PRICED CATALOGUE of tile

## 

 of THE
## 

BY
R. FIOI工ICK. REVISFD BY
T. H. THOMPSON. $\therefore$ R. HOPKINS. J. G. CUTHBERTSON.

MTLISHED BY

CROUCH END, LONDON, N.
${ }^{\prime \prime n} d$
The Liverpool Stamp Co., 49, RENSHAW-ST., LIVERPOOL. PRICE, TEN PENCE. CANADA:
J. EDWARDS, 52c Latour-St., Montreal.

## IMPORTANT.

All stamps are in stock at the time of publication of this list, but we are occasionally out of stock of certain stamps, in which case cash will be returned.

Prices are subject to flartuations, especially the last issues unused, and to meet the case, on receipt of a stamp, will forward a revised list of these stamps.

All communications should be addressed to :HOPKINS BROS., CROUCH END, LONDON.

## LIVERPOOL STAMP CO.,

49, REINSEAW STEEET,



Have a fine Stock of Stamps suitable for advanced, Medium or leginners. Prices reasomable throughout. Selections will be sent on approval on receipt of London 'Trade Reference or Deposit.

Messrs. Gibbons, Butlers, Senfs, Lincolns, and other makes of

## ALBUMS

T always in stock. Prices sent on application.

## 

To purchase Collections or Rare Stamps. A liberal price paid. No Seebecks or similar rubbish required at any price. For

Old U. S., Canada, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, or Newfoundland,
a good price will be given.
*** Send on approval stating price required, an answer per return of post certain.

## Р尺円円AC円。

「fresenting this small book to the collecting public，we are not attempting to supply a long felt want，or fill a sap in philatelis： fournalism which has hitherto remaned open，but to phace in the hands of the collector a work wheh we hare endeasoured to make clear， conctise，reliabe，instructise，and up to date．The expert may not see anthing new or nowel；quite trac，this book is not intended for him， b，at when the less advanced philatelist through the mase of the various fontes of these most interesting stamps．

In the matter of pricing，we have met with some little difficulty．as wers time eophes of the rarer varicties have realised mud in excess of the same stampes in less fine condition．The frices herein memtioned may be taken as for fair average copies，and are based upon our own suck and recent auction sales．

We have endeavoured to make everything as clear as possible，and （1）be reliable in giving date of issues，variety of watermarhs，etc．，and hall be pleased to receive corrections，or any information as to nmissions，which may tend to enhance the value of the work in the cyes of the collector．

We therefore venture to launch our little work into the journalistio sea，craving the gracious forbearance of the critic，as we do not assign in ourselves any literary merit，hoping that not a few will be assisted by its presence and the information derived from its perusal．If our hunes are realised，we shall consider ourselses amply repaid for the trouble taken in its compilation．

We remain，
licur most obedient servants，

> THE PUBIISHERS.

London，October 1895.

# The Stamps of the Sreuxard sifles 

PY

## 民. HOI工ICK.

REvisfid ANJ) VAd.UED

## 

BY

> T. H. THOMPSON, J. G. CUTHBERTSON \& R. HOPKINS.

THERF are many philatelists, possessed of moderate means or leisure, who find it uncongenial to their tastes to have collections which, from general incompleteness, are insufficiently presentable to their friends; but if they could concentrate their energies on stamps of one cumntry or group, they would eventually make a satisfactory collection.

A most interesting group is that of the I.eeward Islands, and these stamps, carefully studied and arranged, will well repay the trouble. There are none absolutely unattainable, and, though fast advancing in value, are not of forbidding cost, yet there are sufficient varicties of perforation and watermark to give zest to the labour.
liy arranging under the titles of the six divisions, and afterwards under their confederated one, no blank page need be left for future issues, except at the end of the album.

It is interesting to note, in the carlier stamps of these islands, their great diversity. Slowly they began to assume a greater family likeness in design, and still later the colours for each value became more universal throughout the group, foreshadowing the final federation for postal purposes, which took place in October, 1890.

This federation has diminished the necessity for provisional issues, as, the islands being situated but short distances from each other, supplies of stamps are easily obtainable.

Previous to the issue of special stamps for the West Indian Colonies, postage could be unpaid, paid in stamps, or by means of English stamps. Such stamps are extremely interesting, and may be recognised only by studying the postmarks of the various colonies.

The following catalogue, compiled in chronological order, is believed to be complete.

## ANTIGUA.

IN 1862 the stamps of the above island were first issued; for the early issues there were two plates, the one penny and sixpenny, of which, the one penny was destroyed, but the sixpenny is now in the possession of Mr. Thompson. However, collectors need have no fear of the stamps being reprinted, as not only did Mr. Thompson enter into an agreement with the government restraining him from doing so, but the plates are cancelled with a cross on each stamp. This brings us to the first stamps issued, viz.

| Unused | Used |
| :---: | :---: |
| $s$ | $d$ |

1862. Engraved on white wove paper, paper varying from thick to thin, unwatermarked, 120 stamps to the sheet.
I Sixpence, green, perf 15 ... ... ... 20 o 15 ○
2 Sixpence, green, perf $111 / 2 \times 15 \frac{1 / 2}{2} \cdots \cdots \quad 25 \circ 200$
2a Sixpenny, sea green, $111 / 2$ on 3 sides
$151 / 2$ on 1 side
1863. Same type and paper, watermarked large star. Perforated $14,14^{1 / 2}, 15 \frac{1}{2}$, and compounds of these perforations irregularly on same sheet.

