## Brauffred 1625/2)

THE

# PHILATELIST'S <br> ALMANACK 

AND
STAMP-COLLETOR'S VADE-MRCUM

POR THE YEAR

1893. 

# MAY THEY WHO FOUND THE OLD YEAR FBEE, AND SUCH AG FOUND ITS GIFTB BUT FEW, 

 HAVE ALL ALIKE IN NINETY-THREEA BETTER FBIEND THAN NINETY-TWO.


## A 8IGHT FOR 8TAMP COLLECTORS.

THE STAMP ROOM.

## A MUSEUM OF PHILATELY.

A CHAMBER OF PHILATELICAL HORRORS.

The opening of the Stamp Room at 281, Strand, is an event which may become the talk of the townand the country too. This Wonder of the Philatelical World will serve, we hope, not only as a diverting spectacle, to be remembered among the sights that everybody should see, but it has a useful purpose as an object lesson for collectors and dealers. A room which we think may sptly be described as a Philatelical Chamber of Horrors, has been fitted up at Palmer's, and to this exhibition the public are admitted, free of charge. A room has been papered entirely with forged stamps and reprints, taken from collections purchased from time to time by Mr. J. W. Palmer, who has been over thirty years engaged in sorting the rubbish of this sort from collections purchased by him. That these things should have been offered to him in the belief that they were genuine by those who sold them, shows how much imposition there is in the business of stamp dealing.

Mr. Palmer has always been able to detect a forgery or reprint (there is nothing to choose between them, in our opinion), and instead of putting them into circulation, Mr. Palmer has always consigned them to a Black Book. From the Black Book they have gone (as the dealers in such things should also go) to the wall.

The visitor will be astounded at the number of forged stamps and reprints here brought together. But more astounding is it to think of the tremendous amount of money that has been expended upon them by collectors who bought them for genuine specimans, and were wholly ignorant that they had been cheated until they brought them for sale to Mr. Palmer, only to find that what they thought were rare stamps turned out, when submitted to the eye of the expert, to be rubbish, for which they could not obtain a penny. For Mr. Palmer does not sell, neither does he buy forgeries or reprints. When they come into his possession, however, it has always been his aim, throughout thirty years, to prevent them from falling into other hands. Si sic omnes. If other dealers had followed his example, we should not have heard so much of the trade in spurious stamps.
A fisit to the Stamp Room will give some idea of the extent to which the trade in forged stamps has

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been carried. Here will be found the best and the worst specimens of their kind ; specimens so clumsily imitated that they would not deceive anybody but the least experienced, and others so closely imitated that the practised collector-or dealer-might, as in the case of the forged Spanish two reals stamp, be easily duped. Even the famous Brattleboro', which Mr. Palmer sold for $£ 250$, is here in fac simile. "There is some soul of goodness," says the poct, "in things evil." We think we have found some use, after all, for these things. They have served to decorate a room in a way that is quite unique, and the interest of the sight apart, it has special value to collectors, who may read a warning message on the walls of the Stamp Room in characters as plain as ever appeared at Belshazzar's feast.

Issue of New English Stamps, 1880
Union of Great Britain and Irelend, 1801
Gretna Green Marriages abolished
Est. of P.O. by Act to settle the Postage of Eng., Scot., Edward the Confessor died, 1066 [and Ireland, '56 T. A. Neale died, 1892

Lord Kimberley born, 1826
Victor Emmanuel died, 1878
Fire Insurance expires
Introduction of the Penny Post, 1840
Hilary Law Sittings beyin
Earl Iddesleigh died, 1887
George Fox died, 1690
Oxford Lent Term begins
Bric-d-Brac first issued, 1878
Battle of Corunne, 1809
Edward Gibbon died, 1794
German Empire proclaimed, 1871
Isaac Disraeli died, 1848
Mersey Tunnel opened, 1886
Louis XVI. guillotined, 1793
Defence of Rorke's Drift, 1879
William Pitt died, 1808
C. J. Fox born, 1749

Dr. John Doran died, 1878
Th Death of General Gordon, 1886
F German Emperor William II. born 1858
Battle of Aliwal, 1846
George III. died, 1820
Charles I. executed, 1649
Est. of a Metro. Penny Post by William Dockwra, 1680

## Int flemariam.

## THOMAS ALFRRD NEALEE.

Died January 6th, $189 \%$.
Cut down uike grass in aummer time,
A traveller fallen by the way,
A young man perisbed in his prime.
Gone to a reatful, heavenly cllme,
The grief is ours who etay.

# THE WOFUL BALLAD OF THE 8PANI\&H STAMP8. 

Ir was a foreign pilgrim, And he walked along the Strand, With a twinkle in his eye And a packet in his hand.

