossible to identify the painter from a photograph. Could you send it for our expert's inspection? We are afraid you will find it very difficult to discover who the portrait represents, as the type of face is very

Painting of a Woman.—9,916 (Plymouth).—It would certainly be more satisfactory to have your picture examined by an expert. An opinion from a photograph could only be tentative, and might prove unreliable.

Portrait of a Man. -9,871 (Hunstanton). - From the photograph you send us, your portrait appears to be a very fine picture, and we should certainly advise you to send it for our expert's inspection. The subject bears some resemblance to Charles, the Young Pretender, and if it should prove to be a likeness of him, the value of the work would be greatly enhanced. "The Print Collector," by J. L. E. Meissonier.—

9,812 (Hull).—This is a well-known picture in the Wallace

Collection, of which yours is probably a copy.

Water-Colour Subject by Edward Corbould, 1858.

–9,904 (Brough).—It is impossible to form any idea of what a picture will realise at auction without seeing it. Edward Henry Corbould, R.I., exhibited 241 works at the New Water-Colour Society, and 17 at the Royal Academy from 1835, and he also contributed to various other exhibitions during that time.

Pottery and Porcelain. - French Vases. -10,154 (Chantry). - It is difficult to give an opinion about your vases, as the photographs you have sent us are so indistinct. The incised mark affords no clue to the maker, though, judging from the form, we should say they were of Paris make early last

century. They are worth probably from £8 to £10.

Minton Cup and Saucer.—9,952 (Ticehurst).—Your cup and saucer, stamped Minton, are not worth more than 5s. or 6s. A good many collectors now give place in their cabinets to the more ornamental pieces of Minton; but it will be a long time

yet before this make becomes really valuable.

Dessert Dishes, marked "Amherst, Japan."-9,123 (Kingston-on-Thames). — Your two dessert dishes, marked "Amherst, Japan," are not Spode, but Minton. They are worth a few shillings each.

Willow-Pattern Plates, etc.—9,928 (Caversham).—
Your willow-pattern plates, marked "J. T., Longton," may have been made by John Turner, of Longton. The mark you give is doubtless that of a Staffordshire maker of last century, though we are unable to trace it in our books of reference. The pieces are worth a few shillings each.

Tea Services .- 9,832 (Edinburgh). - The absence of any marks upon either of your tea services makes it impossible for us to form any opinion as to values from your description. If you will forward a specimen saucer of each set, we can advise you.

"Flaxman" Jugs. -9,992 (Brackley). -Hot-water jugs do not fetch big prices. Your specimen would not have been made by Flaxman, and the probability is that it is one of a certain pattern manufactured by one of the late Staffordshire firms, to which the name "Flaxman" was given. It so, it is worth only a few shillings.

Crown Derby Jugs. -9,866 (Hawick, N.B.). - Being imperfect, your jugs would not be of great value.

Silver.—Paul Lamerie.—9,827 (Ballywilliam).— Objects by this maker usually fetch good prices. Some chased table candlesticks, dated 1737, were sold at £3 17s. per oz. at Christie's last season. As stated in our letter, however, we cannot put a definite value on your candlesticks, etc., without seeing them.

Cup by John Gangland, of Newcastle. - 9 938 (Hull). -Unmarked silver is usually regarded with suspicion by collectors, and it is difficult to sell, whilst its value, as a rule, is greatly depreciated, as compared with proper hall-marked pieces of the same period. In view of the fact that the maker's initials on the cup you have been offered are T.L., the statement that it was made by John Gangland before 1778 should, in our opinion, be accepted with reserve. If, however, the dealer is willing to give you a written guarantee, you are, of course, safeguarded.

Plain Mugs, 1734.—9,886 (Harrow).—Without seeing your mugs, we should judge their value to be roughly about

20s. an ounce.

HERALDIC CORRESPONDENCE

CONDUCTED BY A. MEREDYTH BURKE

1,172 (London).—Sir John Bourne, Knt., Queen Mary's minister, had a grant from the Crown of the manor of Battenhall, Worcester, in 1544, and was knighted 2nd October, 1553, in which year he had been elected M.P. for the city of Worcester. He married Dorothy, daughter of John Hornyold, and died at his seat, Holt Castle, 13th May, 1575, leaving issue: (1) Anthony, his son and heir, who married Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Edward Horne, of Sarsden, in Oxfordshire; (2) Charles; (3) Elizabeth, wife of George Winter, of Hoddington, Co. Worcester; (4) Margaret, who married William Clark; (5) Parsyda; and (6) Anne. Sir John is said to have left large estates in Worcestershire, which were eventually sold by his eldest son to the family of Lord Chancellor Bromley. Although he had a grant of Arms in 1553, no pedigree of him, or of his descendants, appears in the Herald's Visitations, but the Visitation of 1663 contains a pedigree of Bourne, of Acton Hall, in the parish of Ombersley, to which is appended this note: "These Arms were granted to Sir John Bourne, of Battenhall, ao I. Mary, from whom it doth not appear this gentleman descends." A grant referred to in the State Papers, however, points to a connection between Sir John Bourne and Ombersley. Philip Bourne, brother of the Secretary, was father of Dr. Gilbert Bourne, Bishop of Bath and Wells, who died 10th September, 1569.

1,179 (Nottingham). - Anne Rutherford, who married Walter Scott, W.S., and was the mother of the author of Waverley, was a daughter of John Rutherford, Professor of Chemistry died in 1779), by his first wife, Jean, daughter of Sir John Swinton, of Swinton, whom he married 12th April, 1731. John Rutherford was the son of the Rev. John Rutherford minister of Yarrow, whose father, John Rutherford, is supposed to have been descended from the Hundalee family, but the connection does not appear to have been established.

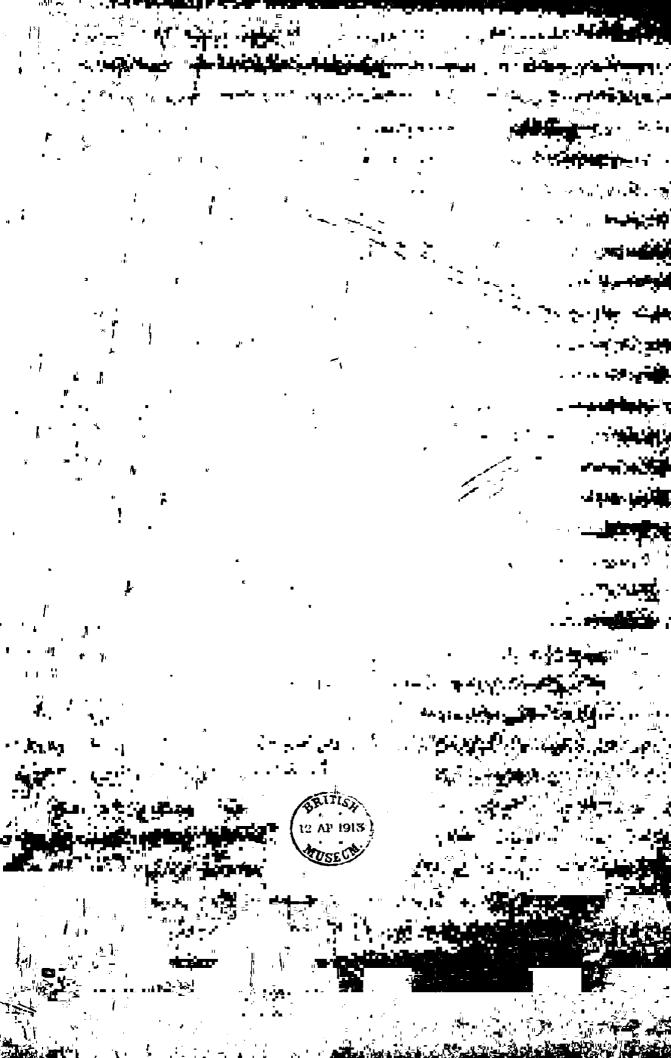
1,184 (Dublin).—The bookplate is evidently that of William Basil, of Wilton Park, Bucks., who inherited a large fortune from his kinsman, Martin Caulfeild Basil. The latter died

in 1735, aged 84, having been treasurer to James II., and was the only son of William Basil (died 1694), Cromwellian Attorney-General of Ireland, by his wife Anne, daughter of Toby Caulfeild, 1st Lord Charlemont. The Attorney-General was younger son of Martin Basil, alderman of Colchester, and brother to Martin Basil, who died 1636. The last-mentioned Martin by his Will, which was proved 28th May, 1636, made the following interesting bequest: "the fourth of Aprill 1635 more I give my King of Spaines Bible to the library at Colchester as my guift there to be kept for ever."

1,193 (London). - Not much is known of Augustine Briggs, father of William Briggs, the eminent physician, beyond the fact that he represented the city of Norwich in four parliaments, and that he is supposed to have been the son of Richard Briggs, head-master of Norwich School in 1598. Dr. William Briggs married Hannah only daughter and heir of Edmund Hobart, grandson of Sir Henry Hobart, Lord Chief Justice of the Common Pleas in the reign of James I., by whom he left three children, Henry, Mary, and Hannah. His son Henry became rector of Holt, Norfolk, and chaplain to George II.

1,198 (London).—The Arms on the piece of plate are apparently intended for those of the family of Russell, of Herefordshire and Little Malvern, Co. Worcester, whose coat was: Argent a chevron between three crosses crosslet fitche sable within a bordure engrailed gules becautee. Crest: A demi lion rampant argent holding a cross crosslet fitchee sable. The Arms rampant argent holding a cross crosslet fitchee sable. impaled with the above might be either those of the families of Jarvis or Benson, but in the absence of any information as to the tinctures the impalement cannot be identified with certainty.

1,205 (London).—Blanche Parry, Chief Gentlewome of the Privy Chamber and Keeper of the Jewels to Queen El abeth, was a daughter of Henry Parry, of Newcourt, Co. I. reford, and died unmarried in 1590, aged 82. She was bried in St. Margaret's Church, Westminster.





YOUNG GIRL ASLEEP
BY JAN VERMEER OF DELFT
FROM THE KANN COLLECTION
By permission of Messrs. Duveen Brothers



Part III. By Dr. G. C. Williamson

In the last article I gave special attention to the most notable pictures of the Italian school, and it may be well before passing to the works of the Flemish, Dutch, and Spanish schools, in which the Hermitage is so particularly rich, to refer briefly to a few more Italian pictures which merit careful attention. Most visitors make some special effort to see the work called the Madonna Litta, attributed to Lionardo da Vinci. A great deal of controversy has ranged round this little picture; it was discovered in 1543, in Venice, in the Contarini Gallery, and in the eighteenth century belonged to the family of the Counts Litta, from which it derived its name. It was bought for the Hermitage in 1865, and at once attributed to Lionardo. Since then other artists have had the credit of this lovely work: it has been attributed to Luini, Ambrogio da Predis, Bernardino De Conti, and Boltraffio, in turn. Eugène Müntz was the fit to draw attention to the fact that there is a beautiful study in profile of the Virgin's head in this | ture in the Vallardi collection at the Louvre, and t tit is on greenish paper of exactly, the same character as that used by Lionardo himself for his study the Virgin of the rocks.

The same critic also discovered in the Windsor library a genuine pen drawing showing the Child at the M ther's breast, and his decision was that the picture so closely approximates in sincerity to the

work of the master himself, that there is some possibility that the title given to it is correct. Since the time of Müntz it has been taken out of its frame and more closely examined, and it is now quite certain that it is a contemporary work, while the general opinion amongst art critics is that it was composed and commenced by Da Vinci himself, although in all probability completed by one of his pupils. specially close examination which I had the opportunity of giving to this picture leads me to accept this opinion without hesitation, for the composition most certainly belongs to Lionardo, and I should attribute very much of the work to the same hand, but there are portions of it that are quite as evidently not from his brush, and those I am disposed to give to Boltraffio. The Portrait of a Woman, from the Walpole Gallery, which also bears the name of Lionardo, cannot be accepted as a genuine work. It was clearly executed by one of his pupils, after a design by the master, which still exists in black chalk in the collection at Chantilly.

By Luini, who owed so much during part of his career to the influence of Lionardo, there is a very lovely picture of St. Catherine between two angels. It is very similar to a representation of the same scene belonging to Dr. Ludwig Mond, and to be seen in his collection at Regent's Park; but the two pictures are not copies of one another, as they

differ in several details, and both are undoubtedly genuine works. The one in Russia originally belonged to the Duc de Medina, and was afterwards at Malmaison in the possession of the Empress Josephine, in whose time it was attributed to Lionardo da Vinci. A study of the head of the Saint painted in oils is in the Ambrosiana in Milan. In the picture the Saint is wreathed with jasmine,

holding a book in her hand, and gazing down upon it; on either side of her are the angels, one of whom bears a palm, and the other the wheel. Another important painting given to the same master represents St. Sebastian. It is a most puzzling work, as in so many ways it differs from other pictures by the same artist, and vet upon careful consideration cannot suggest that the attribution is wrong, partly because several of its characteristics are distinctly those of Luini, and partly because it differs even more strongly

LA MADONNA LITTA BY LIONARDO DA VINCI (?) (Photo. Hanfstaengl.

from the works of any other master of the Milanese school whose name could be suggested in connection with it.

It is believed that the artist, under the guise of St. Sebastian (patron of the town of Milan), has in this picture represented Maximilian Sforza, son of Ludovico Moro, Duke of Milan (1512 to 1515), who died in Paris 1530. The picture originally belonged to M. Dubois, a dealer in Turin, who sold it to an Italian prince who died very soon after acquiring the work. When his collection was sold, his work went to Signor Bistoli, of Rome, and on his death it was sold to the Hermitage in 1860 for 60,000 francs.

An important article on this picture appeared in La Gazette des Beaux Arts, vol. ix., 18-1, by M. Charles Blanc.

There is a very striking picture, by Botticelli, at the Hermitage representing the Adoration of the Magi, which is probably the work the artist painted when in Rome, as in many respects it resembles his frescoes in the Sistine Chapel, both in colouring

and in the am. tude and distribution of the figures, while the landscape background is clearly Rome, the trees being such as can be seen at the present day in the outskirts of the City, and the ruined archway "has its prototype in the Roman Campagna." It is a remarkable picture, albeit a little more hard in detail than was usually the case with the work of this master, and it has many affinities to the far finer painting of the same subject in the Uffizi Gal-Both are lery. distinguished by that wonderful melody of line that even in the

early days of Botticelli was so notable a leature of his works. This particular panel at one time bore the name of Mantegna, but all critics are now agreed that it is undoubtedly the work of Sandro Botticelli.

Perhaps one of the most delightful Italian pictures in the gallery is the charming figure of Jud. It now generally accepted as a fine example of the ork of that mysterious painter Giorgione. There is a solemn stateliness and grandeur about this painting which can hardly fail to impress the student. The picture has been bandied about by critics from 1 me to name; it has been given to Moretto, to aphael,

Collection of Pictures in the Hermitage Palace

to Titum, and to half-a dozen other men, and certainly when it is studied by photographic representations along the problem of its origin is not an easy one to solve. In its presence, however, all doubts pass away, and I am inclined to think that no more thoroughly genuine work by the master exists in any European Gallery, and that to no picture, save perhaps the Castelfranco Madonna, has so little been done by any other artist—the Hermitage picture revealing Giorgione's original colouring in all its

was destroyed, the picture was carried to Rome by Cardinal Ludovisi, a member of the Calcina family, but afterwards went back by heritage to Bologna to the family of the Ercolani, and in 1843 was bought for the Hermitage. On either side of the Virgin are St. Laurence and St. Jerome, the former saint having reference to the name of the church, while the latter was the special patron of Ludovico, who commissioned the picture. At the foot of the throne are two exquisite child angels, playing upon musical



THE ADORATION OF THE KINGS

BY SANDRO BOTTICELLI

[Photo. Hanfstacngt

wonderful subtlety and opalescence. The figure is exquisitely feminine, modest, and gentle; the drawing of the drapery has all the curious qualities of soughly broken and crumpled folds, eminently representative of Giorgione, and the glow of colour is or very remarkable beauty.

Francia, the metal worker who became a pair r, there is a splendid altar piece, dated 1500. It we commissioned by Ludovico de Calcina, Canon of the Church of San Petronio, Bologna, and was erected in that church until the Calcina family chalt in the Church of San Lorenzo Delle Grotte, then rebuilding, had been completed; and when this mapel was finished, the picture took its right place in it. When the Church of San Lorenzo

instruments. The picture is characterised by the somewhat hard outline and curious absence of atmosphere, notable features in the early works of Francia, but special attention should be drawn to the exquisite gold work on the vestments of St. Laurence, the decoration on the throne of the Virgin, and all the smaller details on the two musical instruments wrought with the delicate manipulation that bespeaks the goldsmith-artist.

The Hermitage Gallery is extraordinarily rich in works attributed to Titian, ten at least genuine, one or two of them being amongst his very finest portraits. The repentant Magdalene is perhaps the best known, a painting executed in 1561, and acquired from the Barbarigo family in 1850. It is

a signed work of the most glorious quality and rich colouring; and perhaps the two finest portraits are those of Pope Paul III. and Cardinal Antonio Pallavicini, the latter having come from the Crozat collection, and at one time attributed to Vandyck, until closer investigation revealed the unmistakeable qualities of the Venetian master. A portrait which

has some special interest to Englishmen is the one of Cardinal Pole, the work of Sebastiano del Piombo. This was the great cardinal who was Apostolic Legate to England, one of the three Presidents of the Council of Trent, and the last Catholic Archbishop of Canterbury, and it was painted during the lifetime of Pope Paul III., who sent Cardinal Pole to England. Like many other works by Piombo, it has been attributed to Raphael, but in its present position in the Hermitage Gallery, hanging as it does between the two Crucifixion pictures signed by the artist, there is every opportunity for a full acceptance of the portrait as the work of Piombo, who was a pupil of Bellini, Giorgione and Michael Angelo, and whose colouring and composition, once recognised, are impossible to mistake for those of any other painter. Many other Italian artists are well represented in this noble Gallery. There is a delightful picture by Fra Bartolo meo, several by Canaletto, and perhaps The Frast of Cleopatra, by Tiepolo, the last of the Ventians, may be taken to conclude the Italian series, as no grander example of the composition of this great ceiling painter can be found even in Venice or Spain, where so many of his finest works remain.



JUDITH

BY GIORGIONE

[Photo. Hanfstaengl

When we come to consider the Dutch and Flemish schools. we find ourselves in the presence of some of the greatest riches of the Russian col-There are lection. no less than thirtythree pictures attributed to Sir Anthony Vandyck, and although many of them cannot be accepted as entirely the work of the master, yet amongst this number there are several of extraordinary interest, and one at least of the highest possible importance. The large canvases by Vandyck and Rubens have suffered by the heat of the Hermitage galleries more than most of the oil portraits, the greatest damage caused by this heat having, of course, happened to the tempera pictures belonging to the Italian school, but several of the Vandycks have been injured almos as It is nost much. unfortunate that the extreme cold o the climate, and the necessity for these great p ture galleries as state

rooms in which to

Collection of Pictures in the Hermitage Palace

hold emeerts and balls, necessitate so high a temperature lizing constantly kept up. Other pictures by Vandyck have suffered perhaps in even a more serious way, by restoration, but fortunately the two best pictures in the Gallery are in fairly good order. The portrait of Philip, Lord Wharton, represented as a shepherd, is one of the few Russian pictures fairly familiar to English critics, inasmuch as, by special permission of the Emperor, it was lent to the Royal Academy in 1900, where it created a great sensation, and was pronounced to be perhaps the most attractive portrait in the entire exhibition.

It is not one of Vandyck's boldest or strongest works, but as an exquisite model of graceful conception and sensitive colouring, it is one of the noblest pictures he ever painted. The face of the young man in its fresh youthful beauty is without parallel. Another almost equally attractive picture is emphatically pronounced by the authorities of the Gallery to be a work of Vandyck, and to represent William II. of Orange as a boy. There seems to be, however, very little doubt that this picture was painted by Adriaen Hanneman, the great friend and admirer of Vandyck, and an artist who based his portraits upon the work of the great master. There is a good example of the work of this artist at Hampton Court, a signed and dated picture, representing William III. as a boy, and if the two could only be put side by side, it would probably become a matter of certainty that they were by the same hand, and represented the same person. Vandyck is, however, very well represented, even if we take this portrait away, and in the paintings of Charles I. and Henrietta Maria, in the portraits of Sir Thomas Wharton, Sir Thomas Chaloner, The Earl of Danby, Rubens and his Wife, Snyders and his Family, and in various religious subjects, we have plenty of examples of the work of Sir Anthony, from which a good understanding of his special capabilities can be obtained.

His master, Rubens, is perhaps even better represented, especially in religious subjects. Christ in the House of Simon the Pharisee is a magnificent composition, while The Descent from the Cross, The Adoration of the Magi, and Abraham and Hagar can I dly be too highly praised for the grandeur of the reconception and the magnificence of their colouring. There are also several fine examples of semi-interical pictures, such, for instance, as The Apoth sis of Henry IV., The Crowning of Marie de Méris, The Victories of Cardinal Ferdinand, and The Airriage of Henry IV. with Marie of Médicis; but as time examples of the work of Rubens at his best, a ention should be directed to some portraits,

Isabella Brant, the first wife of the artist, Helene Fourment, the second wife, Susannah Fourment, her sister, with her little girl Catherine, and Philip IV., King of Spain. Inasmuch, however, as there are forty works by Rubens to be seen in the long gallery of the Flemish school, there is every opportunity for the careful study of this master of composition and colouring in all his magnificent breadth and gorgeously decorative effect.

Snyders, who came so much under the influence of Vandyck, and who represents the department of still life in the Flemish school, becomes a little overpowering at the Hermitage, a dozen or more of his enormous canvases representing fruit and vegetables, birds, animals, fish, and flowers all hung side by side down the entire length of that enormous room, producing an effect of magnificence, it is true, but certainly of wearisomeness to the eye. are no finer examples of Snyders anywhere to be found in Europe, and his decorative genius exerts itself very completely, but the whole effect is monotonous and bewildering, and where one or two of the finest pictures if hung by themselves might be highly appreciated, the effect of the entire series is lost, and the student is apt to give the artist a lower place in the hierarchy of art than he deserves, by reason of the overwhelming effect of this gallery full of his pictures.

The earliest artists of the Flemish school, Van Eyck and Rogier Van der Weyden, are well represented in Russia, the exquisite little picture of *The Annunciation* being certainly by Jan Van Eyck, painted about 1436, while the picture of *St. Luke painting the Portraits of Our Lady and the Holy Child*, now claimed for the great Tournay artist, was painted about 1440, it is believed for a member of the De Clugny family. Another work at one time attributed to the same artist must now be given to Hugo Van der Goes.

Of the Dutch pictures, two portraits by Sir Antonio Mor have a peculiar interest to English students, as they represent Sir Thomas and Lady Gresham. Sir Thomas was, of course, the well-known merchant and financial agent who acted for Edward VI., Queen Mary and Elizabeth, and founded the Royal Exchange He materially assisted the and Gresham College. great Lord Burleigh by his advice relating to commercial agents abroad and by borrowing money for the service of the State, and he entertained Queen Elizabeth at his mansion of Osterley, now the residence of the Earl of Jersey. The portraits belonged to the Walpole collection, and are believed to have been painted in 1570, probably at Antwerp, where Sir Thomas Gresham frequently resided, and where Sir Antonio Mor settled down after he had left Spain somewhat in disgrace with Philip II., in order to sojourn for the rest of his life in the Netherlands. The portrait in Russia is certainly one of the artist's noblest efforts.

By the great Rembrandt there is a most wonderful series of paintings, over forty in number, affording an opportunity for studying the works of that noble painter unequalled by any other gallery in Europe. Among the religious scenes there are pictures representing The Descent from the Cross, The Holy Family, The Incredulity of St. Thomas, The Parable of the Master of the Vineyard, The Reconciliation of David and Absalom, Abraham Receiving the Angels, The Sons of Jacob showing Joseph's Coat to their Father, and The Disgrace of Haman, Hannah and Samuel, St. Peter's Denial, Joseph Accused by Potiphar's Wife, and The Prodigal Son; whilst amongst the portraits there are superb representations of Rembrandt's father and mother, and very many remarkable ones depicting anonymous persons, as, for example, an old Jew, an old woman, a girl with a broom, an old man, a young man, and a rabbi. Perhaps two of the finest portraits are those which represent Rembrandt's mother and John III., King of Poland; both of them magnificent works, grandly painted.

There are four pictures attributed to Frans Hals, but it is only safe to accept two of them as absolutely genuine works by this artist, inasmuch as the portrait commonly considered to be one of the artist by himself, was probably painted by Frans Hals the It is from the evidence of style to be younger. given to a period between 1650 and 1660, when Hals was between seventy and eighty years old, whereas the man in the portrait is between thirty The portrait of a young man may, however, be safely accepted; it is a signed work, and was probably executed in about 1635; but the grandest representation of the work of this remarkable painter is a portrait of a sailor or an admiral, which belongs to about the same period, and represents a middle-aged man with long brown hair, in a broad-brimmed hat, white collar, the cuirass of an officer, with a yellow jerkin, and wearing a large silk scarf instead of a girdle. It is painted in the brilliant, sweeping style characteristic of this great artist at his best.

Of that group of Flemish portrait painters generally known as the lesser figure painters of Holland, there are several excellent examples: Dou is splendidly represented by a portrait of a violinist, a replica of the picture at Dresden, with the same signature and date, and equally genuine as that portrait. The violin player is often considered to represent Dou himself; but this is not the case. There are fourteen other works by Dou, several of which are of the very highest excellence: The Rabbi, The Doctor, The Old Woman Reading, The Woman Selling Herrings, The Girl Bathing, and The Woman Winding Yarn, all of them signed works, exquisite in rich colour, and remarkable for the delicate treatment of detail in which this painter delighted. By Pieter de Hooch there are three pictures, two of which are first class examples of this great Dutchman. A picture of a Lady in her Kitchen examining a fish is perhaps the finer of the two, and was bought in 1808 from a dealer in Paris named La Fontaine, who had acquired it from the Mont de Piété, where it had been pledged for 1,000 francs. The effect of light, in which De Hooch so rejoiced, is very remarkable in this picture; the scene takes place in the open air, and the light floods the serious colouring of the courtyard with very fine effect. The other important picture is called The Concert, and represents a lady in white satin playing the lute, while near by her is a young cavalier singing to her accompaniment. Here again both window and door are open, and a burst of sunlight kindles the somewhat cold colouring with brilliant and vivacious effect.

This picture did not come into the gallery by purchase, but was a gift to the Emperor of Russia by some unknown benefactor, who desired that his much cherished picture should find a resting-place in the great Russian Gallery, and should hang near to the picture of the Lady in her Kitchen, which he had for years past so much admired. Nothing whatever is known of the history of this picture, nor can the name of any persons through whose possession it has passed be identified. It resembles examples by the same artist in the Galleries of Sweden and Denmark, but the unknown benefactor is believed to have been an Englishman, and to have acquired this picture direct from some descendants of the artist's, and he is said to have persistently refused to allow it to be seen or exhibited until one fine day he left it wrapped up in paper at the Hermitage Gallery, accompanied by an unsigned request for its acceptance, and from that moment he has never been traced. It is from his handwriting, and from the manner in which he expressed himself in Russian, that he is believed to have been an Englishm. ;; but this is only surmise, and no one had even known of the existence of the picture until it was sprur | upon the critics of Europe by its exhibition at the gallery of the Hermitage.

Metsu, the pupil of Dou, is also well represented in the gallery; there are five signed pictures, all of



THE DESCENT FROM THE CROSS

BY REMBRANDT

[Photo. Hanfstaengl



CHILD WITH PARROQUET

BY MICHIEL JANSZ MIEREVELT

[Photo. Hanfstaingl

them of the finest quality, representing The Clever Child, The Illness, The Concert, The Breakfast, and The Dressmaker, all delightful little works, very rich in colouring, and finished with great elaboration and skill. The best picture by Mierevelt is the portrait of a little girl about five years old, wearing a red bonnet bordered with lace, a white dress with lace cuffs, and having upon her several rich chains of gold. She carries on the finger of her left hand a green parroquet, and the portrait is believed to represent

one of the Princesses of the House of Orange, probably one of the daughters of Prince Frederick Henry. By Teniers, the younger, there is a very long series of his usual festival Dutch scenes—v lage fêtes, village dances, scenes outside a village innovillage musicians, smokers, drinkers, players, levers, and so on. No fewer than forty pictures are attri-uted to this artist, and the bulk of them are genuine porks, painted with all that rich colouring and won erful sense of atmosphere that mark the somewhat ivial

Collection of Pictures in the Hermitage Palace



PO: TRAIT OF HELENE FOURMENT

BY RUBENS

(Photo. Hanfstaengl

representations of Dutch life which appealed to him. Terbo hais also well represented by four important, and so he other less important, works, but the Dutchman was appears to have most captivated the founders of the Hermitage Gallery is the landscapist Wouwerman. There is a room entirely full of his pictures, over fifting in number, the eternal White Horse appearing in almost all of them, and the effect of so

many landscapes by one artist is rather to cause the observer to undervalue the wonderful technique, admirable composition and extraordinarily brilliant colouring of the artist, and to become wearied in the contemplation of what are, after all, somewhat monotonous productions.

In this somewhat rapid survey of the Dutch painters, Paul Potter must not be overlooked, his



THE OYSTER BREAKFAST BY GABRIEL METSU

[Photo. Hanfi rengi





Photo, Hanfstængl.

Collection of Pictures in the Hermitage Palace

great 11 off Hound being a far finer piece of painting than the overpraised Bull at The Hague. associated with half-a-dozen other works by the same man; and then, finally, attention should be directed to the splendid series of landscapes by Ruisdael, some of them, especially the Waterfall in Norway, of incomparable beauty. The roaring, raging water is painted most wonderfully, and comes tearing down the torrent and scattering the spray in all directions upon the foliage close at hand, while the forest, with its dim, dark greens and exquisitely sensitive shades of brown, affords just such a fitting background as the foaming creamy water requires. To those who revel in the superb technique of Ruisdael, and appreciate his masterly representations of nature, the gallery at St. Petersburg offers a very rare treat.

In the French school space will not do more than allow us to refer to some exquisite works by Claude, one of which appears to be a companion picture to the landscape in the Bridgwater House collection. Several charming works by Watteau, especially The Mandoline Player, The Savoyard, and The Minuet, must not be overlooked. Their equals in graceful work can only be found in the pictures at Hertford House presented to this country by Lady Wallace. By his pupils, Lancret and Pater, there are good examples, notably Spring and The Concert, both so closely allied with the work of Watteau that at one time they were given to that artist. We ought to have referred to the four special great pictures by Claude, which were chief among the treasures at Malmaison, and represent Morning, Mid-day, Evening, and Night. Perhaps the great imaginative French artist never produced any works more exquisite in quality than these four paintings done in Rome in 1666, and highly treasured by the Empress Josephine. The earliest French master, Jean Clouet, is represented by a portrait of the Duc d' Alençon, and there are examples of the later men-Poussin, Vernet, Boucher, Greuze, and Chardin.

We have now only a short space left in which to speak of the Spanish pictures. Of the works of Velaz-quez, that which attracts the greatest attention is the masterly study of Pope Innocent X., made by the artist in view of the life-size portrait painted in 169, and preserved at the Doria Palace in Rome. This was one of the greatest treasures of the Welpole collection, and is a magnificent work. It is most worth the whole journey to Russia to

inspect this wonderful study, and to realise, as one does from it, far better than from the finished picture, the extraordinarily bold technique of the great Spaniard. There are two portraits of the Count Olivares, and two of Philip IV., one a full length, and the other a bust portrait; and there is one remarkable early work of the *Bodegone* type representing a breakfast, which should be compared with some similar works belonging to the Duke of Wellington and Sir Frederick Cook.

By his great rival, Murillo, there are twenty-two paintings, perhaps the most beautiful being The Vision of St. Anthony of Padua, in which the Infant Christ is represented descending from Heaven upon the rock in front of the kneeling saint. There are two pictures of The Adoration of the Shepherds, a superb painting of Isaac Blessing Jacob, a wonderful luminous Annunciation, an impressive Crucifixion, and two or three superb portraits, showing this deeply religious, but over-sentimental, artist at his best.

By Zurbaran, most Spanish of all the Spaniards, there is a fine representation of St. Laurence, painted in 1636, and bearing the bold and remarkable signature of the artist, which attracts the attention of a visitor as soon as he enters the Gallery. The Saint is wearing richly decorated sacerdotal garments, and is in an ecstasy of fervour. No better example can be desired to exhibit the religious artists of Spain, with their stately dignity and overpowering emotion.

There are half-a-dozen by Ribera full of rich, gorgeous colouring. Pareja, who was Velazquez's servant, and whose work is so rare even in Spain, is represented by a fine example of a Capuchin, and there is an extraordinary portrait by the Cretan who became more Spanish than the Spaniards themselves, and whose nickname was El Greco, representing the poet Alonzo—a fine example of the best productions of this sombre and extraordinary artist.

It has only been possible in these articles to glance at a few of the notable works in the gallery; but there is hardly any collection in Europe offering more entertaining problems to the art student than the Hermitage, and it is most unfortunate that so few persons take the trouble to visit a gallery not really so inaccessible as people are apt to think, for the contents of it are well worth the long and somewhat tiring journey, and will well repay the lover of pictures who desires a very rich treat, and the sight of a gallery containing a splendid series of masterpieces.





Mr. William Ward's Collection of Resist Silver Lustre at The Kennels, Mellor, near Blackburn By H. C. Lawlor

THE name of Mr. William Ward, now the possessor of probably the finest collection of Resist Silver Lustre in the world, has until comparatively recently been better known as that of a good allround sportsman than as a collector of articles of vertu.

To one visiting his residence at Mellor, there is ample evidence that the excellent taste and judgment with which he is naturally endowed, and for which he is so well known in sporting circles, has also extended to the compilation of his magnificent collection of Resist Silver Lustre ware. Cabinet after cabinet, lining the walls of several rooms, is filled with all that the heart of a collector of this ware could desire.