| 3 One penny, litac-rose | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 3 | 6 | 3 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 One penny, carmine rose | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 2 | 6 | 2 |  |
| 5 One penny, brick-red | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | 5 | - | 7 |  |
| 6 One penny, vermilion |  |  |  | 1 | 6 | I |  |
| to Sixpence, deep-green | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 8 | - | 4 |  |
| If Sixpence, palegreen | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | 10 | - | 5 |  |
| 12 Sixpence, yellow-green | $\cdots$ |  | ... | 8 | - | 8 |  |
| Varieties. Imperforated, unwatermarked. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| I3 One penny, red ... | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 60 | $\bigcirc$ | 60 |  |
| 14 One penny, dull-rose | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | 70 | - | 70 |  |
| 15 Sixpence, deep-green | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ... |  |  | 160 |  |
| 15 Sixpence, yellow-green | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |
| The same, only watermarked star |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| r6 One penny, rose | ... | ... | ... | 50 | - | 60 |  |
| 17 Sixpence, deep-green |  |  |  | 80 | 0 | 80 |  |
| Pairs of the above are known, possibly proofs. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

pair of the one penny, rose, imperforated, watermarked star, made over $£ 18$ at the famous De Coppet sale, but whether it was really sold at this price is a question.
is One penny, perforated horizontally, and imperforated vertically
An unsevered pair of the above made $£ 15$ also at the above mentioned sale, and the same question as to whether it really was sold at that price.
19 One penny, star watermark inverted
1873 Same type and paper watermarked Crown CC, perforated $121 / 2$.
$\begin{array}{lllll}20 & \text { One penny, carmine red } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ 21 & \text { One penny, vermilion } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ 22 & \text { One penny, scarlet } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ 23 & \text { Sixpenny, deep-green } & \ldots & \cdots & \ldots\end{array}$
23 a ," watermark inverted ...
24 Sixpenny, yellow-green
Same type, paper, and watermarked, but perforated 14.
25 One penny, carmine-red ... ... ..
26 One penny, vermilion ... ... ...
27 One penny, orange-red ... ... ...
28 Sixpenny, deep-green
...
This id and 6 d also inverted watermark.
Halves of the penny value are known, which have certainly passed through the post, but whether through carelessness of the officials or not, is not quite clear. The Post Office authorities deny their origin, and they also inform us that the bisected penny surcharged $1 / 2 \mathrm{~d}$. is an absolute fraud.
1879. New design, type printed on white paper perforated 14, watermarked Crown CC.
29 Two pence halfpenny, red-brown
... ...

I 6
 1

| 2 | 6 | 1 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| 5 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| 10 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  |
| $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  |

30 Fourpence, blue
It may interest some collectors to give the plate No. and their value. We therefore give the value of pate No. I in brackets, the other price is, of course, for plate No. 2.
1882. As last, but watermark changed to Crown CA.
$\begin{array}{llllllll}31 & \text { Halfpenny, green (plate No. I ) } & \ldots & \cdots & 0 & 4 & 0 & 6 \\ 32 & \text { Two pence halfpenny, red-brown (plate No. i } & \\ 6 & 0 & 3 & 0\end{array}$

| Unused |  | Used |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| s | $d$ | s | $d$ |

s d

| Unused | Used |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $s$ | $d$ | $s$ |
| 6 | 0 | 3 |

16
34 One penny, red
16
As last, but perforated 14 .
35 One penny, red ... ... ... ... ○ 6
36 Sixpence, green ... ... ... ... 5 ○
Same type as $1879-82$ issues, watermarked as last.
37 Twopence halfpenny, blue
$3^{8}$ Fourpence, red-brown
10
39 One shilling, lilac mauve
20
All the type printed issues of this island, that is to say, the $1 / 2 \mathrm{~d}, 21 / 2 \mathrm{~d}, 4 \mathrm{~d}$ and $1 /=$ values were printed from the ordinary British Colonial plates, os used in Cyprus, etc. It may not be known to many collectors these last values, and in fact, all the later issued stamps of Montserrat, Nevis, and some of the Virgin Islands, were printed from blank key plates, with tablets at top and bottom for name of colony and value.

## FISCALS.

These are met with postmarked, and many really have passed through the post office, but they were not purchased there for postal service.
1884 . Long Rect, size $22 \times 571 / 2 \mathrm{~mm}$. 40 One penny, blue, Crown and CA, perf 14
Little or no competition at all are shown to these fiscals, used postally, at auctions, as there always seems a great mistrust as to their being genuine or not.
The one penny fiscal with overprint POSTAGE and revenue is a fraud.
Those stamps postmarked Ais were used for the Island of Barhida. So far we have found the following values.

| 41 | Antigua, | one penny, red, | rf 14 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 42 | " | " $\quad$, | , 12 | ... | ... | ... | 2 |  |
| 43 | " | sixpence, green | ... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | 5 |  |
| 88. I One penny halfpenny, red-brown |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| type as 1886 adhesive, small size |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1886. 2 One penny, carmine, head in circle ...

3 Id + Id, carmine, head in circle
4 One penny halfpenny, brown, head in circle

| Unused <br> $s$ <br> $d$ | Usell <br> s |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\ldots$ | $\quad 1$ |
| $\ldots$ | 0 |
| $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |

## DOMINICA.

電N 1870 it was proposed to issue a serics of stamps for the above island, but it appears to have fallen through, although the plate was engraved, and several proof sheets struck off. These proofs, which are rather scaree, are of a handsome design, being similar to the St. Lucia first issue, only with the name at top and value at bottom.