It was but a little packet
He held within his grip, And he paused awhile at 281 With a finger on his lip.

And he softly entered in,
No saint was ever calmer,
And lifting up his voice,
He asked for Mr. Palmer.
"Rare Spanish stamps have I,
Which you may like to see,"
Then he produced some specimens,
Two reals-'fifty-three.
His story sounded truth,
Although it turned out fable-
An honest smile was on his face,
His stamps were on the table.

| W | First German Stamps issued (Bavaria), 1849 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 Th | Candlemas Day |
| 3.7 | Marquis of Salisbury born, 1830 |
| 4 S | Sir W. Palliser died, 1882 |
| 58 | Postage Stamps first issued in the United States, 1847 |
| 6 M | Patrick Chalmers, Originator of the Adhesive Stamp, |
| 7 Tu | Jules Verne born, 1828 [born 1782 |
| 8 W | Half-Quarter Day |
| 9 Th | Lord Mayo assassinated, 1872 |
| 0 F | Queen Victoria married, 1840 |
| 1.5 | Thomas A. Edison born, 1847 |
| 2 S | Custom House burnt, 1814 |
| 3 M | Lord R. Churchill bom, 1849 |
| $1{ }^{\text {Tu}}$ | St. Valentine |
| 5 W | J. Bentham born, 1747 |
| 1 Th | Battle of St. Vincent, 1797 |
| 7 F | Duchess of Albany born, 1861 |
| 8 S | Capture of Trinidad, 1797 |
| 98 | King of Holland born, 1817 |
| M | Princess Louise of Wales born, 1867 |
| 1 Tu | Postage Stamps first issued in Russia, 1848 (Envelopes) |
| W | George Washington born, 1732 |
| 3 Tb | (24th) John Keats died, 1821 |
| 4 F | Great Earthquake at Mentone, 1887 |
| 5 | Sir C. Wren died, 1723 |
| 8 | Prince Ferdinand born, 1881 |
| M | Elizabeth Ruth Palmer died, 1886 |
|  | Postage Stamps first issued Denmark, 1851 |

## En fitemariam.

ELIZABRTH BOTH PALMER.
Died February 27th, 1886.
And from thy grave, $O$ mother dear, Thou speakest yet what I may hear,

Who wear thes in my heart.
We are but shadowe, one and all, Who come like shadows on the wall, And so depart. J. W. P.

The post-marks on the envelopes
Closely did I scan,
And every stamp seemed genuine,
And genuine the man.
A bargain then was made
Between that man and me,
And those rare stamps were soon locked upSo should that rascal be!

Doubt presently commenced
To prick me like a pin.
The stamps were taken outWas Palmer taken in?

Were they but forgeries,
Little cause to doubt them,
And the news it spread abroad-
Some folks knew all about them.
And here's the mystery :
Does anybody know
Where that impostor came from?
And whither did he go ?
Meanwhile, the hope I cherish,
May it not prove in vain,
That Pilgrim and this Palmer
May some day meet again.

|  | W | St. David |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Tb L | Leo LX. died. |
| F | F | Sir J. F. Stephen born, 1839 |
|  |  | (5th) Thames Tuanel opened, 1843 |
| 8 | 8 | Ember Day |
|  |  | First Prayer Book issued, 1549 |
| W | W | Postage Stamps introduced into Germany, 1850 |
| T |  | German Emperor William I. died, 1888 |
| F |  | Prince of Wales married, 1863 |
| S | S B | Benjamin West died, 1820 |
| 8 | 8 B | Bank issued $£ 1$ notes, 1797. $£ 5$ Bank of Eng. notes frrst |
| $13 \mathrm{M}$ | M | [issued, 1783 |
| 14 |  | King Eumbert born, 1844 |
| W | W | Viscount Melbourne born, 1779 |
| T |  | Queen created Empress of India, 1876 |
| $17 \mathrm{~F}$ |  | St. Patrick |
| S |  | Communist insurrection, Paris, 1871 |
| 19.8 | 8 L | Luchnow taken, 1858 |
|  |  |  |
| 21 | Tu | Warning issued by J. W. Palmer, '88, to colls. concern- |
| 22 W | W | Albert Way died, 1874 [ing Laureated Head, N.S.W. |
| $23 \mathrm{Tl}$ | Th | National Gallery opened, 1824 |
| 24 F | F | H. W. Longfellow died, 1882 |
| $s$ | S | Annunciation. Lady Day |
| 8 | 8 D | Duke of Cambridge born, 1819 |
| $\begin{gathered} 27 \\ 90 \end{gathered}$ |  | Postage Stamps first issued Ionian Isles, 1857 |
| 28 T | Tu | Cambridge Lent Term ends |
| $\underset{\sim}{\mathbf{W}}$ | W | Albert Hall opened, 1871 |
| 30. | Th D | Don Carlos born, 1848 |
| 31 F | F I | Italian Kingdom recognised, 1861 |

## RAREST OF THE RARE.

Ons of the events of our times in the history of the philatelical world was the sale of a single specimen of the Brattleborg' stamp for $\mathbf{5 3 5 0}$. Other specimens of this stamp-rarest of the rare-have been heard of, but they have not been seen.