With every specimen in practically mint condition, it was somewhat difficult to make a selection for these illustrations. To overcrowd the groups would have been a mistake, necessitating the individual pieces being shown in too small a scale, while the avoidance of this compelled the omission of many specimens quite as interesting as those included.

In Nos. i. and ii. are displayed some exquisite examples of the vine pattern. In the collection are several full sets of cups and saucers, part of which only are shown in these groups; those in No. i.



No. I.



No. 11.



No. 111.



No. 1

and those in bottom row in No. ii. are of most brilliant and clear lustre, and of almost eggshell lightness. The inscribed plates with the vine borders are evidently part of a set made to commemorate a wedding, probably as a wedding present. Many of the pieces in these two groups are the productions of the old Yorkshire potteries, though it would be dangerous to ascribe them too dogmatically either to Leeds, Doncaster, or Castleford. Others are of Staffordshire origin, two pieces being of peculiar interest, namely, the plate in bottom row in No. ii., which is marked "Warburton," impressed, and

resist, the masonic jug in No. vi. being perhaps the most notable.

In No. viii. is shown one of the most remarkable pieces in the whole collection—a three-gallon jug, fifteen inches high, in absolutely mint state, and bearing the incised cross used by the old Leeds pottery. It is a curious fact that of the many hundreds of specimens in this collection undoubtedly Leeds ware, this is the only specimen bearing the mark of the Leeds pottery.

No. ix. shows a group of drinking vessels, mugs, goblets, and tankards of various patterns. Of these



No. V.

the dainty little teapot in No. i., marked "W.," impressed.

Another favourite decoration in resist ware is the exotic bird design exemplified in Nos. iii. and iv. On the jugs in the top row, No. iii., the birds are painted in vivid colours over transfers on white ground in circular panels, round which are worked elaborate resist floral designs in white and silver. These jugs are exceedingly rare. The bottom row displays the more frequently met with bird design in plain white and silver, while in some pieces in No. iv. the pattern is shaded with colouring.

Animals as a subject of decoration are rarely met with, but this collection includes a number of interesting examples, some of which are shown in No. v., the lion jug (gallon), standing nine inches high, in plain resist, being the most striking. Others show hunting or farmyard scenes, and some have the pictures enriched by colouring.

Nos. vi. and vii. display various other designs in

the large mug with Japanese decoration is of particular interest, being most uncommon, while the large communion chalice is also a very rare piece.

A few very handsome vases are shewn in No. x. The centre urn, standing fourteen inches high, and the vases on either side of it, are of a most unusual pattern, very striking, and probably unique. The three small vases with panels of very finely painted little pictures of a mother amusing a child, are most probably Derby, as is also a very quaint inkstand not shewn in the illustration.

Mr. Ward has been most fortunate in securing a number of very fine specimens of jugs with names or mottoes and dates, worked in the resist pattern. Some of these appear in No. xi. These are doubly interesting, not only on account of their dividual beauty and rarity, but from the fact that me st of the dates on the resist jugs, and the subjects or coloured transfer pictures where these are found ombined with resist decoration, unite to assist us in riving at



No. VI.



No. VII.

The Connoisseur



No. VIII.

the exact date when resist ware was first made. Of actually dated pieces, the earliest in this collection is the fourth on top row in No. xi., 1812. Several are dated 1813, one 1814. Of pieces where transfer pictures of topical or historical events are combined with resist pattern, the majority refer to the same period. For example, in No. xii., five jugs have pictures relating to the wars of 1812 to 1814, one being an example of the now much-prized jug shewing "Boney escaping through a window." One jug in No. xii. bears the inscription "Richard Bacchus, 1810," but this jug, though decorated with silver lustre, is not resist pattern. Another jug, that to the extreme right in No. xi., bottom row, bears dates 28th July, 1804, and 29th July, 1806, as the birthdays

of Thomas and Samuel Japson, but these dates evidently do not indicate the period when the jug was made.

All the resist pattern illustrated, with the exception of No. xiii., is on white or ivory ground—probably ninety-nine per cent. of the specimens coming into the hands of collectors are; a few specimens turn up on canary ground. Rarer still are those displaying silver resist on a turquoise blue ground, while rarest of all is silver resist on pink or apricot. No. xiii. shews fourteen pieces on canary, three on blue, and only one on pink ground.

It is perfectly safe to say that Mr. Ward is the happy possessor of by far the finest collection of this ware in the world. He has for many years



No. IX.

Resist Silver Lustre



No. X.

availed himself of every possible opportunity of securing rare and beautiful specimens as they came upon the market. To secure a few particularly fine specimens he has several times bought out whole collections, from time to time weeding out the more or less inferior pieces thus accumulated. It would be equally safe to say that no amount of money could now bring together another collection even remotely approaching in merit that of Mr. Ward. This fact, however, need not in any way discourage other collectors, who, if they cannot hope to gather together a collection as good as this one, may still occasionally pick up an odd specimen of great beauty

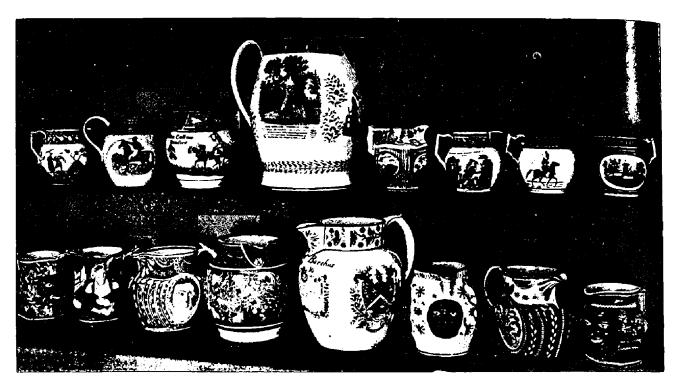
and rarity. The very scarcity of such pieces but adds to the delight of the collector fortunate enough to secure them. It may be of interest to collectors to note that while few good pieces of resist ware are now to be found in dealer's shops in this country at anything like a reasonable price, quite a number may still be picked up on the continent, where it does not seem to be appreciated to the same extent as at home.

Those who have tried to photograph silver lustre ware, and understand the difficulties of overcoming the effects of reflection and cross lights, will appreciate the illustrations in this article. They are from photographs by Mr. B. Ward-Thompson, of Wilpshire,



No. XI.

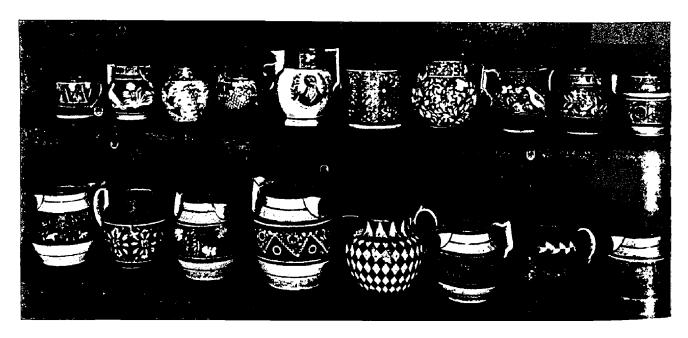
The Connoisseur



No. XII.

Blackburn, an amateur whose exhibit at the Royal Photographic Society's exhibition in the New Gallery in Regent Street some time ago included several groups of silver lustre from Mr. Ward's collection, which were much admired and thoroughly appreciated

by those who have tried this peculiar branch of photographic art. The groups for the photographs were selected only from Mr. Ward's collection at Mellor. He has an almost equal collection at his London residence.



No. XIII.



alle la production de la company de la compa



TSWhard Pins!

The sweetest kifs I over gave:

RUN AWAY LOVE.

halt have And he that brives him to my wrms.

Shall master be of all my charms.

Fire=Dogs Part II. By J. Hartley Beckles (With Illustrations of the Chief Examples to be met with in the Kingdom)

ALLUSIONS to andirons are often met with in seventeenth-century books, plays, and pamphlets. One of the most curious I have seen occurs in a tract entitled "A Threefold Discourse between Three Neighbours" (London, 1642). "How," it says, "our Bishops are like andirons of State, standing in a chimney but for show; but if a heavy block or red billets are brought to the fire there are poor little creepers or cobirons underneath that must bear all the weight. And there you resemble to the inferior clergy."

In a play of the Restoration period, "The Maid's Lament," one of the characters exclaims: "Your Houses of Lords and Commons! Why they stand there still like a pair of fire-dogs, while all the substance above them which they support is burning—burning. And what would you have them do, sirrah. Were they not made for that?"

"Do you see yonder fire-dogs?" cries Martin Merryman in another play. "They have in their time borne a whole forest on their backs, oak and beech and pine and cedar, and yet they are none the worse for it, as ye may see, sir, by their faces. And they have seen and smelt, aye, and suffered ten thousand of the squire's fires, which an' they were rolled into one would make a conflagration far bigger than that which burnt St. Paul, his church, and turned a thousand families out of doors."

We find numerous instances of andirons being left by will during the seventeenth century, which may

be regarded as the century par excellence for costly, curious, and elaborate fire-dogs. Although the manufacture of bronze examples does not seem to hav, been carried on in England, yet bronze fire-dogs were occasionally brought to England.

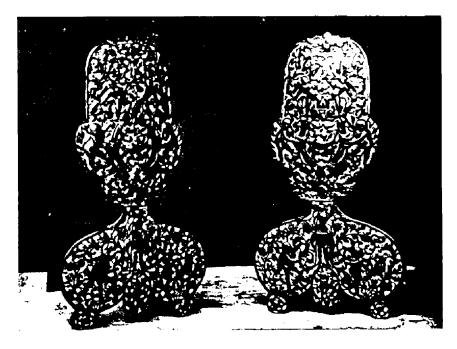
A very fine pair of bronze dogs may be seen at South Kensington. At the summit of one is a statue of Jupiter, and of the other is Venus, with the following inscription: "Josepha di Levi in Verona me fece." They are of sixteenth-century Italian workmanship, and were acquired by the authorities for £75 10s., although I am informed that a well-known collector, who was too late to bid at the sale, would gladly have acquired them for £200.

Another pair in bronze is of even more exquisite design and finish. The base is of masks and strapwork, above which are cupids supporting a vase surrounded by a statuette of a cupid. These, likewise, are Italian, about 1760, and were until lately in the Soulages Collection.

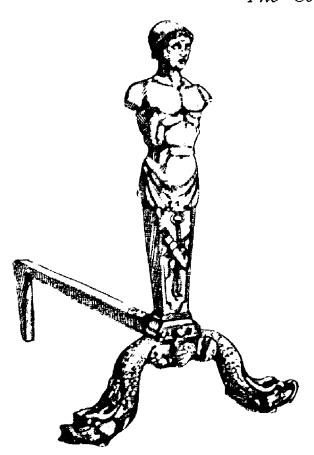
Most of the finest came from Italy, and were often of the most sumptuous workmanship, as may be seen by the photographs of two or three which accompany this article. But there is a German pair—an Adam and Eve supported by mermaids and tritons—which earned the high commendation of Mr. Alfred Gilbert, R.A., who pronounced it "a masterpiece."

Indeed, the Florentine and Flemish sculptors put as much labour and skill into the composition of one of these bronze fire-dogs as would have sufficed for a far more pretentious work—a staircase, a fountain, or a statue. The growing refinement of the age, the home-keeping habit as compared with the perpetual life out-of-doors, warring, hunting, and hawking, made the decoration of the hearth of greater consequence

than formerly. The family, guests, and dependants of the nobles sat around the cheerful blaze, and, listening to music and minstrelsy, doubtless centred much of their attention upon the equipment of the fireplace. such case the tribute of ad. miration could not have been withheld from



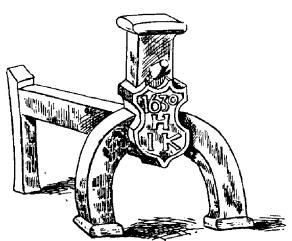
PAIR OF ENAMEL FIRE-DOGS (1625) AT SOUTH KENSINGTON



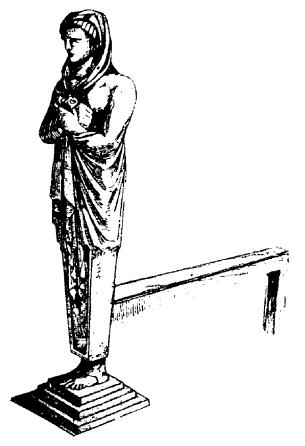
CAST-IRON FIRE-DOG AT ALDINGTON, KENT

these ornate pieces of metal work, of which it is to be regretted that so few have survived to our own era of grates, stoves, and gas, steam, and electric heating. There are two noteworthy pairs of bronze andirons in the National Collection at South Kensington. In the Soulages Collection is a bronze pair of Italian alare of Queen Elizabeth's time.

One Johann Muller set up in Dresden a manufacture of andirons exclusively, issuing the following notice or prospectus to the nobility, gentry, and burghers:—"I, Johann Muller, observing the rude and simple designs in fire-dogs wrought by the Dresden workmen, and perceiving how much more delight



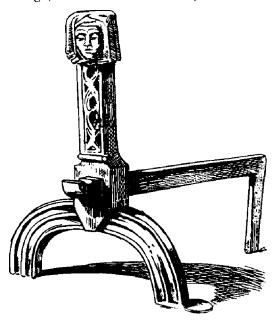
ANDIRON AT CHICHESTER, 1630



CAST-IRON FIRE-DOG, LATE 17TH CENTURY

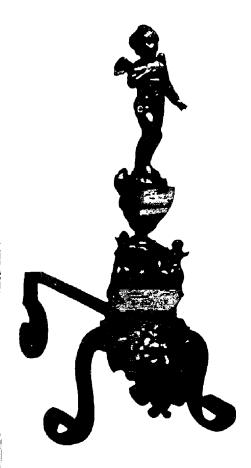
a man hath, especially in winter, in contemplating the beauty of his hearth and its accessories than of other parts of his house which it hath been the custom more to adorn than was necessary, will hereafter strive to rectify this, and by an originality of design and careful workmanship strive to excel the best productions of the Italian and Flemish workmen in bronze and iron and brass."

Although, even in the best country mansions, silver,

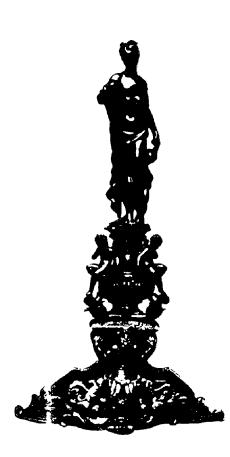


16TH CENTURY FIRE-DOG AT NORTHIAM

Fire-Dogs



TALIAN 16TH CENTURY BRONZE



ITALIAN I6TH CENTURY BRONZE

bronze, brass, and enamel fire-dogs were rarities in England, yet, as we may see, a great deal of care and ingenuity were expended upon the iron variety during the fifteenth, sixteenth, and seventeenth centuries. They particularly flourished in the South of England, and the Sussex foundries turned out many quaint and, to-day, greatly prized specimens. There are several at Lewes Castle, Chichester, and Horsham. A notable pair may still be seen at the Sergisom Arms Inn, Haywards Heath. Other specimens which I have come across are at Penshurst, Hever Castle, Northiam, Burwash, Smardon in A fine one at Chichester bears the date 1630 and the initials "H. I. K." At Leeds Castle is one dating back nearly a century before, and I am told that at Lamberhurst Vicarage is a pair bearing

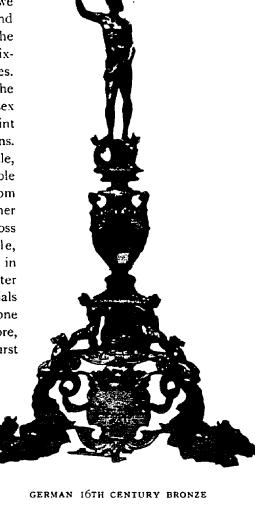
Vicarage is a pair bearing the Ashburnham arms and the date 1591, and another of about the same date at Warbleton Priory. Nor must we omit to mention the pair still, I believe, at the Crystal Palace.

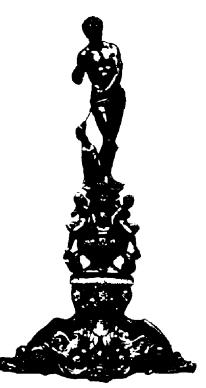
Inscriptions are common on old furniture, plate, and china, but so far I have met with no remarks on the legends, sometimes of considerable length, found on old fire-dogs. It is suggested that these may have been engraved on the plaque or scroll by some later possessor, whose protracted meditations before the fireplace took this form:

Here I sitte within the hearth
With my husband (wife) to share my mirth
Heap the logs onn good mortals all
To warm the folks in master's hall
Heap them onn and do not spare
Full many a billet we can bear
We wish you warmth and right good cheer
Good mortals all for many a yeare.

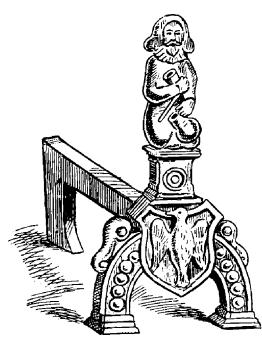
Another, formerly at Leasowes, in Cheshire, bore an inscription on a brass plate, thus:

Offire and flame, good sir and dame, We are the Servants ready Come toast your toes and drown your woes In jugs of warm ale sturdy.





ITALIAN ISTH CENTURY BRONZE



IRON FIRE-DOG AT LEWES CASTLE

Besides these quaint inscriptions, most of which, albeit, are of a much briefer character than those we have quoted, there is at least one set of verses extant, by William Dale, of Guildford. supposed to set forth the sentiments of an old andiron, rescued

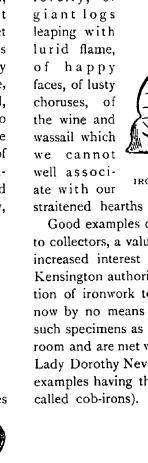
from a mansion destroyed in a conflagration, July, 1773.

Ye who behold me here into this dark corner flung Haply care naught for all my flowing past When, with my fellow, both the old and young The first lord of the manor and the last Clustered before me as before holy clerke Whilst I expounded from a wondrous text Shewing them hell and heaven in light and dark The splendours of this world and of the next The leaping fires. Two centuries we stood And watched them build their fortunes .

And in this strain the articulate andiron continues

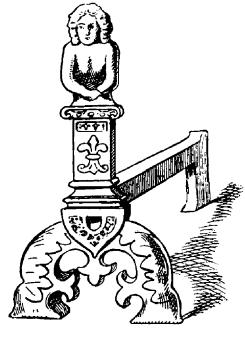
for nearly two hundred lines. The theme, at any rate, is not unworthy of Cowper, who might well have included it in his "The Task," when he can find inspiration in such objects as a sofa and a teapot.

Truly there is a peculiar fascination about these "sturdy mementos of bygone days" which is not possessed by other classes of metal work, however intricate the design or superior in intrinsic worth; for they seem to conjure up



FAMILIAR TYPE OF 15TH CENTURY FIRE-DOG

as they now stand, grim and cold in hearth or in m u s e u m cabinet, the ghosts of ancient scenes of fireside revelry, of



IRON FIRE-DOG (CHARLES I.) AT BURWASH

straitened hearths and flimsy fire-irons of to-day.

Good examples of fire-dogs have considerable value to collectors, a value which is growing greater with the increased interest in metal work. Since the South Kensington authorities were induced to add a collection of ironwork to their manifold treasures, one has now by no means an ill criterion whereby to judge such specimens as occasionally come into the auction room and are met with in various places and at dealers. Lady Dorothy Nevill possesses several interesting iron examples having the spit adjustment (this variety was called cob-irons). A large collection was exhibited

some years ago, the property of Messrs. Feltham. There are many copies of old fire-dogs now made, as well as some really beautiful designs in the spirit of the old, for which the rare craftsmanship of that " man of iron," Mr. Starkie Gardner, is responsible. Even in the modern small iron and brass andirons for the grate one notices, in the pattern and workmanship, how much the revived interest has influenced the Birmingham and Sheffield contemporary manufactule.



Heraldry and Autographs The Stammbuch, or Album Amicorum By Martin Hardie

THE collector at times finds in his hands a small, dumpy volume, neatly and strongly bound in leather or morocco, containing coloured coats of arms, with inscriptions in Latin or German script of the sixteenth or seventeenth centuries, often hard to decipher, and, when deciphered, often hard to understand. The ordinary connoisseur is not as a rule inclined to devote overmuch time to the intricacies of the heraldic science. Art is long, he will say, and

life too short for this "silly science of silly old men," and he will lay aside the book after a casual glance. Yet the volume to which we refer, the Stammbuch, or Album Amicorum, to give it its various names, is of considerable sociological as well as antiquarian and artistic interest, and our purpose now is to show something of its origin, its history, and its nature.

The Stammbuch has its origin at the beginning of the sixteenth century, at earliest at the end of the





FROM THE ALBUM AMICORUM OF BARON WOLCKENSTEIN

FROM THE ALBUM AMICORUM OF JAN VAN GAMEREN

It belongs to the fifteenth. border-land of old romance, to the days when ladies rode with hawk on wrist, when minnesingers gathered in princely courts, when tourney and joust, with the sweet influence rained from ladies' eyes, drew together all that was knightly and noble in the land. At the tournament it was only those who could prove their knightly origin who could presume to enter the lists. As the knight arrived with his esquires he was met by marshals, heralds, and pursuivants - at - arms, to whom he must prove his noble descent. At a large gathering of knights and squires it was essential that these explanations should be made with all possible speed, especially in the case of a combatant who arrived late in the field. Naturally, then, it became the

custom to possess a tourney book (*Turnierbuch*) containing a copy of the family tree, its letters of nobility, and pictured coats of arms.

But by the end of the fifteenth century the great days of tourney and joust were ending. The sweet reasonableness of the Renaissance was penetrating social and political life, and the spirit of the

Reformation was beginning to shed its influence over religion. The love of the fray was yielding to the love of learning and letters.

By the sixteenth century the "gentle science" of heraldry had taken strong root. With its laws and language every



FROM THE ALBUM AMICORUM OF JAN VAN GAMEREN

had descended from Dürer and the Little Masters. Under all these influences, then, the Turnierbuch developed into the more peaceful Stammbuch, a sort of heraldic autograph album, wherein a man persuaded his comrades, at friendly joust, or banquet, or singing match, to inscribe their names and arms.

man who claimed to be

"gentle" was expected to

be familiar; to be ignorant

of them was to confess him.

self a "churl." In England

the Liber Armorum of Dame

Juliana Berners (St. Albans.

1486), wherein "is determyned lynage of Coote

armiris," and "folowyth the

Blasyng of all maner armys

in latyn, french and Eng-

lish"; or Sir John Ferne's

Blazon of Gentrie (London.

1586); Reuxner's Thurnier

Buch (Franckfurt-am-Mayn,

1566) and Jost Amman's

Wapen und Stambuch (Franckfurt-am-Mayn, 1589)

in Germany; Le Blazon des

Armoires (Lyons, 1581) in

France-all bear evidence to

the widespread interest taken

in the heraldic science by knight and dame of the six-

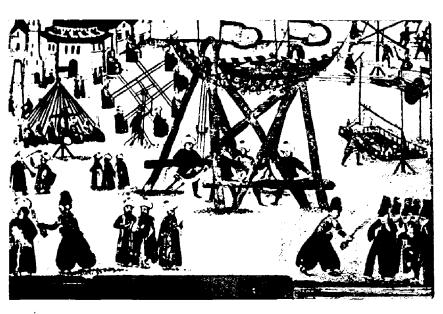
teenth century. By the end

of the century also a splendid

tradition of heraldic design

It may be asked whence the facilities came for

painting these coats of arms, many of them beautiful pieces of illumination. But it must be remembered that there was no royal festival. banquet, coronation, or noble marriage at which a pair ter, especially a painter ci heraldic rnament, was not present. During



FROM THE ALBUM AMICORUM OF WOLFGANG LEUTKAUFF

Heraldry and Autographs

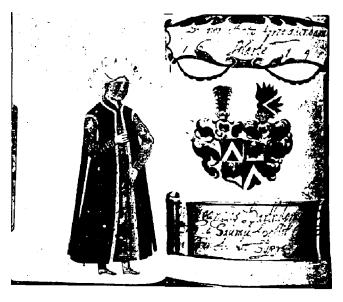
the sixteenth century many a painter, as many a poet-singer, found his livelihood in wandering from court to court, from festival to festival. Such a painter would illuminate the required arms, and their bearer would inscribe his name, a note of friendly greeting or remembrance, and frequently a motto.

From the world of knighthood and the court the Stammbuch passed into homely use, and took the place of

the modern autograph album. Becoming simply an autograph book, or Album Amicorum, it is found in common use among students. The German student of those days visited, as a rule, two or three different universities, often travelling for a Wanderjahr into foreign lands to sit at the feet of the famous teachers in France or the Netherlands, or in Bologna, Padua, and other great schools of Italy. travels the student carried with him this Album

Amicorum, in which he collected the arms and autographs of teachers and fellow-students. In most cases the short motto that was attached to the coat of arms has given place in students' books to wise or witty sentiments of greater length, and, instead of the arms themselves, we find various illustrations of scenes or places, actual or imaginary. One calls to mind for an example of this type of book the scene in Goëthe's Fau I, where Mephistopheles take the student's Stammbuch and inscribes therein the coninous words: "Eritis sicut Deus, scientes bonum et mali 2"

Our illustrations are select d in the first place from wo of these albums in the National Art Library at South Kensington, dating



FROM THE ALBUM AMICORUM OF WOLFGANG LEUTKAUFF

Ubi messis, ibi sicut Semen the motto: Constanter. Sinapis: and below: Generoso Dno. Sigismundo Baroni in Wolckenstein 🤛 Rodenegg, Constantinus, Georgius et Rudolphus, fratres germani, Barones in

Polweijsser & Weijsserthal, perpetuae amicitiae et suavissimae familiaritatis ca ff. Pataviis, vii, Aprilis, Anno 1571. On another is the brief inscription:

Domino Joanni Gameren, Contemporaneo suo integerrimo, in perpetuum necessitudinis vinculum scribehat

Joannes vanden Kieboom, Andouerp. Anno 1571, 28. Decemb.

from 1570 to 1590.

Unfortunately, some

reckless owner in the

past has broken up the

original albums, and only

the loose leaves remain;

but these are of quite

unique interest, being

within a few years of the

earliest known Stamm-

from the albums of Sigis-

mund, Baron Wolcken-

stein, and of Jan Van

Gameren. To give typi-

cal examples of inscrip-

tions, we find on one

page above the arms

buch.

These pages are

These two inscriptions are typical of the earlier and more conventional class of Stammbuch, but another album in the Art Library is one of a later type, in which the heraldic shields have given place in many cases to a purely pictorial drawing, still with name and motto attached. The album in question belonged to Wolfgang Leutkauff, and contains dates from 1616 to 1632. of peculiar interest and value in that the leaves afford examples of every manner of marbled and coloured paper of the period. Wolfgang Leutkauff appears to have been a considerable traveller for those early days, and from internal evidence we find that he lived at Constantinople for



TURKISH ORNAMENT FROM THE SAME ALBUM

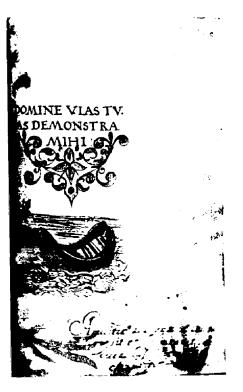
the greater part of the years 1616 to 1624. In 1623 he seems to have made a grand tour of Italy, visiting Verona, Venice, Parma, Bologna, Florence, Rome, and other places, and bringing away from each a record in his album of friendships made or renewed. The wording of the entries is of the same type as in the earlier books, and is usually in Latin, though sometimes in German or Italian. One entry, for instance, is made at Rome: Spes mea Cristus.—Ad perpetuam sui memoriam scripsi ego infra scriptus carissimo suo amico Leutkauff, Romae, 15 Aprilis, 1623, Jacobus Groll. Another is headed with the distich, Omnia si perdas famam servare memento, Qua semel amissa, postea nullus eris, and below the arms bears the inscription: Hoe memoriae ergo scribebat so: Rainardus a Schawenburg Dno. Wolffgango Leutkauff in itinere Constantinopolitano, Adrianopoli in Tracia, die 26 Junii Anno

The mottoes are of a similar nature to those in the earlier book: Per dura et ardua: Si non Arte, forte quondam Marte, and so on. Texts also occur frequently, a favourite one being, In hoc signo glorior, or, Absit autem a nobis gloriari nisi in cruce et resurrectione domi. nost. Jesu Christi.

One of the most interesting pages in the book faces a coat of arms dated at Constantinople, 1616, and represents an Eastern fair. The original is a piece of bright colouring, with a vivid green on the centre swing, and costumes of blue and vermilion. On the left you see the walls of a town with mosque and minaret, and outside in the open is every kind of swing, merry-go-round, and ocean wave—everything that is symbolic of 'Appy'Ampstead on a modern Bank Holiday, even to the "ladies' tormentors" in the foreground. Surely there is nothing new beneath the sun.

The next illustration shows a good example of Turkish costume of the period, and a typical page containing a coloured coat of arms with a motto and inscription, written at Constantinople in 1619. Another is a pleasing example of Turkish script and ornament, the original being beautifully illuminated in blue, red, and gold. The last, dated Vienna, 1632, is a neat piece of design, though a little amateurish in execution, and shows a typical example of coloured paper, extremely simple, and looking almost as though the effect had been produced by the impression of natural flowers. On many of the pages is a cross, and the sad note, Requiescat in Pace, written by the owner when he heard of the death of an old friend.

These books frequently appear in the market, especially in the catalogues of German booksellers, and are always a pleasing acquisition. There is a large collection of them in the manuscript department of the British Museum. For history, costume, design, and heraldry they are of value and interest, and above all they are instinct with that personal element that is wanting in the printed book.

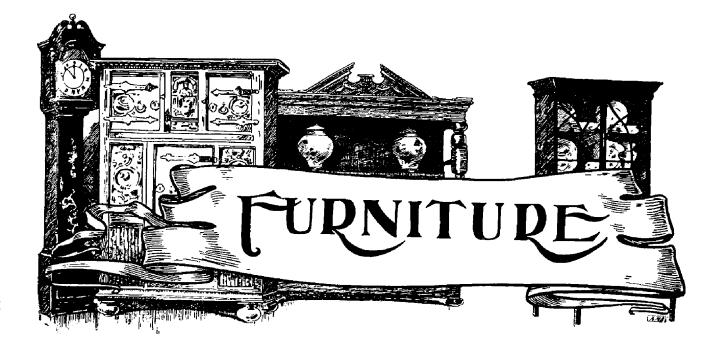


FROM THE ALBUM AMICORUM OF W. LEUTKAUFF (SHOWING PATTERNED PAPER)

· . (100 japan – jap 17. A.S. 60-4 abox and the second distribution of the ×-**∞-, 1** a transport of the second - 1997 (2014年 - 1984年) y gradusti an a اللغظ بالكالم المستعلق ما الاخراج المرجوع aprile **tea∯**atri in t e Kratskalije. 12 AP 1913



LA TOILETTE DE VENUS ENGRAVED BY J. A. L'EVEILLÉ AFTER J. B. HUET



Some Notes on a Collection of Old Oak Furniture By Christopher W. Hughes

THE Cotswolds, once the abode of rich woolstaplers and leather merchants, now a poor

agricultural district, have been the home of much of England's best oak furniture; but the migration of the labourers to the towns, the depression of the last few years in farming districts, the consequent break up of many old homes, and, above all, the rage for collecting old oak, have left comparatively little good furniture in the cottages. Those who know the Cotswolds will remember how many splendid mansions are now cottages, and many interesting fireplaces and panelled rooms may be seen in the dwellings of labor rers.

These illustrations are of pices collected in the district during the last law years. The first is an oak stool; it has three carved panels. On those shown in the

photograph are carved bowls; one contains pomegranates, the other mythical monsters. The third is a

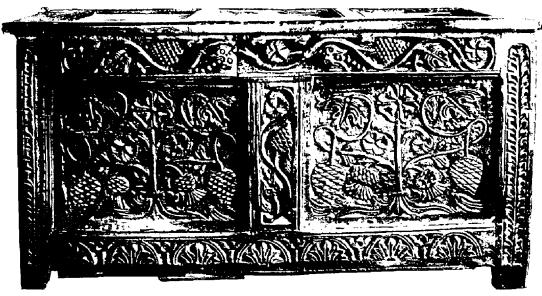
plain "linen" panel. The old man from whom it was purchased believed the panels to be from pew-ends out of Fulbrook Church, Oxon.

In the same photograph is a curious cast-iron picture, representing St. John. The picture and frame are separate. There is nothing to indicate the date; it was bought at an auction in Burford, and it is impossible to discover its history, but it gives one the idea of being foreign.

The churches have been terribly ransacked, and it is not uncommon to find communion tables used for dining upon, and it is the exception to find coffin-stools anywhere but in private houses. The churchwardens must have been singularly unscrupulous some years back.



No. I.—OAK STOOL WITH CARVED PANELS AND CAST-IRON PICTURE OF ST. JOHN



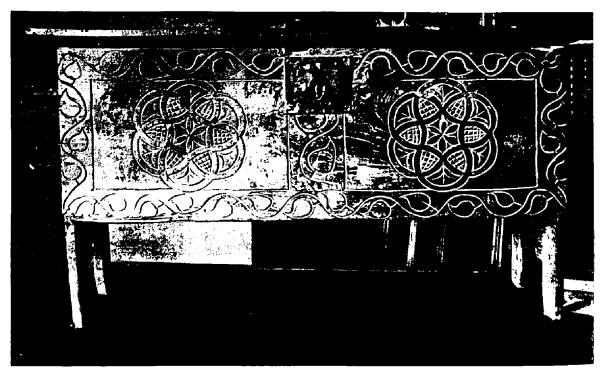
No. II.-old Church Chest

Nos. ii. and iii. are without doubt from churches. No. ii. is very interesting, and it comes from a village on the borders of Oxon. and Warwick. The old lady from whom it was purchased knew it to have been in their family for many years. The top, panels and centre are the oldest parts. I am not sure about the end strips, and the bottom is Jacobean, evidently inserted when the old part was broken away. I had to add a piece in place of the lock, which was gone. The oldest part appears to be fifteenth century.