However, early th 1874 the first issue occurred. The design is similar to the Tobago stamps, viz., Queen's head in a circle inscribed with the name over, and the value in words at the bottom.
The mode of printing these stamps seems to be very little known, and it will come as a piece of news, and possibly surprise to many collectors when they hear that there was only one plate used in the entire issue of stamps of this island. However, this was the case, the plate being at present in the possession of Mr. 'T. H. Thompson, but as in the case of the Artiguan plate, so it is in this, there is a cross filed on every stamp. This plate is what is known as a key plate, that is to say, there is a space at the bottom of each stamp for the value to fit in.
$\left.\begin{array}{ccc}\text { Unused } & \text { Used } \\ s & d & s\end{array}\right]$
1874. Printed from copper key plate, 60 stamps in the sheet, watermark Cruwn CC, perforated $12 \frac{1}{2}$.

|  | One penny, lilac | $\ldots$ | ... | 2 | $\bigcirc$ | 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sixpence, green ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 20 | $\bigcirc$ | 12 |  |
|  | One shilling, lake ... | ... |  | 25 | $\bigcirc$ | 20 |  |
| Same as above, only perforated 14. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | One penny, lilac | $\ldots$ | ... | 1 | 6 | 1 |  |
|  | Sixpence, green | $\ldots$ | ... | 12 | $\bigcirc$ | 6 |  |
|  | One shilling, lake | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 30 | $\bigcirc$ | 20 |  |
| 1879. Same type, etc., as above. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Halfpenny, olive ... ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 2 | 0 | 2 |  |
|  | Two pence halfpenny, red brown | $\ldots$ | ... | 7 | 6 | 5 |  |
|  | Four pence, blue | $\ldots$ | ... | 4 | 6 | 2 |  |
| Same, but imperforate. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Four pence, blue | $\ldots$ | ... | 30 | - |  |  |
|  | Two pence halfpenny, red-brown | $\cdots$ | ... | 30 | - |  |  |

Cusisul L"sel
s d

Although we chronicle the last two stamps, they are not officially imperforate, but must have been done in error. However, what copies we have seen have mostly very fine margins, and do not seem to have had the perforations cut.
1882. As in the other islands, owing to change of postal rates or insufficient supply of the halfpenny value, the penny value was divided and cut diagonally and vertically, each half doing duty as one halfjenny:

Their value is about $15 /$ used on entire envelopes.
After a short time, however, the halves were surcharged.
12 1/2 in black
I $31 / 2$ in red $\ldots$..........
14 Same, only surcharge inverted
15 HALFPENNY
Considering the reading upwards or downwards of the words, and inversion of the figures, and counting right and left halves as distinct, twelve varieties of the surcharge halves may be reckoned. However, their interest is greatly lessened by the fact that more were postmarked in pairs on bits of paper, than were ever used for legitimate postal purposes.
1883. Same type, perforated 14 , but with Crown C $A$ watermark.

| 16 | Halfpenny, olive | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 0 | 10 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 17 | Two pence halfpenny, claret | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 |

1886. Halfpenny on sixpence.
i 8 Green in black
19 One penny on sixpence, green in black
20 One penny on one shilling, lake in black
With regard to the penny on sixpenny, it is about the rarest stamp in the island, and very seldom seen.
One used on a piece of the original paper made $£ 14$ at the De Coppet sale.

In the normal type, one penny on one shilling, the $O$ of one is over the E of penny. A variety is found in which the O is over the P , but the word ONE extended so that the E reaches to the N of penny. Fach of these two varieties occur once in each sheet. 1886. Same type as before, watermarked


POSTMARKED REVENUES.
The earlier stamps were surcharged Revenue in block letters, the latter issue Revenue in small type, for use as fiscals. The penny and sixpenny have undoubtedly franked letters, whether through carelessness or not is not clear. However, we leave it to the collectors own discretion whether to include them in his collection or not.
1880. Perforated 14, watermark Crown CC, surcharged REVENUE.
28 Penny, lilac
29 Sixpence, green
30 One shilling, lake
Same type, watermarked Crown CA, surcharged REVENUE.
31 One penny, carmine

> POSTAL CARISS.

Same types as Antigua.


## MONTSERRAT.

THE stamps of this small island were not many, therefore we shall not trespass into too much space. The stamps were first issued in $1.5-6$, being the stamps of Antigua surcharged.

1876. The engraved stamps of Antigua surcharged Montserrat, perforated 14, watermarked Crown CC, printed from copper plates of 120 stamps in a sheet.
I One penny; carmine red
$20 \quad 20$

2 One penny, vermilion ... ... ... 22 o 18 。
The same type, only printed from steel plates of J 20 stamps to a sheet.
3 Sixpence, green
120 120

4 Sixpence, yellow-green
1879. I'ype printed stamps, similar in design and printed in the same way as those of Antigua, in the same year, perforated 14, watermark Crown CC.
5 Two pence halfpenny, red-brown
6 Fourpence, blue
The same, only imperforate
7 Two pence halfpenny, red-brown
8 Four pence, blue
These last two stamps, unlike the usual run of imperforate errors, are not proofs, neither can there be any doubt of their origin, as on application to the authorities, they-that is, the authorities-admit that there were several sheets of the two pence halfpenny stamp issued imperforate.
1884. Same type, etc., as preceding issue only: watermark altered to Crown CA, perforated 14.

| 9 | Halfpenny, pale-green | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 2 | 6 | 2 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | Halfpenny, green | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | I | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 11 | Two pence halfpenny, red-brown | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 15 | 0 | 12 | 0 |  |
| 12 | Four pence, blue | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 90 | 0 | 100 | 0 |

Same type as first issue, mode of printing similar, watermark as before.
13 One penny, carmine-red ... ... ... 1 o 1 o
14 One penny, lake-red
is One penny, lake-red, perforated $12 \ldots$.... $\quad 7$ o 10 o
1885. Watermark as last, perforated i 4 , colours changed.