Whose premises are these, which stand And flourish in the busy Strands, Whose name is writ on either hand 9
J. W. PALMER,

The true friend of the stamp collector, Whom knaves avoid, and rascals hector, The lynx-eyed forgery detector!
J. W. Palmer.

Who fought the stamp collectors' cause, And gave the seventh-Palmer's-clause To Post Office Protection laws?
J. W. PALMER.

Who is the true Philatelist,
Ready alooays to assist
Those who his services enlist $\%$
J. W. PALMER,

Who scorns the forgers' die and block? Whose firm is firm as any rock? Who keeps the largest, cheapest stock? J. W. PALMER.

When in the Strand you chance to drop, At 2, 8, 1, collectors, stop!
The man you want is in that shopJ. W. PALMEB.


How to Stice Stamps in alboms.-Don't use gum. It discolours the stamps to begin with, and works sad havoc with the best of them. Paste is cleaner and safer, and will prove much the better preparation to all intents and purpases. Stick to pasto-gum will stick to you closer than you may like. So, don't use gum.

Reprinted from the St. Stephex's Review.
An Intmpiew with the Greatebt Stamp Merceant in the World.

This is essentially an age of crazes. Some of them are evidences of misdirected energy. Some of them produce remarkable results, but not the most hypercritical faultfinder has a single word to say against that very popular mania, stamp collecting. It has been a standing recreation for the past forty years, and it seems that it has grown and grown until it very nearly assumes the dignity of a fine art. To be a prince among stamp collectors requires very farreaching knowledge indeed, and even then the forgeries which are every day beccming more common, place it beyond the power of all save one or two to pronounce with certainty on the genuineness of a stamp. There are numbers of dealers in foreign and English stamps, but not one can approach in experience the subject of our sketch, who has devoted the whole of his life from his early boyhood to their collection and examination. He is an enthusiast of the first water, and we can imagine nothing of greater interest to the philatelist than a stroll down the Strand, and a pause for a long chat at 281, or Holywell House as it has of late years come to be named.

| 1 | M | Issue of the Mulready envelope, 1840 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | Tu | Thames Embankment opened, 1868 |
| 1 | W | Jamaica discovered, 1494 |
|  | Tb | Local Letter Post established in Vienna, 1772 |
|  | F | Ex-Empress Eugenie born, 1826 |
|  | S | Postage Stamps first issued, 1840 |
|  | 8 | Robert Browning born, 1812 |
|  | 8 M |  |
|  | Tu | Mr. Wallace, M.P., moved for Sel. Com. to inquire into |
| 10 | W | Crystal Pal. op.,'54 [the merits of Rld. Hill's scheme,'37 |
| 11 | 1 Th | Petition against forged stamps prep. by J.W. Palmer,'84 |
| 12 | F | Sir Charles Barry died, 1860 |
| 13 | S | Suicide of King of Bavaria, 1886 |
| 14 | S | Battle of Marengo, 1860 |
| 15 | M | German Emperor Frederick died, 1888 |
| 16 | Tu | Penny Postage Jubilee Celebration at Guildhall, '\%0; |
| 17 | W | Revised New Testament issued, 1881 [issue of Jubilee |
| 18 | Th | New Eddystone Lighthouse opened, 1882 [post-card |
| 19 | F | Magna Charta signed, 1215 |
| 20 | S | Postage Stamps adopted by the Sandwich Islands, 1851 |
| 21 | 8 | Sir Lyon Playfair born, 1819 |
| 22 | M |  |
| 23 | Tu | Henry Fawcett born at Salisbury, 1833 |
| 24 | W | Queen Victoria born, 1819 |
| 25 | Th | Princess Helena born, 1846 |
| 28 | F |  |
| 27 | 7 S | Repeal of Corn Laws, 1856 |
| 28 | 8 | General Grant died, 1885 |
| 29 | M |  |
| 30 | Tu | Alexander Pope died, 1744 [Archer, 1852 |
| 31 | W | Machine for perforating stamps invented by Henry |

## A VERY RARE STAMP.

An advertisement appeared lately as follows : "For sale, a very rare postage stamp, time of Henry VIII." A correspondent, on calling the advertiser's attention to the fact that there were no postage stamps of that time, received for an answer, "That is the reason the stamp is so rare."