No. iii. is an elm chest of good and bold design; it has a curved keyhole. The date would be, I think, late sixteenth century.

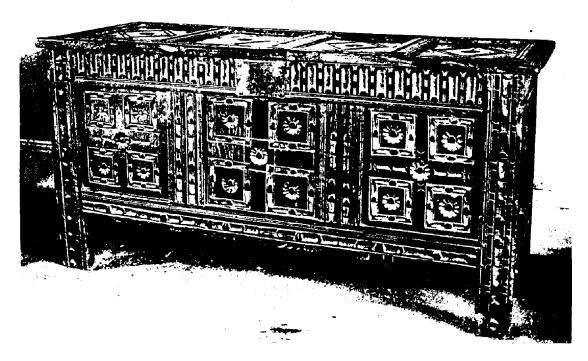
The next chest (No. iv.) is a fine example of Jacobean coffer, 4 ft. 6 in. by 4 ft. 4 in. This was a lucky purchase at an auction, when it passed unnoticed beneath heaps of other furniture, and sold for fifty shillings.

The last is a gate-leg table from Forest Hill, near Oxford, bought at a farmhouse sale. I like to imagine Milton and his young wife, Mary Powell, who were married there, dining at it. This, though it requires a strong imagination, is just possible. How charming the old villages must have been before the advent of corrugated iron, blue slate, and, within, bamboo! Happily the Cotswolds have been kept free, for lack of a railway, of one horror—i.e., red



No. III .- LATE SIXTEENTH CENTURY CHEST

Collection of Old Oak Furniture



No. IV.-JACOBEAN COFFER

brick. Long may it stay away, so that the charm of the old grey cottages shall be preserved even if the old furniture has gone into the hands of collectors. They, after all, appreciate it much more than (for example) the ignorant cottager who cut a foot off the bottom of a magnificent grandfather clock-case because it was too tall for the room in which he wished to have it.



No. V.-GATE-LEG TABLE



Old Silver Plate in the Irish Historical Loan Collection at the Dublin Exhibition By E. Alfred Jones

THOUGH an unique opportunity has been allowed to pass without collecting together a really representative array of old Irish plate at the International Exhibition at Dublin, many of the specimens on view there are of the utmost value and interest to lovers and collectors of old silver.

"Potato rings," as was to be expected in their place of origin—Dublin—form one of the chief exhibits in point of numbers, Colonel Claude Cane sending his important collection of this exclusively Irish article of domestic plate. This collection comprises fifteen examples, all of which are different in size or design, as will be seen from the illustration (No. i.). Some are pierced with scroll and lattice work, with medallions and festoons in repoussé; others are pierced and decorated with foliage, fruit, animals and birds, while another is decorated with architectural pieces, human figures, etc. It is a comprehensive display of



No. I .- COLONEL CLAUDE CANE'S COLLECTION OF IRISH POTATO RINGS



No. II.-IRISH CAUDLE CUP

FROM THE COLLECTION OF COLONEL CANE

these rings, made at Dublin by different silversmiths: Charles Townsend, William Hughes, Stephen Walsh, Geo. Hill, Joseph Jackson, Thos. Kinsela, John Locker and Wm. Homer, between 1770 and the year 1781, when this short-lived fashion came to an end. Mr. Henry King also sent two specimens, of different designs, with his collection of plate (No. vii.). The promoters of this section have done well in showing three potato rings, which had been seized with forged hall-marks, as a warning to purchasers of old plate.

A very interesting small old Irish caudle cup, $4\frac{3}{4}$ in. high (No. ii.), was also exhibited by Colonel Cane. The orthodox shape of the bowl, which is fixed with two plain scroll handles, calls for no comment; but

the unusual repoussé work, consisting of monkeys in the act of drinking and smoking, with a drinking mug and a candlestick before them, with squirrels in trees, deserves more than ordinary notice. Above the short moulded foot, which has a cable band, is a low row of upright acanthus leaves. According to the marks stamped on it, the cup was wrought, about 1690, by Caleb Webb, of Cork. It is to be regretted that the superb caudle cup and cover, made at Cork about the same date by the Femish immigrant, Charles Bekeg, in Mr. C. J. Jackson's collection, was not exhibited at the same time, and thus afford the throngs of Irish visitors an opportunity of seeing, if not appreciating, the excellence of some of the Cork silversmiths' work. True, the chance of examining another highly important piece of Cork plate occurs in the celebrated silver mace of the Cork Guilds, from the South Kensington Museum, which was fashioned in the reign of William III. by Robert Goble, with the assistance, it is confidently supposed, of the Fleming, Bekegle, just mentioned.

The next piece of plate —exhibited by Colonel

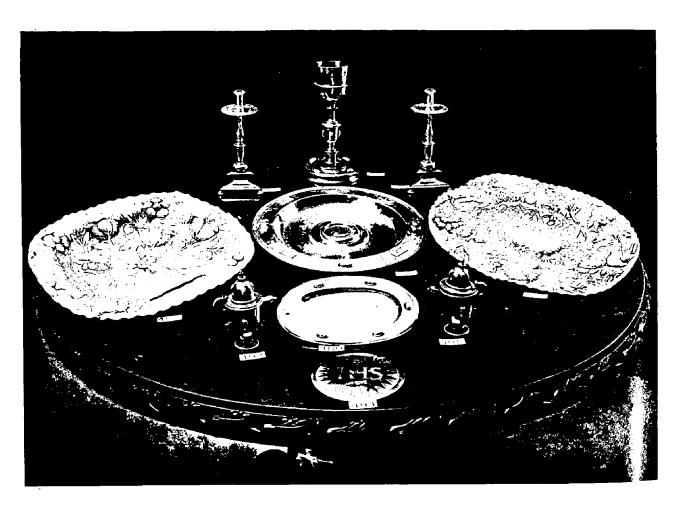
Hutcheson-Poë—is a large monteith bowl, $6\frac{1}{2}$ in. high, of the usual type, with a fixed scalloped edge, adorned with cupids' masks at intervals, and with two stirrup-shaped handles attached to lions' masks. The body is decorated with hollow flutings and a large scrolled and scaled panel, engraved with the Santry arms in the centre, and it rests on a low gadrooned foot (No. iii.). It has the London date-letter for 1700, and the mark of the maker, Anthony Nelme, who produced a good number of these bowls. The main interest in this bowl lies in the fact that it belonged to the last Lord Santry, and was frequently used for punch in the orgies of the "Hell Fire Club," of which that peer was a prominent member. The



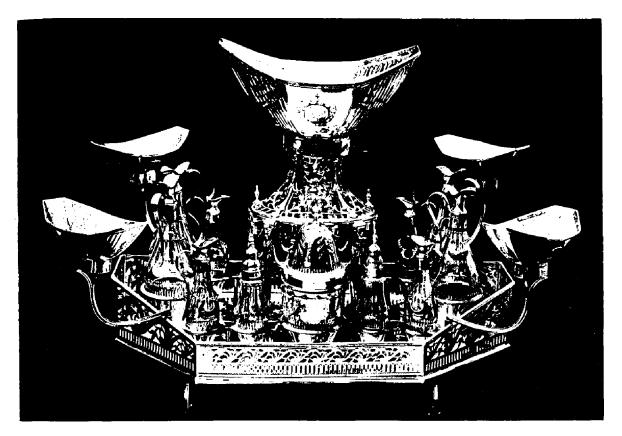
No. III.—monteith by anthony nelme, 1700 from the collection of colonel hutcheson-poë



No. IV.—four massive silver cups, belonging to the corporation of drogheda



No. V.—some pieces of spanish ecclesiastical plate, the property of the archbishop of tuam, and two seventeenth century dutch rose-water dishes



No. V1.—centrepiece and cruet stand combined, by david king, 1707-8, the property of Mrs. L. harris



No. VII.—MR. HENRY KING'S COLLECTION OF PLATE

ruins of the club are still visible on the Dublin mountains, and this actual bowl is represented in the portrait group of members of the club, now in the National Gallery in the Irish capital. The original silver corkscrew of this club, fashioned at Dublin, has also been sent to the Exhibition. This recalls the presence of a similar monteith, belong ing to Magdalen College, Oxford, in the well-known picture, May Morning, by Holman Hunt. The



No. VIII.—CUP WITH DOMED COVER BY DAVID KING FROM THE COLLECTION OF LORD CASTLETOWN

owner of this bowl also sent several other excellent pieces of old domestic plate, mostly of the eighteenth century.

Civic plate, exclusive of some maces exhibited, is represented by the four massive silver cups, all of Irish make, the property of the Corporation of Drogheda (No. iv.). The earliest is the tall plain cup on a baluster stem, $17\frac{1}{2}$ in. high, made in the last half of the seventeenth century, with the curious and unsuitable addition of a scrolled handle with bead finial on the cover. The other three cups, $8\frac{1}{2}$ in. and $7\frac{1}{16}$ in. high, are of early eighteenth century date, and of the ordinary bell-shape with harp-like handles.

The Archbishop of Tuam has lent some most interesting ecclesiastical plate of Spanish work, dating from the first half of the seventeenth century. It comprises a silver-gilt schalice with a shallow bowl on a high baluster stem with a circular moulded base, decorated with enamelled bosses, 10\frac{3}{4} in high; two short, jug-shape cruets; two dishes with similar enamelled bosses; and two candlesticks on slender baluster stems, on tripod bases, 9\frac{1}{2} in high. They are engraved with the arms of the Archbishopric of Tuam. These vessels have an interesting history: they belonged to an Irish ecclesiastic who achieved some

distinction, Malachy O'Queely, born in Tho. mond, completed his studies in Paris, and appointed Arch. bishop of Tuam by Pope Urban VIII. In 1645 he became ad. viser to General Taafe, and was captured by the Scots near Sligo, and put to death. This plate was stolen, but was, happily, discovered at Lisbon, where it was purchased, and presented to the church of St. Joseph, Ballyglass, where it is now preserved (No. v.). The

chalice is very like the two exhibited by Sir T. Gibson Carmichael and Mr. J. Blumenthal at the Burlington Fine Arts Club in 1901, and the ewer is not unlike one belonging to Mr. Percy Macquoid. In the same illustration are two rose-water dishes, embossed with flowers, Dutch work of the middle of the seventeenth century.

A large and uncommon piece of plate, exhibited by Mrs. L. Harris, is the silver centre-piece and cruet stand combined (No. vi.). The tray is of octagonal form, on four feet, with upright sides, pierced with a scroll ornament and a band of vertically-pierced work. The octagonal boat-shape dish in the centre is supported on a frame, decorated with pierced foliage, resting on four legs with satyrs' masks joined by festoons. Four smaller baskets of the same shape are fitted in small brackets at the sides of the tray, and it contains no fewer than fourteen silver-mounted bottles of various sizes. It was made at Dubin in 1796-97 by Robert Breading.

Mr. Henry King's collection of plate include many articles for domestic purposes, beginning with plain tankard with domed cover of the usual shape; large salver on foot; a nice pair of octagonal cand sticks with baluster stems; and an oval snuffer tray with a single handle, all of which were made in 1767-8 by

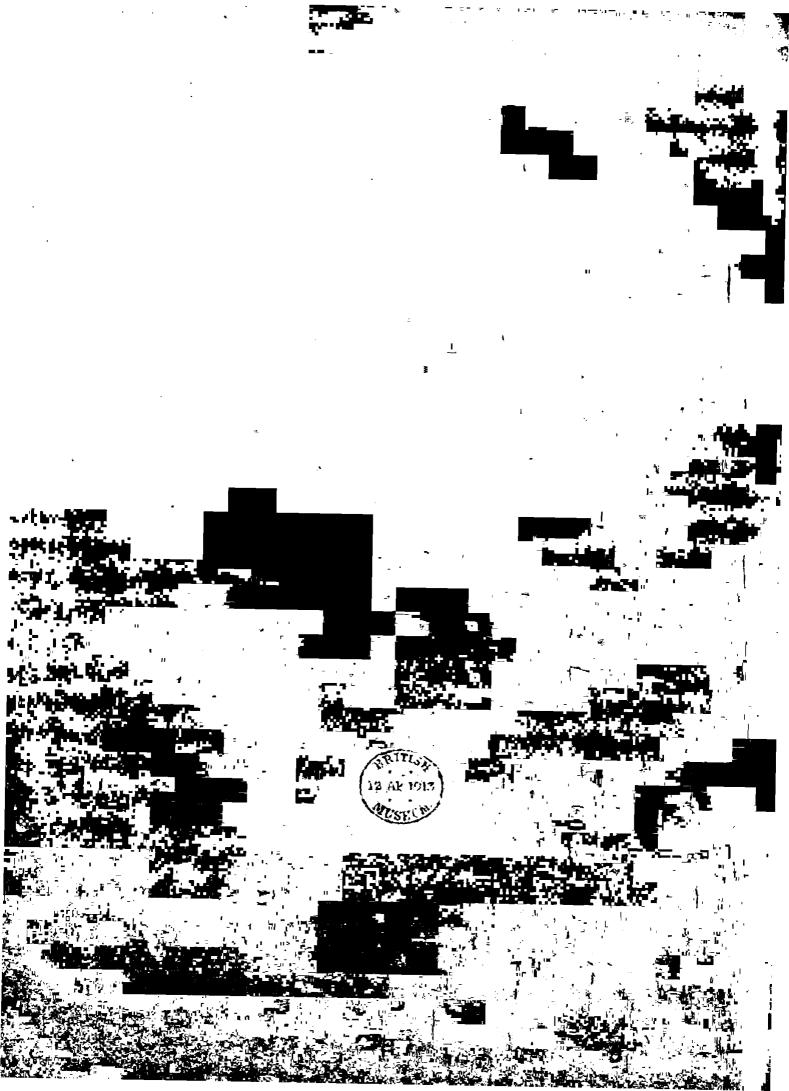


COUNTESS SPENCER

BY SIR JOSHUA REYNOLDS

FROM THE COLLECTION AT CHATSWORTH

By kind permission of His Grace the Duke of Devonshire



Old Silver Plate

the well-known Dublin silversmith, David King. Then come two small plain mugs, dated 1730; and a large plain bowl on foot, the latter by Thomas Williamson, of Dublin, 1732. The collection includes among other pieces of old Irish silver, illustrated on No. vii., a good specimen of the plain cups with high domed covers and harp-shape handles, which was wrought by David King in 1716-17. It is very like the cup of two years later by the same Dublin silversmith, exhibited by Lord Castletown (No. viii.), and the smaller one of the same date belonging to Lord Castlemaine (No. ix.).

Though not of Irish make, two pieces of plate of historical importance are shewn, namely, an octagon silver jug, and two small tankards, of German work, which were presented by the Irish Parliament to Captain W. Weldon in 1641.

The exigencies of space forbid more than a cursory

reference to many other choice examples of old plate, as well as swords, snuff-boxes, and other Irish historical relics, such as the silver collar and box conferred by Queen Elizabeth on Maurice Roche, Mayor of Cork, in 1571; the Regalia of the Corporation of Skinner's Alley, Dublin, consisting of a chair, mace, two-handled silver cup and two swords; and the old silver mace, of eighteenth century date, of the Irish House of Commons.

Admirers of early Celtic metal work could study the celebrated Lismore crosier of the twelfth century, lent by the Duke of Devonshire, who also sent the famous *Book of Lismore*, written about the middle of the fifteenth century.

I desire to express my thanks for the assistance accorded to me by the Honorary Secretary of this section, Colonel A. Courtenay, C.B. The photographs were taken by Mr. W. Lawrence, of Dublin.



No. IX.-cup with domed cover

FROM THE COLLECTION OF LORD CASTLEMAINE



Valentine Green and his Work

By W. G. Menzies

AMONGST the many magnificent mezzotints produced during the latter half of the eighteenth century few are more highly prized than those executed by Valentine Green. They are, in fact, regarded as amongst the best examples of the art of mezzotint ever executed, his wonderful interpretations of Reynolds's portraits of the grand dames of the period being especially prized.

Valentine Green was born in Worcestershire in 1739, but the exact locality of his birthplace is unknown. Both Halesowen, near Birmingham, and the little village of Salford, near Evesham, claim the

honour, but up to the present the question has never been satisfactorily decided. The son of a dancing master, he was, when about fifteen years of age, placed in the office of a lawver at Evesham, where for some time he applied himself with no special diligence to the study of law. His artistic inclinations, however, eventually became too strong to be suppressed, and, though much against his father's wish, he abandoned the law and became the pupil of a small line-engraver at Worcester. During this period he was taught the art of mezzotint, soon acquiring a remarkable skill with the scraper. Feeling that his chances of success would be restricted in a provincial town, he came to London in 1765, where he soon became known as an engraver of great promise. In fact, his engravings were considered worthy of inclusion in the exhibitions at Spring Gardens held by "The Society of Artists of Great Britain," of which society he was elected a member in 1766.

Fortune did indeed smile on Green at this period. Rapidly becoming recognised as one of the greatest engravers of the period, we find him in 1768 an

exhibitor at the first exhibition of the Royal Academy, which had been founded by Sir Joshua Reynolds and others who had ceased to contribute to the exhibitions of "The Society of Artists of Great Britain," owing to the quarrels and dissensions which distinguished its management. Benjamin West, who succeeded Reynolds as President of the Royal Academy, had painted a large canvas depicting the return of P gulus to Carthage, and this Green made the subject of his plate for exh bition at the newly-ormed



SIR JOSHUA REYNOLDS, FROM THE MEZZOTINT BY VALENTINE GREEN

institution in Pall Mall. Its success was immediate, and it will ever rank as one of his finest efforts with the scraper.

It might here be mentioned that in 1775 Green was elected one of the six Associate Engravers of the Royal Academy.

The Regulus plate was followed by a large number of other plates after West, whilst the works of such masters as Romney, Gainsborough and Cotes, as well as Van Dyck, Rubens, and many of the early Italian masters, were often made subjects for his plates.

When only thirty-four, Green became mezzotint engraver to King George III., and in 1775 was honoured with the appointment of engraver in mezzotint to Charles Theodore, Elector Palatine.

By this time his success was assured, and few engravers of his time could surpass him either in excellence of work or popularity. His large prints, after West, illustrating scenes in classical history, though now somewhat neglected, were at this period most keenly appreciated.

Like many another of his craft, Green was not lacking in business enterprise. He saw the readiness with which the portraits by Sir Joshua Reynolds lent themselves to interpretation by the scraper, and commenced a series of full-length standing portraits after Sir Joshua's paintings of some of the most beautiful women of the period. The idea was excellent, and that it proved a success is scarcely to be wondered at when we learn that the published price of each plate was only fifteen shillings, and even less if the whole series was subscribed for.

Green had already engraved several plates after works by Reynolds with considerable success, but none could compare with the plates he now executed. They were literally masterpieces, and included portraits of such famous beauties as Jane Countess of Harrington, the Countess of Salisbury, and the Duchess of Rutland, all of which now realise, when fine impressions, sums ranging from £200 to over £1,000.

Having been appointed in 1775 engraver to the Elector Palatine of the Rhine, Green formulated the bold idea of engraving the best pictures in the Dus eldorf Gallery, but unfortunately it was not to be attended with the success which characterised his earlier enterprise. He obtained a patent from the Duke of Bavaria in 1789, giving him the exclusive permission to e grave and publish the plates, and in about six year published no fewer than twenty-two prints. At first verything pointed to the venture being a success, but the French besieging the city in 1798, the castle and gallery were destroyed, and with them the result of many years' work and the expenditure of a large sum of money on the part of Green.

This did not end Green's troubles. Other undertakings were ruined by the disturbances caused by the French Revolution, and a greater part of the money he had earned by nearly forty years' engraving was thus lost.

In 1805 the British Institution was founded, and Green was fortunate enough to secure the position of Keeper, which post he occupied for about eight years. He died on June 29th, 1813, in his 74th year.

One of the greatest engravers of his time, Green engraved in about forty years nearly four hundred plates, and when one considers his work as a whole, it is then that the greatness of the man becomes apparent. One is especially struck by its variety, while its general excellence is also a distinguishing feature. No matter whether one examines a portrait after one of his contemporaries or a plate after some Italian master, the same masterly execution is evident.

Like so many of his contemporaries, Green found his inspiration in the works of Reynolds, but a collector of prints will find that the works of Van Dyck, Rubens, and many other old masters were also made the subject of his skill. His plates after Reynolds, more especially the full-length female portraits, are those most keenly sought for at present, and the majority are rapidly becoming forbidden game to the ordinary collector.

In 1780 he engraved the portrait of Mary Isabella Duchess of Rutland, from the picture painted by Reynolds when a guest of the Duke of Rutland at Belvoir, which perished in the disastrous fire in 1816. Reynolds's wonderful canvas is gone, but we still have Green's superb mezzotint, in which the masterly brushwork of Sir Joshua lives again, and which is now so highly esteemed that a fine impression has realised the remarkable sum of one thousand guineas. Lady Betty Delmé and Children is another highly-prized print by Green, after Reynolds, whilst another is that charming group of the Ladies Waldegrave, the three beautiful grand-nieces of Horace Walpole. For the first over $f_{.950}$ has been given, whilst the other has realised nearly £,600. In fact, Green's Reynolds prints make a truly wonderful gallery. Amongst them we find, in addition to those already mentioned, portraits of the ill-fated Countess of Salisbury, Viscountess Townshend, Countess Talbot, and Lady Jane Halliday, whilst the male portraits include those of Sir Joshua Reynolds, after the picture by himself at the Royal Academy, Lord Dalkeith, and the Duke of Bedford, with Lords Henry and William Russell, and Miss

Of his portraits after other masters his portrait of Lord Nelson, after Abbott, is held in considerable

esteem, as, too, are his plates of Richard Cumber-land and Mrs. Yates, both after Romney, certain of his Van Dyck portraits, George Washington, after Trumball, and Garrick, after Gainsborough.

His historical subjects, after West, include The

Stoning of Stephen, Hannibal vowing eternal hatred to the Romans, and Mark Antony's Oration on the Death of Cæsar, whilst his plates after other masters include subjects after Domenichino, Murillo, and the Caracci.

LIST OF THE PRINCIPAL MEZZOTINTS BY VALENTINE GREEN SOLD BY AUCTION 1901-1907.

TITLE.	ARTIST.	DATE.	Remarks.	PRICE.
Abbati Camual Francis	Abbott	1906	m. Ist st.	£ s. 0
Abbott, Samuel Francis Air-Pump, The	137 1 1	1900	m. Ist st.	17 6
· · ·	137 ()	1902	m. p. b. l.	21 10
• *	T. , -		m. p. b. l.	
Ancrum, Countess of	* D	1906	m. 2nd st.	1 13
Aylesford, Countess of	7, 1,	1901	m. 2nd st.	72 19 462 0
Aylesford, Countess of	,	1905	m. 2nd st. m. scratched letters	•
Aylesford, Countess of	10	1905		225 O
Bedford, Francis Duke of	1 7	1901	m.	75 12
Bedford Family, The	•	1906	m. 1st st.	40 0
Blackheath Golfers	1	1902	m.	26 o
Bradshaw, Master, and Sisters		1903	m. Ist st.	94 10
Bridport, Lord	!	1902	m. p. b. l.	17 6
British Naval Victors	' i	1906	coloured	6 6
Campbell, Miss Sarah	. Reynolds	1907	m. p. before name of personage,	410 0
			name of artist, etc., in etched letters	
Campbell, Miss Sarah	1 7	1904	m. 1st st.	204 15
Campbell, Miss Sarah	1 -	1901	m. slightly damaged	190 0
Campbell, Miss Sarah	, Reynolds	1907	m. 2nd state	21 0
Compton, Lady E	. Reynolds	1905	m. Ist st.	6 c g o
Compton, Lady E	. Reynolds	1905	m. 1st state, etched letters	525 O
Compton, Lady E	. Reynolds	1903	m. 2nd st.	110 5
Cosway, Mrs	. M. Cosway	1901	m. 1st st.	273 0
Cosway, Mrs	l no i	1901	m.	50 O
Cumberland, Duchess of	1000	1903	m. Ist st.	29 8
"Cynthia" (The Duchess of Devonshire)		1901	m.	55 13
Danby, Henry Earl of	1 V D1-	1905	m. 1st st. b. l.	40 19
Delmé, Lady Betty, and Children	1 50 11	1901	m. Ist st.	966 o
Delmé, Lady Betty, and Children	D	1902	m. 2nd st.	183 15
Devonshire, Duchess of	15 11	1903	m. Ist st.	262 10
Devonshire, Duchess of	1 2 2 2	1903	m. 2nd st.	194 15
Education	1 1	1902		
Child of Sorrow		1907	m. pair	19 10
Fordyce, Henrietta		1902	m. proof	27 6
C 11 Dust		-	m. Ist st.	28 7
C 14 TO 11		1903	m. e. l. p.	2 0
C : D I (D I)	1	1906	m. Ist st., wide margin	68 5
C. Its District CD 11	1 11 6	1901	m. 2nd st.	57 15
Corre Valentine		1901	m.	4 14
C1	T I	1906	m. Ist st.	54 12
	. Peel	1902		
	Falconet	1903	m. 1st st.	14 14 5 0
	. Cotes	1906	m.	'
	. Lely	1906	m.	2 °
Halliday, Lady Jane	n 1.1-	1901	m. 1st st.	4/
Halliday, Lady Jane	Reynolds	1907	m. p. before name of personage, name of artist, etc., in etched letters	820
	. Reynolds	1901	m. Ist st.	210
§Harrington, Countess of	Reynolds	1905	m. Ist st.	682 I
Harrington, Countess of	. Reynolds		m. 3rd st.	46 1

^{*} Sold in 1901 for 60 guineas.

[‡] Purchased by the owner for 217 guineas a few years ago.

[†] Sometimes catalogued as the Wright Family.

[§] Purchased by the owner for 420 guineas.

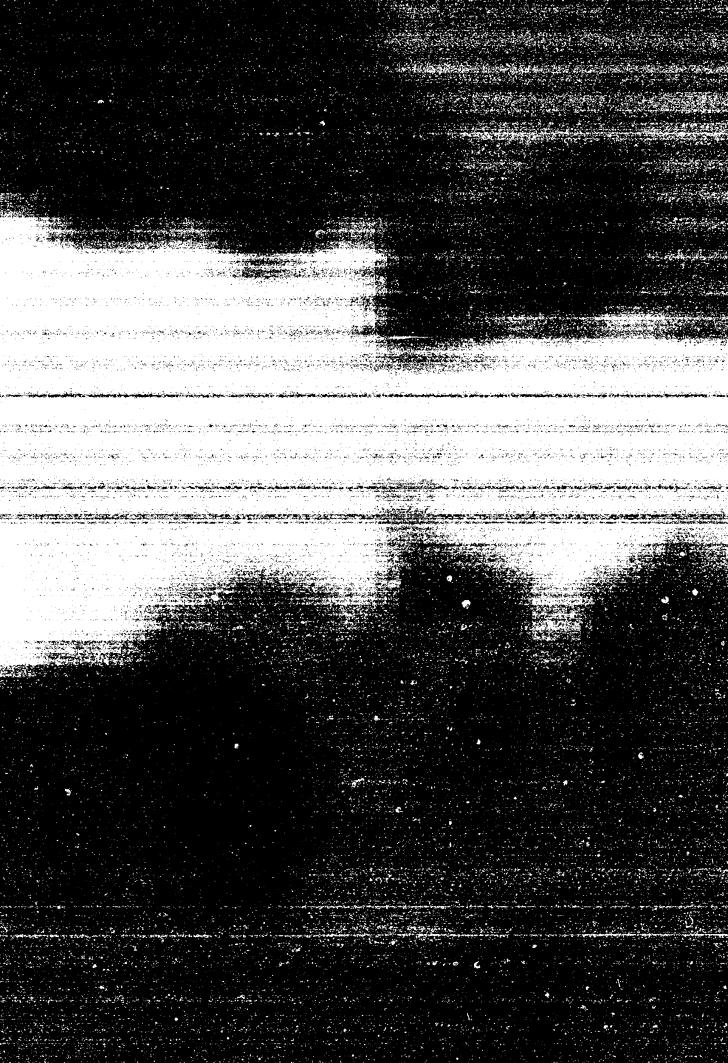


JANE COUNTESS OF HARRINGTON
FROM THE MEZZOTINT BY VALENTINE GREEN, AFTER SIR JOSHUA REYNOLDS



LADY JANE HALLIDAY
FROM THE MEZZOTINT BY VALENTINE GREEN, AFTER SIR JOSHUA REYNOLDS

TITLE.	ARTIST.	DATE.	REMARKS.	PRICE.
Head of a Young Man	Rembrandt	1902	m. Ist st.	£ s. d.
Herbert, Lady H	Reynolds	1901	m. Ist st.	451 10 0
Herbert, Lady H	Reynolds	1901	m. Ist pub. st.	225 15 0
	1,5 1,5	1905	m. 2nd st.	535 10 o
YT 1 . T 1 YY	m		m. e. l. p.	_
	1 -	1905	<u>.</u>	309 15 0 462 0 0
Howard, Lady C	Reynolds	1901	m. Ist st.	
Howard, Lady C	Reynolds	1905	m. 2nd st.	31 10 0
Hunter, Catherine (afterwards Mrs. Clarke)		1907	m. proof	650
Jones, Miss Polly	Calze	1906	m. Ist st.	2 2 0
Laurens, Henry	Copley	1906	m.	9 15 6
Lunardi's Balloon	Byron	1907	m.	5 10 0
Manners, Lady Louisa	Reynolds	1907	m. Ist st.	231 10 0
Manners, Lady Louisa	Reynolds	1901	m. Ist st.	210 0 0
Manners, Lady Louisa	Reynolds	1907	m. p. before name of personage, name of artist, etc., etched	670 0 0
Manners, Lady Louisa	Reynolds	1901	m. 2nd st.	92 8 o
Nelson, Lord	Beechey	1906	coloured	3 5 0
Newbattle, Lord, and his Sister	Read	1907	m.	9 19 6
Nuneham, Lady E	Falconet	1901	m. proof	90 6 o
Pamela and Phyloclea	Lely	1906	m. e. l. p.	700
Ray, Miss Martha	Dance	1906	m.	200
Reynolds as President	Reynolds	1905	m. 1st st.	168 o o
Rutland, Duchess of	Reynolds	1901	m. 1st st.	1050 0 0
Rutland, Duchess of	Reynolds	1905	m. 1st st.	892 10 0
Rutland Duchess of	Reynolds	1902	m. Ist st.	630 o o
Rutland Duchess of		1906	m. Ist st.	712 0 0
Rutland Duchass of	TD 11	1 -	m. 2nd st.	178 10 0
Salishury Counters of	l n ' 11	1902	m. Ist st.	472 10 0
Salishury Countage of	1 -	1901		483 0 0
Saliebury Counters of	Reynolds	1905	m. 1st st.	
Saliabum Caumaan aC	Reynolds	1902	m. Ist st.	"
C. M.	Reynolds	1902	m. 2nd st.	155 0 0
Talket Court	Willison	1906	m. p. b. l.	14 0 0
Talbot, Countess	Reynolds	1901	m.	220 10 0
Talbot, Countess	Reynolds	1902	m. 2nd st.	28 7 0
Thelluson, Miss	Falconet	1907	m. Ist st.	6 6 0
Townshend, Viscountess	Reynolds	1901	m. Ist st.	472 10 0
Townshend, Viscountess	Reynolds	1901	m. 1st st., etched letters	170 0 0
Townshend, Viscountess	Reynolds	1902	m. 2nd st.	54 12 0
Venus	Barry	1907	coloured	9 19 6
Waldegrave, The Ladies	Reynolds	1901	m. 1st st.	525 0 0
Waldegrave, The Ladies	Reynolds	1904	m. Ist st.	460 0 0
Waldegrave, The Ladies	Reynolds	1902	m. 2nd st.	199 10 0
Waldegrave, The Ladies	Reynolds	1906	m. 3rd st.	70 8 0
Washington, General	Trumball	1905	coloured	105 0 0
Washington, General	Trumball	1907	m.	57 15 0
Winter's Tale, A	l Omia	1902	m. e. l. p.	29 0 0
Winter's Tale, A			·	
School, A	Opie	1902	coloured, pair	34 0 0
The same pair	Opie	1905	m. proofs	53 11 0
West, Elizabeth, and Child		1907	m. proof	10 10 0
Wharton, Sir Thomas	1	1905	m. 1st st. b. 1.	77 14 0
Yates, Mrs., "Melpomene"	Romney	1906	m. proof	1 1 0
Yorke, Mrs. Agneta	Cotes	1903	m. Ist st.	21 0 0
Yorke, Mrs. Agneta	Cotes	1907	m. small plate, p. b. l.	7 5 0
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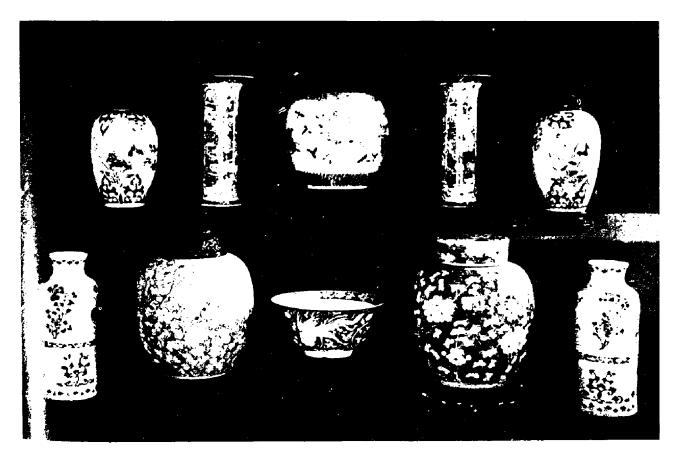




The Indian Society of Oriental Art and the Messrs. Larmour's Collections

A move in the right direction has been made by earnest advocates of art in the capital of our great Eastern dependency. Calcutta boasts of several collectors, and to some of them it occurred a short while ago to form a society by the medium of which views and opinions could be exchanged, and collections of members could be inspected, to mutual advantage and instruction, such collections

being by no means confined to any one special branch of Oriental art, whether ancient or modern. But it was at once recognised that to make such a society of real use, it was necessary that it should have for its objective a far wider range of usefulness than forming itself merely into a collectors' club. Thus from a comparatively small beginning came into existence the Indian Society of Oriental Art, having



1.-- SOME CHOICE ENAMPLES OF BLUE AND WHITE

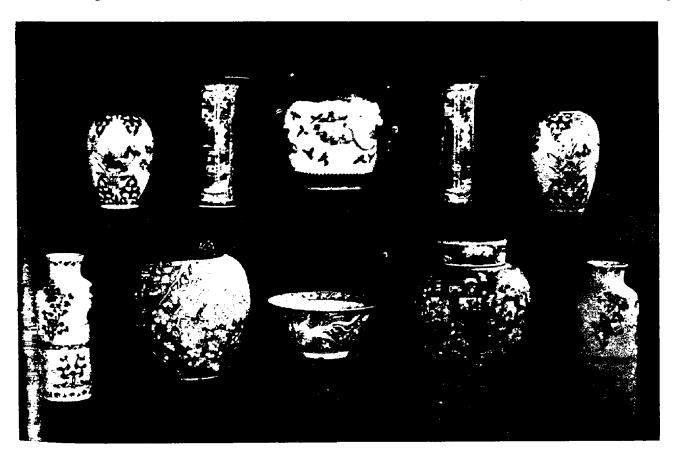




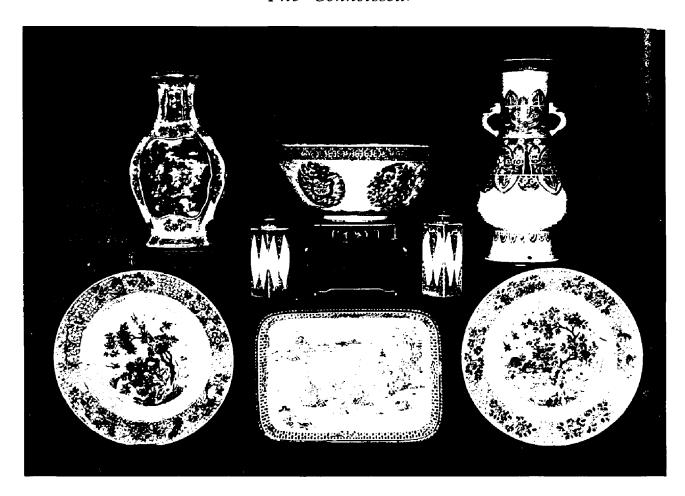
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No. 1.—some choice examples of blue and white



No. II .- some choice examples of blue and white

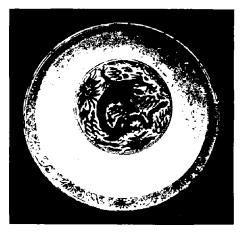
for its object the broad design of promoting and encouraging Oriental art—ancient or modern—in all its legitimate and varied branches. The society being once formed, and its objects properly understood, it rapidly gained the favour of many interested in its objects, and promises to do good work in a country in which it has often been said that art has vanished. His Excellency Lord Kitchener, himself a keen collector, is the President of the newly-formed society,

and takes great interest in its work. Its Vice-President is the Honble. Mr. Justice Rampini, one of the Judges of the High Court of Bengal, and it has now some 75 or 80 members on its rolls.