## PROYISIONAI.S.

In 1876 owing to change of postal rates the government, not issuing any halfpenny stamps, allowed halves of the then current penny to do duty as halfpennies.
18 Half of penny, carmine-red
In 1884, pending the delivery of the halfpenny stamps, the government repeated the performance. The current penny was halved, and each half was allowed to do for a halfpenny. 'This last variety is found in two distinct shades, vi\%.
19 Half of penny, carmine-red
20 Half of penny, lake-red
These split stamps do not seem to interest collectors much, and do not seem to command a price worthy of note, when one looks at their comparative scarceness. Any of the above varieties on the entire envelope are knocked down for about $15 /$ - at an auction.

It is worthy of note also that sometimes these halves are found surcharged $1 / 2 \mathrm{~d}$, but being unofficial are of little or no value.

We have also seen the one penny revenue postmarked, which the owner assured us was genuine, he having received it direct, but it turned out to be a fraud, having been postmarked at the office by an ()liging official. We however, here chronicle same.
1862. One penny, rose ... ... ..

35 ○
POSTAL CARIS.
Same type as Antigua.


## NEVIS.

OUT of all the islands, the above is about the least known in reference to its varieties; in fact, every stamp in a plate differs in minor details to the other. What seems to have puazed coflectors in the day, gone by, was what did the three figures on the stamp represent. This peculiarity seems to have been overlooked by present day collectors.

> Unused IVeel

Early in r860 the first plate was prepared, and twelve months later the first stamp appered.
1861. Design of three female figures, engraved taille douce on unwatermarked paper, twelve stamps to the sheet, each differing in minor detail, perforated 13 , bluish paper.
1 One penny, lake-rose ... ... ... 30 ○ 30 o
2 One penny, dull-lake ... ... ... 35 o 30 o
3 Four pence, dull-rose ... ... ... io o io o
4 Sixpence, lilac-grey ... ... ... So o 75 。
5 One shilling, green ... ... ... iSo o 200 o
1861. Same type, etc., but greyish wove mper.

| 6 | Onc penny, dull-rose | ... | ... | ... | 10 | $\bigcirc$ | 10 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | One penny, lake-rose | ... |  | .. | 10 | $\bigcirc$ | 10 | - |
| 8 | Four pence, dull-rose | $\cdots$ | .. | ... | 55 | $\bigcirc$ | 45 |  |
| 9 | Sixpence, lilac-grey | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 48 | - | 37 |  |
| 10 | Sixpence, brownish grey | ... | ... | ... | 50 | - | 37 |  |
|  | One shilling, green | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 85 |  | 50 |  |

12 One penny, dull-rose, imperforated
1867. Same design, but printed from plates clearer design, on white wove paper, perforated 15 .

| 13 | One penny, vermilion | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 10 | $\circ$ | 10 | $\circ$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 14 | One penny, red $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 10 | $\circ$ | 10 | $\circ$ |
| 15 | Four pence, orange-yellow |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 30 | $\circ$ | 18 | $\circ$ |
| 16 | One shilling, greell | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 60 | $\circ$ | 35 | $\circ$ |
| I7 | One shilling, yellow-green |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 85 | $\circ$ | 45 | $\circ$ |
| 18 | One shilling, blue-green | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 65 | $\circ$ | 38 | $\circ$ | VARIETIES.

1s One penny, vermilion, imperforate
20 One shilling, yellow-green, on laid paper
This last stamp is by far the scarcest stamp of any of the Leeward Isles, a very brilliant copy would probably fetch $£ 50$ at an auction. Amongst minor varieties are found the following:
21 One penny, vermilion, with stop between the I


VARIETIES.
32 One penny, lake-red, imperforate
33 One penny, vermilion, imperforate
3f One penny, vermilion, perforated $111 / 2$
35 Four pence, orange, imperforate
$3^{6}$ One shilling, green, imperforated vertically and perforated horizontally
NO'le.-l'airs of the two first and the last varicties are known to exist.
1879. New design of the De la Rue type of Antigua, same style of printing, perforated 14 , watermark Crown CC:
37 One penny, violet

3) Two pence halfjemny, red-brown

A provisional value was formed by using two pemy and half of a penny stamp. Both the $\$ 879$ and prereding issue were bisected for this purpese. The 3 stamps used together on the entire are worth about $25 /-$

1882-3. Same design watermark changed to Crumn C.

| to | Halfpenny, sea-green | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 1 | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| t1 | One penny, lilac $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 3 | 6 | 4 | 0 |
| t2 | Fwo pence halfpenny, red-brown | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 20 | 0 | 15 | 0 |  |
| t3 | Fourpence, blue | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 18 | 0 | 12 |
| tt | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| tixpence, green | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 130 | 0 | 120 | 0 |

A pruvisional issue was made of bisected pemies at the introduction of the halfpenny rate, during the time supplies were arriving from England.


FISCAL POSTALS.
Postage stamps were surcharged "Revenue" for use in this island.
1882.

56 One penny, rose and black
57 Four pence, orange and black
De La Rue type, surcharged REVENUE.
58 One penny, violet and black
59 Sixpence, green and black
VARIPTY.
60 One penny violet and black, with last E missing

> POSTAI, CARDS.

Same type and design as Antigua.