Here behind a long business-like counter may from early morn till dewy eve be found the man who has elevated the dealing in stamps to a profession, giving audience to Members of the Senate, barristers


THE CHAMPION OF PHILATBLY.
from the Temple, grave doctors, bronze-featured foreigners, schoolboys in Eton jackets, ay, and young ladies with their governesses, as well as "blue stockings" rarely seen outside the British Museum.


When Marshal MacMahon was President of France, his wife was very anxious to see his image set in stamps, and some such designs were prepared, but the Postal Commission rejected them and adopted the present design. There are collectors who believe that some of these MacMahon stamps got into circulation; hence they are supposed to be without price, as valuable, in fact, as one or two "Victoria and Albert" penny stampe, which tome people also confldently believe were not destroyed, although never officially issued.

All these find here a happy hunting ground, and it is astonishing with what tact Mr. Palmer treats his varied clientele.

Wondering whether any special Jubilee stamp would be issued on or about the 20th of June, we dropped in on this philatelical genius to make the inquiry, and were so interested in his surroundings that we ventured on a little extraneous conversation.
"Surely that grey-haired military-looking gentleman, who was in here discussing stamps with you, is not a collector himself?"
"You mean General ——,", smilingly replied Mr. Palmer; " and why not, pray?"

We said we thought the achoolboy craze had died out.
"Died out !" exclaimed Mr. Palmer, looking at us with a glance, in which scorn and pity were equally mingled. "Why, it was never so flourishing as at the present moment; while as to it being a schoolboy craze, I became a stamp collector when a little lad of seven ; but I am far more ardent in the pursuit of philately now than ever I was in my life. The fact is, the more one sees of it the more one learns to love it."
"That may be," we dubiously suggested; "but you are possibly one in a million." The next instant we trembled at our temerity.

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| 1 | S | 20 cent. French Stamp suppressed, 1850 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 8 | Penny Postage Jubilee Celebration at S. Kensington,'90 |
| 3 | M |  |
| 4 | Tu | Declaration of American Independence, 1776 |
| 5 | W | Lord Gifford born, 1848 |
| 6 | Th | Samuel Lever died, 1868 |
| 7 | F | John Euss burnt, 1415 |
| 8 | S | Shelley drowned, 1822 |
| - | 8 | Fire Insurance expires |
| 10 | M | Abolition of Members of Parliament's privilege |
| 11 | Tu | Alexandria bombarded, 1882 [franking letters, 1840 |
| 12 | W | Crimea evacuated, 1856 |
| 13 | Th | Voting by Ballot instituted, 1872 |
| 14 | F | Bastille stormed, 1789 |
| 15 | S | St. Swithin |
| 16 | 8 | Béranger died, 1857 |
| 17 | M | Issue of American Five Dollar Stamp, 1862 |
| 18 | Tu | Dean Stanley died, 1881 |
| 19 | W | Bishop Wilberforce died, 1873 |
| 20 | Th | Lord Westbury died, 1873 |
| 21 | F | Robert Burns died, 1786 |
| 22 | S | Ibsue of 15 cent. French Stamp (green), 1850 |
| 23 | 8 | Marquis of Hartington born, 1833 |
| 24 | M |  |
| 25 | Tu | Mrs. E. T. Parker, of a daughter |
| 26 | W | Metropolitan Penny Post established, 1683 |
| 27 | Th | Banl of England founded, 1694 |
| 28 | F | Armada dispersed, 1588 |
| 29 | S | Seaham Harbour opened, 1835 |
| 30 | 8 | General Post Officeopened in St. Martin's-le-Grand, '29 |
| $31$ | 1 M |  |

## A NATIONAL COLLECTION OF POSTAGE STAMPS.

Ter unique collection of postage stamps which formed the subject of the late Mr. T. K. Tapling's bequest to the British Museum has now been received at that institution, where it has, for the present, passed into the custody of the authonities of the Department of Printed Books. Having got the nucleus of a great collection, it is to be hoped that the authorities will improve the collection by making freah purchases from time to time.
"I perceive," said Mr. Palmer, "that you require a little enlightenment, and I shall be happy to give it to jox. Well, as a matter of fact, what was once a pursuit to which boys only were devoted, has now become the study and recreation of all classes. Especially in this case among men and women of culture. Our orders by post, received from all parts of the world, would surprise you. Why," continued Mr. Palmer, warming to the subject as he went on, " the numbers of people who call to consult me as to whether any stamps in their collections are genuine or forged take up at least half of my working day."
"Are there so many forgeries, then?"
"My dear sir, they are increasing every hour, and they are getting to be such perfect imitations, that I honestly believe I am the only man in the stamp profession able to detect them all. I make the detection of forgeries a special feature of my business, and so anxious am I to put it down, that I never charge anything for my opinion."
"That is to say, to your own chientele," we put in.
"I charge nobody, sir, and I am in constant communication with the post-office authorities on the subject; but, although I receive letters of thanks, it ends there; for, in spite of my actually supplying them with the names of the offenders, they do not attempt to enforce the law by a wholesome prosecu-