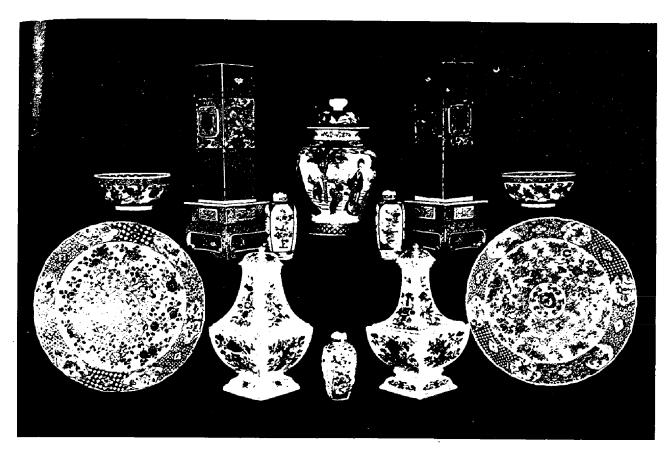
Part of the scheme of the founders of the society, namely, that of holding meetings at the houses of various of its members, has been carried out with conspicuous success, and has had the effect of attracting many members. The first of these meetings, or

"At Homes," was held at the residence of the brothers C. F. and F. A. Larmour, whose reputation as collectors is not confined to India alone. At one time the Messrs. Larmour were in possession of a collection of stamps which had no rival in India, and which was excelled by few collections in Europe. While this collection was in process of building up, the third person in the partnership, without assistance or advice from the other two, was quietly and un-

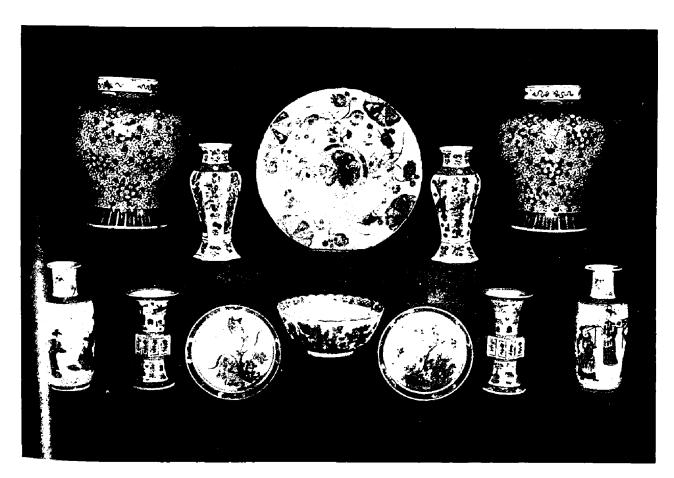
ostentatiously getting together for herself a choice little collection of Chinese porcelain in the days when this particular form of collecting was not very much patronised in Calcutta, and was thus enabled to procure some fine pieces, which subsequently formed, when stamps waned, the nucleus of the be utiful collection with which the names of the brother (and of the third partner) at now associated. And it was this collection to inspect which the



No. IIa.—INTERIOR OF BOWL IN CENTRE OF ABOVE



No. III.—SPECIMENS OF FAMILLE-VERTE

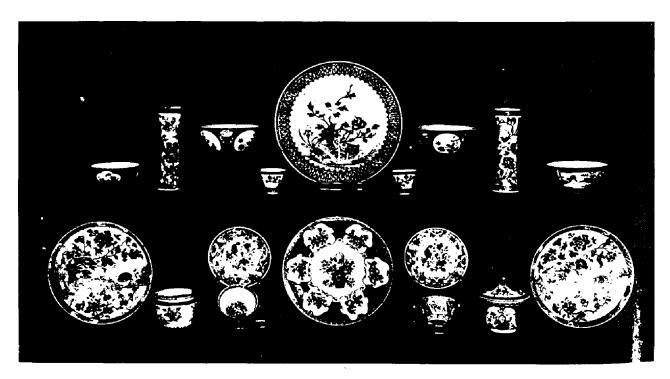


No. IV.—SPECIMENS OF FAMILLE-VERTE

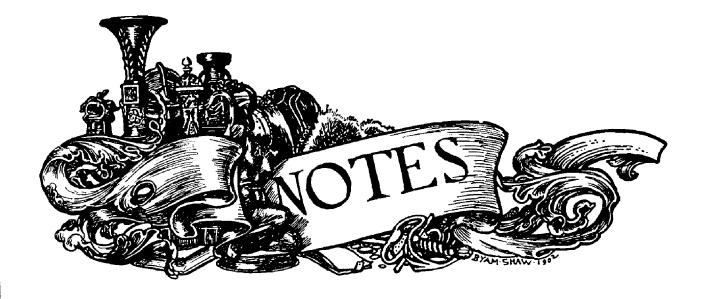
members of the society were invited, and of which, by the courtesy of Messrs. Larmour, we are enabled to present illustrations of a few specimens. Due, perhaps, to a feeling of modesty and a reluctance to be praise their own possessions, we have not been favoured with any lengthy or detailed description of the pieces illustrated, but we hope at some future date to be in a position to present our readers with more minute descriptions of this fine collection. Meanwhile, we learn that on Nos. i. and ii. are represented a few choice examples from the blue and white section of the collection. A very curious and, we believe, unique piece is the bowl in the centre of No. ii. The reliefs in this bowl are highly glazed and decorated with dragons and foliage alternately, while the ground of the outside is in dull glazed swastika work in a sort of Greek key pattern. No. iia. shows the interior of the bowl. This bowl was found in a native state in Southern India, where it had been buried underground for years, and was discovered by accident. It is in perfect preservation, the colour and glaze being in splendid condition. Next to it on the left is another interesting piece. The landscape is in brilliant blue,

touched here and there with green, the glass being The ground is shagreen, with raised reliefs highly glazed and beautifully decorated in blue. Most of the pieces represented in Nos. i. and ii, are of the Khang'he period. In Nos. iii, and iv, are represented some fine specimens of the familie-verte section of the collection, most of the pieces being of the Khang'he period, with the exception of the two arrow holders and the centre vase in No. iii., which are Kienlung, as well as the two large jars which flank the top row in No. iv. In No. v are shown a few specimens from the famille-rose section, and some fine and valuable pieces are illustrated, notably the two powdered rose bowls at each end of the top row, and the reticulated plate in the centre, which was once in the de Goncourt collection.

What we have illustrated will give some idea of this very fine collection; but the Messrs. Larmour do not confine themselves to one form of collecting alone. Rare Oriental bronzes and brasses, pictures, and Sheffield plate all combine to make up an interesting and varied collection which it would take hours to inspect and describe.



No. V.—SPECIMENS OF FAMILLE-ROSE



THE violins of Joseph Guarnerius, by general consent, rank next to those of Antonius Stradivarius.

A Violin by Joseph Guarnerius The earlier writers on the violin refer to Guarnerius as a pupil of Stradivarius; but this opinion is no longer held, being unsupported by any direct evidence,

and a comparison of the works of these makers leading to the conclusion that they derived their inspiration from different sources.

Guarnerius commenced his career at about the

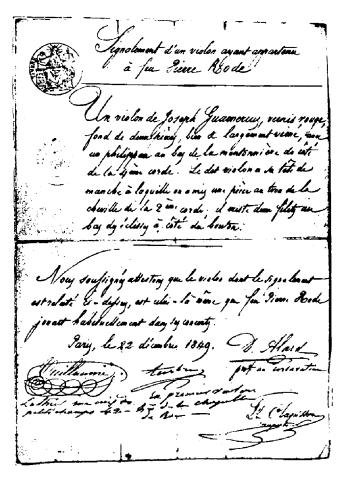
time when Stradivarius had entered upon his middle or golden period. The capabilities of the violin as a solo instrument had already begun to be recognised, resulting in a demand for instruments of a more powerful tone; and the success of Stradivarius in producing violins which combined power with a beautiful quality of tone was so complete, that it seems reasonable to conclude that Guarnerius, conscious of his own powers, and feeling how hopeless would be any ttempted rivalry of S. adivarius, determine: to mark out for himself an entirely new ine; and Mr. Hart, in his work on the violin, says: "His

chief desire was evidently to make 'instruments capable of producing a quality of tone hitherto unknown, and that he succeeded is universally acknowledged."

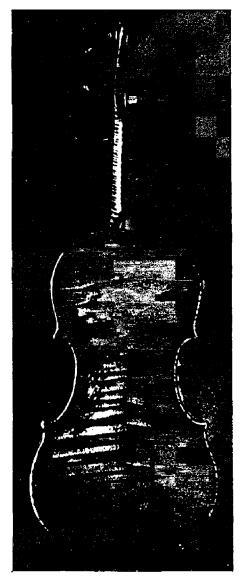
To accomplish this end he appears to have turned to the earlier Brescian makers, whose instruments were noted for power and volume of tone, and to have made these his starting point; and many of his violins bear considerable resemblance to those of Maggini, the best of the Brescian makers. The

finest instruments of Guarnerius possess a tone of remarkable power, more demonstrative than that of Stradivarius, of splendid sonority, and contralto in character; and with such qualities it is not surprising to find that many of the leading violinists, with Paganini amongst the number, have given the preference to this maker.

The violin here illustrated is known as the "Rode" Guarnerius, having belonged to the celebrated violinist and composer of that name; and was used by him at all his concerts, although he also possessed a fine inlaid Stradivarius, illustrations of which are

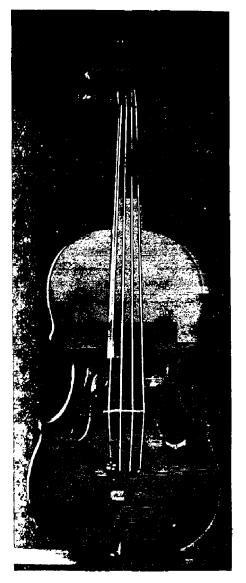


CERTIFICATE BY ALARD, VUILLAUME, CLAPISSON AND TURBRI



THE "RODE" GUARNERIUS

given by Rev. H. R. Haweis in his work on Old This beautiful and characteristic instrument is dated 1737, and belongs to the middle period, when the violins of Guarnerius were considered to rival those of Stradivarius both in workmanship and The style resembles somewhat that of varnish. Maggini, and there is something pleasing in the primitive simplicity of outline which characterises the instruments of some of the earlier makers. There is here no attempt to draw attention to the corners, so skilfully elaborated by Amati, and modified by Stradivarius; but the artist has left us to be satisfied, as indeed we are, with simplicity of design and a just proportion of the various parts. The workmanship is of the first order, and the wood of the choicest quality, the two pieces of which the back is composed being remarkably handsome. The sound holes are longer and less graceful than those of Stradivarius or Amati, but are characteristic of the maker, and well suited to the instrument. The tone is rich and



THE "RODE" GUARNERIUS

powerful, and of exquisite quality, being entirely free from false notes, a liability to which is a weak point in the instruments of this maker. The well-known composer, Ferdinand David, in a letter referring to this violin, says: "Nothing better can be wished for as regards the strength, nobleness, and pliancy of its tone, and you will with difficulty find one now that would surpass it." Much of the varnish has been lost by wear, but what remains is exceptionally fine, being of that brilliant red so much admired by Underneath the red is a substretum connoisseurs. of limpid yellow, as shown at the edges wher the exterior varnish has been worn off. But no description can give an adequate idea of the finest specimens of the Cremona varnish, which must be som to We possess no information be fully appreciated. regarding either its preparation or the mode of its application, and it is remarkable that some of its finer qualities are wanting in the works of the later makers of the Cremona school.

The scroll is perhaps that part of the violin which more than any other tests the artistic skill of the maker. The scrolls of Guarnerius are very varied, some of the later ones being almost grotesque in style. His best efforts, however, fall but little short of those of Stradivarius, and the scroll of the Rode instrument, though lacking the delicacy of Stradivarius, is perfect in proportion and bold and massive in style.

The "Signalement" which accompanies this violin is of exceptional interest, the names by which it is attested, viz., Alard, Vuillaume, Clapisson, and Turbri, being those of the leading experts of the day.

This beautiful example of one of the best of the Cremona makers is in the collection of a Yorkshire amateur.



WHIELDON

WEDGWOOD

The two miniatures which we reproduce are the property of Mrs. Henrietta Whieldon, widow of John

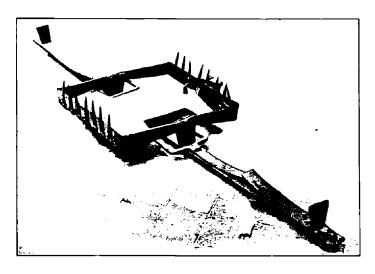
Miniatures of Wedgwood and Whieldon Bull Whieldon, a grandson of Thomas Whieldon, the eminent potter, with whom Josiah Wedgwood was in partnership. Wedgwood and Whiel-

don became partners in 1752, and the partnership lasted for five years, during which period, it is believed, the miniatures were painted. The miniatures have always up to recently been in the possession of the Whieldon family at Hales Hall, near Cheadle, Staffs.—the home of Thomas Whieldon after his retirement. They are shortly to be sold at Messrs. Putt k & Simpson's rooms in Leicester Square.

that may still be seen in some parts of the country.

A Man Trap

But it is an idle threat, for man traps are now illegal (the offence being punishable with penal servitude for five years), unless laid i. a dwelling house between sunrise and sunset. The moto illustrates a terrible specimen which has doubtess caught more than one unlucky trespasser. It is a out 5 ft. 9 in. long, with a set of fourteen teeth



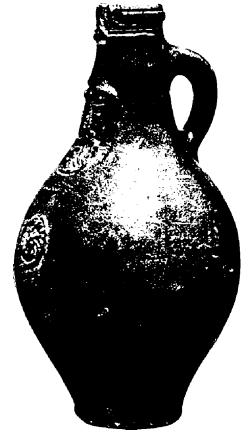
A MAN TRAP

and two springs. A slight touch on the plate brings the jaws together with a vicious snap, which makes the blood run cold, and which would undoubtedly break one's leg. It now reposes in Leicester Museum.

The accompanying illustration is of a Bellarmine jug, height $9\frac{1}{2}$ in., of unusually slim and elegant pro-

A Red Bellarmine Jug portions. It differs in body from any Bellarmine jug that I have seen, and from any in our London museums, being made of an exceedingly hard,

dense red clay. It is glazed with salt, and though



RED BELLARMINE JUG

the granular salt-glazing has darkened the appearance of the red body, it yet remains positively and definitely red, like a salt-glazed piece of Elers ware, if such a thing were possible! The salt-glazing on such an unusual body has a startling and paradoxical effect.

It appears to me likely to have been the work of Dwight. It is certain that Dwight made Bellarmine jugs; for in 1866, some workmen, who were pulling down some old buildings on the site of the Fulham works, came upon a number of them in a vaulted chamber there. It is equally certain that Dwight used a red body for some of his wares. On June 12th, 1684, he made application for a renewal of a patent to make "fine stone gorges and vessels, never before

made in England, or elsewhere . . . and spacious redd and darke coloured porcellane or china . . . and the mystery of the Cologne wares." This patent was granted for fourteen years. There is nothing unusual in the term "red porcellane"; such was the name given by the Elers to their ware. To call it so was but to follow the custom of the time. For this red body Dwight used Staffordshire clay, as is known from his notebooks, and he once made a geological survey of Cheshire and Staffordshire.

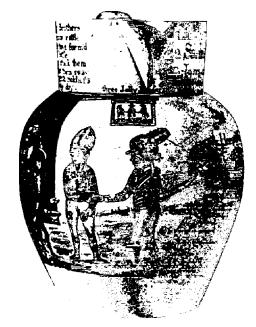
After all, in ceramics, as in every other branch of art, excellence is the highest test. The elegance of the lines of this little Bellarmine 15 in its favour; the salt-glazing is well and evenly distributed. The base of the jug is quite plain, and without that ribbing caused by having been cut with a wire, so often seen on foreign specimens. The body is so dense that, in spite of its small size, the jug weighs $2\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.

THE three photographs of a very interesting Staffordshire jug show clearly the picture. The colours are

Staffordshire Jug bright and clear, and, as far as I can ascertain, are correct with regard to the uniforms. The two troopers wear

blue jackets and white breeches and black boots, one having spurs. The one marked 2 has red.

edged with white, collar and braiding across chest, and red cuffs and band, round beaver hat or helmet, and a white feather. The other one marked 3 has white collar, cuffs, and braiding, edged with blue, red band on helmet, with red and The drummer white feather. boy, who is marked 1, and who is, unfortunately, not well shown in photograph, wears a yellow coat with red collar and red lapel, both with white braiding, frilled shirt, black hat edged with white, red feather, blue breeches, and black gaiters. The horse, "Mercury," is of a brown colour with a white saddle cloth,







THREE VIEWS OF A STAFFORDSHIRE JUG

edged with blue, upon which are red circles or rosettes. The landlady, or servant, wears a white mob cap tied with red, a blue dress with white apron, and a red scarf. The two birds are of a wonderful variety of colour—pink, yellow, green, and tints of everything that have been used in the colouring of the jug. The three men on the sign have black hats, blue coats, red waistcoats, white breeches and stockings.

I inserted a notice in "Notes and Queries," November 2nd, 1901, with reference to this jug, to try and find out if there is still a family of this name which can claim relationship to the three soldiers, but without result.

Elden is, no doubt, the town of that name in Holland. The 7th Dragoons Regiment was made Light Dragoons in 1783, and given blue uniform, and, in 1793, was in Flanders and took part in various battles. Again, in the autumn of 1799 the 7th Light Dragoons were with the allied forces of Britain and Russia, under the command of the Duke of York, in the short campaign in Holland. At Wyck-op-Zee, Lord Paget, with a single squadron of his regiment (7th Light Dragoons), attacked a force six or seven times greater, and re-took guns lost by the allies, and also captured several of the enemy's.

It would be about this time that the brothers met: the uniforms are of this date. James (No. 3) was certainly in the above regiment, which in 1807 was equipped as Hussars, and is now styled the 7th (Queen's Own) Hussars, having been the "Queen's Own" since 1727. Joseph and Samuel (see inscription) were in other regiments. Drummers wore coats of the colours of the regimental facings—hence the yellow.

It is probable that Samuel was in the 15th Light Dragoons (now 15th Hussars), as in 1799 they were engaged in the same battles, although the 18th Dragoons (now 18th Hussars) had a part of their regiment employed.

The words on the jug, starting from the right-hand side of the handle, are as follows:—

"Fairwell my Loving Brothers
For I hear the Cannons rattle
You see the French have form'd
The bloody line of battle
And when that you attack them
Your broad swords let them sway
And I hope our British Soldiers
Will allways win the day"

Bel v this-

Good Entertainment for Man and Horse

A
Punch Bowl
with ladle.
Crossed pipes below.

Above the Inn Sign, below spout of jug—
"the three Jolly Boosers"

And on the left of handle-

Dissingtons, three loving
Brothers, mett in Holland,
At the three Jolly Boosers,
At Elden and drank
There Old Fathers
Health.

Mr. R. P. Price, of Shrewsbury, gave me the jug in 1901.

The historical information has been obtained from Major Archer's *The British Army*, Grant's *British Battles on Land and Sea*, and from the Royal United Service Institution.—HERBERT R. H. SOUTHAM.

THAT modern master of mezzotint engraving, Mr. H. Scott Bridgwater, has completed a magnificent plate, after Sir Thomas Lawrence's A New portrait of Miss Thornton, which is Mezzotint being published by Messrs. Vicars After Lawrence Brothers, the Bond Street art dealers. Mr. Bridgwater's name is sufficient guarantee for the quality of the work, which in velvety richness of texture bears comparison with the best mezzotints of the golden days of this craft; whilst nothing of the master's spirit of brushwork has been lost in the process of translation into black and white. The size of the plate, which is published at eight guineas, is 171 in, by 14 in., and the edition is strictly limited No other state will to three hundred artist's proofs. be issued, and the plate is to be destroyed.

The group illustrated on p. 264 was bought a few years ago at a country sale of household furniture, where there was absolutely nothing else to look at, and one wonders greatly at the history which stranded it there.

There was quite a buzz of excitement when it was knocked down for the extraordinary (!) price of £,8 10s.

The subject is the marriage of Eros and Psyche. Hera is shown in a cloud with her peacock, and bearing a torch with which she has lighted the fire on the hymeneal altar. The cupids and doves of Aphrodite, now idle, are taking a back seat.

It stands fully 12 inches high without the stand, and is cast in three pieces, one of which has the number of the mould (2449) impressed. As the photograph shows, the grouping and pose of the figures is exceptionally fine, and the modelling very



OLD DRESDEN GROUP

EROS AND PSYCHE

delicate, proving it to belong to one of the best periods. It was in the owner's possession a considerable time before he discovered the "cross swords" mark, which is very faint—a discovery that is always a great joy to a collector.

Amongst the many fine examples of the work of the masters of the Dutch school contained in the famous Kann Collection, the charming subject, Young Girl Asleep, by Jan Vermeer, of Delft, which we reproduce as a frontispiece to the present number, is especially notable. Vermeer was a master of the art of rendering light, and of showing it entering and diffusing itself in interiors, of revealing its slightest reflections in the darkest corners. He achieved supreme perfection in the treatment of small subjects, and his works are now most eagerly coveted and highly prized.

The example which we reproduce is one of the rare examples of Vermeer of Delft, in which the figures are relatively large in size. Thanks to a minute observation of the effect of light entering the

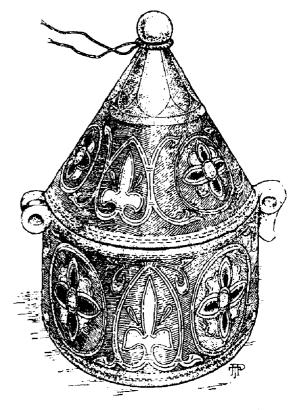
two rooms, and to a piquant combination of olours, notably in the Persian rug of the foregrous d, the artist has evolved a masterpiece of colour from this simple motive.

The picture, which has been engraved by Courtry, appeared in the Vermeer sale at Amsterdam in 1696, and again in the dispersal of the John W. Wilson collection in Paris in 1881.

THE little circular metal boxes with conical tops, known as "ciboria" or "custodes," are still to be

An Enamelled Ciborium found in some numbers in the treasuries of French and German churches: but from their sacred use have seldom, although occasionally, drifted into

museums or private collections. They were very common during the twelfth, thirteenth, and fourteenth centuries, but fell into desuctude after then, from a change of ritual arrangements. They are generally of the shape of our specimen, standing about 4 inches in height, executed in Champlevé enamel on a copper base. The example we give is now in the Treasury of Sens Cathedral, No. 78 in the long list of works of art deposited there. It is of Limoges manufacture of the thirteenth century; the background is of blue, with flowers of a deeper blue, white, pink and yellow, and the portions of the copper not covered by the enamel are gilt.



CIBORIUM, SENS CATHEDRAL, FRANCE





Engraved by R. Havell



<u>(4)</u>

The Virgin and Child, St. John the Baptist, and an Angel, which we reproduce in colours in the present number, is from a copy of the painting by Botticelli in the National Our Plates Gallery by Miss Agnes Rupert Jones.

This picture appears to have originally belonged to the celebrated architect Guiliano da San Gallo; his name, in the manner and orthography of the sixteenth century, is written on the back-M. Guiliano da San Gallo. In the last century it was the property of the Abate Carlo Bianconi, Secretary of the Academy of Arts at Milan, who died in 1802, when the picture passed into the possession of Professor Gio. Giuseppe Bianconi, of Bologna, from whom it was purchased for the National Collection in October, 1855.

Amongst the many pupils who studied the art of stipple engraving under Bartolozzi, few achieved greater fame than Charles Knight, the engraver of the plate Run Away Love, after Stothard, reproduced in the present number.

Many of the plates which bear Bartolozzi's signature are, there is little doubt, the work of Knight, and the samous Miss Farren plate published by Jeffreys, and signed by Bartolozzi, undoubtedly contains a considerable amount of Knight's work. He engraved after Bunbury, Kauffman, Wheatley, Stothard, Hoppner, and Reynolds, to mention only a few, and for many of his plates high prices are now realised. perhaps, most successful with the works of Stothard, his plates after this master showing how well he understood Stothard's moods.

Thomas Stothard, the painter, who was born in 1755, at an early age made drawings for the Town and Country Magazine, and becoming known was soon employed on the British Poets, the Novelist's Magazine, etc. While on this work he met Flaxman, who became one of his closest friends. A student of the Royal Academy in 1778, he became Associate in 1785, and full Academician in 1794. It is said that Stothard made over five thousand designs for books, of which over three thousand were used. He died in 1834. There are several examples of his work at the National Gallery and South Kensington.

We also reproduce Sir Joshua Reynolds's portrait of Countess Spencer from the collection at Chatsworth, by permission of the Duke of Devonshire; La Toilette de Verres, by J. A. L'Eveillé, after Huet; and another of our series of sporting prints, The Devonport Mail mar imesbury, by R. Havell, after H. Alken.

TH Catalogue of Chinese Porcelain with Coats of Arms we noticed in our November issue is a catalogue of the Collection of Mr. Frederick Arthur Armor : Crisp, of Broadhurst, Godalming, and China the Coats of Arms are of British families only. The book has been printed at Mr. Crisp's own press, the Grove Park Press, 270, Walworth Road, S.E.

Books Received

Wit and Imagination of Benjamin Disraeli: Vignettes from Oliver Goldsmith: The Fancy and Humour of Charles Lamb, by George Sampson, 1s. 6d. net each; Josiah Wedgwood, by A. H. Church, F.S.A.; The Kuined Abbeys of Yorkshire, by W. C. Lefroy, F.S.A., 2s. net each; Of the Imitation of Christ, by Thomas à Kempis; Cambridge, by J. W. Clark, M.A., 6s. net each; English Society of the 18th Century in Contemporary Art, by Randall Davies, F.S.A., 7s. net. (Seeley & Co.) Randall Davies, F.S.A., 7s. net. (Seeley & Co.)

Leonardo da Vinci, by Edward McCurdy, M.A.; Giorgione, by Herbert Cook, M.A., F.S.A.; Hans Memline, by W. H. James Weale; Jacopo Robusti, called Tintoretto, by J. B. Stoughton Holborn, B.A., F.R.G.S., 3s. cd. net each; The Peter Van Picture Book, by Alice B. Woodward and Daniel O'Connor, 5s. net; How to Collect Postage Stamps, by Bertram T. K. Smith, 6s. net; George Morland, by G. C. Williamson, 7s. 6d. net; Charles Turner, Engraver, by Alfred Whitman, 31s. 6d. net; Rubens (Bell's Miniature Series of Painters), by Hope Rea, 1s. net. (G. Bell & Sons.)

Every Child's Library: One for Wod and One for Lok; The Old Old Myths of Greece and Rome; Sigurd, the Dragon-Slayer; The Seven Champions of Christendom, by Thos. Cartwright, 18. 6d. net each. (W. Heinemann.)

Greuze, by Alys Eyre Macklin, 1s. 6d. net; Botticelli, by Henry B. Binns, 1s. 6d. net; Konney; Turner, by C. Lewis Hind, 1s. 6d. net each; Knights of Art: Stories of the Italian Painters, by Amy Steedman, illustrated by Mary Steedman, 6s. net. (T. C. & E. C. Jack.)

The Christ Face in Art, by James Burns, 6s. net; Pre-Raphaelite Brotherhood, by Ford Maddox Hueffer, 7s. 6d.; Eugene Delacroix, by D. Bussy, 5s. net; Rembrandt, by G. Baldwin Brown, M.A., 7s. 6d. net. (Duckworth & Co.)

The Bumbeltoes, by M. and G. Sovierby, 1s. 6d. net; Childhood,

by M. and G. Sowerby, 3s. 6d. net; Women of Florence, by Isidoro del Lungo, 7s. 6d. net; (Chatto & Windus.)

Venice: The Golden Age. 2 vols., by Pompeo Molmenti, translated by Horatio F. Brown, 21s. net; Pillow Lace, by Elizabeth Mincoff, Ph.D., and Margaret S. Marriage, M.A., illustrated by Ernest Marriage, 15s. net; The Frescoes in the Sixtine Chapel, by Evelyn March Phillips, 2s. 6d. net. (John Murray.)

Constable, by Herbert W. Tompkins, 2s. 6d. net; Trees in Nature, Constable, by Herbert W. Tompkins, 2s. 6d. net; Trees in Nature, Myth and Art, by]. Ernest Phythian, 6s. (Methuen & Co.) The Nature Poems of George Meredith, illustrated by Wm. Hyde, 12s. net; The Story of a Reautiful Duchess, by Horace Bleackley, 21s. net. (A. Constable & Co.) Gleanings after Time, by G. L. Apperson, I.S.O.; Cremorne and the later London Gardens, by Warwick Wroth, 6s. net each. (Elliot Stock.)

The House Beautiful and Useful, by J. Elder-Duncan, 5s. net. (Cassell & Co.)

Random Recollections of Hampstead, by G. W. Potter, 2s. 6d. (Eyre & Spottiswoode.)

The Keramic Gallery, by Wm. Chaffers, revised by H. M. Cundall, I.S.O., F.S.A., 35s. net. (Gibbings & Co.)
The Postage Stamps of Sarawak, by F. J. Melville, 1s. net. (Chas. Nissen & Co.)

Illustrated History of Furniture, by Fred. Litchfield, 15s. net.

(Truslove & Hanson, Ltd.)

Napoleon and the Invasion of England, 2 vols., by A. M. Broadley, 32s. net. (John Lane.)

Old Spanish Masters, engraved by Timothy Cole and notes by Charles II. Caffin, 31s. 6d. net. (Macmillan & Co.)

The Book of Fair Women, by Federigo Luigino of Udine, 6s. net. (T. Werner Laurie.)

The Reliquary and Illustrated Archeologist, October, edited by Rev. J. Charles Cox, LL.D., F.S.A., 28. 6d. (Bemrose & Sons.)

Art and Architecture, July and August. (W. Brooks & Co.) The Ingoldshy Legends, illustrated by Arthur Rackham, A.R.W.S., 15s. net. (J. M. Dent & Co.)
The Collector's Manual, by N. Hudson Moore, 25s. net.