## 1879.

I Penny halfpenny, brown, small size ... ... 26
2 The same, only larger size

## 1886.

3 One penny, carmine $\cdots$... ... ○ 4
4 " $\quad$ " (reply) $\ldots$... o 6
5 Penny halfpenny, brown .... ... ... ○ 4
6 " " $\quad$ (reply) ... ... ○ 6

## ST. CHRISTOPHER.

II seems in this, and we may here remark in all the other Leeward Whands, that fraudulent essays seem to be a strong point with them and it is a peculiarity that in 1864 , an essaly similar in oth respects the fenuine stamps, was sold by several smatl dealers. The one we hate is fermoted, but no watermark or gum, but on examining it, we find that the leatering is much larger than in the original stimp.

Unusel Used
s d s a
1870. Type printed from copper plates of 120 stamps to the sheet, on white paper, watemark Cown CC perforated $12 \mathrm{t} / 2$.

| 1 | One penny, rose $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | + | 6 | 5 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | One penny, lilac-rose | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 3 | 6 | 2 | 6 |
| 3 | Sixpence, green $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 15 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| 4 | Sixpence, yellow-green | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 30 | 0 | 7 | 6 |

## same, only perforated 14.

5 One penay, rose ... ... ... ...

i One penny, magenta ... ... ...

* Sixpence, green
...

9) Sixpence, yellow green
$\begin{array}{cccc}15 & 0 & 3 & 6 \\ \ldots & 5 & 0\end{array}$
l'airs of most of the above stamps ate said to exist imperforated between.
1879. 

so 'lwo pence halfpenny, red-brown
11 liour pence, blue
$180 \quad 150$
12 One penny, libac-rose, imperforated
$120 \quad 50$
13 Sixpence, yellow green
Athough we chronicle the above two stamps, we think they are really only proofs, being alway; unuied. 'The post oftice authorities deny that any such stamps were issued.
1882. Same type, only watermark changed to Crown (:A.

| 14 | Halfpenny, green | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 0 | 4 | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | One penny, light rose |  |  | $\ldots$ | - | 4 | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| 16 | One penny, deep-rose |  | ... | ... | 1 | - | 1 |  |
| 17 | One penmy, lilac-rose | $\ldots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | $3{ }^{\circ}$ | 0 | 25 |  |
| 18 | One penny, lilac |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | Two pence halfpenny, | brow | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 15 | - | 5 |  |
|  | Four jence, blue | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 12 | - | 2 |  |

With regard to the one penny lilac above mention-

Two colour varieties
1886.

27 The 1870 sixpence green surcharged owe in black pexisy
'Two colour varieties
28 The 1870 sixpence green surcharged 41 and an obliterating bar over the original value
Two colour varicties
1887. Same type, watermark and perforation as 1882 issue.
29 One shilling, lilac
30 The halfpenny green surcharged oNe and obliterating bar over original value in black

## 1888.

$3^{1}$ The 1884 two pence halfpenny blue surcharged ONE 3 mm 's high penny
32 The same, only with surcharge inverted
33 The same, but surcharge measuring but 2 mm 's
ed, it may be interesting to note that the only copy we know of was sold at Messrs Ventoms, Jull and Coopers' sixtieth sale on September the 25 th, in fact, this is where we took the information from. It is described in the catalogue as exactly the same shade as the one shilling value.

1882-3.
As in Montserrat, so in this island, was the one penny stamp, bisected and used as halfpenny stamps. This was owing to the change of rates. Each half was used without a surcharge. Considering the two watermarks and the two varieties of colour, there are four varieties of this stamp. They make about 15 .at an auction when used on the entire.
1884. Same type and watermark as preceding stamps.
23 Two pence halfpenny, ultramarine
24 l'our pence, grey

## 1885.

25 The 1882 penny bisected diagonally; each half surcharged Halfpenny; 3 colour varieties

| 1 | 6 | 1 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 26 The 1870 sixpence green surcharged fouk in black pesce

Lintied
l-al

```
* d
```

.1

100

## high and no obliterating bar

| Umasei | Useci |
| :---: | :---: |
| d |  |
|  |  |

1890. Same type, watermark and perforation a* 1892 issue.
34 sixpence, greyish green

## PROVISIONAIS.

1883. Nevis revenue stamps surcharged st . (hristopher.
3.5 One penny, manve and black

36 Sixpence, green and black
37 One shilling, rose and blue
1890 . The 1884 Antigua was provisionally used in this istand without a sureharge. This stamp an only be recognised by its postmark, which is Al2. (ireat care should be taken in buying such copies, as the Antigua postmark, which is Loz, can be skilfolly altered to A1z.

POSTAL CARIS.
Same design as Intigua.
1879.

I Penny halfpenny, red-brown
2 One penny, carmine

## 1888.

3 One jeenny, carmine
$+1+d$, carmine
5 Jenny halfpenny, brown
$611 / 2+1 \frac{1}{2} d$, brown


## VIRGIN ISLES.

THOUGH last in the list, these stamps are perhaps the most interesting, yet very little seems to be known with regard to their mode of printing.
1866. Figure of St. Ursula, surrounded by lamps, printed from copper phates ( 60 to the sheet), on wove unwatermarked paper, perforated 12.

| 1 | One penny, pale green |  | ... | ... | 6 | $\bigcirc$ | 12 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | One penny, yellow-green | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 8 | $\bigcirc$ | 15 |  |
| 3 | One penny, deep-green | $\cdots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | 10 | - | 25 |  |
| 4 | Sixpence, rose | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 18 | $\bigcirc$ | 30 |  |
| 5 | Sixpence, carmine | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 28 | $\bigcirc$ | 40 |  |
| The same, only perforated 15. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | One penny, g'reen | ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 6 | $\bigcirc$ | 12 |  |
| 7 | One penny, yellow-green | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 8 | - | 17 |  |
| 8 | Sixpence, rose | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |  | 120 | - | 130 |  |