## ATOGTSTL



## FATHBR AND SON.

A Namis that will be honoured by all philatelista, that of Patrlak Chalmers, was one of the last to be added to the death-roll of the year 1891. Patrick Chalmert was the zon of the Dundee bookeeller Who was the originator of the adheaive stamp. Tlme and money the won spent without itint in the endeavour to obtaln for his father, James Chalmern, the honour to which he wan entieled. Patrick Chalmert lived long enough to wee his father's name hniled as that of the originator of the adhenive stamp.
tion. But I mean to have the question agitated again in the House of Commons, if the authorities do not wake up to the importance of the question."
" Most of these forgeries are executed abroad, are they not?"
"Yes," said Mr. Palmer, and so skilful have the Germans become that, for all we know to the contrary, myriads of English stamps are made over there, and sold in England to the loss of the British Exchequer. Look here," he continued, bringing out a sheet of stamps from a German house with the words fac simile printed across them, "without that word could you tell that they were imitations?"
"Certainly not."
"How easy it would be to leave out that word. And do you suppose it is not done? I assure you that the people who come complaining to me of the way in which they have been duped by unscrupulous dealers makes my heart bleed. You see that a goodly proportion of collectors follow up the pursuit or gain -that is to say, as stamps get older they become rarer, and increase in value accordingly, then the collector sells his book, and often reaps a handsome profit of hundreds of pounds."
"But suppose they are forgeries?"
"If they are, and the buyer, before paying the purchase money, brings the book to me, the unhappy


## the first case.

Tyz Beventh-Palmer's-Clause of the Now Porf Office Proteo tion Act carme into force September, 1884. In October there whe a Poat Offion prowecution for " felontounly forging and counterfelting a die and plate and stamp." The prisoner wha mentenced to elfghteen montha' imprieonment. Mr. Owborne, the colleitor to the Post Omce department, stated that thin wis the firat case of the find "that has eper occurred." Ho should have said that it whit the frat cese that hae ovse been brought to book by the euthoritio. Wo dare hopeit will not be the last.

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collector has it thrown back on his hands, as a matter of course."
"What do you consider a valuable collection, Mr. Palmer?"
"Well," said he, looking round at his well-filled shelves, "I call mine a valuable one; it would fetch $£ 40,000$ in the open stamp market."
"Among the dealers?"
"I never sell to them; I have given up that business long since, and am therefore not responsible for anything they may do, although," added Mr. Palmer, "they no doubt purchase of me in a roundabout way without may knowledge. You are looking at that little journal of mine-Bric-a-Brac. You see in my way I am a member of the Fourth Estate, too."

We remarked that it seemed very interesting reading.
"Yes, it is full of curious facts about stamps. Stay, I will show you possibly the rarest thing in existence in the stamp world." Here Mr. Palmer, with pardonable pride, produced a block of twentyfour V. R.'s (a black English penny stamp of great rarity). "There is not another block like that in existence," said he, rubbing his hands. "There are, of course, plenty of other rarities, such as, for instance, the pair of Mulready wrappers, on India paper issued in 1840, which will fetch $£ 80$. I believe


## "LIE OLD BOOTY."

IT le often said that rare stampe sell "like old boots." Why, old booth ? Old boots, we should Bey, are hardly worth giving amay, and mach the same opinion with regard to stampa seems to have exigted in the mind of a small boy who entered Palmer's one day. To him s postage stamp was nothing more then "s primione by the river's brim "was to Peter Bell. There were only two kinda of stamps for him-old atampa and new. With all the simplicity in the world, the youngster asked whothor Mr. Palmer bad "any old stampe to give away."
there are only six of these postal gems extant. I hold two, and I fancy South Kensington has another; mine are, however, the only used specimens. The New Brunswick 5 cents stamp, with the head of O'Connell, is worth $£ 30$ used. The two Reunion