(Chapman & Hall.)

Pictorial Post Cards of Banners of Knights of the Garter.
(Sutton, Sharpe & Co.)

A Bachelor Girl in Burmah, by G. E. Mitton, 6s. net. (A. & C. Black.) Enamelling, by Lewis F. Day, 7s. 6d. net. (B. T. Batsford.)

Notes and Queries

[The Editor invites the assistance of readers of THE Connoisseur who may be able to impart the information required by Correspondents.]

> "OLIVER CROMWELL'S SNUFF-BOX." To the Editor of THE CONNOISSEUR.

SIR,—Seeing in the October Connoisseur that you give an illustration of Oliver Cromwell's snuffbox, I have had a photograph taken of one which has been in the possession of my family for generations. We derived it from George Betties, who was born in the Eastern Counties in 1742. Until last year we had no knowledge of Nath. Kinderly's personality,

but then heard that the antiquarians of Chester had searched in likely and unlikely places for some trace of his history, and nothing was discovered relating to him until this snuff-box. It appears that he was the engineer who altered the course of the river Dee, and to him, his heirs and assigns for ever, was granted the sole right to all lands reclaimed from the Dee. How a man who played such an important part in the City of Chester in 1732-40 could have disappeared in this manner is astonishing! I have been told that he also was concerned in draining the Fens, and as the above George Betties was descended from

Oliver Cromwell, "The Lord of the Fens," it points to a possible clue in that direction. If you would kindly make room for the enclosed photo and this query, some of your readers might give the information so much desired by the antiquarians of Chester.

The snuff-box is ivory, with silver hinges and silver rim round the base with inscription. It is nearly 21 inches high. (MISS) E. F. WILLIAMS.

A MISSING RAPHAEL.

To the Editor of THE CONNOISSEUR.

DEAR SIR,-Could you by the aid of your Magazine find out for me where Raphael's picture entitled The Madonna with a Pink or Carnation is?

In the Art Journal of July, 1860, a small woodcut

of it is given. At that time it was known to be in a small private collection at Rome.

On consulting one of Bell's handbooks of art on Raphael it is given as missing. I should be very pleased if any of your contributors could inform me of its whereabouts at the present time.

> Yours faithfully, FRANK G. CHAPPLE.

NAPOLEON'S BEE.

To the Editor of THE CONNOISSEUR.

SIR,—Although the bee was seldom, perhaps never, actually an object of adoration, it finds its place in the symbolism, and amongst the super-

> stitions, of all times and countries.

> Bees are found amongst the hieroglyphs of Egypt, the symbol of Royalty being, according to Horapallo, a sceptre followed by a bee, denoting the people obedient to a king.

> It may have been in the same sense that it was adopted as a badge by the ancient Kings of France, as, for instance, by Childeric, at the opening of whose tomb in St. Denis over 300 golden bees, which had formed the decoration of his robe, were found, whilst it is known that Louis XII, and Henri IV. sometimes used these emblems instead of fleurs-de-lys. Upon

this it is conjectured that the fleur-de-lys was a corruption of the figure of a bee.

The great Napoleon, who, while changing the established order of things, never missed an opportunity of showing that he knew full well the value attaching to the prestige of antiquity, replaced the dishonoured fleur-de-lys by the imperial and more ancient badge of the bee, and his coronation robe, probably in imitation of that of Childeric, was semé with golden bees. J. A. UNETT.

THE HOOKAH VASE.

MISS WILLIAMS calls our attention to the feet that we misread her handwriting in the note on the vase which appeared in the last number. It should read "Hookah," not "Hooket."



NATH, KINDERLY'S SNUFF-BOX-

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS

Announcement

READERS of THE CONNOISSEUR are entitled to the privilege of an answer gratis in these columns on any subject of interest to the collector of antique curios and works of art; and an enquiry coupon for this purpose will be found placed in the advertisement pages of every issue. Objects of this nature may also be sent to us for authentication and appraisement, in which case, however, a small fee is charged, and the information given privately by letter. Valuable objects will be insured by us against all risks whilst on our premises, and it is therefore desirable to make all arrangements with us before forwarding. (See coupon for full particulars.)

Bank Note.—10,426 (Enfield).—Your note is of no commercial value. It is simply a suggested form for Messis. Simpson, Chapman & Co., Whitby, who started business a little before the year 1783. A full account of the bank, and copies of the notes they issued, will be found in Maberly Phillips' History of Banks, Bankers, and Banking in North Durham and North Yorkshire.

Books. — "Master Humphrey's Clock," by Charles Dickens, 1840.—9,959 (Shooters' Hill).—If your copy of Master Humphrey's Clock is in a single bound volume, its value is not more than £1 or 30s. In the original parts it would fetch £2 or £3.

Books on European Arms. -9,987 (Budge Row). - Arms and Armour, both English and European, are generally treated in the same work, and we are afraid we cannot refer you to any separate book on European arms. Any of the following works would contain information on the subject: Boutell's Arms and Armour, Demmin's Arms and Armour, Sir R. Binton's Book of the Sword, Egerton Castle's Schools and Masters of Fence, F. G. Laking's Catalogue of the Armoury at Malta.

"Antiquities of England and Wales," by Francis Grose, 1784, 7 vols -9,895 (Cardiff).—If your volumes are in good binding, the complete work should realise about

£2 25.

"Shakespeare's Works and Plays."—9,896 (Tonbridge).—Your edition is not likely to be of great value. We must know the date to give a definite opinion.

Guide Book to Glastonbury, 1810.—9,806 (Weston-

super-Mare).—Your book is only of trifling value.
"Il Pastor Fido del Cavalier Battista Guarini," 1659. -9,908 (Dalston). - The work you describe would fetch a very small sum in a London saleroom.

Cruikshank's Engravings, 2 vols.—9,981 (Midhurst). -You do not say whether the engravings in your volumes are coloured. About £2 2s. would be an average value.

"Don Quixote," 1819, 4 vols., calf.—9,907 (Becken-

ham).—Your copy is worth about £3 3s.

D. kens' Works. — 9,997 (Melton Mowbray). — First editions of Dickens' works, unless in the original parts, are not in great demand just now. Martin Chucelewit, 1844, in calf, and Dombey and Son, 1848, half calf, would bring about 15s. ach; Nicholas Nickleby, 1839, and David Copperfield, 185c half calf, 20s. each; and Our Mutual Friend, 1865, half oth, and Oliver Twist, 1839, cloth, 10s. 6d. each. With regar to the other books: Thackeray's Newcomes, 1854, 2 vols., half if, is worth about 21s., and Anthony Trollope's Can you Forg & Her? 1865, 2 vols., red cloth, 15s., while Boswell's John 1, 1839, being imperfect would not have greater value than , Os.

Book of Designs, by Michael Angelo Pergolesi.—9,991 (High Wycombe).—This is a valuable book, but we

ust now the number of plates to give a definite opinion.

"Hunting Sketches," by S. Bowers.—9,975 (Birchgron) ington).—Your book is only worth a few shillings.

"Cours D'Architecture," par Pierre Jean Mariette, 1750.—9,906 (Bayswater).—This work has no great selling

Engravings.—"Sancho," after Beuf, by C. Turner.—9,881 (Kedlington).—If a good impression, your colour-print of Sir John Shelley's pointer should be worth £5

"Mrs. Siddons and Son in the Tragedy of Isabella."—9,927 (Hetton-le-Hole).—Your print is not of much

interest, and its value does not exceed 10s. or 15s.

Etchings by Guido Reni. — 9,851 (Bromley).—The etchings you describe are of little value.

"Fox Hunting," by J. Seymour.—9,981 (Biddulph

Moor).—If your prints are old impressions, about 14 in. by 10 in., they are worth about £1 each.

"The Expulsion," by F. K. Sexton, after J. Sant.
—10,000 (Albany, N.Y.).—This is one of the prints for which

there is no demand at the present time, and its commercial

value is, therefore, not more than a few shillings.
"George IV." after Sir T. Lawrence, by W.

Finden.—10,114 (Margate).—The value of your engraving is not more than 8s. or 10s.
"Delia in Town" and "Delia in the Country," after G. Morland, by J. R. Smith.—10,059 (Nunhead). -It is impossible to value your coloured prints without seeing them. If they are fine old impressions, they might realise as much as £200 under the hammer; but there are many facsimile

reproductions about which are almost worthless,

"Fighting Téméraire," by Turner.—10,098 (Ipswich).

—The value of this print is approximately between £10 and £12, according to state. Ancient and Modern Italy is worth roughly about £4 to £5. The present is a very good time

for sale.
"The Neophyte," by Doré.—10,057 (Old Cumnock).— The value of your engraving does not exceed a few shillings.
"The Best Shelter," etc.—10,300 (Lewisham).—Your

prints are worth only a few shillings apiece.

"London Cries."—10,009 (Leeds).—The prints you

describe are not the valuable London Cries after Wheatley, and they are worth but a few shillings.
"Rebekah sees the Approach of Abraham," after

A. Elmore, by F. Holl.—10,022 (East Twickenham).-Engravings of this class have very little value at the present

time, there being no demand for them.

"Hibernia in a Jig," and "Un Minuet à L'Anglaise," after Adam Buck.—10,050 (Sherborne).—Your prints, having the titles cut off, are not worth more than from 15s. to 25s. each. Without this defect, their value would be at least double this sum.

Objets d'Art.—Wax Miniature.—9,947 (Truro). -As a general rule, wax miniatures do not fetch any big sum. They must have a special interest to make them valuable.

Gold Ring, etc. -9,815 (Bury St. Edmunds). - If you do not wish to send the articles you mention for a written valuation, send us sketches and full particulars, and we will endeavour to reply in these columns.

Cloisonné Jars. - 9,972 (Chester). - As far as we can judge from the photographs you send, we should say your Cloisonné jars were modern Japanese, of no collector's interest. The value

of a pair of these modern jars is about 50s.

Bronze Bowl.—9,933 (Brighton).—The bowl, inscribed Wolverhampton, and date 1671, is probably bronze. Though not of very great monetary value, it should be of local interest. You might offer it to Mr. A. C. C. Jahn, the Curator of the Manifest A. C. C. Bann, the Curator of the Manifest A. C. C. Bann, the Curator of the Manifest A. C. C. Bann, the Curator of the Manifest A. C. C. Bann, the Curator of the Manifest A. C. C. Bann, the Curator of the Manifest A. C. C. Bann, the Curator of the Manifest A. C. C. Bann, the Curator of the Carlon and Manifest A. C. C. Bann, the Carlon and Carlon

Municipal Art Gallery and Museum, Wolverhampton. The bowl is worth about £4 or £5.

Coffee Urn.—9,868 (Bedford).—We cannot tell from a photograph whether your coffee urn is Sheffield plate or electroplated. Even if the former, however, its style proclaims it to be of late period, and its value would not exceed £2. silver medal, mounted as a brooch, of which you send rubbing, is a fairly common private medal, issued by the well-known antiquary, Peter Mulman. In bronze it is worth about 1s., in silver about 6s. Kirby Hall is in Essex.

Marble Statue .- 9,900 (Willesden) .- From the style, your statue is apparently the work of an English sculptor of the last

fifty years. It must be seen to be valued.

Enamel Boxes. — 9,968 (Merwara). — Your photograph shows about sixty enamel boxes, but they are not of sufficient size and detail to enable us to judge individual values. They seem to be mostly of Bilston and Battersea enamel, with varying values from 15s, to £4 or £5 each. The two plaques appear to be Persian, of the 17th century, and, although damaged, they should be worth from £12 to £15.

 $m{Pewter.} =$ 9,804 (Bedford Park). = The plates and dishes, of which you send rubbings, are by makers of about the Both Smith and Withers were members of the Pewterers' Company at about that date, so that your plates and dishes cannot have any connection with James II., who died fifty years before. The giving of hall-marked pewter in exchange for confiscated silver is a fable entirely without foundation. See reply to No. 5,594 (Highgate) in THE CONNOISSEUR, Your plates are worth about 5s. each, and dishes from 10s. to 30s. each, according to design. The best text books on pewter are Masse's Pewter Plate, 15s. (Bell); and Bell's Old Pewter, 10s. 6d. (Newnes).

Pictures.—"The Holy Family, with St. John." 9,911 (Crediton).-Your painting is evidently not the work of Sir Joshua Reynolds, and from the photograph you send we should think it of little importance.

Spots on Drawing. -9,986 (Birmingham). - The spots appearing upon your water-colour drawing are undoubtedly caused by dampness. That they have not appeared before is of no consequence whatever. Under certain conditions, such spots are likely to come upon quite modern drawings, although they are more often found upon drawings which have been mounted and framed for many years. They are produced be certain chemical changes, and considerable skill is necessary to remove them. The best plan would be to send the drawing to a good restorer.

Rathbone.-II. H. D. (Malvern).-We do not know of any book on Rathbone, and we do not think one has been issued.

He was quite an unimportant painter,

Jan Van Eyck. -9,922 (Teddington).—It is impossible to gauge the value of your six paintings, even approximately, unless we see them. If they are genuine, they are certainly of very considerable interest, and we should advise you to send them. Packed between boards, with plenty of tissue paper between each, they should come quite safely by registered post, as they are quite small.

Pottery and Porcelain.—Crown Derby Mugs.—9,823 (Clifton, Bristol).—The mugs you describe are evidently old Crown Derby. If perfect, they should realise £2 or £3 each at a London autition sale.

Chelsea Figure.—9,863 (Churchdown).—Your figure of Pointagia and the limits are about the Bristol, but Chelsea.

Britannia and the lion is probably not Bristol, but Chelsea. If so, and it is in good condition, it is worth about £12 to £15.

Chelsea Figures. - 9,849 (Gravesend). - If your figures of a tailor and his wife are genuine Chelsea, their value is about

Liz.
Posset Cup. -9,969 (Paddington). - In the photograph you Spanish piece of no value beyond a few shillings.

Minton Vase and Figures. -9,941 (Market Harborough). -Early Minton of fine quality is beginning to be collected, but it has not yet acquired a special value. Your vase and figures are worth, at present prices, about £9 or £10.

HERALDIC CORRESPONDENCE

CONDUCTED BY A. MEREDYTH BURKE

1,218 (Newhaven, Conn.).—It is probably Alice, daughtern Duvall, died in 1709. The son and heir, Robert Villiers, Sir Edward Apsley, of Thakeham, Co. Sussex, and widow falias Danvers, assumed the title of Viscount Purbeck, and his of Sir Edward Apsley, of Thakeham, Co. Sussex, and widow of Sir John Boteler, of Teston in Kent, who is referred to as "Lady Fenwick, the wife of the first Governor of Connecticut," and whose remains are said to have been recovered at Old Saybrook in 1870. Lady Boteler married secondly George Fenwick (son of George Fenwick, of Brinkburn, Northumberland), whom she accompanied to New England. Fenwick took an active part in the colonization of Connecticut, as representative of the patentees, and, settling there with his wife and family in 1639, became Governor of the Fort of Saybrook. Returning to England after her death, he sat in the Long Parliament for Morpeth, and in 1648 was appointed one of the commissioners for the trial of Charles L, but refused to act. He married secondly, Catherine, eldest daughter of Sir Arthur Hesilrigg, and died 15 March, 1656/7.

1,225 (London).—Elizabeth, eldest surviving daughter of Sir John Danvers, the regicide, appears to have styled herself Viscountess Purbeck after the death of her first husband, Robert Villiers, whose right to the Viscountcy was the subject of much controversy in the reign of Charles II. Sir John Villiers, elder brother of George, Duke of Buckingham, was in 1619 created Baron Stoke in the Co. of Bucks, and Viscount Purbeck of the Co. Dorset. He married as his first wife in 1617 Frances, daughter of Sir Edward Coke, Lord Chief Justice of England; but in 1621 this lady eloped with Sir Robert Howard, and, having given birth to a son in 1624, was fined and imprisoned. The son, Robert, married 23 Nov., 1648, Elizabeth, second daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Danvers, one of the regicides. After the death of his father-in-law in 1655, Robert Villiers assumed the name of Danvers, and, although he had been associated with Lord Purbeck as son and heir apparent in the sale of some lands, on the Viscount's death he disclaimed the title, and, having been elected member for Westbury in 1659, the following year levied a fine of all his peerage dignities with a view to their extinction. His death took place about 1675, and his widow, who married secondly Colonel John

petition was referred to the House of Lords, but it was opposed because of the fine levied by his father, and also on account of the latter's illegitimacy. In 1678 a decision was given against the validity of the fine, and as to illegitimacy it was proposed that a bill should be brought in to debar the claim to the title. No further steps, however, seem to have been taken, and no summons was ever issued to him or his descendants, though the titles continued to be assumed (or claimed) until the extinction of this family in 1774.

1,232 (London).—There does not appear to be any authoritative explanation on record for Napoleon's adoption of the bees as his emblem. The late William Ewart, however, replying to an inquiry on this subject in "Notes and Queries," in 1853. asserted, on the personal authority of Augustin Thierry, the celebrated historian, that "the small ornaments resembling bees found in the tomb of Childeric, were only what in French are called 'fleurons,' supposed to have been attached to the harness of his war-horse. Handfuls of them were found when the tomb was opened at Tournay, and sent to Louis XIV. They were deposited on a green ground at Versailles. Napoleon, wishing to have some regal emblem more ancient than the fleur-de-lys, adopted the fleurons as bees, and the green ground as the original Merovingian colour."

1,239 (Guernsey).—The Arms on the sketch are not Riglish, and probably represent those of a French Archbishop, who is also a Primate or Legate, of the seventeenth or eighteenth censury-

1,245 (Middlesborough).—The drawing is a copy of tl. Arms borne by Sir Robert Peel, whose baronetcy was created 1800; the description of them is: "Argent three sheaves of ? arrows proper two and one banded gules, on a chief azi a hee volant or." The Crest (omitted in the sketch) is: "A dimilion rampant argent gorged with a collar azure charged with three bezants holding between the paws a shuttle or." Motto: I sustria.



JUDGING from all accounts, the new season which commenced on October 3rd, and, following the ordinary



course, will close with the last days of July next year, promises to be both busy and important. Several very large libraries of exceptional interest are likely to come into the sale rooms, and should they do so, some more records will un-

questionably be broken, since they are known to contain many books which are all the rage just now. These collections may, as sometimes happens, be sold in the interim by private contract, and therefore it is not wise to be sure about anything; but as matters at present stand the outlook is distinctly encouraging from the point of view of the well-to-do collector, whose loudest complaint generally is that though money be plentiful and ready, the opportunity of spending it on the books he craves for is too frequently wanting. These consist for the most part of Shakespeareana, Americana, the early English classics generally, and examples of antique typography. All these classes, amongst others, have lately "triumphed," as it is said, exceedingly, thanks to the unlimited commissions which have arrived from the United States, nor is there the slightest sign of their being less esteemed in the future.

The ordinary bookman, however, fails to see much "trimingh," or, indeed, matter for congratulation at all, in record prices which are themselves likely to be broken at any moment. He prefers to frequent the quieter paths of everprise, and is happy in the knowledge that books, and sod books too, have not been so cheap for ten year: past as they are now. Very high prices lavished in one department of literature have the effect of reducing prices correspondingly in another. This has been noticed for years past, and every sale which takes place as, in one of its aspects, but an incident in a never inding game of see-saw, in which the player at the leaver level has an excellent chance of bettering himse. It is hardly fair, perhaps, to select the first

sale of the season for such an illustrative purpose as this, but, generally speaking, it is useful as emphasising the position we have taken up. It was held by Messrs. Puttick & Simpson on the 3rd and 4th of October, and was essentially a collector's sale. A very little money went a long way. Some 650 lots of books realised less than £500, and many of these books were really good of their kind, though not in much favour at the present time. Furthermore, this and several later sales show the probable trend of events, and are worth considering in that respect, provided the conclusions derived from them are not pushed too far.

At Messrs. Puttick & Simpson's a number of the Historical Monographs published by Goupil were disposed of at prices which show a decline all through the list. We do not speak now of copies upon Japanese vellum, but of the ordinary issue; each with its coloured frontispiece and photogravure plates, in a paper wrapper as published. This time last year Bishop Mandell Creighton's Queen Elizabeth, 1896, stood at £14 15s.; this price has now fallen to £11, and, speaking generally, the rest of the biographies in this series show a proportionate decline, which, though not very pronounced, is yet noticeable. Sir John Skelton's Mary Stuart, 1898, now stands at 38s., and the same author's Charles the First, 1898, at 21s.; Dr. Gardiner's Oliver Cromwell, 1899, also stands at a guinea, and so do Mr. Osmund Airy's Charles the Second, 1901; Mr. T. F. Henderson's James I. and VI., 1904; and Pierre de Nolhac's Marie Antoinette la Reine, 1898. A similar copy of Mr. Andrew Lang's Prince Charles Edward, 1900, realised 23s. Many other books of which these are representative will probably be found in a similar position when we come across them. Their tendency just now is to decline in value, and that is a pity, for their artistic interest is great. On the other hand, rare and curious specimens of binding are far more expensive than they used to be. A small 8vo Bible, dated 1635, in an old needlework binding worked in silver wire with Tudor roses and birds, sold for £18.' We are glad to see that the cataloguer did not describe this as being by "The Nuns of Little Gidding," for there is no authority whatever for the belief that these ascetics ever worked embroidered bindings. The Fancy, or True

Sportsman's Guide, 2 vols., 8vo, 1826, containing a coloured title and portraits of pugilists, belongs to a class of books about which no fears need be entertained. The copy sold on this occasion realised £5 15s. (calf), and would have brought more had not the question arisen whether it should or should not contain a portrait of Daniel Mendoza. The better opinion is that one was never issued, and it was certainly not to be found in this copy. Other books of a desirable kind sold by Messrs. Puttick & Simpson about this time, though not at this sale, included Sir William Congreve's Rocket System, n.d., oblong folio, £7 7s. (old calf), and Clayton's Costumes of the First or Grenadier Regiment of Guards, 1854, oblong folio, £15 10s. (calf).

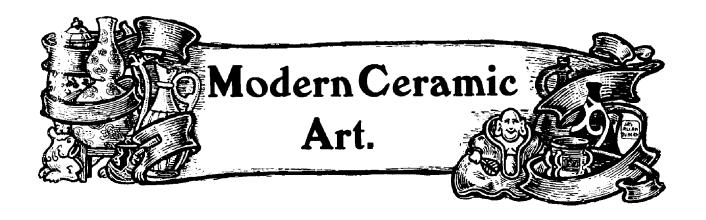
Messrs. Hodgson's sale of October 8th and three following days was also of a miscellaneous character, but the catalogue was much more extensive, and the prices realised rather higher, all things considered. The first seven series and eight volumes of the eighth series of Notes and Queries, in all 92 vols. in 46, with indexes to the eight series, together 54 vols., 1849-98, sold for £16 (half calf); the "Edinburgh edition" of the Waverley Novels, 48 vols., 1901-3, for £7 15s. (buckram, uncut); the "Pentland edition" of R. L. Stevenson's works, 20 vols., 1906-7, for £7 12s. 6d. (buckram, uncut); and the Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society from 1852 to 1896, not consecutive, in all 80 vols., for £26 (half calf and publisher's cloth). Many other works often met with, and therefore worthy of passing attention if only for purposes of comparison, realised satisfactory prices.

The following may be specially noted: Les Métamorphoses d'Ovide, illustrated by Eisen, Moreau, and others, 4 vols., Paris, 1767-71, 4to, £15 10s. (old French calf); Mrs. Frankau's John Raphael Smith, His Life and Works, 50 plates in colours and monochrome, with the 8vo volume of text, 1902, £13 (buckram, t.e.g.); the same author's William and James Ward, plates in colours and monochrome, with the 8vo volume of text, 1904, £8 10s. (original cloth); Malton's View of Dublin, 1794, oblong folio, £5 15s. (half calf); the first edition of Lamb's Tales from Shakespeare, containing 20 plates by Blake, 2 vols., small 8vo, 1807, £19 (half calf); and the same author's Last Essays of Elia, first edition, 1833, £7 10s. (cloth, uncut). It may also be observed that Pliny's Historia Naturalis, printed by Jenson at Venice in 1472, folio, realised £16 (old vellum).

Messrs. Hodgson's sale commencing on the 16th of October contained a number of works on natural history, e.g., a complete set of the Transactions of the London Entomological Society from the commencement in 1836 to 1905, together 25 volumes in half calf and boards, and 141 parts. This set, which was clean, and had all the title pages, realised £33. Gould's Trochilidæ, 6 vols., morocco extra, 1861-87, sold for £40; The Birds of Asia,

7 vols, for £36 (half morocco, gilt); The Man rals of Australia, 3 vols., 1863, for £32 (morocco extr.); The Birds of New Guinea, 5 vols. in 25 parts, 1875 88, for f,25 10s.; and Booth's Rough Notes on Birds, 3 vols. 1881-87, atlas 4to, for £18 10s. (half morocco). A complete set of The Folk-Lore Society's Publications in 60 vols., 8vo, 1878-1907, sold for £25 10s. (original cloth), and a complete set of the Tudor Translations. 40 vols., 1892-1905, for £25 (half buckram, uncut). It may also be mentioned for future reference, if needs be, that vols. 1 to 29 of the Library Edition of Ruskin's Works, as edited by Cook and Wedderburn, 1903-6. royal 8vo, realised £20 10s.; Rowlandson's Loyal Volunteers of London and Environs, with 87 plates coloured and heightened with gold and silver, n.d. (1799), £20 10s. (old russia); Temple's Wallace Collection at Hertford House, 2 vols. in 10 parts, on Japanese paper, 1902, folio, £14 5s.; the original subscription edition of Lodge's Portraits, 4 vols., folio, 1821-34, £21 10s. (morocco extra); and Didot's Greek Classics, 63 vols., Paris, 1845-80, £21 (half morocco). This was in every respect an excellent sale, really well catalogued, but few mistakes being observable, and those of a trifling character. The amount realised exceeded £1,600.

Few book sales take place during October, the season really not commencing till the month following, and as this year proved no exception to the rule, not much more remains to be said. On October 9th, and seven subsequent days, a collection of books belonging to Mr. W. Mullin was sold at Liverpool by Messrs. George R. Pollard & Co. The catalogue comprised rather more than 2,000 lots, and the prices realised were, on the whole, good, though the books themselves were of a useful rather than an unusual character. Other works which may be specially noted as having sold during the month of October at different rooms include Shelley's Queen Mab, the first edition of 1813, with the subsequently suppressed title-page and imprint on the last leaf, £100 (original boards, uncut, with label); Keats's Lamia, Isabella, and other Poems, 1820, £40 (original boards, uncut, with the half title); that very rare work known as Alken's Sporting Repository, 1822, 8vo, containing 19 coloured plates, £60 (half morocco, Gosden's copy); Combe's Wars of Wellington, 1819, 4to, £6 (original half morocco); another copy of the Loyal Volunteers (1799), £25 10s. (old calf, rebacked); the second volume of Gay's Fables, 1738, 4to, £11 5s. (half calf); Smollett's Peregrine Pickle, first edition, 4 vols., 1751, £5 5s. (old calf); Ackermann's Colleges of Winchester, Eton, and Westminster, 1816, royal 4to, £28 10s. (half morocco extra); and a collection of 23 volumes of J. H. Jesse's various works, all belonging to the original editions, and in cloth as issued, £42. Many of these book were sold by Messrs. Puttick & Simpson on Octob : 24th and following day.



Some Phases of Ceramic Art

One of the most flagrant symptoms of our insularity which strikes the Englishman who has spent some years on the Continent, long enough,



1.—PLAQUE, "THE DANCING HOURS." SCULPTURED GLASS CAMEO (19% IN. DIAM.). BY GEO. WOODALL. PRICE £000.

I mean, to see something of the home life of his fellow-men either in France, Germany, or Austria, is the indifference manifested by his average fellow-count: man for ceramic art. We have, of course, our great collectors, whose cabinets enshrine priceless treasures which few other private collections in the world an rival. But the collector inevitably tends to specialise. He digs his own groove and stays there. It may lead him to a state of mind in which he is a some sort hypnotised in the belief that his Crewn Derby or his Dresden sums up all the possibilities of the cunning of the potter's thumb, or, involved beyond recall in the partizanship of long-standin feud between the greater familles rose and verte, e may come to regard all contemporary

By a Dilettante.

development of ceramic art with the apathetic tolerance of a Rip van Winkle. The sympathies of the connoisseur are in any case very rarely catholic, and in the country the tastes of the collector of china who is genuinely a connoisseur are usually hedged by and confined to at most half a dozen historic marks.

There are, as well, our public collections, the Wallace Gallery and the South Kensington Museum, for example, which for their educational range are hardly to be surpassed by any country in the world. The average Englishman is content to gape at them open-mouthed, more especially when the value of some of the specimens is expressed in terms of hard cash. But he regards them as treasures in which he himself as a conscientious ratepayer can never afford to have more than an academic interest. The hypnotic spell

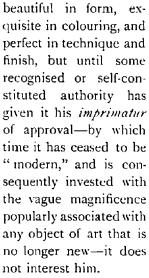


2.—PLAQUE, "DIANA AND ENDYMION" $(17\frac{1}{2}$ IN. DIAM.). BY GEO, WOODALL.

of the "mark" holds him. Unless a piece of china is authoritatively hall marked by text-books and self-educators, it has no meaning for him. It may be



3.—"PHYLLIS" (8 IN. BY $4\frac{1}{2}$ IN.). BY GEO. WOODALL.



The taboo is a matter for regret if only because in no other medium in which the



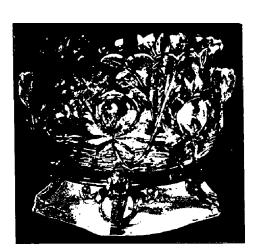
7.—" DIANA" (7 IN. BY $3\frac{1}{2}$ IN.). BY GEO. WOODALL.



4.—PANEL, "CALYPSO"
(124 IN. BY 9 IN.).
BY GEO. WOODALL



6.—PLAQUE, "APHRODITE" (134 IN. DIAM.). BY GEO, WOODALL.



8.—MAGNIFICENT ROCK CRYSTAL ROSE BOWL (8 IN. BY 10½ IN.). BY MESSRS. THOS. WEBB & SONS, LD



5.—" SIREN"
(8¾ IN. BY 4¼ IN.).
BY GEO, WOODALL.

artist expresses himself within the reach of the average wayfaring man are the æsthetic ideals and prejudices of contemporary life more faithfully and accurately reflected than in china or pottery. Take a Dresden china figure, and you have a chapter in the artistic taste of a generation and very often a good many pages of social history crystallised in six inches of modelled and painted clay. There are pieces of Wedgwoodthey are becoming valuable to-day-which to



9,—" HEBE "
(9\frac{1}{2} IN. BY 4\frac{1}{2} IN.
BY GEO, WOODA



10.—" SEA FOAM" (10 IN. BY $6\frac{1}{2}$ IN.). BY GEO. WOODALL.

my mind, both in their strength and in their limitations, summarise a good deal of the early Victorian era. Similarly, the story of the twentieth century is now leaving its impress on the clay on the potter's wheel—and it will be, no doubt, curious and tangled reading — but the prejudice of fetish-worship blinds us alike to the meaning and artistic value of it.

In the average British home one or two specimens of, say, stereotyped Worcester, or of something vaguely Oriental, stand for its occupants' appreciation of ceramic art, endorsed perhaps by a few outrages in majolica of sorts in the dining-room. Everything else is crockery, acquired with a sole eye to

its utility. In very few houses on the Continent whose tenants have reached a certain well-defined grade of education and culture does the visitor fail to find a few specimens of beautiful or interesting china, replicas often enough, but hardly the



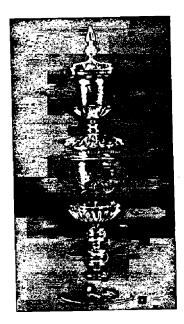
THE CHASE" (61 IN. BY 4 IN.). BY GEO. WOODALL.



II.—"THE ELGIN MARBLES," WHICH TOOK THE LATE MR. F. KNY NEARLY THREE YEARS TO COMPLETE. (SIZE ABOUT 14½ IN. BY 6 IN.)



14.—"IRIS" ($10\frac{3}{4}$ IN. BY $5\frac{1}{2}$ IN.), BY GEO. WOODALL.



12.—AN INTERESTING PIECE OF GLASS, DOUBLE GOBLET. 20 IN. BY $5\frac{1}{2}$ IN.

less beautiful or interesting for that, one or two quaint terracottas or bits of earthenware, scattered among the more cherished household gods. Their owners will confess without circumlocution that they are modern, and take delight unashamed in their

greater or less degree of artistic merit. They are always significant in that they go to show that ceramic art has entered into and become an integral factor in domestic life. To take an example nearer home. Go to one of the German or Austrian hostelries which are opening their doors all over London

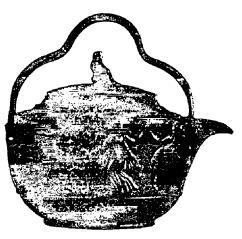
now. The probabilities are, that looking all round the room, you will see a bracket above the wainscote and on the shelf certain quaint effective bits of pottery and earthenware. They are not, as a rule, of any very outstanding value, but



15.—"THE CAPTIVE" ($6\frac{1}{2}$ IN. BY $4\frac{1}{4}$ IN.). BY GEO. WOODALL.



16.—"GRIFFIN" CANDLESTICK. BLACK BASALT WARE (12½ IN. BY 6-IN.), JOSIAH WEDGWOOD.



17.—" DANCING HOURS." BLACK BASALT WARE (8 IN. BY 8½ IN.).
JOSIAH WEDGWOOD.



18.—SPHYNX CANDLESTICK, BLACK BASALT WARE (8½ IN, BY 7 IN.). JOSIAH WEDGWOOD.

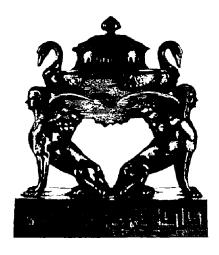
they seem to attract the eye and to interest the brain. In a native caravanseral of similar standing the only decorative relief attempted would probably be some plated bardware goods, severely utilitarian in purpose, and more or less ordinary in design.