VARIF'TIES, Inmerforated.
9 One penny, green ... ... ... ${ }_{2}$ o
io One penny, yellow-green
ir Sixpence, rose
Whether these stamps really were ever issued imperforated is a question which we very much doubt, although we were shown one used. But it must be remembered that the early issues have rather large margins, especially those which were at the corners of the plate. We are informed that a gentleman has an entire sheet imperforated of the one penny green, which was obligingly printed by an official for him.
1867. Similar design and paper as stamps of preceding issue only larger.
i2 Four pence, brown red on rose paper ... i2 0 is o

The early copies of this stamp had a double marginal line, but from pressure on the plate, after a short time, the impressions showed but one thick line. Specimens are found in the intermediate state.

VARIETIES.
I4 Four pence, brown red on rose, imperforated ...
I5 One shilling, carmine and black with coloured border added

| Unused | U |
| :---: | :---: |
| - a |  |

16 One shilling, carmine and black with figure of St. U'rsula omitted
17 One shilling, carmine
The above stamps (that is, those issued from is67 were lithotyped from stone dies) ; with regard to those interesting values, namely the one shilling, it is curious to note that it was printed in a different way wall the other stamps of this island. On looking in the appendix at the end of this little work, will be found a list of the plates destroged, and amongst them will be found the following :

1 One shilling blank form.
Now, on looking over a rather large quantity of these stamps, and examining them narrowly, we found the figure of St. Lirsula was not always correctly in the centre, in fact, on one we found it only half way on the centre. Added to this there exists the $\mathrm{t} /-$ without any figure at all in the centre, and this brings us to the conclusion that the blank form mentioned before is the die from which the 1 - values were taken if it is so. The one shilling value with the inverted rentre, which we think a gnod many of our readers have heard of, is quite a likely theory, and not a mere myth, like so many discoveries of this description are.
1879. Jesign as 1866 issue, perforated 14 , watermarked Crown CC, printed from stone dies of 6o stamps to the shect.
18 One penny, green
19 One jenny, yellow.green ... ... ...
1880. Desiga altered to diademed head of Queen, printed in the same way as halfpenny Antigua, perforated 14 , watermarked Crown CC .
20 One penny, green
21 'Two pence halfuenny, red-brown
1883. Jesign and perforation as last, watermark altered to Crown C.A.


The halfpenny green, and two pence halfpenny
blue are found with the plate Nos. I and 2 attached to bottom of the stamp on the margin.
1887. Designs as i866 and 1867 , perforated 14, watermarked Crown CA, printed from lithouraphic stones, 24 stamps to the sheet.

| 27 | Four pence, brick-red | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 5 | 0 | 26 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 28 | Six pence, violet | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 10 | 0 | 50 | 0 |

1888. l'rovisional issuc.

29 4d surcharged on one shilling type 15 in viotet ink, presumably with a rubber stamp

| Ľnused |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $s$ | $d$ |

The reversed surcharge is a fratud.
With regard to this stamp, (the qd surcharged on one shilling,, it may come as a picee of news to a grood many of our readers, that there were not any of this stamp included in the remainders.
1887. Wesign as 1866.67 , perforated i. watermarked Crown CA, lithographed from stone dies 24 to the sheet.

| 30 | One penny, crimson | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 0 | 9 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 31 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31 | One shilling, brown | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 17 | 6 | 37 |
| 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

> POSTAL CARDS.

I Penny halfpenny, red brown, same type as 1883 adhesive issue

## 1886.

2 One femny, carmine, Qucens head in a circle ... ... $\circ 4$
3 Penny halfuenny, red-brown, (2ucens he:d in a circle

点$S$ is well known, before the proper stamps were in use for these islands, as in a good many other British Colonies, Jinglish stamps were used to frank letters. It may perhaps be of some interest to collectors to give a list of the postmarks used in their respertive islands, as not only may it serve to distinguish these Finglish stamps, but may serve as well as a guide to detect forgeries, especialiy in such stampsas the used last issue of the Virgin Isles, many of which stamps are found postmarked doi, which of course is the genuine stanp postmarked fraudulently.

The following is the list :-
ANTIGUA. Aoz.
Ais. This was used in the island of Barhida.
diz. This was used on the penny as a provisional in St.
Christopher.
IOMMNICA. Ao7.
MONTSERRAI', AOS.
NEVIS. Aog.
sl. CHRISIOPHER. AIz.
VIRGINISLES. AgI.


## "BRITISH FLAG"

$\therefore \quad$ APPROVAL SHEET.

Ruled to hold 60 stamps, strong bank paper, with or without printed intructions, 50 I 0 , $1001,9,250 \mathrm{I} 7 \mathrm{per} 100,500 \mathrm{t} / 5 \mathrm{per} 100$, 1,000 12 per 100 . All carriage paid. For larger quantities low rates.

De These sheets can be ardered through all principle dealers.

Dealers' Envelopes. Printed Packets, \&c.
No dealer should purchase these until they see samples, which are sent post free. When writing give full particulars. Try me.

## 

Manufacturing Stationer \& Trade Printer, EAST ROAD, EGREMONT, CUMBERLAND.