Threk medals have been struck by Mr. J. W. Palmer, severally and separately, commemorating the Jubileo of the Queen's reign (1887), the Silver Wedding of T.R.H. the Prince and Princess of Wales (1888), and the Jubilee of the Penny Poatage (1890). Specimens of these medals may still be had of J. W. Palmer, 281, Strand, W. C.
stamps, the 15 and 30 cents, are worth $£ 100$. The set of four Sandwich Islands of 1852 is worth $£ 300$; a set of the four British Guiana of 1850 fetches $£ 75$, and the set of four of $1856, £ 100$. The Mauritius stamp of 1847, a wood block, is a very rare stamp, and is seldom met with. It has the words on one side,
Stamped Pos. Letter-paper (carta postale bollata) issued India proclaimed an Empire, '68 [by Sardinian Sts.,'18 Mikado of Japan born, 1852
George Peabody died, 1869
Postage Stamps first issued, Gambia, 1869
Henry Fawcett, Postmaster-General, died, 1884
John Milton died, 1674
Prince of Wales born, 1841
Royal Academy founded, 1768
Martinmas
J. S. O. D. Palmer born, 1887
First appointment of Postmaster-General for England, William Pitt born, 1708
[1633
John Bright born, 1811
Suez Canal opened, 1869
Charles Heath died, 1848
Man in the iron mask died, 1703
Empress Frederick of Germany born, 1840
M. S. E. C. Palmer born, 1889
Post-Office prosecution, 1889
Postage Stamps first issued, Sarawak, 1886
Sir F. Chantrey died, 1841
Marshal Soult died, 1851
T
W
W
The Timst School Board Election, 1870
Th Cardinal Wolsey died, 1530

## WON'T WABH.

Ir is a common practice of washing biamps for the purpose of glving them a clean appearance, but we need not remind our renders that the affectation of maxing stampe look "nice" is one which carries no walght with the true collector, who wante his atamps in what may be called their natural state. Of course, rare atampa are to be had in varying statea of preservation, but \& worn apecimen is of more value than a atamp that bes bees wanhed and mended, for the arts of preparation have been carried to the extent of maling old atampe, and tattared, into new. All at3mps sold by Mr. Palmer are sold for what they are. They are genuine and untouched, and if some of our stampa do not look so new as many old atampa that we have meen. It is becaute we do not tamper with them in ony why.
'Post Office,' instead of 'post paid.' There are two of these rarities, the 1d. and the 2 d. , and they are worth $£ 100$ apiece."
"What do you think of the new English stamps?" Mr. Palmer shrugged his shoulders.
"They should have been made worthy of the Jubilee year. It was impossible that they could have been uglier designs than the old ones, but an idea that combined art with simplicity might easily have been adopted. Look at the Canadian stamp. How perfect in finish, how glorious in effect; why should a colony produce such a work of art, and the mother country have to fall back on a mere Brummagem imitation of a poor model?"
"You should have suggested the adoption of the Cznadian stamp, or something like it, Mr. Palmer?"
"I did, but was told that the matter had been long since settled. What they should do," said the stamp genius, in conclusion, "to mark the Jubilee year would be to inaugurate penny ocean postage and farthing suburban stamps for the large towns. This would increase the revenue to an astounding extent. I venture to predict that in a big town like London the Post Office business would be more than quadrupled."
"It is a capital idea, Mr. Palmer, and we will put it into print and awaken public opinion on it."

| 1 | F | Princess of Wales born, 1844 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | S | Queen Adelaide died, 1840 |
| 3 | 8 | Rowland Hill born, at Kidderminster, 1795 |
| 4 | M |  |
| 5 | Tu | Postal Service organised at Nuremberg, 1570 |
| 6 | W | Postage Stamps first issued in Zurich, 1840 |
| 7 | Th | General Sir Redvers Buller born, 1839 |
| 8 | F | F. M. R. Palmer born, 1881 |
| 9 | S | Earl of Clarendon died, 1674 |
| 10 | 8 | Post-Office prosecution, 1880 |
| 11 | M |  |
| 12 | Tu | Colley Cibber died, 1757 |
| 13 | W | Dr. Johnson died, 1784 |
| 14 | Th | Postage Stamps first issued in Belgium, 1849 |
| 15 | F | Imperial Stamp of New Germany issucd, 1871 |
| 16 | S | A. de Fourcroy died, 1843 |
| 17 | 8 | Oxford Michaelmas Term ends |
| 18 | M |  |
| 19 | Tu | Cambridge Michaelmas Term ends |
| 30 | W | John Wilson Croker born, 1780 |
| 21 | Th | St. Thomas. Michaelnas Lav Sittings end |
| 22 | F | "George Eliot " died, 1880 |
| 23 | S | Samuel Parkes died, 1825 |
| 24 | 8 | The "Tipton Slasher" died, 1880 |
| 25 | M | Chicistmas Day |
| 26 | Tu | Bank and general holiday |
| 27 | W | Postage Stamps frrst issued in Brazil, 1843 |
| 28 | Th | Lord Macaulay died, 1859 |
| 29 | F | W. E. Gladstone born, 1809 |
| 30 | S | Postage Stamps first issued in Naples, 1858 |
| 31 | S | Gambetta died, 1882 |