If in this country we have comparatively few opportunities of studying the phases and development in contemporary ceramic art, the writer need plead no justification for calling attention to the exhibition now on view in the Wahliss galleries at 88, Oxford Street, because nowhere in London is a more representative collection to be seen under one roof and within four walls. That the galleries are an establishment conducted on straightforward lines by their proprietors for commercial ends does not to his mind detract either from their interest to the student or from their artistic value to the collector. There is nothing derogatory in visiting these galleries, not necessarily as a customer, but as a visitor who accepts the

courteous invitation of Messrs. Wahliss to inspect their showrooms as an exposition of ceramic art. He will accept the invitation in excellent company. On the Continent, at any rate, they have outgrown the foolish snobbishness which underlies any feeling of self-consciousness of this kind. When last I visited Messrs. Wahliss's famous galleries in Vienna, the King of Greece had spent several hours there the week before, and in the following week the King of Roumania and Carmen Sylva paid them a long visit. In fact, hardly a week passes without some member of the Imperial House of Austria spending an hour or so in looking over the latest additions to Messrs. Wahliss's exhibits. Even the venerable Emperor makes a point of paying them a visit at least once In Vienna, as in most other great cities of the Continent, galleries of this kind are the rendezvous of people interested in the art or craft of which they are the most convenient repository. If you are minded to make a purchase, you have every



19.—"WINE." BLACK BASALT WARE (15 IN. BY 8 IN.). JOSIAH WEDGWOOD.



20.—SPHYNX CENTREPIECE. BLACK BASALT WARE (17 IN. BY 13¾ IN.). JOSIAH WEDGWOOD.



21.—"WATER." BLACK BASAL WARE (15 IN. BY 8 IN.). JOSIAH WED NOOD.



22.—"BACCHANTE." BLACK BASALT WARE $(15\frac{1}{2} \text{ In. BY } 14\frac{1}{4} \text{ In.)}$. JOSIAH WEDGWOOD.

opportunity to do so; if you do not see anything you feel moved to buy, no obligation expressed or implied, not to speak of importunity, from the part of the staff forces any of the goods exhibited upon you. You are made welcome to inspect these galleries as you would visit any other art collection or museum to which you have the *entrée*.

The value of the Wahliss galleries to everyone interested in ceramic art is the remarkably representative and catholic character of the exhibition they present, more especially, perhaps, in the sphere of contemporary art. In the minds of most people the Wahliss galleries are, of course, associated with Imperial Vienna porcelain and some fine specimens of Dresden, and one or two other famous German factories. These, no doubt, still furnish a prominent feature of the exhibition, but by no means the



23.—" VESTAL LAMP." BLACK BASALT AND GOLD $(8\frac{1}{2}$ IN. BY 8 IN.). JOSIAH WEDGWOOD.

principal raison d'être of the galleries. Within the last few years their scope has been widened far beyond that. A new spirit of enterprise and of artistic ambition seems to have inspired the management in enlarging its borders. When I first knew the galleries British china and glass were entirely unre-But for the last two years they have had the finest show of Crown Derby, notably of the work of Leroy, I have seen anywhere outside of the Crown Derby works themselves, and remarkably fine collections of Wedgwood, Minton, Worcester, and of other famous British ware, every specimen chosen with the discrimination and judgment of an expert to illustrate the best characteristics of the This year the hospitality of genre it represents. the handsome galleries has again been extended to include specimens of the finest work of pretty well every country in Europe, which adds to the world's store of ceramic wealth, and the interpretation of their province has been liberal enough to include some very



24.—TRIPOD VASE.
BLACK BASALT AND
GOLD (9½ IN. BY 6 IN.).
JOSIAH WEDGWOOD.



25.—"ZODIAC" VASE. (11½ IN. BY 6 IN.). JOSIAH WEDGWOOD.



26.—"DANCING HOURS."
(12 IN. BY 7\frac{1}{2} IN.).
JOSIAH WEDGWOOD.



27.—CROWN DERBY VASE. FOND VERT. (6 IN. BY $3\frac{1}{2}$ IN.) BY LERGY.

five-storeyed building is full to overflowing, because, apart from objects of artistic interest, it is, of course, the business of the management to keep also a very large stock of goods of primarily utilitarian purposes, though — and this, perhaps, is where the col-

lector of ceramic art has the advantage of his brother enthusiast — there is no reason why even the most commonplace article should be divorced from some measure of artistic interest and significance. Crockery, simply because it is crockery — though, to judge from most British households, the statement may

sound heretical—need not of necessity be all that is ugly and banal. For a few pence it is possible to buy a pannikin or a bowl, which for its beauty of form and design is pleasant to the eye, or at any rate until someone breaks it, and still subserve the purpose for which it is designed no less efficiently than a vessel which is a gratuitous eyesore.

But it seems to be the further ambition of the management to make the Wahliss galleries a place where every notable product of contemporary ceramic art is represented by well-chosen characteristic specimens, so that anyone interested in any particular make need only go as far as Oxford Street to study and to satisfy his curiosity. If at the present moment they have not yet achieved this ambition in its entirety, the exhibition they have arranged this year marks a long step towards it.

Where the embarrassment of riches is so great, it

striking and interesting exhibits of glass and statuary. France, Germany, Hungary, Bohemia, and Denmark have all paid toll to the great house in Oxford Street, and it is therefore hardly surprising that from basement to attic the large



28.—VASE WITH COVER. FOND BLEU DU ROI. (5\frac{3}{4} IN. BY 4\frac{3}{4} IN.) BY LEROY. ROYAL CROWN DERBY.

would, of course, be impossible within the limits of my allotted space to deal with every interesting exhibit adequately. The catalogue raisons, of the Wahliss galleries would make a substantial volume. I shall therefore only draw attention to one or two striking novelties of this year's exhibition, and refer in passing to its more notable features. A visit to the galleries themselves will alone give the reader a just idea of the wealth of material they offer.

The contents of one section alone repay a visit,

The contents of one section alone repay a visit, for there Messrs. Wahliss display some truly magnificent specimens of glass, manufactured by Messrs. Thomas Webb & Sons, of Stourbridge, the famous firm of English glass-cutters, including the most representative collection of glass sculptures by George Woodall which has ever been placed before the British public. Mr. Woodall is one of the few master craftsmen of to-day who are also inspired by the aims and aspiration

of an artist, and consequently his work, apart from the rarity of the material in which he executes it, has a value of its own. When one remembers that the exquisitely clear-cut cameos on his vases and his plaques, that every detail of their rich ornamentation, are cut out on a material of the brittleness and intractability of glass, admiration gives way to amazement.



29.—CROWN DERBY VASE. FOND VERT. $(5\frac{3}{4}$ IN. BY $3\frac{1}{2}$ IN.) BY LEROY.

achieves his wonderful effects of light and shade, of soft perspective and bold relief, of rounded limb, of polished

marble, or of gossamer drapery, with astonishing fidelity and resourcefulness. In his "Aphrodite," for example, the effect of one limb of the figure, floating lightly in



30.—CROWN DERBY VASE. FOND BLEU DU ROI (7 IN. BY 3 IN.). BY LEROY.



A sheet of white

is annealed to one

of dark-either

deep blue or choco-

late in tone-glass.

From this material

Mr. Woodall

31.—PASTILLE F RNER.
BY C. HARRIS.
(5 IN. BY 2½ IN.
CROWN DERBY.



32.—" DERBY DWARF" (6 IN. BY 4 IN.). ROYAL CROWN DERBY.



33.—A SPECIMEN OF MESSRS. MINTON'S FAMOUS "CAMEO" CHINA PLATES (9 IN. DIAM.).



34.—"DERBY DWARF" $(6\frac{3}{4}$ IN. BY $3\frac{3}{4}$ IN.). ROYAL CROWN DERBY.

exquisitely careless pose over a stormy sea, submerged beneath the water, is expressed in a veiled transparency such as would be impossible in any other Classic models have inspired all Mr. medium. Woodall's female figures, and the effect he achieves of beautifully modelled forms, half revealed, half hidden by diaphanous draperies (as, for example, in his "Dancing Hours"), is always marvellous. In all the details of his rich ornamentation his cunning Note, for example, the never seems to fail him. striking regularity of the scallop border and the graceful lightness of the amorini in the "Aphrodite," or the life and movement in the amorini round the "Diana and Endymion" plaque. When one bears in mind that any morning the artist may come to his studio to find the work of months, it may be of a year and more, shattered by some flaw in the glass, it is obvious that Woodall's work must always be rare, and that the glass sculptors worthy of mention in the same breath with him can be counted on the fingers of one hand. A future generation may

well see a fight of millionaires for the possession of a Woodall plaque.

The same case contains a crystal glass decanter, figured with a frieze after the Elgin marbles, by Kny, which in itself is worth a visit to the galleries to see. The figures seen in reverse through the thickness of the glass are as clearly cut and sharply defined Even the microscopic figures as those in relief. on the stopper are outlined and elaborated in every The piece is, of course, as unique of its kind as was, for example, the famous Barbarini vase. It will never be repeated, because it can never be repeated. In the same case a rose-bowl of rock crystal glass is a superb specimen of the glassworker's art. Throughout the fine collection of glass in the galleries it is satisfactory to find that the British glass-cutter still holds his own against all comers.

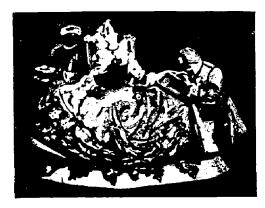
Some interesting specimens of mediæval German glass, very richly ornamented and emblazoned with figures and coats of arms in strikingly rich colouring,



35.— CRINOLINE GROUP" (84 IN. BY 101 I.). ROYAL DRESDEN.



36.—THE EMPRESS ELISABETH OF RUSSIA (9 $\frac{1}{4}$ IN. BY 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ IN.). ROYAL DRESDEN.



37.—"THE COUNTESS KOSSEL" (61 IN. BY 10 IN.). ROYAL DRESDEN.

are quaint and unconventional, and complete a very brilliant show of glass.

Another new departure has also gone beyond the strict borders of ceramic art, by the inclusion of some very graceful pieces of marble statuary by well-known foreign artists. "The Spirit of Gracefulness," designed to hold an electric lamp, well expresses the lightness and delicacy of the ethereal figure, and the "Idyll" is a very daring and effective bit of modelling. In quite another vein is the dainty

little face of the "Biedermeyer" era (which led straight into "Quality Street"), as is the strong and dramatic "Despair," by Professor Eberlein, of Berlin. Musicians will welcome the striking portrait busts of Mozart and Wagner against a rough-hewn background. As a side show of modern plastic art, the group of statuary in the Wahliss galleries is not one of the least attractive features of this year's exhibition.

Turning to ceramic art proper, a very interesting novelty is a representative collection of very choice specimens of Copenhagen china by the famous firm of Messrs. Bing & Groendahl, which, now that the Royal factory, though it still retains its name, has passed into private hands, has given Denmark her place in the foremost rank of countries cultivated enough to appreciate the artistic possibilities of porcelain. The firm made its name in London by its life-size reproduction of Thorvaldsen's "Hebe," which stands in South Kensington Museum to-day, but the firm has since emancipated itself from its



38.—"THE ROYAL HUNTSMAN" (15 $\frac{3}{4}$ IN. BY 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ IN.). ROYAL DRESDEN.

purely classical tradioons by adventuring into a sories of successful experiments which at the World's Exhibition of 1900 set both technical experts and connoisseurs agog. Even Japan now comes to Copenhagen to glean wrinkles and inspiration by the study of the work of the Vesterbro factory. The characteristic of this china is that the subject is painted on the biscuit before glazing, and consequently blends with the glaze with singularly soft and harmonious effect. It lends the

atmosphere of the picture that soft, dreamy tone, characteristic, even in midsummer, of Danish landscape, which softens and tones even the brightest colours. This soft, delicate note is shown particularly well in a vase by Petersen illustrating the descent of a flight of wild ducks. The distant shore has all the softness of a Whistler nocturne. It veils the ripe, rich colours of the fruit on another graceful vase and lends it a tone altogether peculiar to itself. The Danish artists, by the way, pride themselves on their careful study of animal life. Note, for example, the wonderful drawing in the picture of the drake descending in flight, and the splendid modelling of the prowling jaguar. At times this careful study of nature lends itself a quaint touch of the grotesque, as in the very human group quaintly entitled "Marital Bliss." Copenhagen china is not exactly cheap today, but in a few years' time pieces by artists like Hegemann and Petersen will probably become very valuable.

To my mind, however, the clou of this year's



39.-" ARCADIA" (II IN. BY 6 IN.). ROYAL DRESDEN.



40.—"THE TRAVELLING TAILOR"
(9 IN. BY 74 IN.). ROYAL DRESDEN.



41.—"HARLEQUIN AND COLUMBITE" (6 IN, BY 7 IN.). ROYAL DRESDE.



 $_{42}$.—"FORTUNA" ($14\frac{3}{4}$ IN. BY $9\frac{3}{4}$ IN.). ROYAL DRESDEN.

exhibition is the interesting collection of terracottas, reproductions of wood-carvings taken for the most part from the cathedral in Schleswig, dating from the fifteenth century. They are frankly sensational. At first sight you say they are of wood, and can be nothing else except wood carving. In the curiously tearful face of "The Madonna"

you note the dull, polished glaze characteristic of very old wood carvings; in the grim features of the

"Executioner," in the wadded coat of his office, you can clearly trace the grain of the wood. Even when you hold them in your hand you are not much the wiser - they might be made of anything rather than a preparation of clay. Equally effective are the magnificent reproductions of the bronze bust of Dante and the striking statuette of the Florentine lute player. In colouring, in tone, and in execution, no reproductions could be more faithful to the originals. And when it is stated that their price is only a few shillings, it will be agreed that their possibilities are almost revolutionary. They bring the rarest treasures of the Renaissance within the reach of the most modest mean in replicas that are

close chough to make even an expert rub his eyes,

On a somewhat arger scale is he bust of Nicol da Uzzane Donatello's nasterpiece, which has some deemany to



44.—CLOCK WITH THE ARMS OF POLAND. AUGUSTUS II. AS MARS (24 IN. BY $12\frac{1}{2}$ IN.), ROYAL DRESDEN.



45.—MONKEY MANDOLINE PLAYER (5½ IN. HIGH). ROYAL DRESDEN.



46.—MONKEY BANDMASTER (7 IN. HIGH).
ROYAL DRESDEN.



47.—MONKEY DRUMMER (5% IN. HIGH). ROYAL DRESDEN.



43.—"THE CAPTIVE TRITON" (11 $\frac{1}{2}$ IN. BY 10 IN.). ROYAL DRESDEN,

genuine enthusiasm. Look at the lined face, the steady eyes, the firm relentless mouth, and you begin to understand the brain and the statescraft which some generations later made a Macchiavelli possible. The face haunts and dominates you. The original itself could hardly do more.

Glancing at the departments for which the galleries have already made their name, one is struck by the number of new and exquisite specimens of Leroy's work in the collection of Crown Derby. There is reason to fear that this great artist is in a state of health which before very long must lessen the output of his work, and thereby enhance the value of what he has already given us. For his painting he may have his

rivals; as decorator, I cannot help thinking he stands alone. One beautiful little vase is a gem of Leroy at his best. Every bead of the rich elaboration of the cover is nicely proportioned



 $48.-^{\circ}$ the storm." By Elias Petersen (original) (17 in. by $10\frac{3}{4}$ in.). Copenhagen.

and exquisitely finished. In the same case a pretty pastille burner by Harris is in the artist's best manner. British china is somewhat poor in figures, and therefore two good specimens of the famous Derby dwarfs are also worth noting.

A very marked enlargement of the Wedgwood collection no doubt reflects accurately the return of the swing of the pendulum in favour of the ware of the



49.—"ON GUARD." BY E. HEGEMANN (ORIGINAL) (15 $\frac{1}{2}$ IN, BY $9\frac{1}{2}$ IN.). COPENHAGEN.

famous Etrurian potteries. Among German collectors, more particularly, there has of late been a very urgent demand for Wedgwood vases of the early Victorian era, when the white ground was bespotted with little decorations in gold. In this style the collection shows a very handsome example of a vase with Flaxman's Dance of the Hours. To my mind these urns, possibly by force of association, always savour somewhat



50.—" WILD DUCKS." (VASE, II IN. BY 6 IN.). COPENHAGEN.



51.—" A PUZZLING FIND" (13 IN, BY 16‡ IN.). COPENHAGEN CHINA.



52.—"STILL LIF" (VASE, 16 IN. BY COPENHAGEN.

of noditations among the tombs, but the revival of interest in the severely classical black basalt is almost equally marked, and very satisfactory, as it includes some of Flaxman's best work. A vase, supported by two Sphinxes and a Dolphin candlestick, are particularly handsome specimens. Finally, the heautiful jasper ware is strongly in evidence at present.

Of Minton a beautiful service of twelve dessert plates with glass cameo centres and pierced borders are a striking feature of a collection that includes many characteristic pieces.

From the first these galleries have been notable for their collection of Dresden, and this year its cases seem even better filled than usual. For my own part, I



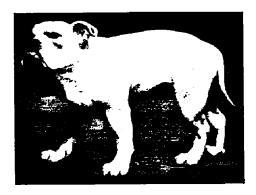
53.—" HAUGHTY" (GUILLEMOT) (7½ IN. BY 3½ IN.). COPENHAGEN CHINA.



55.—"PRECOCITY" ($3\frac{1}{2}$ IN. BY $3\frac{1}{4}$ IN.). COPENHAGEN CHINA.

never tire of Dresden figures, because a deal of history and of folk-lore has gone to their making. There are always points one would like to have explained, and no little difficulty in finding anyone competent to assuage one's curiosity. For example, on what occasion did the Empress Elisabeth of Russia (the lady is usually mistaken for Frederick the Great) appear in male garb, and why? Why is the famous Dresden tailor depicted as riding a goat, with a couple of kids in the tub he is carrying? Because eighteenth-century folk-lore always brackets a tailor and a goat, I know. But why a goat?

There are very few Dresden figures that have not a story somewhere, if you only knew where to find it.



54.—" JOHN" (61 IN. BY 91 IN.). COPENHAGEN CHINA.



56.—"MARITAL BLISS" (53 IN. BY 4½ IN.). COPENHAGEN CHINA.



57.-"OUT FOR A STROLL" (JAGUAR, 5% IN. BY 17% IN.). COPENHAGEN CHINA.



58.-"THE DYING ACHILLES" (19 IN. BY 22 IN.). BY G. HERTER. CASTELLINA MARBLE.



59.—" NAPOLEON" (14 IN. BY 51 IN.). BY H. KOCH. BUST, CASTELLINA M., PEDESTAL, ROUGE M.



60.—" DESPAIR " $(6\frac{1}{2}$ in. By io in.), PROF. EBERLEIN. CASTELLINA MARBLE.

and his tail and all the other common objects of the

seashore allowed to escape through its meshes, and

yet, despite everything, to stand firing, is a mystery

to give a complimentary wedding gift, still proffer

the Nelundand fish-slice, when for a few shillings

they might give at least an imitation Dresden

group, near enough to the original to be a joy for

the famous pieces in the Wallace Collection and the South Kensington Museum are obtainable. For example, the jardinière illustrated in these columns costs less than two pounds. Modest means, indeed, need never be a deterrent to keep anyone in search of

For little more, handsome reproductions of

Yet there are still people who, when called upon

Thus a very handsome clock surmounted by a crowned eagle and displaying the arms of Poland, obviously records the attempt of Augustus the Strong to win a throne, while the Alchemist he had retained to discover the philosopher's stone for him was engaged in the more useful task of firing the first pieces of Dresden china at home. There is also a large group of grotesques, most of which are still waiting for explanation. A very famous group, "The Capture of a Triton," well illustrates the marvellous technique of the school. How the water-baby was ever introduced into the net,



61 .- "QUALITY STREET" $(6\frac{1}{2} \text{ in. By } 6\frac{1}{2} \text{ in.).}$ (BY BLASCHE.) CASTELLINA MARBLE.



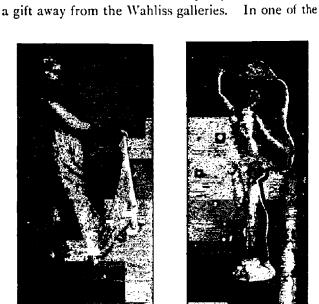
62.-" LIBERTY " (12 IN. BY 14 IN.). (PROF. NERI.) CASTELLINA MARBLE.



63.—RELIEF, "MOZART" (71 IN. BY 6 IN.). PROF. BRAUN. CASTELLINA MARBLE.



64.—RELIEF, "WAGNER" (7 IN. BY $6\frac{1}{2}$ IN.). PROF. BRAUN. CASTELLINA MARBLE.



that is always new to me.

65.—" THE DANCE" (19 IN. BY 81 IN.). (PROF. FUNCKE). CASTELLINA M., BASE SIENA M.



66.-"THE SPIRIT OF GRACEFULNESS' (ELECTR, FIGURE 19½ IN. BY 8¾ IN BY PROF. ERNEST EGER. CASTELLINA M.. BASE SIENA M.



67.—" NYMPH" (24 IN. BY 13 IN.). (PROF. EBERLEIN.) CASTELLINA MARBLE.

rooms there is a bargain department where rare and beautiful china or graceful terra-cotta, slightly flawed or damaged—so slightly that it would tax an expert to discover the mischief—are on sale at prices which seem hardly credible.

On the other hand, there are people with money, but lacking in ideas, who fail to realise that a dinner service or a tea set of good china is one of the most welcome gifts a young couple can hope



68,—"IDYLL" (27 IN. BY 21 IN.). (PROF. BERNEWITZ.) CASTELLINA MARBLE.

to receive. At the Wahliss galleries they will find no lack of ideas, for most European sovereigns have at one time or another ordered a set of china to their own design, and specimens of the exclusive patterns and finish are on view. A member of our own Royal family recently ordered a Vienna coffee set of dead white of severely inornate design with a heavy gold border, which has a cachet of its own. When all is said and done,



69. "THE DAY'S LABOUR DONE" (LF MANN), (17½ IN. BY 7 IN.). CA "ELLINA M., BASE PE: TELICON M.



70.—"THE CATCH" (18½ IN. BY 14 IN.). PROF. GREINER. CASTELLINA MARBLE, BASE ONYX.



71.—" MEDITATION," CLOCK (SIENA M.) WITH FIG. (CASTELLINA M.), BY PROF, RENI. 25 IN. BY 14 IN.

Vienna china, from the point of view of value for money, holds its own, and has, perhaps, no reason to fear the competition of formidable rivals even under its own roof. Not a single one of the great pieces, with their glowing pictures, rich with the lavish wealth bequeathed by Hans Makart's genius, depicted in these columns last year, remains insold to-day, though, of course, other and equally interesting pieces have taken their place. Most of the collection of old Vienna china has already been dispersed among collectors. But replicas, from the original moulds of the defunct Imperial State Factory,



72.—APOSTLE "ST. JOHN" $(9\frac{1}{2} \text{ IN. BY } 5\frac{1}{2} \text{ IN.}).$



73.—"THE MADONNA" $(9\frac{1}{2}$ IN. BY $5\frac{1}{2}$ IN.).

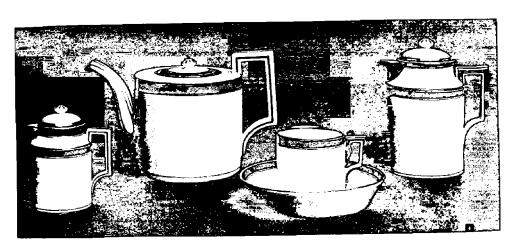


74.—APOSTLE "ST. PAUL" (9½ IN. BY 5½ IN.).



75.—"THE PUBLIC EXECUTIONER" (114 IN. BY 53 IN.).

AFTER THE ORIGINALS BY BRUGGEMANN IN THE CATHEDRAL AT SCHLESWIG.



76.—PARTS OF TEA AND COFFEE SET, BROAD GOLD BAND. IMPERIAL VIENNA.



77.—QUAINT SUGAR BOWL WITH PIERCED COVER, HEIGHT 8 IN. IMPERIAL VIENNA.



78.—DUTCH FISHER GIRL (7 IN. BY $6\frac{1}{2}$ IN.).



79.—"A PHARISEE"
(8 IN. BY 4 IN.).
AFTER THE ORIG. BY
BRUGGEMANN IN THE
CATHEDRAL AT SCHLESWIG.



80.—FLORENTINE LUTE PLAYER (15½ IN. BY 6½ IN.).



81.—ALSATIAN PEA ANT GIRL (74 IN, BY $6\frac{1}{2}$ IN.).



82.—GOBLET
(12½ IN. BY 5½ IN.).
PERCIVAL AND KING
ARTHUR CYCLUS.



83.—GOBLET ($12\frac{1}{2}$ -IN. BY $5\frac{1}{2}$ -IN.). PERCIVAL AND KING ARTHUR CYCLUS.



84.—MEDIÆVAL JUG WITH COPPER BRONZED COVER (15 IN, BY 6 IN.).



85.—MEDIÆVAL JUG WITH DARK BRONZED LID (II IN. BY 7 IN.).

unsurpassed for excellence of modelling and of finish, are still obtainable, and at very moderate prices.

At the Wahliss galleries there is enough and to spare to match every taste and every purse, and no one wishing to buy a really handsome and artistic piece of china or glass, or terra-cotta, marble statuary, etc.—whether it is to cost hundreds of pounds,



86.—" NICCOLO DA UZZANO" (25 IN. BY 17 IN.). AFTER THE ORIG. BY DONATELLO IN THE NAT. MUS., FLORENCE.

or a few shillings only—should fail to pay a visit before buying elsewhere Only too frequently new customers can be heard to remark, "Oh, what a pity! I have just bought such and such a thing at so and so's! I wish I had known before what an enormous stock and variety you offer, and I would certainly have come to you."



8% - 'PRINCESS OF URBINO" (10% IN. BY 10 IN.). AFFER THE ORIG. IN THE WEMYSS COLL., LONDON.



88.—" DANTE" ($7\frac{1}{2}$ IN. BY 9 IN.). AFTER THE ORIG. IN THE NAT. MUS., FLORENCE.



89.- representative specimen (8½ in., by 15¼ in.) of a collection of replicas from the wallace coll. And south kensington museum.



90.—"VENUS OF THE VATICAN."
AFTER THE ORIGINAL IN THE
VATICAN, ROME. FIG. 53.
PEDESTAL 28½ IN. TERRA-COTTA.



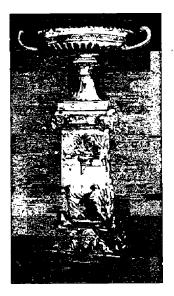
91.—VENUS OF MILO. AFTER THE ORIGINAL IN THE LOUVRE. PARIS. FIG. 42. PEDESTAL 45 IN. TERRA-COTTA.



92.—"ADORATION." AFTER THE ORIGINAL IN THE NATIONAL MUSEUM AT BERLIN. FIG. 52. PEDESTAL $28\frac{1}{2}$ IN. TERRA-COTTA.



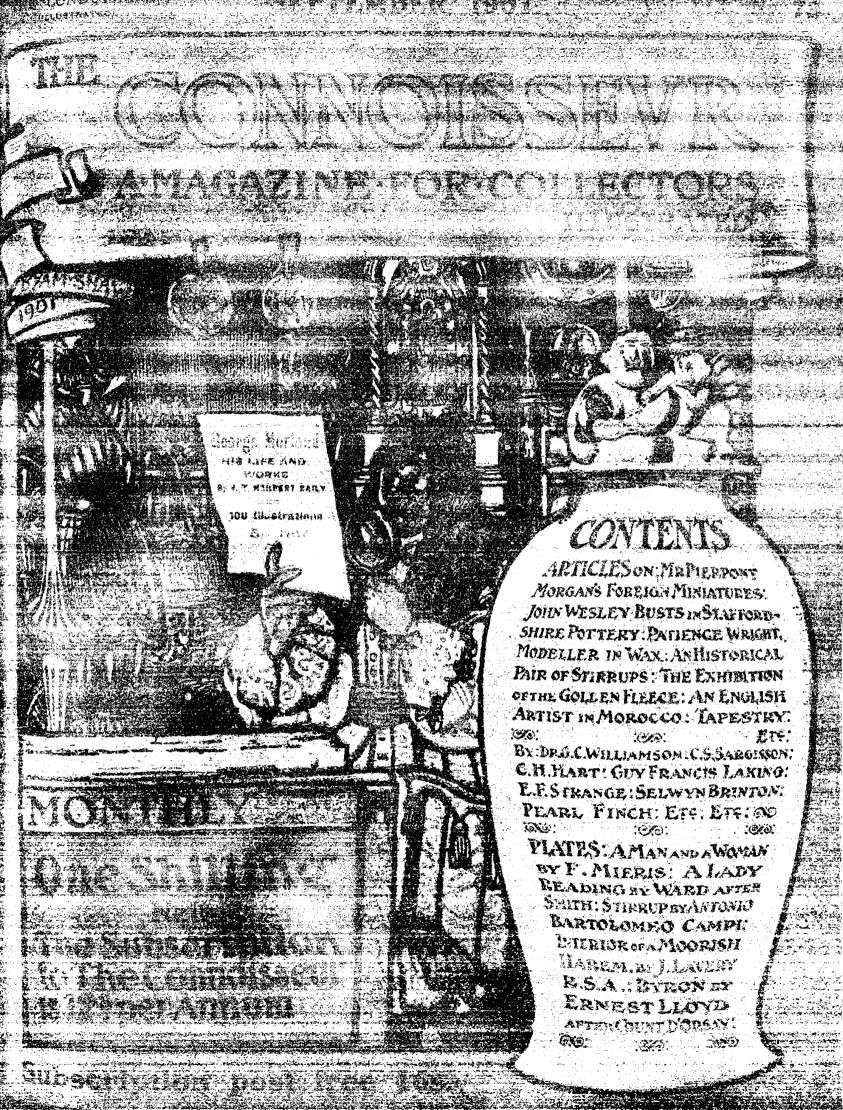
93.—VASE AND PEDESTAL. AFTER THE ORIGINAL IN THE VILLA ALBANI, ROME. VASE 30. FEDESTAL 28½ IN. TERRA-COTTA.

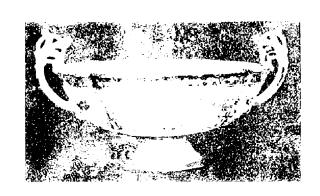


94.—VASE AND PEDESTAL.
AFTER THE ORIGINAL IN THE
NAPLES MUSEUM. VASE 26.
PEDESTAL 45 IN. TERRA-COTTA.



95.—VASE. AFTER THE ORIGINAL IN THE BRITISH MUSEUM. V SE 36. PEDESTAL $28\frac{1}{2}$ IN. TERRA-C' TA.