## 

恠T will be interesting to the collector to know what became of the plates and stones used in the production of these stamps, and whether, as in the case of countries, such as Heligoland, they were available and likely to be used for re-printing copies of the stamps. At such doubts may at once be set at rest after hearing of the ultimate destination of the plates, stoncs, ete., as set forth below.
(COI'Y)
Leeward Islands, Obsolete Plates.
I certify that the whole of the printing plates, forms, and litho. stones, both original and working, hitherto used in the production of stamps and posteards for the several goternments that have now united and become the Federal (;overnment of the Leeward Islands, were totally destroyed in my presence, with the exception of iwo forms, viz., the $6 d$ Antigua postage and the Dominica key plate, these plates have been cancelled for delivery to Messrs. Thompson of Bishop Auckland, as directed in the Crown Agents Memo. of the 28th June 1894.

Signed-.
Dated, August 3oth 1894.

The following is a list of the plates destroyed :-
ANTIGUA. One penny:
The overprint plates, viz., $1 / 2 \mathrm{~d}, 21 / 2 \mathrm{~d}, 4 \mathrm{~d}$ and 1 , and all the pustcard plates.

## MONTSERRAT.

The overprint "Montserrat" for id and 6d values, also the overprint plates of $1 / 2 \mathrm{~d}, 21 / 2 \mathrm{~d}$ and +d values.

NEVIS.
$1 / 2 \mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{~d}, 21 / 2 \mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{Ed}$ and $1 /$ - overprint plates.
ST. CHRISTOPHER.
Copper plates.
1/2d, $1 \mathrm{~d}, 21 / 2 \mathrm{~d}, 4 \mathrm{~d}, 6 \mathrm{~d}$ and $1 /-$ values.

## VIRGIN ISLANDS.

Three copper plates.
One blank form for the $1 /$ postage.
Three overprint plates $1 / 2 \mathrm{~d}$, id and $2 \mathrm{I} / 2 \mathrm{~d}$.
Four litho. stones, $1 \mathrm{~d}, 4 \mathrm{~d}, 6 \mathrm{~d}$ and $\mathrm{I} /=$.

It will be seen from the foregoing, that various stan:ps are found imperforate, not onfy in the early issues, but even in the later ones. is to how this occurs need not be gone into here. Sufficient to know that they undoubtedly exist, are really imperf varieties, and not as a good many suppose, perforated stamps with wide margins cut close. That these stamps are errors, are beyond doubt, when it is known that at no time did the govermment of these lslands have a permanent insue of imperforate stam!s. We have seen quite recently the current stumps of Tasmania, Queensland, Victoria, Spain, and others, imperforate. Any theory as to how they were issued imperf will also apply (1) the issues of the Leeward Islandis. We shata like to suggest the rollertor not to place too much reliance, howerer, upon imperi issue:; having a less margin all round than at least 1 millimetre, as many of the perforated issues can bee so rendered as to leave a clean margin of from $1 / 2$ to $3 / 4$ millimetres all round, after being shorn of their perforations. This unly applies to well centred stam!s, as many of the perforated issues will be found having at one side a margin of ctute 3 millimetres, while at the other side the perforating barely escapes the: design. It would be ditficult here to cut the perforations and leave a respectable margin. The collectors own sense must tell him whether to accept a stamp as perf or imperi, apart from any advice we may attempt to give him.

With regard to the inclusion of Revenue stamps, much may be said both for and against. When one considers the sometime dearth of regular postal issues, and the delay to which the post offices were at times subjected before they received a fresh supply, it is easy to see that some kind of adhesive had to be used to meet the exigency. What easier then, than to substitute a revenue stamp of the same value and allow it to prepay the carriage of the missive. The stamp so used is to all intents and purposes a postage stamp, and must take its place in the collection as such. We must have evidence, though, that the stamp was used by the sanction of the post office authorities, and at a time when the ordinary postal issues were not at hand (so many are about which bear the original pestmark yet never franked a letter, the cancelling been done by some tuo obliging official). The only proof we are prepared to accept is, having the stamp on the entire original envelope, showing both departure and arrival cancellations. Pieces of envelope, purporting to be a portion of the entire original will not do, it affords no proof whatever.

But we must leave the collecting of postal Fiscals to the discretion of the collector, but we wish to add this, in whatever he collects, whether one special country, or group of countries, fiscal, prostals or telegraph stamps, let him be thorough in his collecting, and wheave no stone unturned which will prevent him attaining the desired end, viz., the possession of a complete collection.

# HOPKINS BROS., 

Dealers in Rare Stamps,
CROUCH END, LONDON, N.

## HAVE

A small stock of obsolete LEEWARD ISLES, including pairs and strips, which we are prepared to sell cheaply.
 when we shall be phased to show thens.

[^0]
## THE PHILLTELLC CHRONICLE.

(Firth Yeis)
Is. 6d. per Annum. Sample Copy Id.
Published by Collectors for Collectors. (Official Journal of the Liemingham Philatelic Scey., and Midand Counties' Stamp Exchange.)

The Jhilatelic Chronide, now in its fifth volume, is published pune:n:Hy on the 2oth of the month, and has a very large circulation amony rallectors in the United Kingdom, as well as an extensive foreign sup I", it. The Philatclic Chronicle is the

## BRITISH COLLECTORS' PAPER.

Dealers who wish to reach Collectors should advertise in the Jhilutilic Chromide.

ONE P'IGE $2 j \mathrm{~s}$. O.J., OR 2S. Gd. IUR INCH.