## TBE LATE LAMENTED.

Obsmorese whose accoants have been so long standing that Mr. Palmer is almost In despair sbout them, are entrasted to write, otherwise Mr. Palmer will regretiully have to chronicle their lose, and will commemorate his "late" customers by printing their named and addressee on a kind of memorial card in this stylo:

[^0]
## WHO DEPARTED

And so, bidding this worthy philatelist good morning, for already the crowd of stamp collectors waiting his fiat on forgeries was assuming formidable proportions, we emerged into the Strand, having added to our stock of information and spent a very agreeable half-hour, enriched by the addition to our boy's stamp album of a photograph of the great stamp man which we were courteously presented with on leaving.

## ORIGIN OF THE REOEIPT BTAMP.

The issue of receipt stamps took place under peculiar circumstances. The Dutch Exchequer having fallen very low, and the people being already overloaded with taxes, a reward was offered to any one who should suggest a new source of revenue which would replenish the exchequer without pressing the people. This ordinance was dated 13th August, 1624 , and the receipt stamp was the outcome. The name of the suggestor has not come down to us, but the law De Impost van Bexegelde Brieven still holds its place in the statute book of Holland. This source of revenue was introduced into this country in 1693 (5 William and Mary, ch. 21), and the adhesive postage has now taken the place of the original impressed one.


## THE INVENTOR OF THE ADHESIVE

## POSTAGE STAMP.

Jambs Chalmers has in this generation been recognised as the inventor of the adhesive stamp and his name will go down to posterity as the benefactor of his kind. The position which was so long usurped by Rowland Hill was wrested from that postal reformer by Patrick Chalmers, who restored to his father's name the honour to which it is entitled. James Chalmers was born at Arbroath, Scotland, in 1782, and died at Dundee, Scotland, in 1853. It was in the year 1834 that he invented and produced; on his premises the adhesive stamp for postage purposes, printed on sheets of paper, afterwards gummed over by an adhesive substance, precisely on the principle now in use. Eighteen months before the Penny Postage Bill was introduced into Parliament, James Chalmers sent his plan to the Select Committee of the House of Commons appointed to inquire into the proposed Bill, also to the Mercantile Committee of the City of London charged with the support of the Bill. The plan of the impressed

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\text { Office Housh } 10 \text { a.m. tict } 7 \text { p.m }
$$
stamp as proposed by Mr. Rowland Hill not finding favour, that of the adhesive stamp was brought forward in Parliament by its adrocates, and became ultimately adopted by Treasury Minute of date December 26th, 1839.
James Chalmers, of Dundee, died in August, 1853, aged 71 years, leaving a lasting memorial behind him. Si monumentum queris circumspice. Every letter that passes through the post proclaims his service to his kind.

## BOUVENIR OF THE PENNY PO8TAQE

 JUBILEE.A pretty souvenir of the Penny Postage Jubilee has been issued by Mr. J. W. Palmer, in the shape of a photograph of the Post Offices of the year 1790 and as they will be in 1990, as they were represented at the conversazione at South Kensington Museum on July 2nd, 1890. The photograph measures 6 inches by $4 \frac{1}{2}$, and is mounted on a thick cardboard. It makes an interesting picture that is well worth framing, though it looks well enough without a frame. Collectors and Post-Office officials will no doubt value such a souvenir of the Centenary of the Post Office and the Jubilee of the Penny Postage

Stamp. The picture marks the differences between the old system and the new, and is the only " document" extant which shows at once the Post Office as it was a hundred years ago, as it is at the present day, and as it may probably be a hundred years hence. The little office which has gradually developed into the Post Office as we know it now, is a curious memorial of the old times, and the effect of the contrast is emphasised by presenting it in association with the new order. The scene is reproduced exactly as it was on the memorable night of the conversazione. A portrait of Mr. Palmer is given in the picture, which is published at the price of one shilling, and will be sent, carefully packed, to any address in the United Kingdom post free for one shilling and threepence, and to other countries according to the postal rates.