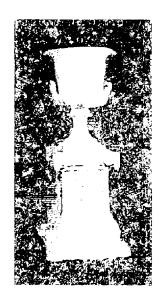


















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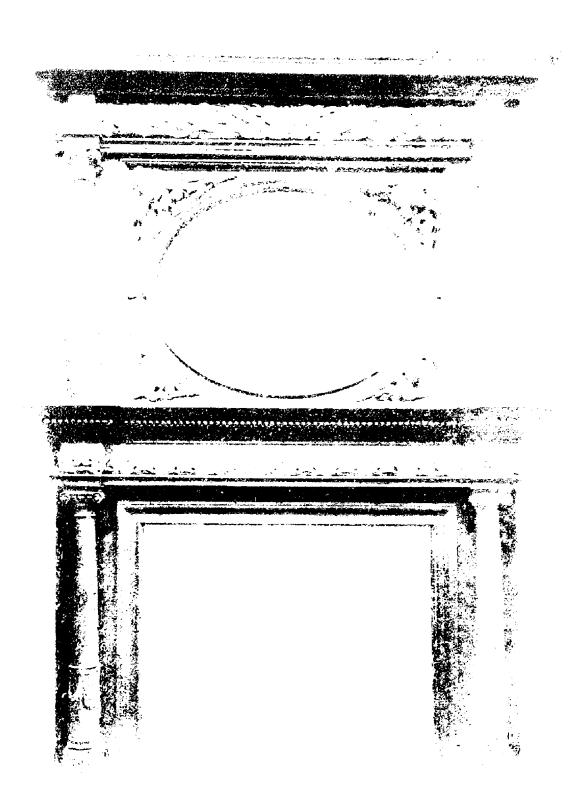
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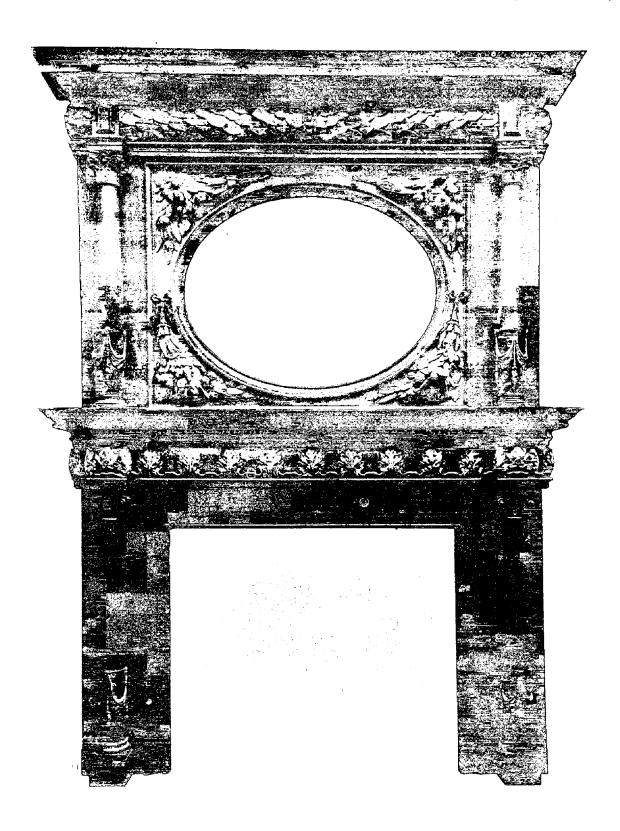
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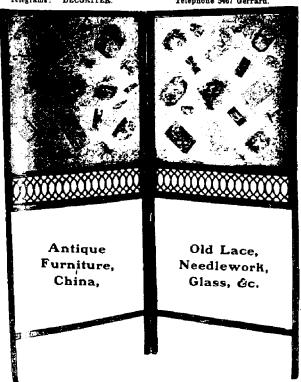
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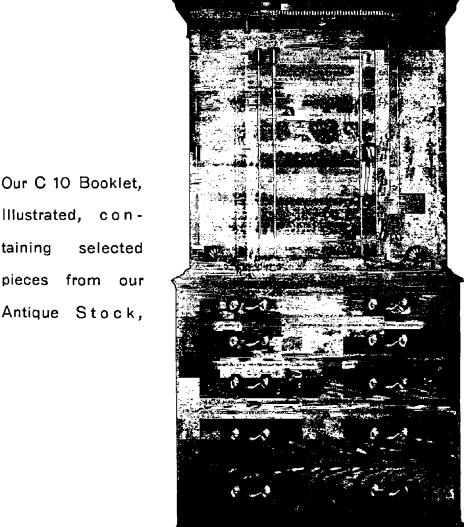
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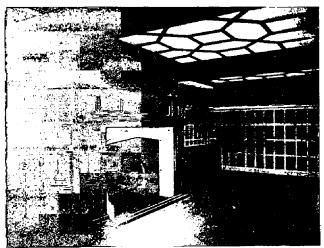
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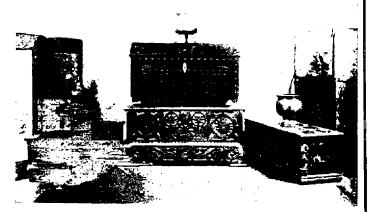
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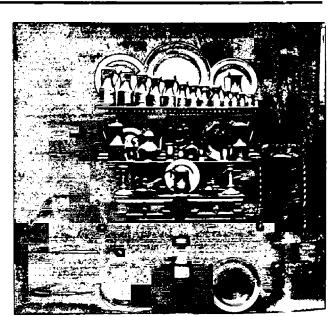
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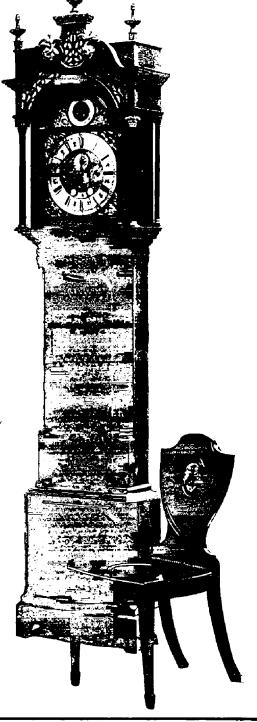
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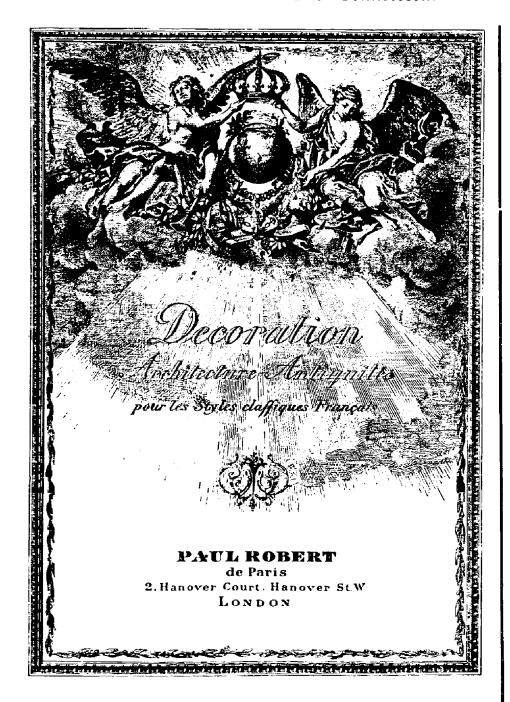
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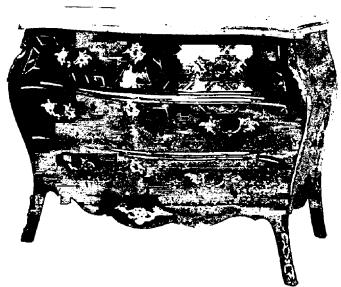
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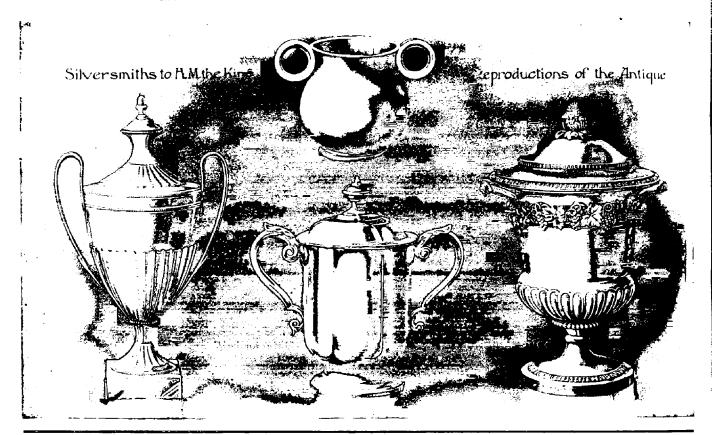
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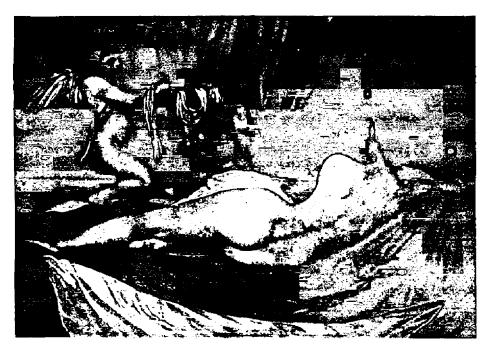
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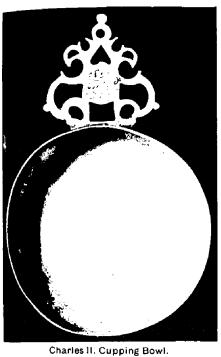
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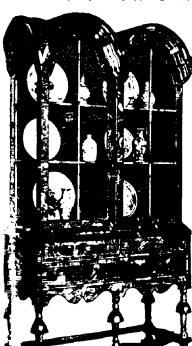


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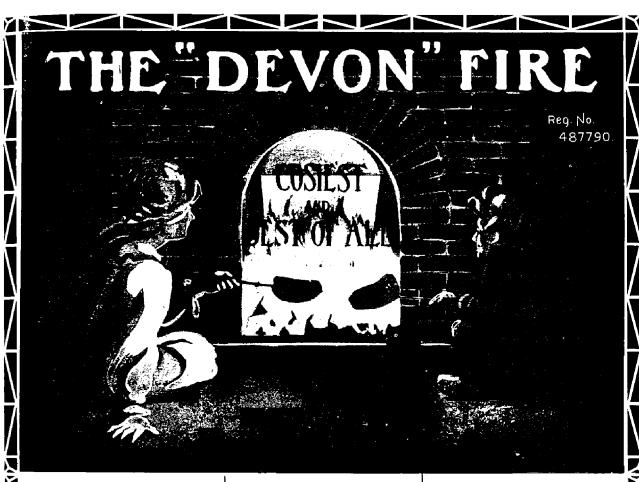
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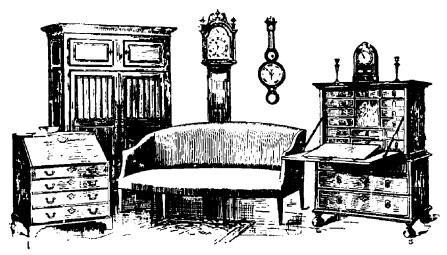
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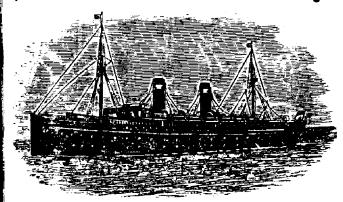




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Full instructions for forwarding the Coupons will be given in the December issue.

COUPON No 3. SEPTEMBER, 1907.
"Evening" & "Night"
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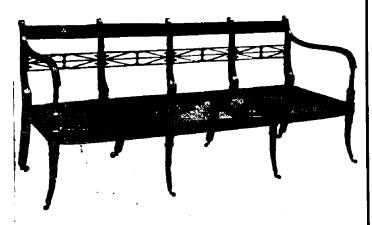
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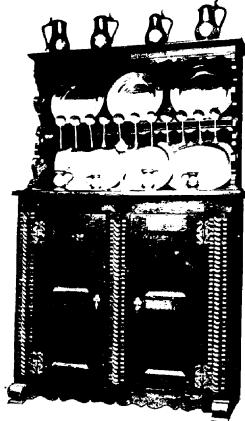
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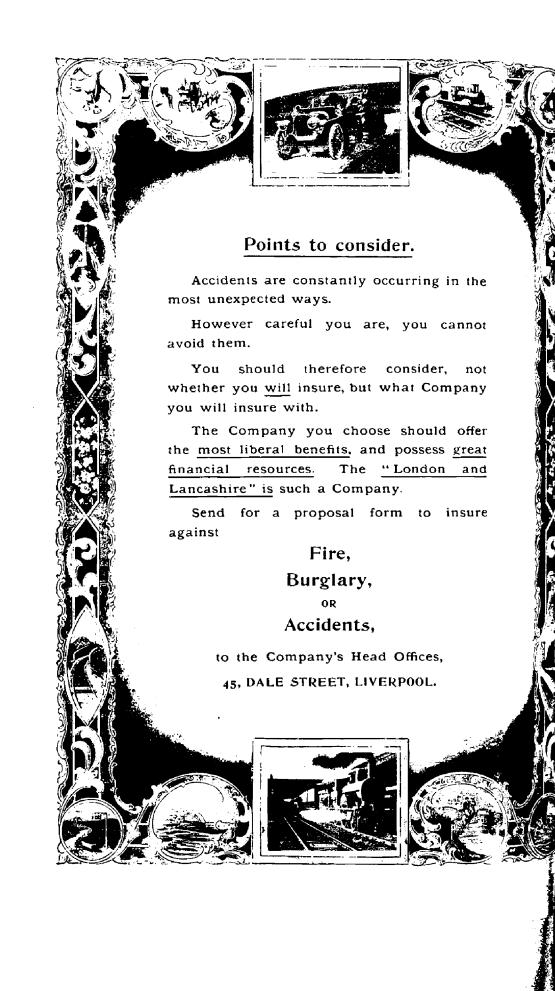
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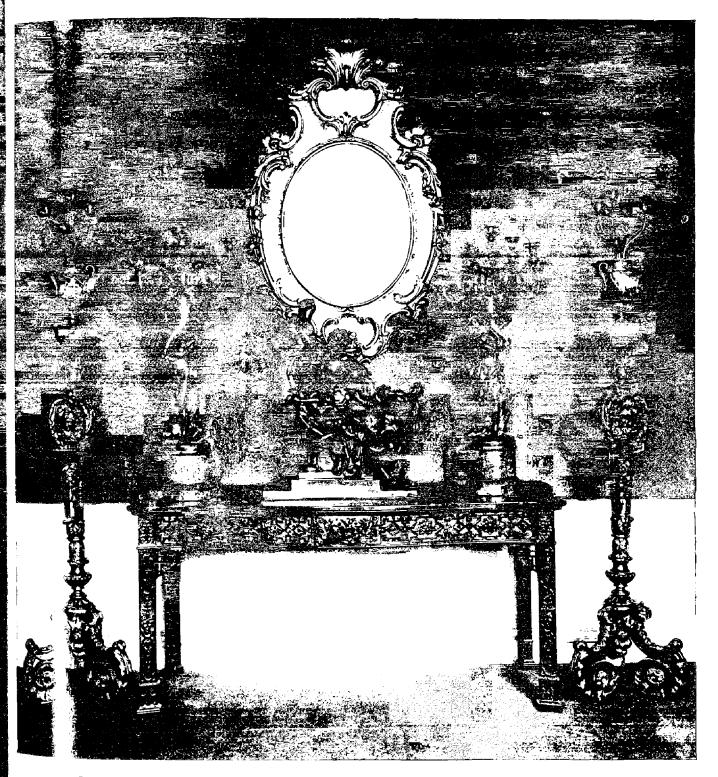
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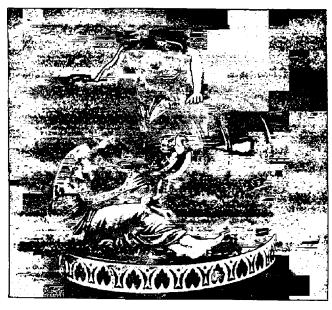
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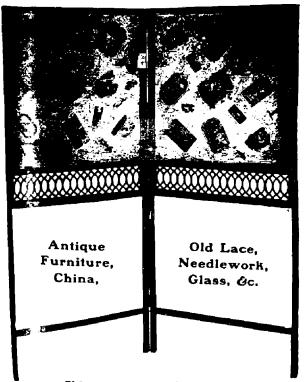
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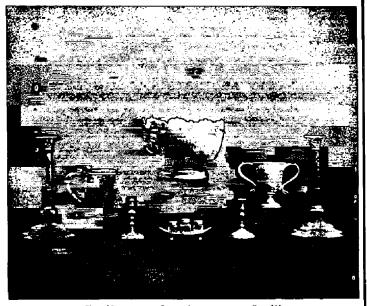
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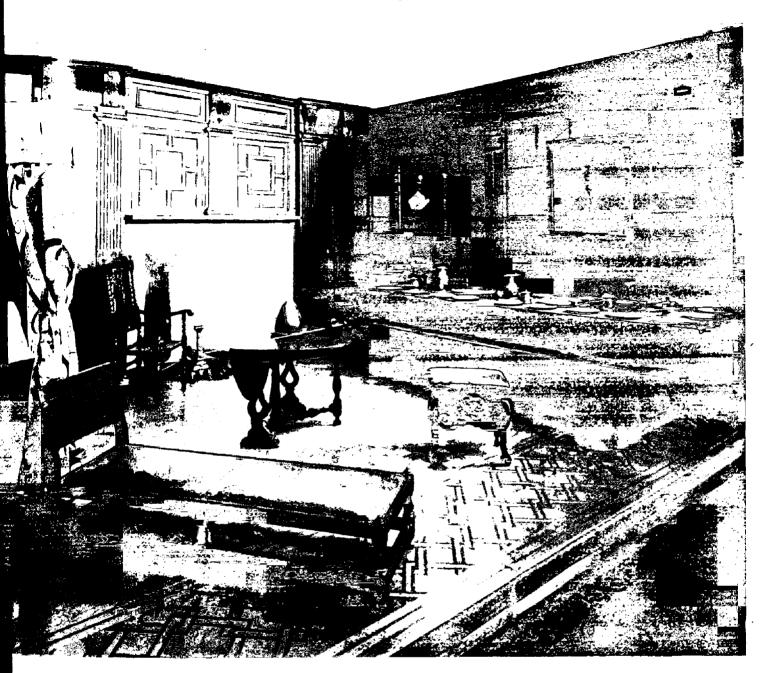
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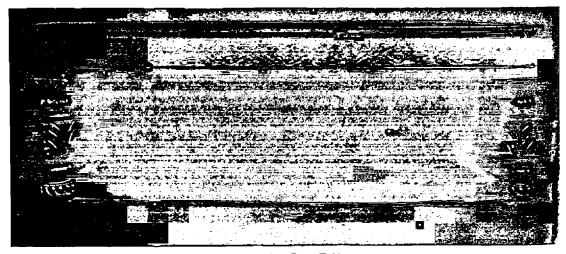
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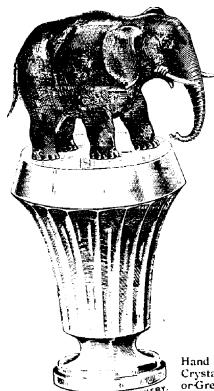
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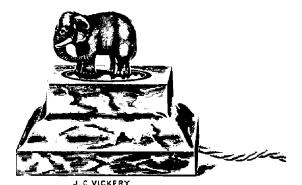
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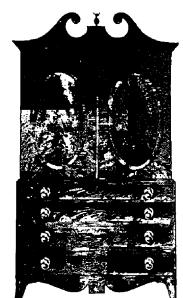
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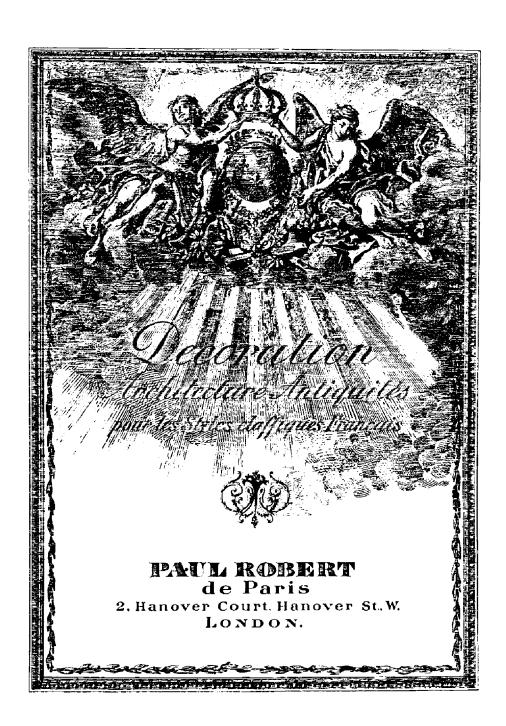
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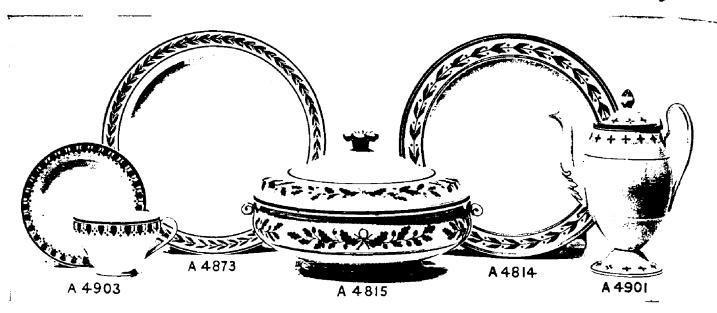
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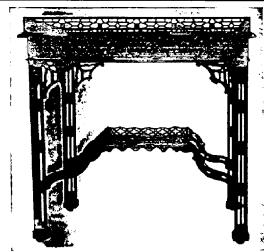
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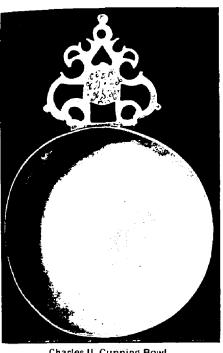
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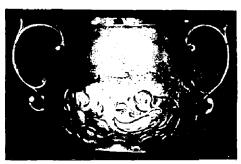


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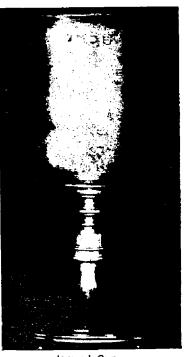
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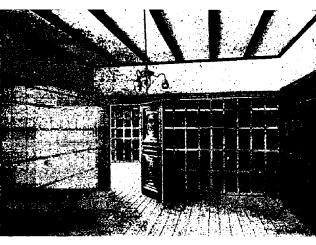
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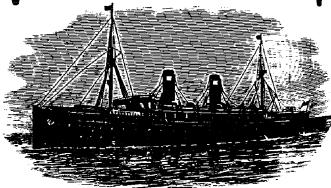
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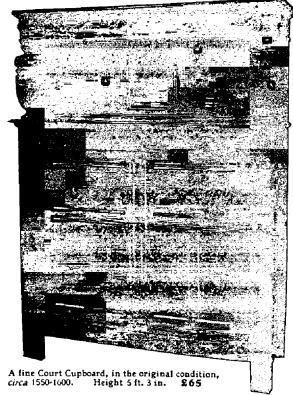
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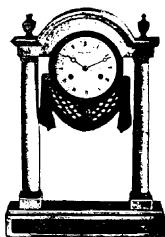
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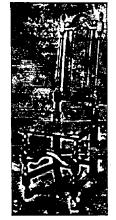
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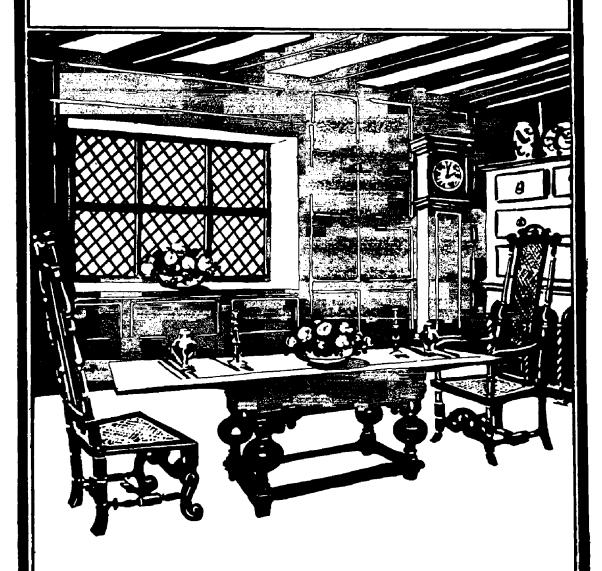
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In order to facilitate reference the answers in the Magazine are prefixed by the number of the Coupon and headline indicating the ubject. Owing to the great demands upon our space it is impossible to guarantee a reply in the ensuing issue to any applicant, but every early will be made to invent a manual transfer of the be made to insert same promptly, and strict order of priority will be invariably maintained. A note of advice will be duly forwarde: o each correspondent a few days prior to the publication of the number containing the information required.

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many. It is only possible here to suggest roughly how the story of the world develops in the eight grand divisions of this great work.

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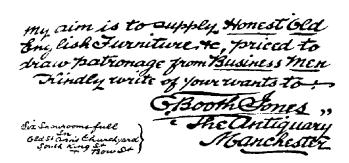
The Proprietors of The Connoisseur have decided to present two Colour Plates to all subscribers who will send in the Six Coupons which will appear in the July to December, 1907, issues.

The Plates are facsimile reproductions of the Coloured Engravings by P. W. Tomkins, after W. Hamilton, R.A., entitled "Evening" and "Night" (engraved surface, 13 in. by $9\frac{1}{2}$ in.), as illustrated above.

They are the companion pictures of the two presented to subscribers, November, 1902, to October, 1903.

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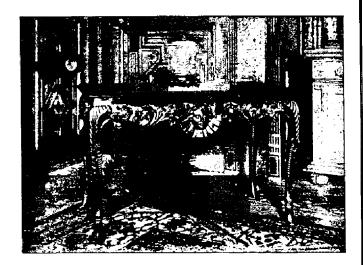
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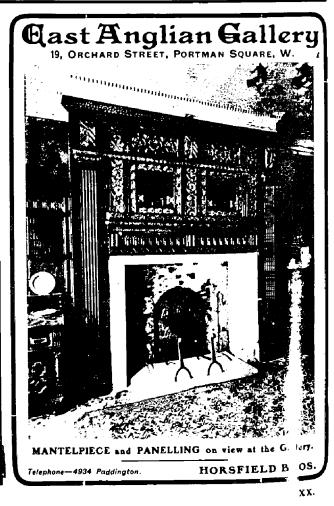


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Circe," Romney.
Rom

"Infanta Maria Teresa," Portrait known as, probably her half-sister, the Infanta Margarita Maria, Velasquez. Innocence Taught by Love and Friendship, Bartolozzi, after G. B. Ciprianl. Innocence, after Kauffman.

```
Jerningham, Mrs.
Jewels and Camcos belonging to the King at Windsor Castle.
Jupiter and Calista, Thos. Burke, after A. Kauffmann.
  Kemble, Sarah (Mrs. Siddons, "The Tragic Muse"), J. Downman.
La Bergere Ecoutee, Boucher.
Lady and three Children, by Reynolds.
Lady Cockburn and Children, by Reynolds.
La Madonna Del Gatto, by Baroccio.
Landscape with Peasants driving Sheep.
Last Glow: Mont Blanc, by Hugh M. Pritchard.
Laundry Maid, Henry Morland.
Laundry Maid, Fieldy Monand.
Lesbia.
Linley, Maria.
Locomotion, by Shortshanks, after Seymour.
Lodore and Derwentwater.
London from Tower Bridge, by W. L. Wyllie, A.R.A.
Mail Coach in a Flood, F. Rosenbourg, after J. Pollard.
Market of Love, by Bartolozzi.
Marlborough, Sarah, Duchess of, Sir G. Kneller.
Maternal Love, Cipriani, after Bartolozzi.
Marvell, Andrew.
Mildmay, Louisa, William Ward.
Montague, Lady, J. McArdell, after J. Reynolds.
Morning, or Thoughts on Amusement for the Evening, by W. Ward, after G. Morland.
Mother and Child.
Mutual Joy, or "The Ship in Harbour," by P. Dawe, after G. Morland.
Nelson, Horatio, by Henry Bone, R.A., after F. L. Abbott.
Nevill, Lady Dorothy, G. F. Watts, R.A.
Nevill, Reginald H., The Castle Baby, by W. Pickett.
New Steam Carriage, A, by G. Morton.
Norton, Hon. Mrs., Sir G. Hayter (Chatsworth House Collection).
Offrande a l'Amour, by Patas and Villeneuve, after Calet. Offrande a l'Hymen, by Patas and Lemercier, after Calet. Oleanders, Lago D'Orta, by Ellen du Cane. Olivarez, Count, by Velasquez. Orpheus and Eurydice, Thos. Burke, after A. Kauffman. Oxford, Countess of, Vandyke. Oxford and Opposition Coaches, by R. Havell.
Peasant of Saltersdalen. Nico Jungmann.
Philip IV. of Spain, Velasquez.
Pity, by Colibert.
Playing at Marbles.
Playing Shuttlecock.
Portrait, ascribed to Botticelli.
Portrait of a Lady, from an Eighteenth Century English Pastel Drawing on Vellum.
Portrait of a Young Girl, Greuze.
Princess Royal, Daughter of George III., by Downman.
  Randolph and Hilda Dancing in the Rotunda at Ranelagh Gardens,
 Randolph and Hilda Dancing in the Rotunda at Ranelagh Gardens, Cruikshank.
Randolph Crew's Marriage with Hilda at Lambeth Church, Cruikshank.
Regent's Park, View in.
Robinson, Mrs. Mary, J. Downman, A.R.A.
Roman Armour of Charles V., Bartolommeo Campi.
Rubens, A Daughter of, Rubens.
Rural Amusement, J. Smith, after Morland.
Rushout, Lady, and her Daughter, T. Burke, after A. Kaulfman.
```

Soldiers' Return, The, by Graham, after G. Morland. Spencer, Lavinia C., by Sir Joshua Reynolds. Stanhope, Hon. Mr. Leicester, by Bartolozzi, after Sir J. Reynolds.

Tennant, Miss E., by Sir J. E. Millais, P.R.A. Training, by G. Hunt, after J. Pollard. Traveller, The, by Morland. Two Girls decorating a Bust of Diana, Charles White, a' Lincoln.

Variety, by Ward, after Morland. Venus, Toilet of, by R. Cosway. Via Dei Servi, Florence, Col. R. C. Goff. Visit returned in the Country, The, by Morland.

Western, Mrs. Sophia, J. R. Smith, after Hoppner. Westmorland, Countess of, Hoppner. Whitby.
Whitechapel Road, A View in.
Witch, A, by E. R. Hughes.
Woodcutter's Home, Gainsborough.
Woodland Scene, A, by Morland.

Steam Carriage, A. Study from Life, by C. W. Hopper. Suspense, by Ward, after Moriand.

Young Dutchmen.

Lady

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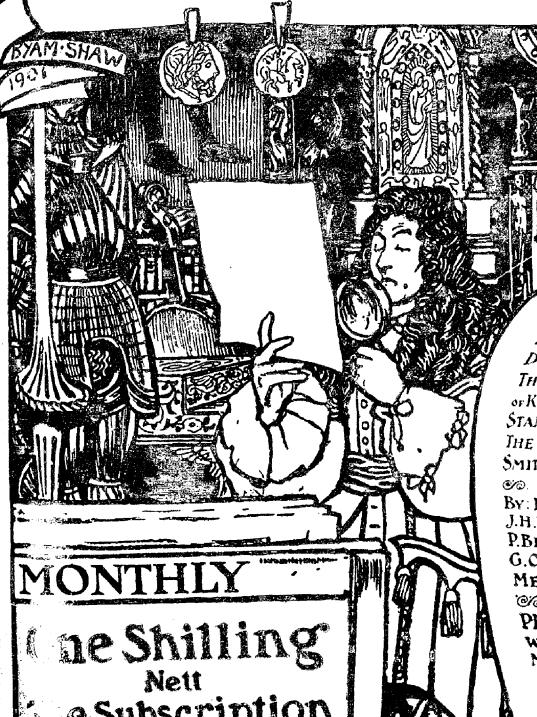
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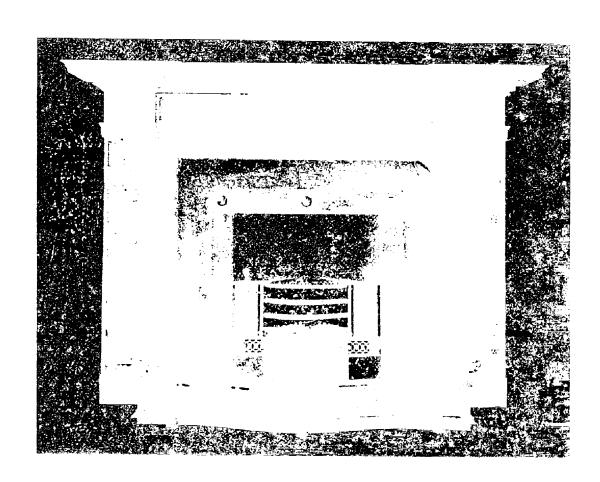
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Eager Attempts from Subject

site Specimens

Chimney=piece Collecting By T. G. LITCHFIELD, 3, Bruton St., W.

DURING the Renaissance period, when decorative art was at its height, rich people vied with one another in securing the services of the best known artists of the time to decorate the walls in the interior of their houses. Many beautiful specimens of this work are still extant, and are interesting as forming the background to the historical figures and association of those times. From panelling in oak, with fine carved

chimney-pieces and rich plaster ceilings in the Tudor and Jacobean periods, the fashion passed to painted walls, and fine marble chimneypieces designed under the influence of Wren, Hawksmore, and others of that school. The marble chimneypiece became the "piece de resistance" of the scheme of decoration, and one can appreciate the ability of the sculptors of that day by the fair examples to beseen occasionally. The evolution continued during the reigns of Queen Anne and the Georges, and somuch was thought of this feature of the room that in one case, when King George III. was a frequent visitor at a famous house, his

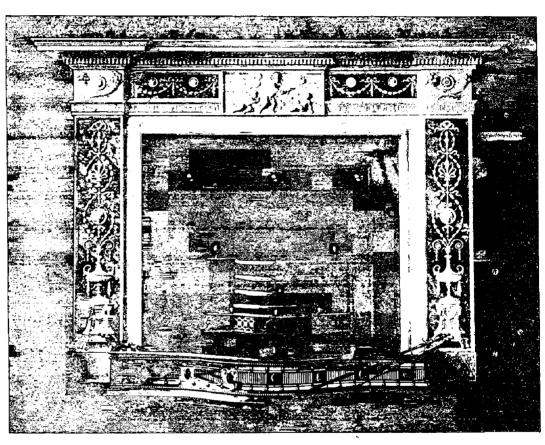
portrait and that of Queen Charlotte were used in the principal ornaments of the chimney-piece.

More than a century ago many English mansions possessed good specimens, but some of the finest were to be found in Ireland. Prior to the Act of Union the Irish aristocracy took a great pride in their nobe mansions, but unfortunately that interest has greatly diminished. Many of their descendants have settled in England, and have allowed their ancestral homes to depreciate or pass altogether into disrepair.

Exquisite Specimens

In he dismantling of some of them most exquisitely care I marble chimney-pieces have been discovered, and many of them now adorn the rooms of great Eng. h houses. These discoveries incited Mr. Thoras G. Litchfield to search for others. Where the mansions were unoccupied the purchasing of the valuable specimens was merely a question of bargaining, but before he could obtain those from occupied

residences he had to surmount various difficulties. Having heard of the existence of an excellent example of Flaxman's work, he sought to enter the house where the chimney-piece was. This house, at one time a great mansion, had been divided off into tenements, and these were occupied by a very poor class of tenants. The interior presented a most dilapidated appearance. Not a vestige of paper was to be seen on the walls;



From a Photograph of aiChimney-piece in possession of T. G. Litchfield, of 3. Bruton St., London

the panels of the doors were gone, but what of them remained evidenced the splendid workmanship which had been expended on the material, which was of the best mahogany. The beautiful frescoed ceilings presented a striking contrast to the squalor and dirt in each of the apartments, but they remained unheeded by the occupants. The particular apartment (also in a state of disrepair) where the Flaxman chimney-piece was, housed a widow with five children.