## "THE ADVERTISER 

Free for postage, 6 d for 12 issues, is published TWICE monthly. on the 5 th and 20 th, and consists of exshange, offers and wants adverictments from Collectors, occupying from + to 5 pages, as well as an moncements from Dealers. Úndisplayed ads, \& words id, 3 insertions at price of two. Displayed ads, 2,6 per inch, three insertions at price of two. A copy of "The Advertiser" is given every month with the "Ihilatelic Chronicle" as a sujplement. Unused stamps received for small amounts.

Sirery new Subscriber of bal has a 27 zord advertisement FREE if required, and if sent zelith Subscription.

FENTHAM ROAD, HANDSUUORTH, BIEMIINGEAMM.

## HOPKINS BROS.,

Dealers in Rare Stamps, CROUCH END, LONDON, N.


A smali stock of obsolete LEEWARD ISLES, including pairs and strips, which we are prepared to sell cheaply.

(1) Collectos visiting I ondon ate invited to make an appointment, when we shatl be plased to show them.


## THE PHILLTELIC CHRONICLE.

(Fifth \'eik)

## Is. 6d. per Annum. Sample Copy Id.

Published by Collectors for Collectors. (Official Journal of the Jitmingham Philatelic Sce, and Midland Counties' Stamp Exchnonge.)

The Philatelic Chronite, now in its fifth volume, is published punctu. ally on the 20 th of the month, and has a very large circulation atanous rollectors in the Linited Kingdom, as well ats an extensive foreign supr purt. The Philatalic Coromicle is the

## BRITISH COLLECTORS' PAPER.

1)ealers who wish to reach Collectors should advertise in the fhilutalic Chronite.

ONE P.MGE 25 s .0 .1 , OR 2S. Gd. PIER INCH.

## 16 THE ADVERTISER 

Free for postage, od for 12 issues, is published TWICE monthly. on the $5^{\text {th }}$ and zoth, and consists of exchange, offers and wants advertionments from Collectors, occupsing from + to 5 pages, as well as an moncements from Dealers. Undisplayed ads, 4 words id, 3 insertions at price of two. lisplayed ads, $z^{\prime} 6$ per inch, three insertions at price "f two. A copy of "The Advertiser" is given every month with the "fhilatelic Chronicle" as a supp!ement. Unused stamps received for small amounts.

Fiery new Subscriber of bd has a 27 zuord advertisement FREE if reguired, and if sent acith Subscription.

FENTHAM RORD, HANDSUORTH, BIRMIINGEIAM.


Who purchased the entire remainders of the
Obsolete Stamps and Post Cards

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { OF 19t: }
\end{aligned}
$$

from the British Govermment, when they were withdrawn from circulation.
a- I will be glad to shew my stock of the above, and other stamps, to callers at the abose addross.

## $-10$

 $A N D$

## Price $\operatorname{Lis}$ of a lom Spocial Lincs

## PUEL.ISHET BY

## HOFTINS B-rs. (initi ERD, LONDON, N.

Below will be found the revised prices of Leeward Isles stamps. The numbers rufer io llose in book. Stamps should be enc!ios?d with ad enquiries foi reply.

## 

$0 ; 6$




ふinl。



```
    "fitat\% is dive aluroc.
```



```
    20 mblea, i
```

    20 mblea, i
    20 'lacel (atid all!
    ```
    20 'lacel (atid all!
```







HOPKINS BROS. Special Offers for Xmas. Terms: Cash with order, postage extra. Stamps marked 'are unused.
Antrida, !d. and me ... ... ... - $\quad$ -


120 ¢t:mpく, full gum … ... ... 7 9)

*Sinste cony ... ... ... ... ... \& 6
Batman (ivno.
Provi-umal. asso.
1e Pink, line capy ... ... ... ... i .
з V'ellow, ", ... ... ... ... . i





*emire the of 60 of the above, with bull
matgins and gim

Crions, ac arehedenveloge emte
nised, can 2s. Gui. vath ... ... ... ○ 9
llawa, Inter-ivand, postage

*Irati, 185t, $5^{c}$ imen black of 10 , signed om



an: pair 4 sen rose on the orgmat papes
uッ: 1 (cat. 18.) ... ... ... ... 10 6
"Wmanms, joc quen, fine cops, with gum ... is o
(20nmoniv! l'matards .... ... ...
*ist isste od. on White ... ... ...
(printed an back) ... ... ... o 9
*and Bluc ... ... ... ... ... o 3
60
29


ROMAS Sirnte,



(culambus-

| S' | ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |  | 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 c | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | $\bigcirc$ | 1 |  |  |
| 1syo ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ... |  |  |  |  |
| Sic sherman | $\ldots$ | . | , . | ... |  | - | 3 | 2 |  |
| yor Onnee | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 1 | 9 |  |  |
|  | delis | . 11 |  |  | ... |  |  |  |  |
| Mlicr ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdot$ |  | - | 9 |  |  |

HOPKIN BROS. Special Offers in Obsolete Leeward Isles.
Mrnata. Id. perf. 12 line strip of ; with margins of sheet
umuser whh:
 (wh. Ganse, line poit mucel, with sum, showing comIro! mumber
 on oriminal paper
Ci:Nは, Gi. Red brown pair, unused with thln ... ... 1 if o

but pen marked

- 106

The Stamps of the obsolete Leeward Isles by R. Hollick, with the orices; we can supply same at . Every collector or dealer in these most interesting stamps, should have a copy, price 10 d . post free.
NOW• RELHY!

Books of Leeward Isles stamps. Each Island is arranged in a separate Book, and priced at nett value. Collectors can have these each in turn. on approval, by remitting iwo London references and 4 d, for Postage. Collectors known to us need not send references.


[^0]:    Whisam L.anthwatie, Steam Printer, etce, Egremont, Cumberlant.