## ONE FOR PALMER.

Wrre the advance of education and culture (says the Whitehall Review), the value of reliable experts to assist amateurs in making art collections of bric- $\grave{a}$ brac, stamps, \&c., becomes more and more apparent. Intelligence must be directed into a proper channel or the disappointed collector grows weary, and
desists from his search after curios. In such circumstances it is an important factor to be conversant with an expert whose reputation for absolute reliability is as high as that for his incorruptibility, and such a man we fortunately find in Mr. J. W. Palmer, of 281, Strand. His knowledge is simply stupendous, and woe be to the sharp who tries to rush him with a forged stamp or vamped curio. Verb. sap.

## "PALMER'S CLAUSE" IN QERMANY.

Colrectors of postage stamps will be glad to learn that orders have been issued throughout Germany for the prosecution of all who are found manufacturing false stamps. Hitherto it has been difficult to punish such men unless they uttered stamps that were new, and therefore possessed an intrinsic value in money ; but a stamp defaced by a sham post-mark had no intrinsic value at all, and could only be called a picture. At the late International Postal Congress in Vienna, however, it was voted that the forging of postage stamps in any way ought to be made an indictable offence, and the Prussian Government has been the first to adopt this view with practical effects. This is carrying out Palmer's Clause to the letter, and Germany having shown the way, it is to be hoped that England and the other nations will follow.

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## NEVER SAY "DIES."

## LETTER FROM SIR WILLIAM MELVILL.

It is only by pegging away, as old Abe Lincoln used to say, that anything is to be accomplished against opposition; and "pegging away" is the policy of Bric-a-Brac, the philatelist's paper, edited by J. W. Palmer. It was stated in a stamp case that Sir William Melvill, Solicitor to the Inland Revenue Department, had authorised the use of dies-"all others except English." The statement was repeated over and over again in a variety of journals. There was only one man who could speak positively on the subject, that one man was Sir William Melvill. To Sir William Melvill Mr. Palmer addressed himself directly. Sir William Melvill replied in these terms:
[COPY.]
"The Editor of 'Bric-à-Brac' is informed in reply to his letter of the 21 st instant, that the witness was in error in stating that Sir $W$. Melvill expressed any wish or gave any authority as to the use of dies for impression in a Stamp Dealer's Catalogue, and Sir H. Melvill is informed that the witness corrected the error in his evidence given at the Police Court on a subsequent day.
"Somerset House, "24th May, 1892."

It is very difficult when once an incorrect statement has got the start for the truth to overtake it, and the most we can do is to give the facts, as they are stated by Sir William Melvill, and to appeal to those who have given the other version of the affair to do the same, if only out of the spirit of common fairness to the gentleman who has been so misrepresented, to say nothing of their professed desire to put down forgeries.

Tee following list of "suspicious " stamps, collectors are advised to read, mark, and learn by heart :-
Alsace-Lorraine, American Locals, American Newspaper, Stamps, American Periodicals, american Pony Express, Baden, Bavaria, Bergedorf, Brazil, Bremen, British Guiana Buenos Ayres, Cape of Good Hope (woodcuts), Ceylon, Columbia, Confederate States (Locals), Danube (Roumania), Fiji Islands, Germany. Hamburg (Locals), Hanover, Heligoland, Laureated Head (New South Wales), Lubeck, Mauritius (old), Medina, Mexico, Monte Oviedo, Natal (first issue), Nevis, Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, Oldenburg, Papal States, Parma, Persia, Peru, Philippine Islands, Reunion, Romagne, Samoa Express, Sandwich Islands, Saxony (first issue), Sedang, Schleswig-Holstein (first issue), Scilly,Shanghal, Siberia, Spain, Steam Na vigation Company, Swiss Locals, Suez Canal, Sydney Views-New South Wales, Venezuela, Wurtemburg.
Before purchasing rare specimens, collectors are adrised to submit them, for an opinion (which will be given gratuitously), to Mr. J. W. Palmer.

## 38

## OOEAN PENNY POBTAGE.

Ocr pet scheme of the Ocean Penny Postage is coming within measurable distance. Mr. Henniker Heaton, M.P., in adressing a meeting of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce on the question of postal reform, said the idea of Ocean Penny Postage was one which the country generally, and our fellow-subjects in the colonies almost unanimously, fell in with. Among other things in its favour was the fact that no increase of expenditure would be involved in its adoption; nor would there be any loss whatever to the postal authorities in carrying letters from England to any part of the colonies for one penny. Some people contended that twopence-halfpenny was little enough; but why should they pay that sum per letter when it could be done with no loss to any one for one penny? He had lately visited every Postmaster-General in the colonies, and all of them received his proposal eagerly, and, indeed, enthusiastically. The cost to the Post Office of sending a letter to any quarter of the globe was one farthing; and, therefore, if the penny rate was adopted, a profit of three farthings on each letter would be left. Now what has the Postmaster General to say to that?

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