Eager Attempts Frustrated

In response to several requests made by someone for admission to view it, she flatly refused, and remained obdurate. Mr. Litchfield, however, surmising its great value, crossed over to Ireland to essay an attempt, and, in company with the gentleman who had been already refused admission, called upon the widow. As they neared the house she happened to be looking out of the window of her apartment, which fronted the approach, and, recognising her

Chimney-piece Collecting-continued

previous caller, prepared herself to give the two gentlemen a hostile reception. Undaunted, they knocked at the door. The widow opened it just a trifle to show her face, and hurled a few anathemas at the intruders. When she had finished, and without waiting to hear them speak, she pushed the door to with a slam. Every form of persuasion was tried to obtain an entry, but the widow turned a deaf ear to them all. It was not, as might be supposed, that she remained obdurate because she regarded them with any special disfavour, for, although very poor, she bore an excellent character amongst her neighbours. Her attitude was purely the result of resentment at the invasion of her privacy by the Saxon, and might have continued so "sine die"

galleries, the business of which was established nearly half a century ago, there are to be seen the finest collection of antique marble chimney-pieces in the world. To single one out in preference is difficult, but an interesting episode surrounds one of the mantels exhibited. It is the work of Bossi, the great Italian sculptor. His specialty was inlaid coloured marble. He was brought over to Ireland towards the latter part of the eighteenth century by Lord Clanricarde to execute some work, and he was so jealously afraid of being imitated that he gave orders no one was to inspect his work before it was completed. As a safeguard he sprinkled sawdust around whenever he left the scene of his labour.



From a Photograph of a Chimney-piece in possession of T. G. Litchfield, of 3, Bruton St., London

but for the timely appearance of one of her children. Seizing his opportunity, he took a sixpence from his pocket, and handed it to the child.

Admission obtained at last

Nothing loth, the child accepted the coin with shyness, but unfeigned delight, and that "little touch of nature which makes the world kin" broke down the hitherto impassable barrier. Very little time was necessary to examine the chimney-piece. The reports about it were in no way exaggerated, for it proved to be a very rare example of Flaxman's finest work. To obtain it was only a question of formality. The owner had to be paid for it, and the widow recompensed for the disturbance which its removal and replacement by an ordinary one entailed. It was purchased for a reasonable sum, much below the cost of what a replica would be, and it is now exhibited at his galleries in Bruton Street. At these well-known

The Great Sculptor Departs

One day, when he came back from his dinner, he saw foot prints on the sawdust, and without waiting to ask for an explanation he immediately packed his baggage and returned to Italy. No amount of persuasion on the part of Lord Clanricarde could induce Bossi to re-visit Ireland, and this is much to be regretted, as his work was exquisitely beautiful, and evidenced great skill and taste. Other good Italian sculptors were brought over into Ireland at that period, and this doubtlessly accounts for the great number of marble chimney-pieces made during these times. Many which have been recovered were damaged in some respects, but as the friezes were generally found to be well preserved, restoration was practically simple and inexpensive. During the latter part of the eighteenth century the brothers Adam,

Sir John Soane, Richardson, Chambers, Pain and others each impressed his genius on the chimney piece, and employed the highest talent of the day to give expression to their beautiful designs. Four most excellent examples were purchased by Mr. Thomas G. Litchfield from the monastery of Raheny, and six others from Sheen House, Richmond, once the residence of There is one in his possession the Comte de Paris. that he might well be proud of-it is Georgian, and of the best period. The centre is very beautifully carved, with a group of children playing, and the ja bs are mounted with brackets and pendants of frui. The side panels and linings are of rich Sienna a 1 verde antique marble, and its proportions are extren ly fine. There are others, however, which are equalinas fine in the carvings, and to see but a small prop rtion of them is well worth long travel, for they comprise the finest and most interesting collection o' marble chimney-pieces in the world.

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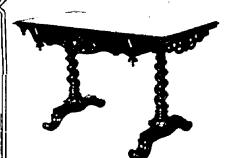
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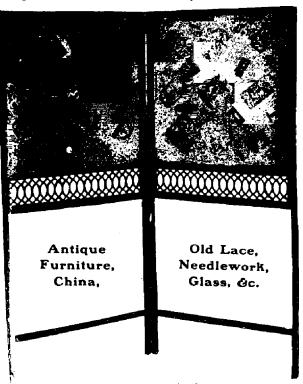
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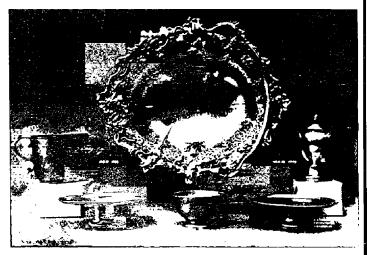
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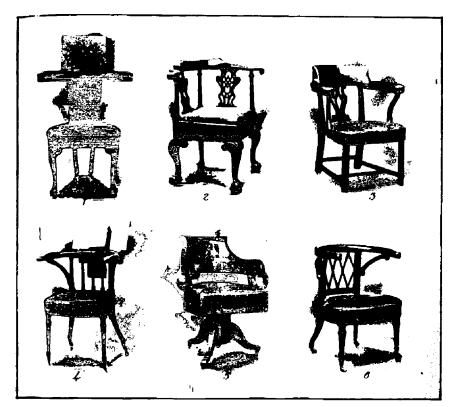
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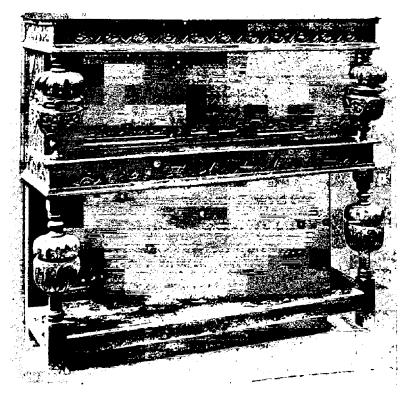
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The Connoisseur

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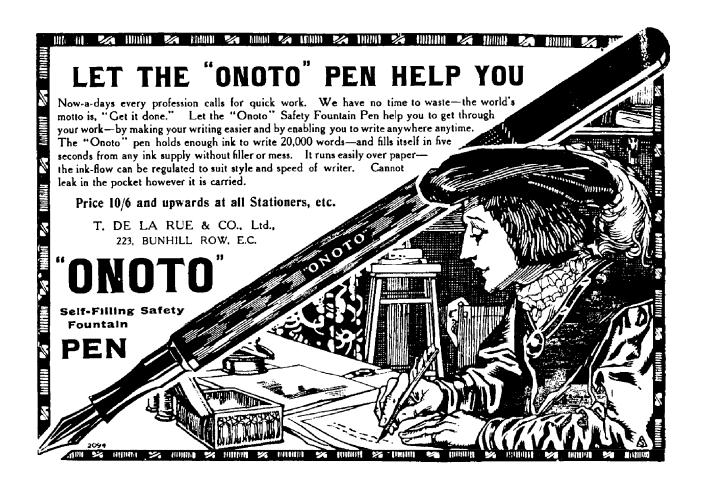
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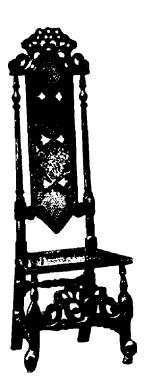


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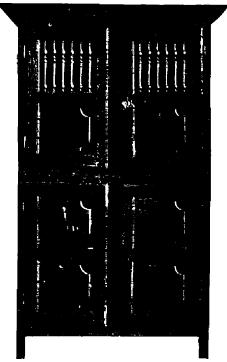
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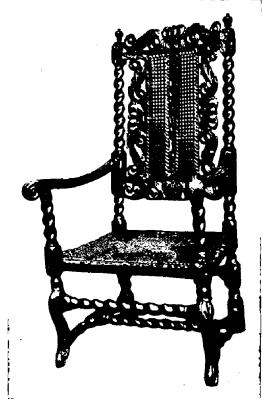
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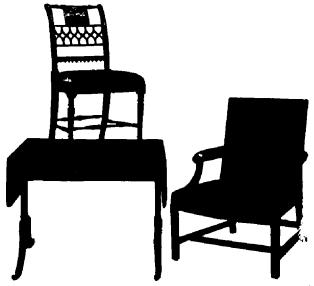
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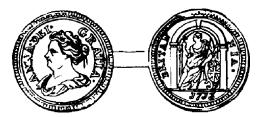
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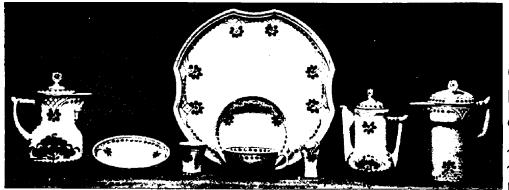
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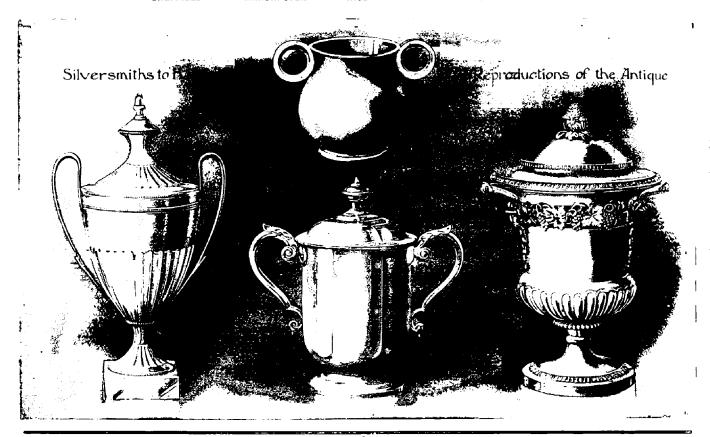
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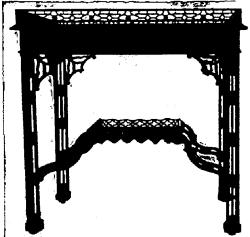
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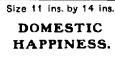
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Continued from Page IV.

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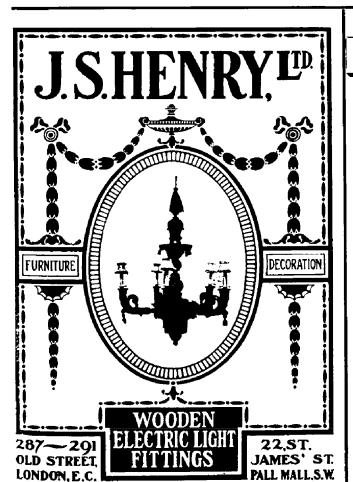


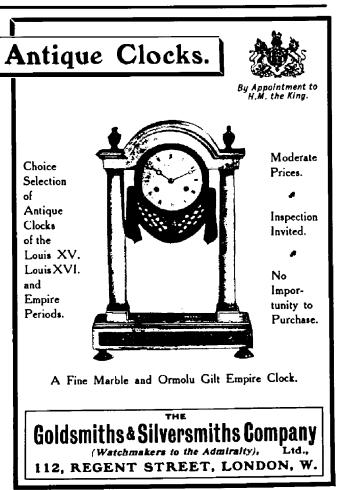
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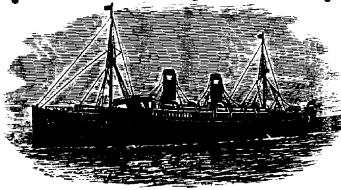
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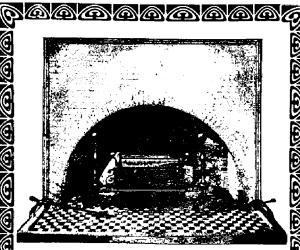
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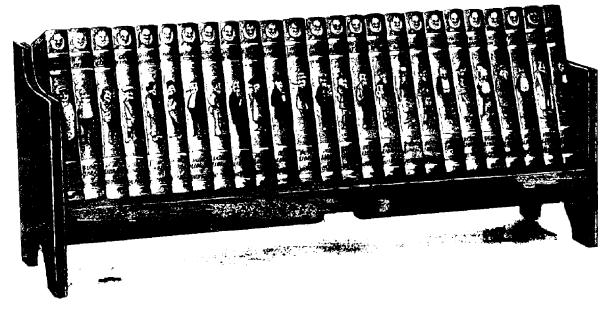
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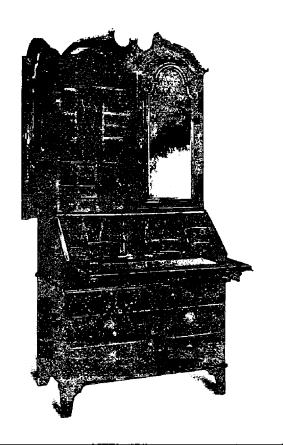
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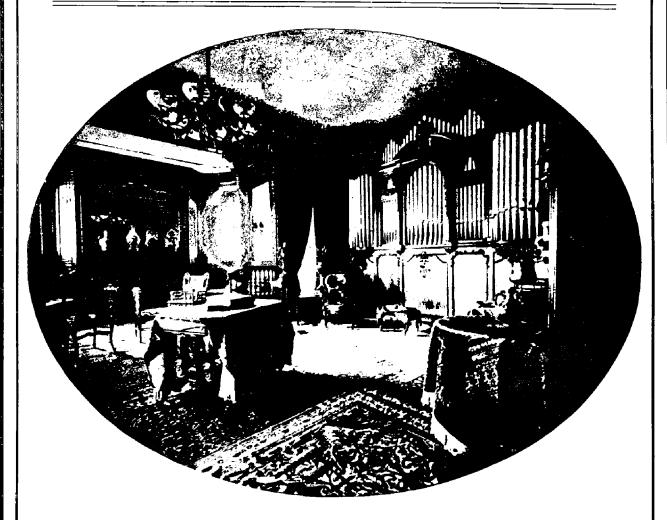
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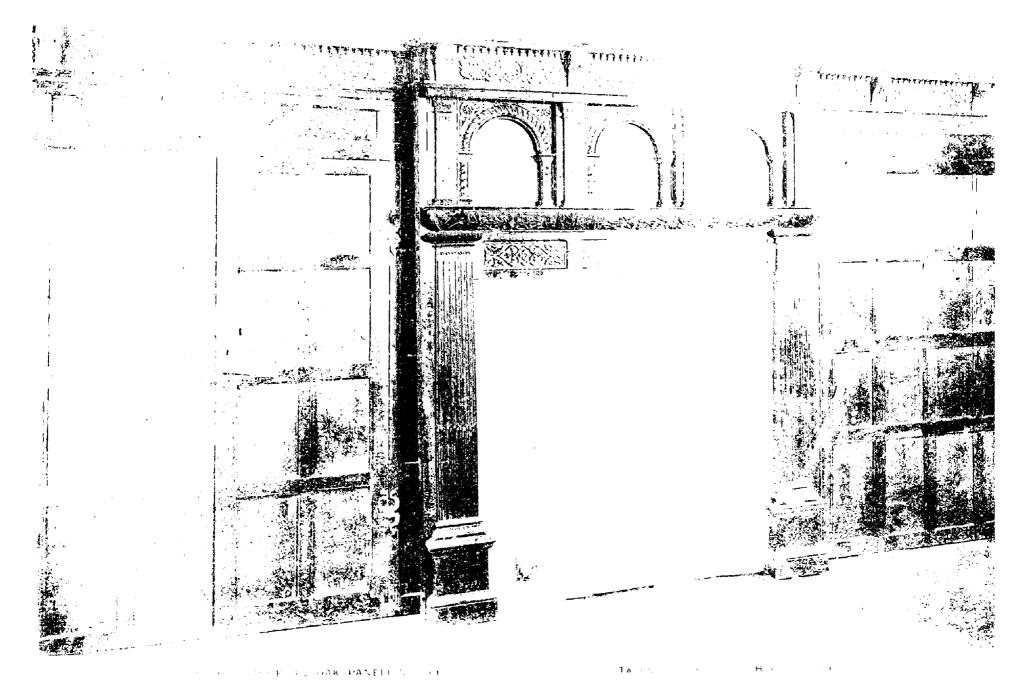
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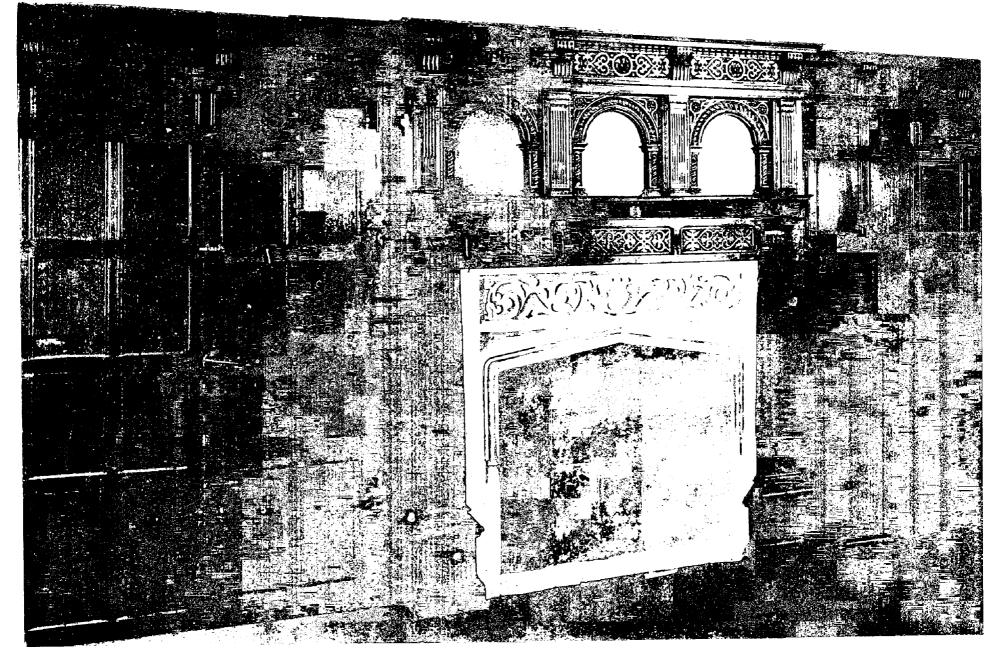
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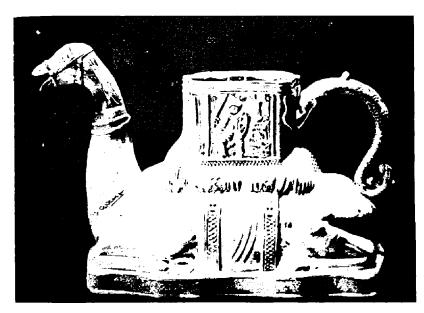
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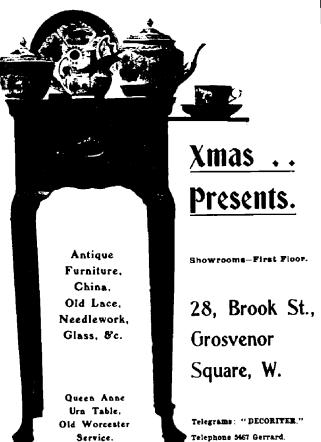
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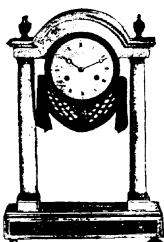
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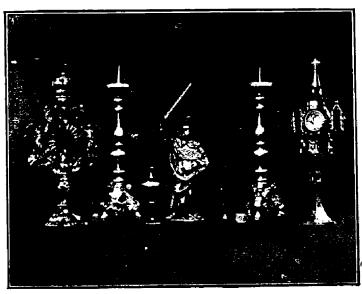
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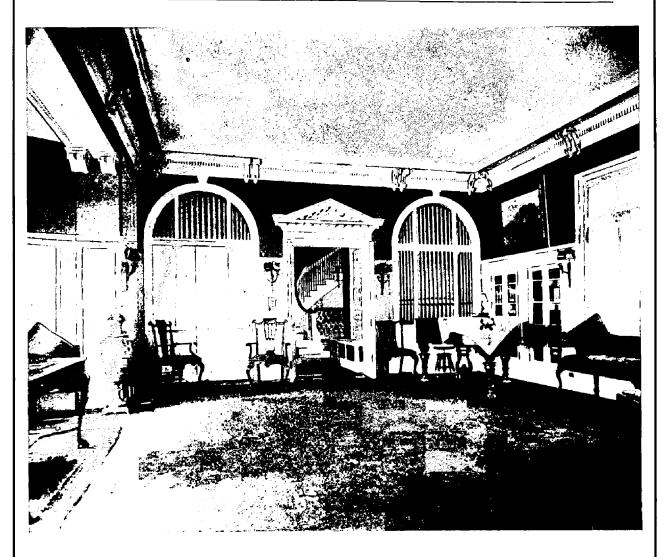
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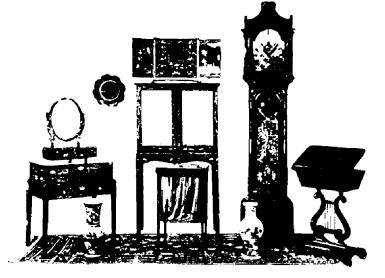
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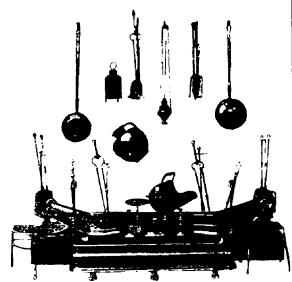


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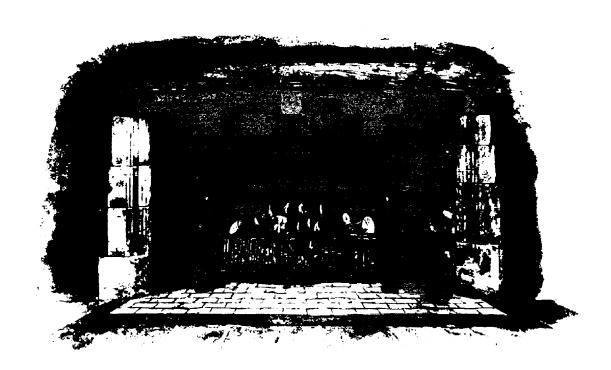
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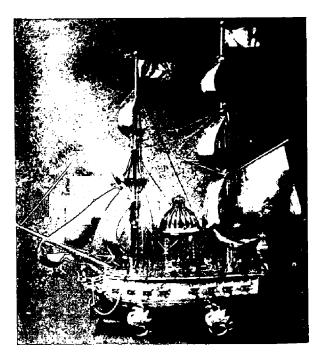
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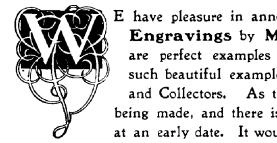
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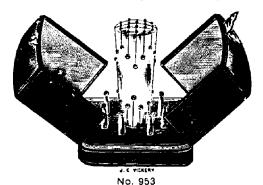
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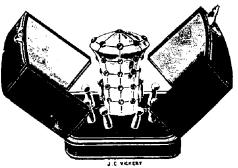




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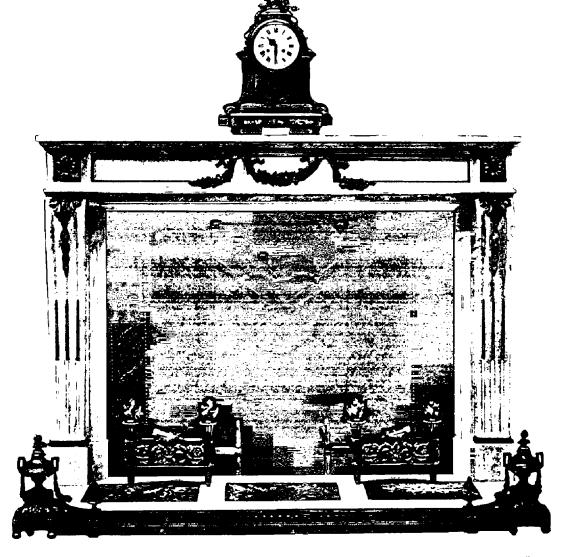
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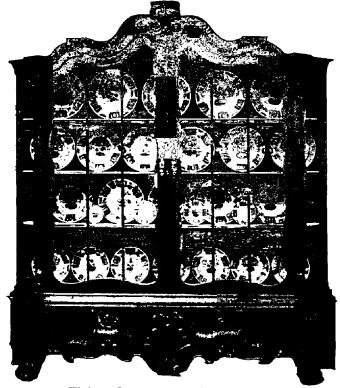
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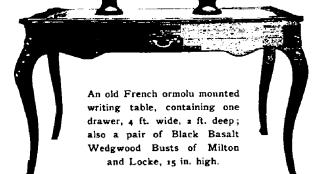
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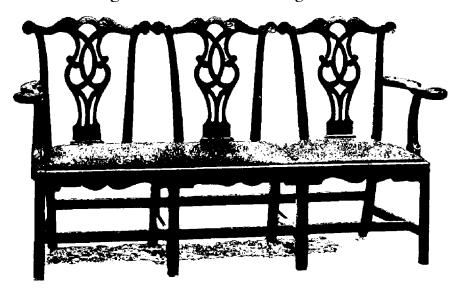
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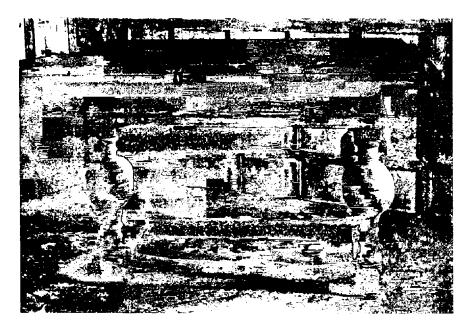


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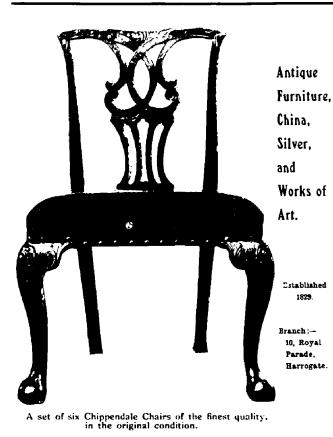
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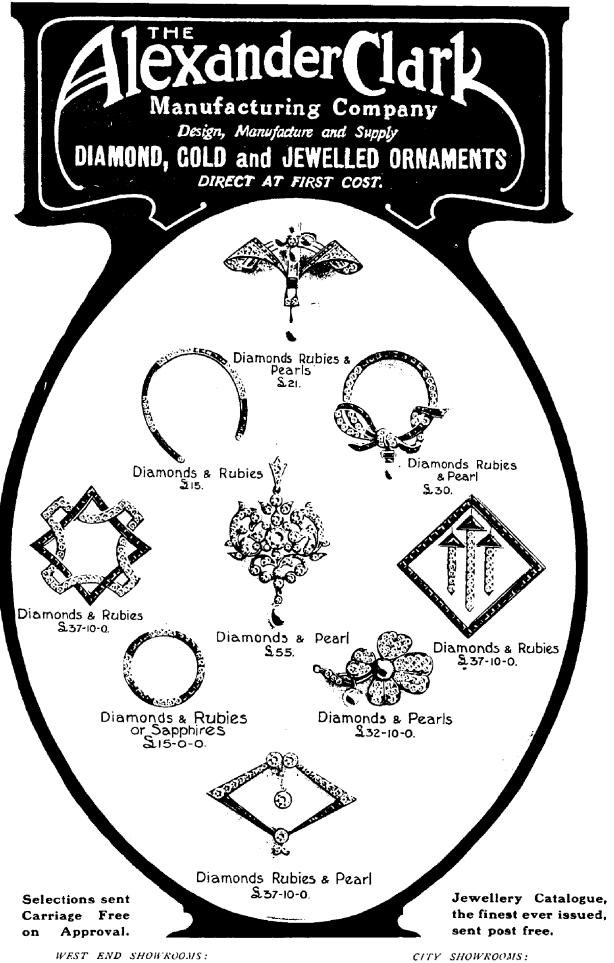


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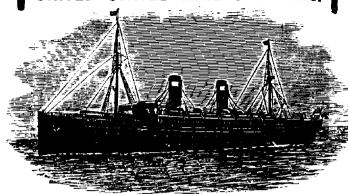
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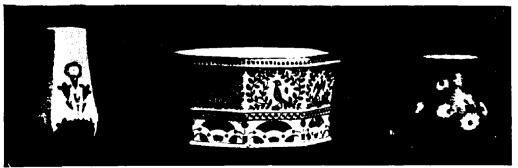
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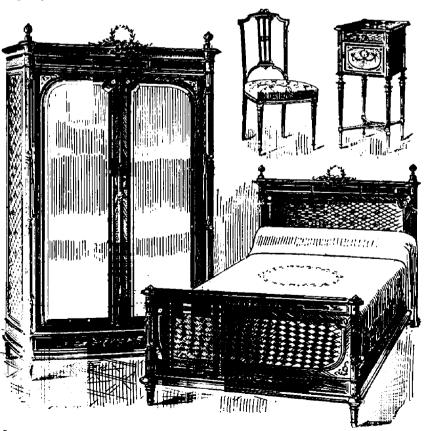
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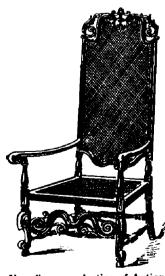
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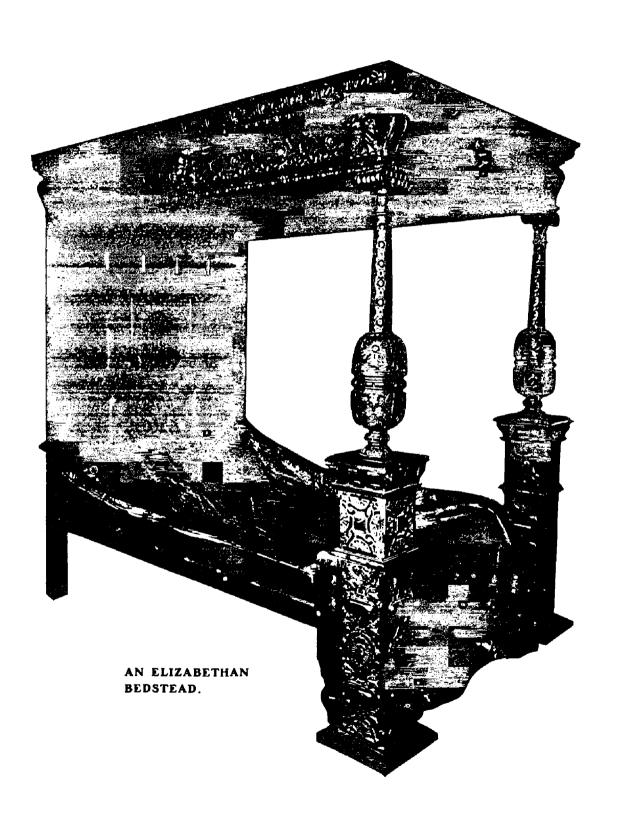
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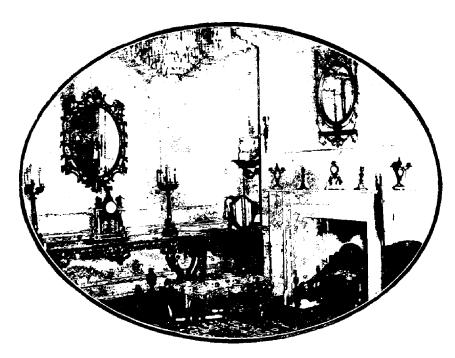
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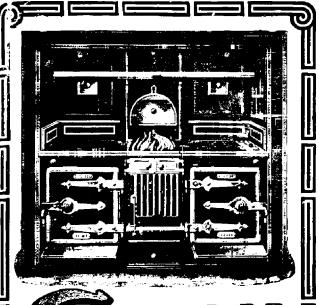


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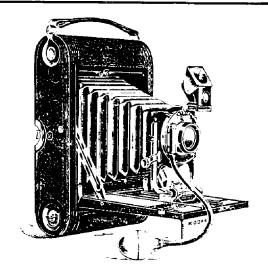
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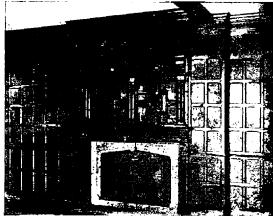
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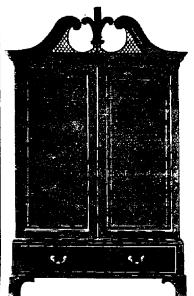
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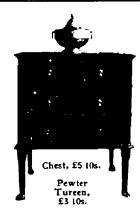
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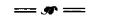
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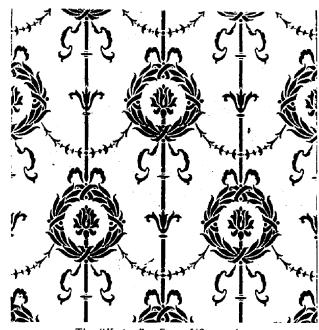
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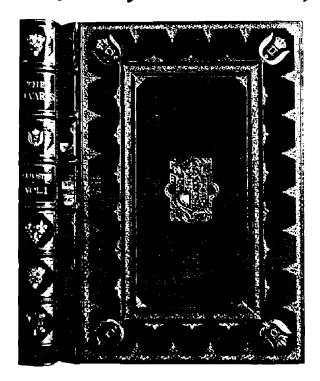
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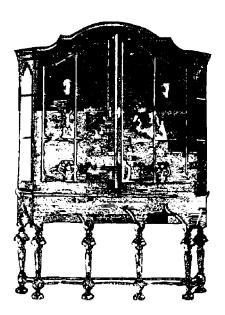
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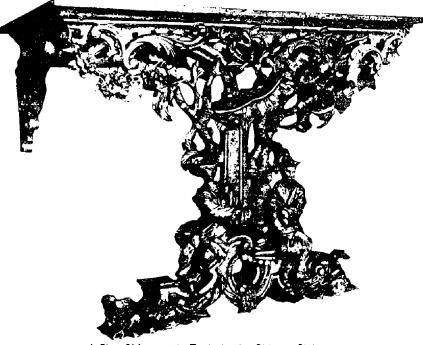
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